

www.ifrc.org
Saving lives,
changing minds.

DREF operation update

Philippines: Tropical Depression Usman and Monsoon Floods

 International Federation
of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

DREF n° MDRPH030	GLIDE n° EC-2018-000426-PHL
Date of issue: 26 March 2019	Timeframe covered by this update: 31 December 2018 to 16 February 2019
Operation start date: 31 December 2019	Operation timeframe: 3 months
Overall operation budget: CHF 396,112	N° of people being assisted: 20,120
<p>Red Cross Red Crescent Movement partners currently actively involved in the operation: PRC is working with the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) in this operation. There are 10 Partner National Societies with presence in the Philippines (more details below). Philippine Red Cross (PRC) received bilateral support for this operation from five in-country PNSs – Australian Red Cross, Canadian Red Cross, German Red Cross, Spanish Red Cross and Qatar Red Crescent.</p>	
<p>Other partner organizations actively involved in the operation: Government ministries and agencies including the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC), Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), the Philippine Armed Forces, the Philippine National Police Force and Local Government Units provided assistance to affected households. Inter-Agency Standing Committee (IASC) clusters were activated in support of the Government. UN OCHA provided coordination for the international humanitarian agencies.</p>	

A. Situation analysis

Description of the disaster

- 29 December 2018:** Tropical Depression (TD) Usman made landfall in the vicinity of Borongan, Eastern Samar and weakened into a Low-Pressure Area. PRC deployed national ERUs, rapid assessment teams, assets, equipment and personnel to the affected areas.
- 31 December 2018:** IFRC allocated 242,368 Swiss francs (CHF) from its Disaster Relief Emergency Fund (DREF) to support the National Society's readiness measures.
- 3 January 2019:** PRC dispatched the first 800 sets of sleeping kits (blanket, mosquito net and sleeping mat), hygiene kits and jerry cans to provide assistance to most affected vulnerable population.
- 18 January 2019:** IFRC increased the DREF allocation from CHF 242,368 to CHF 396,112 to be implemented within the same timeframe. The top-up is to cover more affected areas identified by the emergency needs assessments conducted by PRC.

On 29 December 2018, TD Usman made landfall in the vicinity of Borongan, Eastern Samar and weakened into a low-pressure area. The combination of the low-pressure area and the northwest monsoon rains brought widespread flooding to the southern parts of Luzon. Heavy rains brought by Usman caused large-scale and multiple landslides in several areas, which accounted for most of the casualties with 156 dead recorded. The high casualty rate was mainly due to large-scale landslide brought by the heavy rainfall. According to the data from the Philippine Atmospheric, Geophysical, and Astronomical Services Administration (PAGASA), large volumes of rainfall, ranges from 200mm to 500mm, hit parts of Luzon and the Visayas in just two days: in several areas, the rain from 28 to 30 December was almost as much as the monthly recorded rainfall of December in previous years. The heavy rains prompted local officials to declare a state

of calamity in Oriental Mindoro in MIMAROPA region and provinces of Albay, Sorsogon, Camarines Norte in the Region V.

[NDRRMC](#) and [DSWD](#) reports the following effects of TD Usman:

Families / individuals	238,100 families or 1,015,958 persons
Barangays	1,336 barangays
Cities/municipalities	139 cities/municipalities
Provinces	14
Regions	V, VIII, CALABARZON, and MIMAROPA
Evacuation Centres (ECs)	802
Displaced inside the ECs	33,301 families / 146,401 individuals
Displaced outside the ECs	112,435 families / 503,423 individuals
Damaged Houses	36,890 houses (4,132 totally and 32,758 partially)
Casualties	156 dead, 26 missing and 105 injured
Cost of damage	PHP 5.4 billion (PHP 1.9 billion in agriculture and PHP 3.5 billion in infrastructure)

Summary of current response

PRC monitored the Usman through its Operations Centre, which functions 24/7. Based on the rapid assessment, PRC developed a plan of action to support the affected vulnerable communities which form the basis of the DREF. Based on the plan of action, below is the breakdown of PRC's overall response to date:

Shelter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 1,120 families received sleeping mats - 1,089 families received blankets - 1,089 families received mosquito nets - 870 families received clothing items
Livelihoods and basic care	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 11,316 individuals served with hot meals - 856 families received 2 to 3-day ration dry-food packs
Health	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 9 first aid stations were established, as part of welfare desks - 22 individuals provided with first aid management - 475 individuals assisted with blood pressure taking - Three medical mission mobilized with 259 individuals reached - 1,770 individuals provided with psychosocial support - 2,244 individuals reached with health promotion - 2,400 capsules of doxycycline - 73 families received dental kits
WASAR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 19 individuals assisted with transport, and 11 individuals retrieved
WASH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 4 water tankers were mobilized - 549,000 litres of potable water were distributed - 397 individuals provided with bottled water - 1,618 families received hygiene kits - 1,287 families received jerry cans - 3,699 individuals reached with hygiene promotion
PGI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 9 welfare desks established, including child-friendly activities
Migration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 30 body bags were deployed to support the Management of the Dead and Missing activity
Manpower	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Seven chapters were mobilized which conducted rapid assessment - 258 staff and volunteers of Welfare, WASH, Health, Safety and Relief Officers were deployed in several areas - Composite assessment teams with 5 manpower were deployed from National Headquarters (NHQ) to Camarines Sur to augment chapter assessment

For the map of PRC response, click [here](#)

Overview of Red Cross Red Crescent Movement in-country

PRC is leading the overall response operation. PRC works with the IFRC, ICRC and 10 PNS in-country: American Red Cross, Australian Red Cross, Canadian Red Cross, Finnish Red Cross, German Red Cross, Japanese Red Cross Society, The Netherlands Red Cross, Norwegian Red Cross, Spanish Red Cross and Qatar Red Crescent Society. For this operation, PRC received bilateral support from the Canadian Red Cross to procure hygiene items.

Movement Coordination

The IFRC country office (CO) has been supporting PRC in disseminating updates to Movement partners with in-country presence and coordinating with the Asia Pacific Regional Office (APRO) in Kuala Lumpur in accordance with the IFRC Secretariat's Operational Response Framework. IFRC country office has been coordinating with other PNSs. The country office is also in close contact with ICRC on any security-related considerations.

Overview of non-RCRC actors in country

Coordinating with the authorities

As auxiliary to the public authorities, PRC maintains a strong relationship with government bodies through participation or collaboration with (i) the NDRRMC; (ii) the provincial, municipal and barangay (village) disaster risk reduction and management councils; and (iii) the local government units defined in the Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Act from 2010. PRC participates in NDRRMC meetings and coordinates with the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), and Department of Health. PRC has a formal role at the NDRRMC.

PRC coordinated with the NDRRMC for Pre-Disaster Risk Analysis (PDRA) and response cluster activation, and through the local chapters' coordination with their Municipal, City, Provincial and Regional DRRMOs especially in Bicol Region, Western, Central and Easter Visayas including CARAGA region. PAGASA and NDRRMC provided updates including on preparedness measures, stocks of NFIs and other resources; weather forecasts/advisories and gale warnings to regional counterparts and other agencies through formal updates.

Inter-agency coordination

At country level, PRC and IFRC consistently participate in meetings of the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) held both during disasters and non-emergency times. PRC and IFRC are involved in relevant government-led cluster information sharing, planning, and analysis at all levels while IFRC supports PRC coordination efforts through representation in other relevant clusters as required.

IFRC is co-leader of the Shelter Cluster with government lead agency Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD). The IFRC Regional Shelter Coordinator as the ad-interim focal point in country coordinated with OCHA and sector partners to provide strategic and technical guidance for the response based on participation to inter-cluster coordination meetings, inter-agency rapid needs assessments in the affected areas and sectoral strategic framework development.

Needs analysis and scenario planning

Priorities were identified as follows: food and non-food items, water, health and welfare services, and livelihoods and basic needs. Refer to [Operation Update No. 1](#) for further details on needs analysis, beneficiary targeting, operation risk assessment and scenario planning

B. OPERATIONAL STRATEGY

Overall objective

This DREF allocation aims to deliver humanitarian assistance to 35,000 people affected by the floods brought by tropical depression-enhanced monsoon rain. This DREF supported the PRC in conducting search and rescue, evacuations, first-aid, and psychosocial support, as well as in providing affected households with food, water, essential household items and emergency shelter materials. The DREF also supported PRC in health and hygiene promotion. The interventions also ensured community engagement and accountability, as well as child protection and gender, diversity and disability inclusion. Cash transfer has been used based on market assessments, as a mode of intervention to ensure that households are able to prioritize their immediate needs. PRC, with the support from IFRC, will also ensure that lessons learned from this operation are gathered, recorded and analyzed to be used in future operations.

Proposed strategy

The operation consists of closely integrated sectors aiming to provide:

1. **Relief assistance** of hygiene kit, blankets, mosquito nets and sleeping mats;
2. **Basic needs** will be supported by unconditional/multipurpose cash grants;
3. **Health** interventions focusing on basic health care, psychosocial support, first aid along with hygiene promotion and provision of referral services as required;
4. **Water, sanitation and hygiene** interventions focusing on distribution of clean water and water storage and hygiene promotion;
5. **Support evacuation, search and rescue effort** together with local government and other stakeholders.

The operation supported by DREF will cover a combination of replenishment of items available under PRC's prepositioned stocks and relief through local procurement for remaining items and its delivery to the most affected.

The operation will be underpinned by a commitment to quality programming that involves:

- Continuous and detailed assessments and analyses to inform the design and ongoing implementation of the programme.
- Ongoing process of adjustments based on these assessments.

- Adherence to protection, gender and inclusion measures, with focus on disability inclusive response.
- Establishment of mechanisms to facilitate two-way communication with, and ensure transparency and accountability to, disaster-affected people, and highlighting the nature of communication and information as a life-saving mechanism.
- Management and delivery of the programme will be informed by appropriate monitoring and evaluation.
- Market assessments will be integrated with the detailed assessment as cash-based interventions are being considered based on the needs and feasibility.
- An after-action review on cash-based interventions, particularly on the multi-purpose cash grant, to measure impact and timeliness of cash transfer programmes.

Geographically, the operation focuses on the most affected areas of Albay, Camarines Norte and Sur, Northern and Western Samar.

Crosscutting matters

Protection, gender and inclusion (PGI)

See details in PGI section below.

Community engagement and accountability (CEA)

See details of CEA section in Output S2.1.3.

Operational support services

Human resources

All relief activities have been implemented by PRC chapters utilizing existing staff and Red Cross 143 volunteers, Red Cross Action Teams (RCAT134) and NDRT from other chapters. A total of 258 PRC staff and volunteers have been mobilized to support the operation. IFRC country office continues its support to PRC in providing technical and support service staff to ensure accountability and compliance with regards to the DREF. There are two international staff providing surge support for this operation: Interim Field Coordinator and Surge Disaster Management Delegate.

See [Operation Update No. 1](#) for details on operational support services on: communication, information technology and telecommunications, security, planning, monitoring, evaluation and reporting (PMER), administration and finance

Logistics and Supply Chain

See details of Logistics and Supply Chain section in Output S2.1.4.

C. DETAILED OPERATIONAL PLAN



Shelter

People reached: 5,445

Male: 2,723

Female: 2,722

Outcome 1: Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas restore and strengthen their safety, well-being and longer-term recovery through shelter and settlement solutions

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people targeted/reached with safe and adequate shelter and settlement	10,000	5,445

Output 1.1: Short, medium and long-term shelter and settlement assistance is provided to affected households

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of households provided with emergency shelter and settlement assistance	2,000	1,089
# of multisectoral RDANA conducted	4	4

Progress towards outcomes

PRC mobilized four assessment teams comprising of staff and volunteers from NHQ and chapters. PRC also mobilized chapter-based relief teams to identify the most vulnerable affected community members and to distribute NFIs. PRC provided essential non-food items to support the immediate needs of 1,089 households. Below is the current breakdown of families reached:

Province	Municipality	Barangay	Sleeping kit
Albay	Tiwi	Bariis	258
Albay	Tiwi	Naga	213
Albay	Tiwi	Sogod	28
Camarines Sur	Buhi	Iraya	105
Camarines Sur	Sag-ay	Patitinan	153
Western Samar	Calbayog	Caganahaw	94
Western Samar	Calbayog	San Rufino	238
Total			1,089

Output 1.2: Technical support, guidance and awareness raising in safe shelter design and settlement planning and improved building techniques are provided to affected households

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of households provided with technical support and guidance, appropriate to the type of support they receive	2,000	0

Progress towards outcomes

Based on the continuous needs' assessment, it was identified that there was no need for tarpaulins as part of the emergency response. This output will now be removed from the DREF.



Livelihoods and basic needs

People reached: Ongoing

Male: 0

Female: 0

Outcome 1: Communities, especially in disaster and crisis affected areas, restore and strengthen their livelihoods

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of households that have enough food, cash or income to meet their survival threshold	2,000	Ongoing

Output 1.1: Households are provided with unconditional/multipurpose cash grants to address their basic needs

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of households reached with cash for basic needs	2,000	Ongoing

Progress towards outcomes

Market assessments were conducted in the identified areas to determine if market activities have resumed. The chapter also supported with price monitoring to ensure that there is no spike on the prices in the market. Market have been fully functional after Usman. All assessment and identification of beneficiaries for unconditional/multi-purpose cash grants support is now complete in Albay, Camarines Sur and Northern Samar and distributions are ongoing.

Breakdown of identified beneficiaries for the unconditional/multi-purpose cash grants support to date

Chapter/Province	Target Area	Identified beneficiaries
Albay	Barangay Dapdap	300
Camarines Sur	Barangay Ompao Polpog	432
Camarines Sur	Barangay San Miguel	489
Camarines Sur	Barangay San Roque Madawon	146
Northern Samar	Lope De Vega	121
Northern Samar	Catarman	333
Northern Samar	Mondragon	121
Total		1,942

The value of cash grant was determined through consultation with the affected communities based on their minimum expenditure basket per month. Based on this consultation, the identified amount of the cash grant was 3,500 Philippine peso (PHP).

In addition, for the immediate food needs of the most vulnerable affected people, PRC provided hot meals and food packs. As of reporting, 856 families (4,280 people) were provided with food rations and 11,316 people with hot meals.

PRC and IFRC are doing focus group discussion in the municipality of Lope de Vega in Northern Samar to determine the appropriate value for the unconditional/multi-purpose cash grants support.

(Photo: Perzeus Jay Luna/IFRC)



Health

People reached: 9,966

Male: 4,983

Female: 4,983

Outcome 1: The immediate risks to the health of affected populations are reduced

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people reached to lessen immediate risks to health	15,000	9,966 ¹

Output 1.2: Target population is provided with rapid medical management of injuries and diseases

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of staff and volunteers received personal protective equipment (PPE)	50	149 ²
# of people received first-aid	200	22
# of people reached with services from PRC medical mission	1,000	259

Progress towards outcomes

PRC established nine welfare desks in different evacuation centres which also supported first aid activities. To date, 22 individuals received first-aid and 475 individuals assisted with blood pressure taking. Replenishment of first-aid kits are underway.

¹ 259 people through the medical mission; 7,689 through community-based disease prevention and health promotion; 248 with PEP and 1,770 with PSS
² 59 volunteers during medical mission and 90 CHVs

In order to provide basic health services to the disaster-affected population, PRC conducted three medical missions in three barangays of Iraya, Ipil and Sta Clara in the municipality of Buhi, Camarines Sur. For the medical missions, there was coordination with local health units and other health partners for the mobilization of volunteer nurses and doctors. As a result, there were 17 volunteer doctors and 42 volunteer nurses mobilized, and six health partners supported the medical missions: (i) Philippine Medical Association in Camarines Sur, (ii) Philippine Nurses Association in Naga and Rinconada, (iii) Our Lady of Mediatrix Hospital, (iv) St. John Hospital, (v) Bicol Medical Centre and (vi) Medical Health Office-Rural Health Unit of Buhi, CamSur. A total of 259 individuals were directly reached through the medical mission. Most of the catered cases were cough and cold, diarrhea, skin disease and hypertension.



PPE were also provided to all volunteers mobilized for the medical mission and community-based disease prevention and health promotion.

In collaboration with health partners, PRC conducted a medical mission where 2,184 people were reached in 15 barangays from four different municipalities of Buhi, Bula, Iriga City, and Nabua in Camarines Sur province. (Photo: Maria Theresa Baylon/IFRC)

Output 1.3: Community-based disease prevention and health promotion is provided to the target population

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people reached with community-based disease prevention and health promotion activity	5,000 ³	7,689 ⁴

Progress towards outcomes

Health stations were set up in the evacuation centres as part of the PRC's nine welfare desks.

The 1,089 households that received the mosquito nets also received health promotion messages on dengue, ways of protection and management of early symptoms and referral, along with correct use of the mosquito net etc.

Trained volunteers were mobilised to conduct health promotion activities: four municipalities of Buhi, Bula, Iriga City, and Nabua in the province of Camarines Sur. In Jipapad, Eastern Samar, health promotion was also conducted by trained community health volunteers (CHVs). During the health promotion, disease prevention related to dengue and leptospirosis were discussed. A total of 2,244 people was reached by PRC with health promotion.

A series of community-based disease prevention and health promotion trainings were conducted for CHVs. This was to train CHVs to monitor disease occurrences in the affected community as part of surveillance. A total of 90 CHVs were trained: 32 CHVs were trained in Camarines Sur on 29 to 31 January 2019; 31 CHVs were trained in Albay on 30 January to 1 February 2019; and 27 CHVs were trained in Eastern Samar on 22 to 24 January 2019.

Output 1.4 Epidemic prevention and control measures are carried out

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of volunteers continuously monitor the outbreak situations and report back to the OPCEN for immediate response	50	90
# of households received mosquito nets	2,000	1,089
# of people who received doxycycline as PEP for leptospirosis	100	248

Progress towards outcomes

PRC coordinated with local health authorities to monitor any outbreak situations. There were 90 trained volunteers mobilized to report on the health situation.

This DREF supported PRC to reach 1,089 households with mosquito nets (see shelter sections for details). There were 8,000 capsules of doxycycline allocated in Bicol where a total of 248 people reached (82 in Albay and 166 in Camarines Sur), as post exposure prophylaxis (PEP) for leptospirosis.

NHQ provided the IEC materials (dengue, measles and leptospirosis) and visibility to the six chapters to be used during the health disease prevention session in the communities.

³ Target number reduced from 15,000 in DREF EPoA after assessments.
⁴ 5,445 for the mosquito nets and 2,244 through health promotion

Breakdown of support

Chapter	IEC Materials (Poster)	Visibility materials	Basic Medicines	Doxycycline	People provided with PEP
Camarines Sur	200	-	5 sets	6,800	166
Camarines Norte	200	-	-	400	-
Albay	200	0	-	800	82
Northern Samar	200	25	-	-	-
Eastern Samar	200	-	-	-	-
Sorsogon	200	25	-	-	-

Output 1.5: Psychosocial support provided to target population

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people provided with direct psychosocial support	3,000	1,770

Progress towards outcomes

PRC established nine welfare desks in different evacuation centres. The desks served as the main stop for the communities.

There were 1,770 individuals reached by PRC with PSS in Albay, Cebu, Camarines Sur and Sorsogon. Inside the evacuation centres, PRC Welfare services were providing psychosocial support to children through film showing, art, play, and recreational activities to help them cope with the shock of the disaster.

Output 1.9: Target population is reached with Search and Rescue activities

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people rescued through water search and rescue	50	30

Progress towards outcomes

The PRC WASAR team was able to rescue 19 individuals from flooded areas in Camarines Sur. Further, as part of Management of the Dead and Missing, 11 individuals were retrieved from landslides in Albay.



PRC supports search and rescue activity during a landslide in Sitio Garang, Brgy. Patitinan, Sagñay, Camarines Sur. A total of 156 deaths were recorded due to Usman. **(Photo: PRC)**



Water, sanitation and hygiene

People reached: 20,120⁵

Male: 10,060

Female: 10,060

Outcome 1: Immediate reduction in risk of waterborne and water related diseases in targeted communities

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people provided with safe water services that meet agreed standards according to specific operational and programmatic context	35,000 ⁶	17,210

Output 1.2 Daily access to safe water which meets Sphere and WHO standards in terms of quantity and quality is provided to target population

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people provided with safe water (according to WHO standards)	35,000	17,210
# of households provided with water storage	2,000	1,256

Progress towards outcomes

⁵ 17,210 people with water services in Albay and Camarines Sur; 2,910 people provided with hygiene kit in Camarines Norte and Western Samar

⁶ Target revised: see Operation [Update no. 1](#)

PRC deployed four water tankers in the affected areas to provide water. Based on PRC WASH Services report, a total of 549,000 litres of water was provided in Albay and Camarines Sur to 17,210 people through water tanks. To support proper storage and handling of water, families were provided with two 10-litre collapsible jerry cans. A total of 1,256 families from Albay, Camarines Sur and Western Samar were supported through the DREF.



PRC provides safe drinking water to affected community in Albay through water tankering. In total, 549,000 litres was provided to 17,210 people. (Photo: PRC)

Province	Municipality	Barangay	Jerry cans
Albay	Tiwi	Bariis	258
Albay	Tiwi	Naga	213
Albay	Tiwi	Sogod	28
Camarines Sur	Buhi	Iraya	105
Camarines Sur	Buhi	Caramoan	167
Camarines Sur	Sagnay	Patitinan	153
Western Samar	Calbayog	Caganahaw	94
Western Samar	Calbayog	San Rufino	238
Total			1,256

Output 1.4: Hygiene promotion activities which meet Sphere standards in terms of the identification and use of hygiene items provided to target population

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of volunteers involved in hygiene promotion activities	20	35
# of people reached with hygiene promotion activities	12,000	3,699

Progress towards outcomes

Emergency hygiene promotion activities, to increase public awareness and prevent diseases related to poor hygiene practices, were carried out by PRC in communities affected by Usman reaching 3,699 individuals in Camarines Sur. The hygiene promotion sessions focused on assessment of water and vector borne diseases, personal hygiene, solid waste management and prevention of diarrhea. A special session on menstrual hygiene was done in targeting adolescent girls and newly married women of reproductive age. A total of 35 volunteers were trained and mobilized.

Output 1.5: Hygiene-related goods (NFIs) which meet Sphere standards and training on how to use those goods is provided to the target population

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of households provided with a set of essential hygiene items	2,000	1,195

Progress towards outcomes

A total of 1,618 households in Albay, Camarines Norte, Camarines Sur and Western Samar were provided by PRC with hygiene kits, in which, 1,195 kits were distributed through the DREF. An IFRC standard hygiene kit contains 12 pieces body soap, 5 pieces laundry soap, 40 pieces sanitary pads, 5 pieces bath towels, 6 pieces toilet paper, 2 pieces toothpaste, 5 pieces toothbrush and 4 pieces of disposable razor.

Province	Municipality	Barangay	Hygiene kit
Albay	Tiwi	Bariis	258
Albay	Tiwi	Naga	213
Albay	Tiwi	Sogod	28
Camarines Sur	Buhi	Ipil	101
Camarines Sur	Buhi	Iraya	105
Camarines Sur	Sagnay	Patitinan	158
Western Samar	Calbayog	Caganahaw	94
Western Samar	Calbayog	San Rufino	238
Total			1,195



Protection, Gender and Inclusion

People reached: 20,120

Male: 10,060

Female: 10,060

Outcome 1: Communities identify the needs of the most vulnerable and particularly disadvantaged and marginalised groups, as a result of inequality, discrimination and other non-respect of their human rights and address their distinct needs

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Does the operation demonstrate evidence of addressing the specific needs to ensure equitable access to disaster response services?	Yes	Yes
Output 1.1: NS programmes improve equitable access to basic services, considering different needs based on gender and other diversity factors.		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of NS staff and volunteers trained on the Minimum Standard Commitments on gender and other diversity factors.	100	74
Progress towards outcomes		
<p>PRC ensures that interventions are aligned with its own as well as the IFRC minimum standard commitments to Protection, Gender and Inclusion during Emergencies, including targeting women-headed households, pregnant or lactating women, and men and boys made vulnerable by the disaster. Indirectly, the target is that all people reached through this DREF, will be supported with different services that meet the IFRC minimum standard to Protection, Gender and Inclusion.</p> <p>There were 74 staff and volunteers trained on PGI and Migration in four chapters of Albay, Camarines Norte, Camarines Sur and Northern Samar. Key topics on PGI orientation include the mainstreaming of PGI minimum standard and tools, and on how to share best practices.</p>		
		<p>PRC Welfare Services conducts PGI orientation to 10 staff and volunteers in Northern Samar chapter. The orientation was part of the mainstreaming activity on how to integrate PGI during emergency operation. (Photo: PRC)</p>
Output 1.2: Emergency response operations prevent and respond to sexual- and gender-based violence and all forms of violence against children		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of NS staff and volunteers trained on the Minimum Standard Commitments on SGBV	100	74 ⁷
# of child-friendly spaces set-up as part of the welfare desks	4	9
# of welfare desks conducting PSS activities for children	9	9
Progress towards outcomes		
<p>PRC set up welfare desks in nine evacuation centres which provided child protection services, child friendly activities. Inside the evacuation centres, PRC Welfare services were providing psychosocial support to children through film showing, art, play, and recreational activities to help them cope with the shock of the disaster.</p> <p>IFRC has zero tolerance for any form of violence against children. Child protection policy is part of the mandatory orientation provided to volunteers mobilised in this operation where all staff and volunteers signed a document that they have read, understood and would abide by the policy. Careful programming across all the sectors and operational areas of IFRC has ensured that children are protected from exploitation and abuse regardless of their nationality, culture, ethnicity, gender, religious or political beliefs, socio-economic status, family or criminal background, physical or mental health or any other factors for discrimination.</p>		
		<p>PRC conducts psychosocial support to children through film showing. In total, there were 1,770 individuals supported with PSS. (Photo: PRC)</p>
Output 1.3: NS educational and advocacy programmes raise awareness on humanitarian challenges, cultivate humanitarian values and develop relevant interpersonal skills		
Indicators:	Target	Actual

⁷ The same staff and volunteers trained for PGI and Migration

# of temporary learning spaces (TLS) set-up	2	Cancelled
# of students who received school kits/educational materials	2,000 ⁸	Ongoing
Progress towards outcomes		
The assessment results shows that there were needs to provide immediate assistance to ensure learning continuity (clean-up funds, learning materials, hygiene kits, psychological first aid and emergency feeding). The component of psychosocial support and feeding has been conducted by PRC in some areas.		
Based on coordination with Department of Education (DepEd) and local government unit, it was agreed that there was no need to deploy TLS.		
Provision of school children kits in Camarines Sur and Camarines Norte is underway. The initial target of 1,000 school kits will be increased to 2,000 to cater to the increased number of students in two location. This is in coordination with DepEd and local government unit.		

 <p>Migration People reached: 40 Male: 0 Female: 0</p>		
Outcome 1: Communities support the needs of migrants and their families and those assisting migrants at all stages of migration (origin, transit and destination)		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of migrant and displaced people are reached with information and quality services.	1,000	40
Output 1.1: Assistance and protection services to migrants and their families are provided and promoted through engagement with local and national authorities as well as in partnership with other relevant organizations.		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of staff and volunteers are trained in Health in Migration and Displacement.	100	74
Progress towards outcomes		
A total of 74 staff and volunteers from four chapter were oriented on Migration (see PGI section for details). Key topics during the migration orientation include: kinds of migrants; why people are on the move; climate induced migration; needs of migrants on origin, transit, destination; approach of the movement on migration; and the importance of health in migration.		
Output 1.3: “Family links are restored for people separated from, or without news of, their loved ones as a result of the disaster”		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of welfare desks providing RFL services in the disaster affected areas	10	9
# of people provided with RFL services (safe calls, tracing, etc.)	40	40
Progress towards outcomes		
Part of the standard services provided under the welfare desk set up by PRC are (i) restoring family links; (ii) tracing; and (iii) referral. For this operation, nine welfare desks were being set-up which offered restoring family link support.		
It was reported there were 40 people who are missing in areas affected with landslides in Albay. PRC supported the family members in terms of retrieval, counselling, referrals, etc. Staff trained in Health in Migration and Displacement were deployed to support the operation.		

Strengthen National Society
Outcome 1: National Society capacity building and organizational development objectives are facilitated to ensure that National Societies have the necessary legal, ethical and financial foundations, systems and structures, competences and capacities to plan and perform.

⁸ Revised from 1,000 to 2,000

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of NS branches that are well functioning	4	4
Output 1.1: National Societies have effective and motivated volunteers who are protected		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
% of volunteers insured	100%	100%
Progress towards outcomes		
258 staff and volunteers were mobilized for this operation. Prior to mobilization, they were all equipped. Specific training includes community-based disease prevention (90 CHVs), PGI and migration (74 staff and volunteers). All volunteers recruited were provided orientation on the history and seven fundamental principles of the Red Cross Red Crescent Movement. All volunteers mobilized for this operation were insured under the Membership and Accident Assistance Benefit (MAAB) of PRC.		

International Disaster Response

Outcome S2.1: Effective and coordinated international disaster response is ensured

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Effective and coordinated international disaster response ensured.	Yes	Yes

Output S2.1.1: Effective response preparedness and NS surge capacity mechanism is maintained

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of RDRT member deployed in the country	1 ⁹	2

Progress towards outcomes

The CO together has two international surge delegates, Interim Field Coordinator and Surge Disaster Management Delegate, who are supporting all the operations in-country, including Usman.

Output S2.1.3: NS compliance with Principles and Rules for Humanitarian Assistance is improved

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# and type of methods established to share information with communities about what is happening in the operation	5	Ongoing
% of complaints and feedback responded to by the NS	80%	Ongoing

Progress towards outcomes

Community accountability and feedback/response mechanisms has been integrated into programming to ensure that affected populations have direct access to information on the nature and scope of services provided by PRC, along with processes that will enable community participation and feedback. During assessment, affected-community people were assessed and consulted on their needs.

Welfare desks served as a feedback mechanism inside the evacuation centres. Establishment of welfare desks also supports protection issues for people living inside the evacuation centres. Here, PRC received, and accommodated concerns related to protection where PRC, if identified, would refer cases to relevant government authorities.

Output S2.1.4: Supply chain and fleet services meet recognized quality and accountability standards

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Logistics department provides constant support to the National Society's logistics unit for replenishment and other procurements	Yes	Yes

Progress towards outcomes

Logistics support for this operation was provided through the strong capacity of the PRC logistics built over the past years and an experienced IFRC in-country logistics team. Logistics activities aimed to effectively manage the supply chain, including procurement, customs clearance, fleet, storage and transport to distribution sites in accordance with the operation's requirements and aligned to IFRC's logistics standards, processes and procedures.

In support of the operation, the IFRC CO logistics team dispatched/replenished non-food items such as blanket, mosquito nets, sleeping mats, hygiene kits and jerry cans good for 1,323 families. All movement of disaster preposition (DP) stocks were in close coordination with PRC Logistics and Disaster Management Services Departments. IFRC CO has initiated the local procurement for items with local specification, to meet cultural requirements. Asia Pacific

⁹ Target number reduced after conducting assessments.

Logistics, Procurement and Supply Chain Management (LPSCM) teams had completed the procurement of IFRC standard NFIs with international specifications, which arrived in-country on 24 February. IFRC CO is also supporting this operation with light fleet that was deployed to transport staff and volunteers in the field.

Influence others as leading strategic partner

Outcome S3.1: The IFRC secretariat, together with National Societies uses their unique position to influence decisions at local, national and international levels that affect the most vulnerable.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
IFRC and NS are visible, trusted and effective advocates on humanitarian issues.	Yes	Yes

Output S3.1.2: IFRC produces high-quality research and evaluation that informs advocacy, resource mobilisation and programming.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of lesson learnt workshop conducted	1	0

Progress towards outcomes

PRC is now planning for the details on the lessons learnt workshop to be organized. Post distribution monitoring is also planned in the third week of March. Results will all be incorporated in the final report.

D. BUDGET

The financial report is attached at the end of this report.



Click for:

- [DREF](#)
- [Dref Operation Update No.1](#)

For further information, specifically related to this operation please contact:

In Philippine Red Cross

- Elizabeth Zavalla, Secretary General; phone: +63 2 790 2300; email: secgen@redcross.org.ph
- Leonardo Ebajo, director for disaster management services; phone: +63 917 806 8521; email: leonardo.ebajo@redcross.org.ph

In IFRC Philippine Country Office

- Chris Staines, Head of Country Office; phone: +63 998 585 0794; email: chris.staines@ifrc.org
- Patrick Elliott, Operations Manager; phone: +63 998 961 2140; email: patrick.elliott@ifrc.org

In Asia Pacific Regional Office, Kuala Lumpur

- Alka Kapoor, acting Deputy Regional Director; email: alka.kapoor@ifrc.org
- Necephor Mghendi, Head of Disaster and Crisis Unit (DCPRR); email: necephor.mghendi@ifrc.org
- Johanna Arvo, Operations Coordinator; phone: +60 19 323 2647; email: johanna.arvo@ifrc.org
- Riku Ässämäki, Logistics Coordinator, Regional Logistics Unit; email: riku.assamaki@ifrc.org
- Rosemarie North, Communications Manager; phone: +60 12 230 8451; email: rosemarie.north@ifrc.org

In IFRC Geneva

- Tiffany Loh, Senior Officer, Response and Recovery; email: tiffany.loh@ifrc.org
- Cristina Estrada, Response and Recovery Lead; phone: +412 2730 4260; email: cristina.estrada@ifrc.org

For IFRC Resource Mobilization and Pledges support:

- Sophia Keri, resource mobilization in emergencies coordinator; email: sophia.keri@ifrc.org

For Performance and Accountability support (planning, monitoring, evaluation and reporting enquiries):

- Siew Hui Liew, PMER manager; email: siewhui.liew@ifrc.org

How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the [Code of Conduct](#) for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organisations (NGOs) in Disaster Relief and the [Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response \(Sphere\)](#) in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, **encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities** by National Societies, with a view to **preventing and alleviating human suffering**, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

The IFRC's work is guided by Strategy 2020 which puts forward three strategic aims:



Save lives,
protect livelihoods,
and strengthen recovery
from disaster and crises.



Enable **healthy**
and **safe** living.



Promote **social inclusion**
and a culture of
non-violence and **peace**.

DREF Operation

INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

Selected Parameters			
Reporting Timeframe	2018/12-2019/2	Operation	MDRPH030
Budget Timeframe	2018/12-2019/2	Budget	APPROVED

Prepared on 26/Mar/2019

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

MDRPH030 - Philippines - Tropical Depression Usman

Operating Timeframe: 31 Dec 2018 to 31 Mar 2019

I. Summary

Opening Balance	0
Funds & Other Income	396,111
DREF Allocations	396,111
Expenditure	-13,326
Closing Balance	382,785

II. Expenditure by area of focus / strategies for implementation

Description	Budget	Expenditure	Variance
AOF1 - Disaster risk reduction			0
AOF2 - Shelter	62,195	3,653	58,542
AOF3 - Livelihoods and basic needs	144,421		144,421
AOF4 - Health	33,726	8,622	25,105
AOF5 - Water, sanitation and hygiene	50,950	651	50,299
AOF6 - Protection, Gender & Inclusion	12,503		12,503
AOF7 - Migration	3,358	401	2,958
Area of focus Total	307,154	13,326	293,827
SF11 - Strengthen National Societies			0
SF12 - Effective international disaster management	2,840		2,840
SF13 - Influence others as leading strategic partners	0		0
SF14 - Ensure a strong IFRC			0
Strategy for implementation Total	2,840		2,840
Grand Total	309,994	13,326	296,667

DREF Operation

INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

Selected Parameters			
Reporting Timeframe	2018/12-2019/2	Operation	MDRPH030
Budget Timeframe	2018/12-2019/2	Budget	APPROVED

Prepared on 26/Mar/2019

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

MDRPH030 - Philippines - Tropical Depression Usman

Operating Timeframe: 31 Dec 2018 to 31 Mar 2019

III. Expenditure by budget category & group

Description	Budget	Expenditure	Variance
Relief items, Construction, Supplies	196,245	5,244	191,002
Clothing & Textiles	24,000	5,244	18,756
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	16,000		16,000
Medical & First Aid	8,953		8,953
Teaching Materials	7,618		7,618
Utensils & Tools	6,667		6,667
Cash Disbursement	133,007		133,007
Logistics, Transport & Storage	34,995	3,593	31,401
Distribution & Monitoring	2,838	65	2,773
Transport & Vehicles Costs	25,490	417	25,073
Logistics Services	6,667	3,111	3,555
Personnel	34,397	1,893	32,504
National Staff		1,005	-1,005
National Society Staff	20,934	831	20,103
Volunteers	13,463	57	13,406
Workshops & Training	7,646	19	7,627
Workshops & Training	7,646	19	7,627
General Expenditure	17,791	1,764	16,027
Travel	10,909	1,679	9,231
Information & Public Relations	6,057		6,057
Office Costs	599	23	576
Communications	225		225
Financial Charges		62	-62
Indirect Costs	18,920	813	18,106
Programme & Services Support Recover	18,920	813	18,106
Grand Total	309,994	13,326	296,667