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Emergency Plan of Action (EPoA) Pakistan: Earthquake

 International Federation
of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

DREF Operation n° MDRPK016	Glide n° EQ-2019-000117-PAK
Date of issue: 29 September 2019	Expected timeframe: 3 months Expected end of date: 29 December 2019
Category allocated to the disaster or crisis: Yellow	
Overall operation budget: CHF 148,747	
Total number of people affected: 60,000 (8,623 families)	Number of people to be assisted: 3,500 (500 families)
National Society presence (n° of volunteers, staff, branches): At least 94 staff at Pakistan Red Crescent Society (PRCS) National Headquarters (NHQ) in Islamabad, District of Mirpur Branch of Pakistan Administrated Kashmir and 146 active volunteers already supporting assessments in the operational areas.	
Red Cross Red Crescent Movement partners actively involved in the operation: The International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC), the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), the Danish Red Cross and Turkish Red Crescent are the Movement partners actively involved in supporting the PRCS response. In addition, PRC is maintaining close coordination with other Movement partners –Canadian Red Cross Society, German Red Cross, Red Cross Society of China, Norwegian Red Cross and UAE Red Crescent– who are likely to support the National Society's response.	
Other partner organizations actively involved in the operation: National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) and District Disaster Management Authority (DDMA).	

A. Situation analysis

Description of the disaster

A powerful earthquake jolted several parts of Pakistan on Tuesday at 4:02 pm (Pakistan time), particularly areas of Pakistan Administrated Kashmir, Punjab, and Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. The Earthquake severely affected **Jatlan of District Mirpur**, Pakistan Administrated Kashmir (PAK). According to the US Geological Survey (USGS), the 5.8-magnitude earthquake struck at a shallow depth of 10km with its epicenter lying 1km southeast of Mirpur, Azad Jammu and Kashmir. According to the preliminary information, 38 casualties and more than 646 injured people have been reported. The high intensity earthquake also caused severe to moderate damages to houses, buildings, and other infrastructure in District Mirpur - 7,004 houses have been partially damaged while another 1,619 houses have been reported to be fully damaged. The main road in Mirpur – Jatlan along the Jatlan Canal has been damaged causing partial damage to 150 vehicles, and another 50 fully damaged. Total affected households are 8,619 families consists of the number of houses partially and completed damaged in two districts – Mirpur and Bhimber.



Severe main road damaged in Mirpur district due to the strong earthquake in Pakistan. (Photo: PRCS)

The number of deaths and injuries and affected families are likely to increase in the coming days once official report is issued. Electrical power supply, mobile and landline telephone services coverage are disrupted. The District

Administration along with Pakistan NDMA, State Disaster Management Authority (SDMA), National Police Bureau, Pakistan Armed Forces and Civil Defense are currently concentrating on the search and rescue operation. The government has declared emergency in all the hospitals of District Mirpur. The PRCS PAK also deployed its local First Aid team consisting of district First Aid training officer along with trained First Aid responders to the affected area for the provision of First Aid services and emergency evacuation.

Summary of deaths, injuries and houses damaged as of 27 September 2019

District	Deaths	Injured	Houses Damaged	
			Fully	Partially
Mirpur	35	665	1,619	7,000
Bhimber	4	14	0	4
Total	39	679	1,619	7,004

Mirpur is one of the three divisions in the State of Azad Jammu and Kashmir (AJK). It is also a district in which there are two sub-divisions; Mirpur and Dadyal consisting of 176 and 70 villages respectively with 18 union councils. Mirpur district comprises of partly plain and partly hilly areas. Mirpur lies on 33.1491°N latitude and 73.7534°E longitudes. It is 134km from Islamabad and 190km from Lahore via Dina through Grand Trunk Road. Mirpur is also connected to Bhimber (49km) and Kotli (99km) districts of the State of AJK. Mirpur district is bounded by Kotli district in the north and east, by Potohar (Punjab) in the west and by Bhimber district in the in the south. According to the Pakistan 2017 Census data, the total population of Mirpur district is approximately 456,000 people.

Summary of the current Response

Overview of Host National Society

Coordination with field teams, Red Cross Red Crescent Movement Partners and NDMA is ongoing from the Emergency Operational Centre (EOC) at PRCS headquarters in Islamabad. Meanwhile at the Provincial and District Branch levels, coordination with Provincial and District Disaster Management Authorities is taking place.

The national society has dispatched alert messages to its National Disaster Response Team members while volunteers have been placed on standby for deployment as the extent of the earthquake impact becomes clearer.

From the Emergency Operational Centre (EOC) at PRC headquarters in Islamabad, coordination with field teams, Red Cross Red Crescent Movement Partners and NDMA is ongoing, while at Provincial and District Branch levels, coordination with Provincial and District Disaster Management Authorities is taking place.

The PRCS PAK State branch have mobilized First Aid teams from adjoining districts from Bhimber and Kotli who reportedly have reached Mirpur to carryout first aid response to the injured. PRCS PAK state branch is trying to make contact with its teams in Mirpur and the district administration but due to communication breakdown have not been able to get latest updates from their teams on ground.

Community Disaster Response Team (CDRT), District Disaster Response Team (DDRT), National Disaster Response Team (NDRT) and volunteers in emergency are being mobilized and ready to be deployed. Local volunteers in Mirpur are also being mobilized and on round with the First Aid Responders (FAR) Teams.

Overview of Red Cross Red Crescent Movement in country

The ICRC supported the deployment of the PRCS First Aid teams, replenishment of FA kits, in RFL and Public Communication. The International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC), the ICRC and other in-country Movement partners – Danish Red Cross, German Red Cross, Norwegian Red Cross, Turkish Red Crescent and UAE Red Crescent remain on stand-by to further support the National Society's response. Turkish Red Crescent has distributed 500 food packs (14.5 kg) in village Sangh among 3,350 beneficiaries. Danish Red Cross has been secured funds to distribute unconditional cash grant to approx. 380 families @ PKR 27,000/ family.

Overview of non-RCRC actors in country

National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) has taken the lead in coordinating the response. At provincial and district levels, the response is being coordinated by the respective provincial, state and district disaster management authorities. The Government of Pakistan has mobilised all resources to support the earthquake-affected areas. The Pakistan Army has started search and rescue operations in the affected areas. NDMA provided 500 Tents, 200 Kitchen Sets, 800 Blankets, 200 First Aid Boxes, 200 Trapline Sheets, 1000 Food Packs and 50,000 Water Bottles (1.5 L). Provincial Disaster Management Authority (PDMA) Punjab has provided 1000 Tents and 3500 Food Packs.

Needs analysis, targeting, scenario planning and risk assessment

PRCS has deployed teams to assess the extent of damages and losses, identify the most critical needs and develop the most appropriate course of action. The focus of this Disaster Relief Emergency Fund (DREF) is on multipurpose cash grants, safe drinking water and health and hygiene in the targeted villages of District Mirpur.

As the scope of the disaster is still evolving, the number of families affected may rise based on the assessments being done by various actors. Furthermore, aftershocks can be expected, which along with landslides, may result in an escalation of the current situation.

Targeting

PRCS will ensure that interventions are aligned with its own as well as the IFRC minimum standard commitments to gender and diversity in emergency programming, for example by targeting women-headed households, pregnant or lactating women, men and boys made vulnerable by the disaster, families that have not received any or sufficient assistance from the government or other organizations, those belonging to the socially vulnerable households, and those who lack relevant resources to cope with basic humanitarian needs on their own. These groups will be considered according to level of impact as well as difficulty to reach, with PRCS leadership committing its focus to the most remote areas affected.

Taking into consideration of the displacement resulting from the earthquakes, PRCS will also ensure that the specific needs of those affected by displacement are taken into consideration. This includes those displaced themselves, as well as host communities. Assistance and protection activities will be aligned with the Movement Policy on Internal Displacement, as well as complementary humanitarian standards. Needs will be closely assessed to monitor for any individuals or communities who fall into longer-term or protracted displacement.

Risk assessment

PRCS provincial and district branches will work in close collaboration with Provincial and District Government Authorities to facilitate a good communication flow regarding accessibility to affected communities. Due to monsoon season in these areas the earthquake affected areas are still at risk of rockslides and landslides. Potential aftershocks could hinder the activities of the teams deployed to field for assessments, distribution and monitoring, risk of being stranded in the operational areas in case of landslides and rock fall roadways. Furthermore, communication networks, may be overwhelmed as people try to establish contact with family members in the affected areas.

In addition, PRCS will ensure that female staff and volunteers are part of the assessment, relief distribution and mobile health unit teams so that women and girls have access to information and services.

PRCS is present in the affected areas and has a high level of acceptance by the communities. Staff and volunteers were active in the immediate aftermath of the tremor. As such, there is little risk that security issues will impact the operation. However, the IFRC security team will continue to closely monitor the situation and will provide guidance should any change in the security environment occur.

Mobilization of trained staff, volunteers and relief goods is a prerequisite for the success of this DREF operation. PRCS senior management will ensure that the mobilization of human and other resources will be done in a timely manner as needed.

B. Operational strategy

Overall objective

This operation aims to support the immediate basic needs of food, water and health of 500 earthquake-affected families (approx. 3,500 people) in targeted villages of district Mirpur in Azad Jammu Kashmir through disbursement of multi-purpose cash grants and distribution of portable household level water filters.

Proposed strategy

PRCS will continue to carry out needs assessments through the use of tools including Red Rose for information management, further refining data collected through analysis of gender disaggregated data and feeding relevant information to the specific sectors for immediate assistance. In the aftermath of the earthquake, PRCS deployed FAR from the district branches in PAK. Working in coordination with the Disaster Management Authority at respective provincial and district levels, the teams carried out initial assessments of the affected areas to ascertain damages and

needs. This plan of action is developed based on the findings of the assessment teams, the collective experience of PRC staff and volunteers, and assets available, such as relief items positioned in strategic locations across the country. With a strong presence in the affected areas, PRCS will ensure assistance of the affected population through cash grants and in-kind support to meet the immediate needs of the earthquake-affected families.

Cash and Voucher Assistance

The immediate food and water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) needs of the earthquake-affected population of district Mirpur were identified as a result of Emergency Needs Assessment (ENA) carried out by Pakistan Red Crescent.

- Affected population prefer to receive cash assistance over in-kind assistance.
- Nearby markets are functional and accessible to affected population.
- Financial Service Providers (FSPs) exist in the area (Banks, Telecom Partners and Post Offices).

PRCS has the required capacities to distribute cash assistance with the support of IFRC. The unconditional cash grants modality provides beneficiaries with flexibility and more options to prioritize their own immediate basic needs. This is considered necessary due to the impact affected by the households, where a large number of houses were destroyed in district Mirpur. Thus, it is imperative that the beneficiaries are able to quickly fulfil their basic needs and the cash grant is expected to revive the local market as well, which will in turn create multiplier effects of increased livelihood opportunities and flow of money in the market. PRCS has prior experience and capacity with Cash Transfer Program using Telenor bio matric verified cash disbursement mechanism.

Acceptability and willingness for the cash and voucher assistance

As PRCS is working on multi-sectorial interventions in the aftermath of disaster focusing on contributing towards fulfilling the basic survival needs of the affected population; the same approach is followed in the cash and vouchers assistance and the amount calculated for each individual family/household is based on multi-sectorial needs like food, health, transportation and other general but basic needs. This approach will facilitate the affected community to greater extent and get wider acceptability among them. The District Administration of Mirpur during a formal meeting are already agreed and committed to extend their administrative support during Cash and vouchers assistance for the affected population. However, a regular coordination with Administration will be a pre-requisite action for the success of the proposed cash assistance. Acceptability at both Government and Community level is the foremost requirement for initiating a programme and in this case both these stakeholders are in full confidence and on board.

Functioning market: The assessment report shows that functional markets are available at three different levels according to their capacity and accessibility for the affected population of Mirpur. These markets could be ranked both for food and NFIs. A comprehensive analysis of these markets is given for reference which will ease decision making both for the program implementers and community itself.

Availability of financial service providers

Several Financial Service providers are available in the districts and affected areas that includes Banks, Post offices and Telecom companies. PRCS has already signed MoUs with leading financial institution which includes Telenor, Jazz Cash and UBL Omni. All FSPs have tested pilot projects and found very efficient and cost effective. Telenor Mobile Company has a well-known mechanism of Easy paisa being used for reliable transfer of money not only for individuals but also for/on behalf of organizations especially during disaster situation. This Financial institution has been recommended due the fact that it has already provided services in Pakistan Red Crescent-Cash Transfer Programme in 2015-16 in KP and GB, in 2017, 18 and 19 in Baluchistan and some other parts of the country. In Mirpur, Telenor retailers and franchises are available within the affected zone as well as at district and tehsil headquarters. If informed in advance, they have collectively the capacity and willingness to provide cash to more than 500 families per day in accordance with the agreed procedure as interviewed during field visits. Moreover, Telenor Mobile Company has its outlets/franchises at the very grass root level and capable of service delivery to the community with an easier access.

Food and non-food item (NFI) availabilities

District as well as local markets have a collective capacity of stock to supply the basic food and non-food items which includes WASH items required by 300 families per day even this ratio could be increased through mutual dialogues and mobilization by placing Ben Com staff and volunteers. Shopkeepers/vendors have the financial capacity in terms of investment for the mentioned cause but in normal routine they keep minimum quantity of food items as per daily/weekly demand. PRCS will ensure that that the multi-purpose cash transfer value per household will be calculated based on the 100 per cent of the MEB and daily food requirement per person based on the 2,100 kcal - aside from the required non-food items.

Physical access

Mirpur markets are located within the community and other affected areas of the district and thus easily accessible to all. For shelter material, they normally access big markets of Mirpur and nearby districts which are located at distance of around 25km to 45km. Thus, district and local markets come under their routine business and therefore it is easy for

them to access them physically. In both cases, road communication and local transport is available for their movement across the district, thus accessibility is almost no issue for them.

Prices and inflation:

As per the assessment report, the average rates of all consumable and non-consumable items/goods and other services had been quoted by the local shopkeepers. It is a matter of fact that while injecting money within a specified community and markets, an inflation of 5-10 per cent is expected in the general circumstances. However, in this case as the District Administration is fully on board and could be utilized for prices/wages stability during program duration through District Food Department/Price Review and Control Committee which is normally chaired by the Deputy Commissioner of the District being the Chief Executive. Through injection of money in the community their purchasing power will be enhanced however there seems no chances of inflation. Through this program not only the community will be benefited but the general surrounding population and markets will get considerable economic strength. There is little possibility of price increase in the markets, as per district administration continuous coordination and follow ups.

Security

Mirpur is a southern district of the state of AJK which lies at a distance of around 120Km from the capital city of Islamabad. In general, the security situation of Mirpur district is stable and does not present any major concerns. Mirpur is also home to the second largest water reservoir and power generation Mangla Dam of the country and so always remains a highly secured area.

Militancy is not a concern in the area and crime level also remains low in general. Mirpur district does not have its borders with the Line of Control and so is not affected by cross border clashes between Pakistan and India as on other sector of AJK.

After the recent earthquake and prevailing weather conditions where further rainfall is expected in the earthquake areas, access will be a concern as road to the affected areas have been badly affected due to the recent earthquake.

Communications systems have also been badly affected after the earthquake which have now being resumed to a large extent. Lack of communication is not expected to be a major issue for the operation.

IFRC does not maintain a presence in the district however National Society does have its presence in the area with different response and emergency teams already deployed to the affected areas while maintaining close coordination with state and district authorities.

Any movement of IFRC staff to earthquake affected areas in relation to the DREF operation will be monitored by IFRC security and IFRC Islamabad Radio Room. IFRC Security will also carry out visits to the affected areas to carryout quick risk assessment as part of the DREF operation.

Expats visit to any district of AJK is subject to No Objection Certificate (NOC) issued by the Ministry of interior which will also be applicable in the case of Mirpur district. Any RDRT deployed will only be able to visit the affected areas subject to NOC is obtained.

Decision Making

Currently the whole EQ affected community in dire need of basic food and non-food items, however there is lack of financial resources for fulfilling these needs. As reported during field visits, the only sector in which they would invest the granted money is to purchase mainly food items and other basic needs. This common issue thus structured both male and female members of each household towards a joint decision to meet with their basic needs as a matter of survival especially women and children. The preferences for the allocation of resources in the current situation is to meet basic needs.

Policies of host Government and Donors

Government of Pakistan has been using Cash Transfers in emergency relief and recovery operations since the 2005 earthquake. More recently, the Government has implemented a wide range of cash initiatives for those affected by the 2010 mega floods and to support people displaced by the complex emergency in ex FATA. Other actors including UN agencies, civil society partners and the private sector also use Cash Transfer Programming. Currently Cash Transfer Programming initiatives in Pakistan are driven by the mandate and opportunities of individual organizations. Government is allowing cash transfers as per state bank laws while ensuring biometric verification during cash disbursement using banks and telecom companies.

The Government of Pakistan so far provided cash to the disaster victims during various natural and human induced disasters through formal banking and electronic mode of transfer. PRCS has used several disbursement mechanisms of banks, post offices and telecom companies.

Operational support services

Human resources

The PRCS Director of Operations will be in charge of the operation, reporting to the PRCS Secretary General, who has the overall responsibility for the operation.

Logistics and supply chain

PRCS maintains NFI stocks at National and Branch warehouses situated at strategic locations around the country. Water Filters to the affected areas will be disbursed from the existing stock and will be replenished through DREF.

Community engagement and accountability

Community accountability and feedback mechanisms will be integrated into the operation to ensure that people to be assisted, have access to the timely and accurate information on the nature and scope of assistance and services provided by PRCS, and the expected behaviour of staff and volunteers. PRCS local volunteers and community members have been used to support the assessments and will be involved during the entire operation cycle.

The state branches will ensure visibility and beneficiary communication during the relief distributions. Banners and information charts of the items being distributed will be put on display at all the distribution points. In addition, a complaint redressal mechanism will also be activated.

Communications

PRCS will regularly share information and updates on the operation with key stakeholders. PRCS Secretary General will be responsible for communication to external stakeholders. At the operational level, the communication department will undertake activities aimed to increase visibility of PRCS and to show the impact of the intervention.

Planning, Monitoring, Evaluation and Reporting (PMER)

Emphasis will be placed on ensuring that the choice of interventions and the beneficiary selection is need based, with adherence to all standards of accountability and transparency.

Emphasis is also made on encouraging continuous assessment of the situation, monitoring of the services being provided as well as looking at monitoring of the feedback from beneficiaries. Analysis of monitoring observations will help with timely decision-making. Attention will be paid to data management, inclusive of collection of disaggregated beneficiary data, storage and analysis. Continuous communication with the field teams, along issuance of necessary updates of the operation including the final report will be managed accordingly.

Administration and Finance

Both PRCS and IFRC administration and finance teams are on standby to support development and implementation of the DREF operation.

C. Detailed Operational Plan



Livelihoods and basic needs

People targeted: 3,500 (500 households)

Male: 1,680

Female: 1,820

Requirements (CHF): 89,635

Needs analysis:

Affected households no longer have access to food and non-food items to meet their basic needs or may have lost all their belongings to the earthquake. Trauma, injuries and severe damage to property have impacted livelihoods. Households and communities need support to recover livelihoods with dignity. Assessments indicate the common type of livelihood of the affected people in the affected areas include farming and livestock. With PRCS's focus on 500 most vulnerable households effected by the earthquake, this multipurpose cash grant is expected to cover basic needs before returning to their livelihoods within in the coming weeks and months. The Cash delivery mechanism will be through Telecom Company. It is still early to quantify the full extent of damage caused on livelihoods. Ongoing assessments will further identify these needs, and further activities will be elaborated when information becomes available.

Population to be assisted: Up to 500 households to receive multipurpose cash grants – which will complement the other support – availability of drinking water as well as to cover basic hygiene needs during the emergency phase. Priority will be given to the most vulnerable families, with fully and partially damaged Houses, women-headed households, households with pregnant and lactating women, infant family members, disabled people and/or primary school children. The transfer value per family is 25,200 PKR (approximately CHF 160), based on 2100 KCal per person per day for seven members' family for one month, and other basic needs as per MEB calculation.

Programme standards/benchmarks: This operation will seek to meet **Sphere** standards.

P&B Output Code	Livelihoods and basic needs Outcome 1: Communities, especially in disaster and crisis affected areas, restore and strengthen their livelihoods	# of targeted households that have enough <food, cash, income> to meet their survival threshold (Target: 500)																	
	Livelihoods and basic needs Output 1.1: Households are provided with multipurpose cash grants to address their basic needs	# of households reached with cash for basic needs (Target: 500)																	
	Activities planned	Weeks	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
AP081	Continued assessment of livelihood situation		x																
AP081	Carry out market survey		x																
AP081	Identify, verify and register target households according to set criteria and prepare beneficiary lists			x	x														
AP081	Community meetings and consultation with local authority		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x									
AP081	Engage a suitable money transfer facility for cash distribution		x	x	x	x	x												
AP081	Disburse cash grants to up to 500 households					x	x												
AP081	Conduct post-distribution monitoring on the usage of cash transfers and reporting (covering at least 10% of target households)											x	x						



Water, sanitation and hygiene

People targeted: 3,500 (500 households)

Male: 1,680

Female: 1,820

Requirements (CHF): 13,759

Needs analysis: There is a disruption of water supply in some of the affected areas based on various reasons, including damaged reservoirs or water distribution lines, including individual wells. In the immediate term, affected families need to access safe and clean water, therefore PRCS aims to provide household level water filter for a sustainable solution for longer term, in close coordination with the Ministry of Public Works and Community Housing (PUPR). Given the damage to houses and sanitation facilities and the fact that some people are afraid of returning indoors due to fear of aftershocks, hundreds of families remain unprotected from weather elements. The monsoon season is currently on and has the potential of compounding the health and hygiene situation, especially linked to inadequate shelter and sanitation conditions that leave affected people exposed to harsh weather elements. The hygiene needs will be met through multipurpose cash grant for hygiene kits, and hygiene promotion activities will accompany the water filter distribution activity.

Population to be assisted: Up to 500 households in Mirpur to be reached with safe water filter distribution and hygiene promotion activities.

Programme standards/benchmarks: This operation will seek to meet **Sphere** standards

P&B Output Code	WASH Outcome1: Immediate reduction in risk of waterborne and water related diseases in targeted communities								# of households provided with safe water services that meet agreed standards according to specific operational and programmatic context (Target: 500)									
	WASH Output 1.1: Continuous assessment of water, sanitation, and hygiene situation is carried out in targeted communities								# of assessment conducted (Target: 1)									
	Activities planned	Weeks	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP026	Conduct initial assessment of the water, sanitation and hygiene situation in targeted communities		x	x														
AP026	Continuously monitor the water, sanitation and hygiene situation in targeted communities		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP026	Coordinate with other WASH actors on target group needs and appropriate response.		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
P&B Output Code	WASH Output 1.2: Daily access to safe water which meets Sphere and WHO standards in terms of quantity and quality is provided to target population								# of people reached with safe water (Target: 3,500)									
	Activities planned	Weeks	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP030	Registration of HH			x	x	x												
AP030	Distribution of Water Filter					x	x	x										
P&B Output	WASH Output 1.3: Hygiene promotion activities which meet Sphere standards in terms of the identification and use of hygiene items provided to target population								# of people reached with hygiene promotion activities (Target: 3,500)									

Code																		
	Activities planned	Weeks	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP030	Develop a hygiene communication plan and train volunteers to implement activities from communication plan		x	x	x	x												
AP030	Dissemination of existing IEC materials			x														
AP030	Mobilize existing volunteers to participate in basic hygiene promotion activities				x	x	x											
AP030	Undertake hygiene promotion activities alongside water filter distribution and communal meetings					x	x	x										



Protection, Gender and Inclusion¹

People targeted: All people affected

Requirements (CHF): (integrated with other areas)

Needs analysis: While assessments are ongoing, PRCS is currently using assessment forms that facilitate the capture of gender disaggregated data to inform this relief operation. PRCS will deploy female volunteers during all stages of the operation including assessments, distributions, awareness activities and post-distribution monitoring in the communities.

Population to be assisted: 500 households.

Programme standards/benchmarks: A few measures will be taken in order to ensure that the operation will comply with the minimum standards for protection, gender and inclusion in emergencies.

P&B Output Code	Inclusion and Protection Outcome 1: Communities identify the needs of the most vulnerable and particularly disadvantaged and marginalised groups, as a result of inequality, discrimination and other non-respect of their human rights and address their distinct needs								<i>The operation demonstrates evidence of addressing the specific needs to ensure equitable access to disaster response services. (Target: Yes)</i>									
	Inclusion and Protection Output 1.1: NS programmes improve equitable access to basic services, considering different needs based on gender and other diversity factors.								<i># of NS that ensure improved equitable access to basic services, considering different needs based on gender and other diversity factors. (Target: 1, PRCS)</i>									
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

¹ This area of focus is a merge of what previously was Social Inclusion and Culture of Non-violence and peace. It is under development, so for now it represents the physical merge of three existing relevant outputs.

-	Support sectoral teams to include measures to address vulnerabilities specific to protection, gender and inclusion factors (including people with disabilities) in their planning	x	x	x														
-	Support sectoral teams to ensure collection and analysis of sex-age and disability-disaggregated data	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					

Strategies for Implementation

Requirements (CHF): 36,274

P&B Output Code	S1.1: National Society capacity building and organizational development objectives are facilitated to ensure that National Societies have the necessary legal, ethical and financial foundations, systems and structures, competences and capacities to plan and perform.	<i># of NS branches that are well functioning in the operation</i>																
	Output S1.1.1: National Societies have effective and motivated volunteers who are protected	<i># of volunteers involved in the operation provided with briefing/orientation (Target: tbc)</i>																
	Activities planned	Weeks	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP048	Provide complete briefings and orientation to volunteers in disaster response, data collection and information management		x	x	x	x												
P&B Output Code	Outcome S2.1: Effective and coordinated international disaster response is ensured	<i>Does the operation demonstrate evidence of effective and coordinated international disaster response? (Target: Yes)</i>																
	Output S2.1.1: Effective response preparedness and NS surge capacity mechanism is maintained	<i># of RDRT deployed</i>																
	Activities planned	Weeks	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP048	Deployment of RDRT		x	x	x	x												
P&B Output Code	Output S2.1.2: Supply chain and fleet services meet recognized quality and accountability standards	<i>Procurement is carried as per Sphere and IFRC standards and items replenished in PRCS warehouses within the operation timeline. (Target: 100% compliance)</i>																
	Activities planned	Weeks	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
-	IFRC country office provides procurement support as needed to the National Society's logistics unit for replenishment.		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
P&B Output Code	Output S2.1.3: Coordinating role of the IFRC within the international humanitarian system is enhanced	<i>PRCS engage with other humanitarian actors for coordinated humanitarian intervention. (Target: Yes - Inter Agency group)</i>																
	Activities planned	Weeks	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
-	IFRC CCST supports PRCS in coordinating with other humanitarian actors and relevant clusters on a regular basis		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
P&B Output Code	Outcome S3.1: The IFRC secretariat, together with National Societies uses their unique position to influence decisions at local, national and international levels that affect the most vulnerable.	<i>IFRC and NS are visible, trusted and effective advocates on humanitarian issues. (Target: Yes)</i>																

P&B Output Code	Output S3.1.2: IFRC produces high-quality research and evaluation that informs advocacy, resource mobilization and programming.	<i># of assessment done for needs, capacities and gaps (Target: 1)</i>																	
	Activities planned	Weeks	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
AP048	Assessment of needs, capacities and gaps as part of a multi-sectoral assessment		x	x															
P&B Output Code	Outcome S3.2: The programmatic reach of the National Societies and the IFRC is expanded.	<i># of national appeal launched (Target: 1)</i>																	
	Output S3.2.1: Resource generation and related accountability models are developed and improved	<i># of lessons learned workshop conducted (Target: 1)</i>																	
	Activities planned	Weeks	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
AP048	Post distribution monitoring				x	x	x	x	x	x									
AP048	Lessons learned workshop for DREF operation													x	x				

DREF OPERATION

30/09/2019

MDRPK016 Pakistan : Earthquake

Budget Group	DREF Budget CHF
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	13,359
Cash Disbursements	89,635
Total RELIEF ITEMS, CONSTRUCTION AND SUPPLIES	102,995
Transport & Vehicle Costs	2,520
Total LOGISTICS, TRANSPORT AND STORAGE	2,520
Volunteers	4,800
Total PERSONNEL	4,800
Workshops & Training	4,400
Total WORKSHOP & TRAINING	4,400
Travel	24,500
Information & Public Relations	200
Office Costs	130
Communications	124
Total GENERAL EXPENDITURES	24,954
Programme and Services Support Recovery	9,078
Total INDIRECT COSTS	9,078
TOTAL BUDGET	148,747

Reference documents



Click here for:

- [Information bulletin](#)

Contact information

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How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the **Code of Conduct** for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO's) in Disaster Relief and the **Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere)** in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, **encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities** by National Societies, with a view to **preventing and alleviating human suffering**, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

The IFRC's work is guided by Strategy 2020 which puts forward three strategic aims:



Save lives.
protect livelihoods,
and strengthen recovery
from disaster and crises.



Enable **healthy**
and **safe** living.



Promote social inclusion
and a culture of
non-violence and **peace.**