

Emergency Plan of Action (EPoA) Fiji: Tropical Cyclone Sarai

Emergency Appeal n°	MDRFJ003	Glide n°:	TC-2019-000180-FJI
Date of issue:	28/12/2019	Expected timeframe:	2 months
		Expected end date:	29/02/2020
Category allocated to the of the disaster or crisis: Orange			
DREF allocated: CHF 110,887			
Total number of people affected:	39,414 people at risk	Number of people to be assisted:	7,780
Provinces affected:	4 divisions (Ba, Nadroga, Lau and Kadavu) at risk	Provinces/Regions targeted:	4 divisions (Ba, Nadroga, Lau and Kadavu) at risk
Host National Society presence (n° of volunteers, staff, branches): Fiji Red Cross Society (FRCS) has volunteers trained as Emergency Responders who have experienced in operating through FRCS response system. Key staffs and management are part of the planning and decision-making team for the National headquarters. 40 volunteers trained as Emergency Responders who have experienced in operating through FRCS response system.			
Red Cross Red Crescent Movement partners actively involved in the operation: IFRC CCST Suva Office, Fiji			
Other partner organizations actively involved in the operation: Fiji Government and UN Agencies			

A. Situation analysis

Description of the disaster

On the 12 December, a tropical depression formed over the south-eastern part of Vanuatu approaching the Fiji group from the North West. It had picked up momentum over the last 48 hours and has developed into a Category 2 cyclone and was named Tropical Cyclone (TC) Sarai. It is projected to reach the Mamanucas and the Yasawa group on 26 December and also to increase intensity within that time period.

The Fiji Meteorological Service office and National Disaster Management Committee (DISMAC) have issued a warning to all mariners, and people living along the coastal areas and rivers to move to higher ground in case of a storm surge or flood. Winds of up to 180-195km/h are expected with heavy rain and thunderstorms. Strong winds are expected to bring down trees and some structures in its path. Flooding along the low-lying areas near the Ba River and cane belt is expected and landslides are also predicted. People are discouraged from crossing flooded rivers in the course of the disaster. TC Sarai is expected to cut across Viti Levu into Tailevu North reaching the Lomaiviti group in the next 2 days moving on to the Southern Lau group. Please refer to [map](#) for areas expected to be affected by the TC Sarai.

The Western part of Viti Levu is currently experiencing heavy rain and thunderstorms. DISMAC has formally announced the opening of 10 Evacuation centres in the Ba province to prepare towards this oncoming disaster. With the devastation of TC Winston and TC Gavin in the Western part of the Fiji Islands, authorities have been vigilant in their issuance of situation reports and warnings to at risk population and the general public.

The latest from the National Disaster Management Office (NDMO) indicates that 48 evacuation centers have been activated with 1,970 evacuees around the country as of the morning of 28 December. Police will be overseeing all active evacuation centers due to safety and protection reasons and relevant district officers will be monitoring the situation on the ground. One missing person reported from Vunidawa ni Naitasiri where police search and rescue are underway.

The water disruptions have been reported by the population living in Naboro and Navua, which is caused by a blocked inflow due to heavy rain. As of 28 December, TC Sarai is located about 130km west of Kadavu, which is about 200km southwest of Suva. Refer to [link](#) here for the current latest media release.

Fiji Meteorological Service¹ also continues to provide update on the situation as the tropical cyclone continues to affect the country on 28 December 2019.

This Disaster Relief Emergency Fund (DREF) aims to assist the Fiji Red Cross Society (FRCS) to carry out preparedness activities and mobilization of its volunteers and staff for deployment to assist communities in pre-cyclone preparedness and health in emergency. Based on previous outcomes of the above-mentioned cyclones, the progress of the disaster may call for a decision to revise the DREF or launch a separate Emergency Appeal to address any further large-scale effects of TC Sarai.

Summary of the current response

Overview of Host National Society Response Action

Currently, the Fiji Red Cross Society (FRCS) Central and Western Divisional Service Coordinator has mobilised community volunteers from Suva, Lautoka, Nadi and Sigatoka in preparing communities by:

- Engaging in evacuation assistance and first aid.
- Assisting the Government, Ministry of Health (MoH), in communicable disease prevention and hygiene promotion / Cyclone Preparedness Program (CPP) / Protection, Gender and Inclusion (PGI), in evacuation centres/communities.
- Update of Prepositioned stock in the branches.

In response to aftermath of this disaster TC Sarai, The Fiji Red Cross will focus its efforts in these key areas:

- Rapid and needs based assessment.
- Household items relief distributions (such as hygiene kits, tarpaulins, blankets, jerrycans, solar lamps, and dignity kits).
- Health education/awareness post cyclone.
- Communicable disease prevention and hygiene promotion / Child Protection Policy /Protection Gender Inclusion /continue to provide admin and data entry support to MoH Measles vaccination activity in evacuation centres/communities.

At the moment, The Fiji Red Cross response and early actions include:

- Movement coordination meeting (IFRC, National Disaster Management Office (NDMO), Cluster groups)
- Contingency plan activated.
- National Society staff and volunteers are on standby and are receiving guidance on what to do in the event of a cyclone.
- Participation at the coordination meeting with the NDMO, with support of the IFRC team.
- Currently checking the availability of volunteer supervisors out of the branches closest to the cyclone path area of impact and risk.
- Establishment of divisional/regional coordination on Western part of Fiji. In response to Tropical Cyclone (TC) Sarai, FRCS will focus on preparing at-risk communities for the impact of the cyclone. FRCS has Early Warning System (EWS) River gauge systems which proposes the implementation of the following activities in advance of a cyclone making landfall.
- Early warning of 'at-risk' communities.
- First aid and evacuation assistance.
- Prepositioning of shelter and household items.
- Mobilization of staff and volunteers and ensuring that an operational structure is in place.

For this initial preparedness phase, FRCS intends to mobilize a total of 40 volunteers and two support staff to manage volunteers and work on the ground under the supervision of Manager Operations from National office.

To note, FRCS is also active in the areas of youth, first aid, health awareness and communicable disease prevention (such as community based – health awareness, education, hygiene promotion activities), water sanitation and hygiene promotion, promotion of humanitarian principles and values, disaster risk management, as well as vulnerability and capacity assessment at community level.

¹ Latest information from Fiji Meteorological Service can be found on their website: <http://www.met.gov.fj/>

During the last six months, FRCS has trained 100 volunteers in emergency response training (23 in the West, 42 in the North, 35 in Rotuma). A total of 46 communities have community disaster committees formed and trained in evacuation drill, first aid and Health in emergencies messaging integrated with PGI, CPP and PSS. (For the communities close to the 'at risk' population: 8 in the Ba province, 7 in the Central Division & 4 in the Lomaiviti group). These volunteers are on standby and ready to deploy to support the operation should the need arise.

Overview of Red Cross Red Crescent Movement Actions in country

IFRC provides support to the National Office Emergency Operations providing technical support when needed in the area of DREF application and review, and also in the event of an application for an emergency appeal. IFRC supports organizational development and coordination between Movement partners, Government disaster management authorities. As such, stocks have been prepositioned in the FRCS warehouse in Suva, which will be utilized if needed and replenished through this DREF operation. Suppliers has also been notified on the stock holdings that they need to have in case there is a lot of damage caused by heavy rain and strong winds and FRCS will need more supplies.

The FRCS is working closely with the government, Ministry of Health (MoH) and non – governmental organizations (NGOs) on Primary Health programme ensuring that there is no duplication with activities included in this DREF operation.

Overview of non-RCRC actors' actions in country

The Government activated a cyclone alert on 14 December 2019. A sectorial coordination meeting was organised on 16 December 2019 at the National Disaster Management Council.

Coordination: Since 12 December, Government has activated the cyclonic crisis management coordination, which the National Society is a part of. Coordination meetings are organised on National Disaster Management Office (NDMO) schedule that includes the humanitarian actors in the country. With the support of IFRC, the Fiji Red Cross has set up its emergency operations centre for TC Sarai.

The Disaster management team at our National Office are on standby 24/7 to monitor the situation and provide situational reports to the FRC Board / Director General and the IFRC Country Cluster Support Team (CCST) Suva. Coordination teams have been set up in Levuka branch, Koro and Lakeba offices in preparation towards the coming disaster. At the community level, community-based volunteers are doing disaster risk messaging internally and also in neighbouring villages within the strike area of TC Sarai.

Needs analysis, targeting, scenario planning and risk assessment

Needs analysis

FRCS anticipates that 'at-risk' communities will require cyclone early warning, assistance to evacuate to safe shelter and that household items will need to be moved from nearby locations to replenish Lautoka, Nadi, Sigatoka and Suva branch stocks to cater for target number of 7,780 people.

During the preparedness phase, staff and volunteers will be on standby, prior to TC Sarai making landfall in Yasawa I Rara, there will also be on field refresher training in assessment, distribution, and health and hygiene promotion to new volunteers and staffs. It is likely that families will be displaced as a result of TC Sarai so FRCS anticipates that affected families will need access to shelter, safe water and household items as a result of the devastation from the cyclone.

Floods, landslides and cyclonic events can lead to injuries and increased health needs in affected communities. In this regard, the National Society will provide first aid to reduce the loss of life and conduct sensitization activities to prevent a possible outbreak due to stagnant flood waters which is a potential catalyst for water borne diseases.

The Fiji Red Cross will concentrate its initial efforts to prepare their team and to deliver assistance and support the most vulnerable area in the TC Sarai path which covers areas in the West, Central and the tip of Kadavu Southern Lau.

Initially, early warning messages will be provided to all those in 'at risk' communities across Western Vitilevu to Tailevu North, Kadavu, Levuka & Southern Lau group of Islands through mobile phone, radio and volunteers on the ground. For FRCS communities in the cyclone pathway, disaster preparation would have been underway from 72 hours before cyclone makes landfall and the villagers or communities would have evacuated within 24 hours before initial impact. This operation will ensure that special consideration is given to vulnerable groups who may require extra support in terms of early warning or evacuation. These vulnerable groups include:

- Orphans and Vulnerable Children
- Female-headed households and pregnant women

- Elderly people
- People with disabilities
- Chronically ill people
- Children-headed households.

It is also anticipated that the number of people in need will increase with the ongoing heavy showers as a direct effect of Tropical Cyclone Sarai. Situation reports with assessment updates will be submitted and a review of the EPOA will eventuate in the event of any changes occurring and upon receipt of new information concerning the affected population.

Estimated disaggregated data for population targeted

The following estimates are based on 2017 Population and Housing report². The breakdown below is based on the total population of the affected provinces forecasted to be affected by the current track map of TC Sarai.

Category	Estimated # of target group	# female	# male
0 – 14 years	10,093	4,882	5,211
Children (15-24 years)	6,115	2,815	3,150
Adults (25-64 years)	20,736	9,853	10,733
Elderly (>65 yrs.)	2,802	1,548	1,180
Total Population	39,446	19,098	20,274
Persons with Disabilities	2,802		

Estimated disaggregated data for vulnerable population to flood: total of 75 out of 172 communities.

Category	Estimated # of target group
0 – 14 years	4,932
Children (15-24 years)	2,798
Adults (25-64 years)	9,882
Elderly (>65 yrs.)	1,264
People with disabilities	<i>*Not identified</i>
Total Population	18,876

Current data below is based on the total population of the Tailevu North who are projected to be individuals at risk.

Category	Estimated # of target group	# female	# male
0 – 14 years	17,002	8,097	8,905
Children (15-24 years)	9,606	3,963	5,643
Adults (25-64 years)	24,016	11,911	12,105
Elderly (>65 yrs.)	2,990	1,614	1,376
Total Population	53,614	25,585	28,029
Persons with Disabilities	<i>*Not available</i>		

Current data below is based on the total population of the Lomaiviti who are projected to be individuals at risk.

Category	Estimated # of target group	# female	# male
0 – 14 years	5,533	2,708	2,825
Children (15-24 years)	2,371	1,171	1,200
Adults (25-64 years)	6,650	3,153	3,497
Elderly (>65 yrs.)	887	427	460
Total Population	15,441	7,982	7,459
Persons with Disabilities	<i>*Not available</i>		

² Source: 2017 Population & Housing Census, Administrative Report, 2018 pg. 187-201; 212-216; 266-274.

Scenario planning

Scenario planning is based on the identification of potential risks and assumptions after the cyclone. Four main scenarios are identified.

Scenario	Humanitarian consequence	Potential Response
People in evacuation centres	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Overcrowding • Possible tension over space/food etc. • Possible GBV issues • Unsafe conditions for vulnerable esp. women/girls/boys/PWDs etc. • Lack of clean water • Lack number of sanitation facilities compared to number of evacuees • Overcrowding also facilitate communicable disease spread to community including the current measles outbreak. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Assist Govt. in possible relocation to other evacuation centres • Messaging on PGI, PSEA, CPP • Health awareness session • Hygiene promotion
Flooding in the low-lying areas & landslides displacing households	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • People sharing shelter with others potential risk of GBV & PSEA. • WASH problems leading to health issues. • Possibility of people being swept away by the flood & missing persons. • Rise in theft & criminal activities as people leave behind property. • Vector and Waterborne diseases outbreak i.e. diarrhoea, dengue, typhoid & leptospirosis) • Livelihood destroyed (Food crops) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provision of emergency shelters, blankets, water containers, hygiene kits, dignity kits, solar lamps, and tarpaulins for affected people. • Deploy volunteers to do messaging to evacuees in health awareness including communicable disease control and hygiene promotion • Deploy 'NOMAD' system for water purification & working with The Water Authority of Fiji (WAF) to help cart water to affected people. • Messaging on CPP & GESI principles & action. • Contact search & rescue teams with info. on missing persons. • Possible CBI assessment & provision • RFL to be activated & focal points mobilised with the assistance from ICRC
Structures with roofs blown off.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • People at risk from flying debris and being displaced from their homes. • Other homes at risk from flying debris. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Community risk reduction training/awareness programs (E.g. House tie downs/retrofitting) • Provision of Black packs (localized essential item kit for a family, includes blanket, towels, sarong, and some other clothing), tarpaulins • Identification of clear & safe evacuation routes
Trees & debris blocking roads & waterways.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Safety risk to communities concerning access to places 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Contacting local authorities like National Fire Authority (NFA) & Fiji Roads Authority (FRA)
Power outage & water cuts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unsafe conditions can lead to a lot of problems & issues 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide solar lamps

The current EPoA will be addressing the best-case scenario, while taking readiness measures to step up response in the event most likely or worst-case scenarios manifest.

B. Operational strategy

Overall Operational objective:

This plan of action is targeting 7,780 people who are at risk from the impact of the Tropical Cyclone Sarai. It will include preparedness and early action activities as well as enable Fiji Red Cross Society to conduct rapid needs assessment immediately after the cyclone hits. The assessment will inform on operational changes to the plan of action.

Proposed strategy

This EPoA will support the FRCS preparedness and immediate response activities on Vitilevu and as the TC Sarai progresses in its pathway, also assist with Lomaiviti and the Southern Lau group. The operation is being launched for an initial two months but could be revised and extended based on information resulting from initial assessments following impact of TC Sarai.

1. Emergency Shelter

The FRCS will focus on prepositioning of shelter and essential household items, to be replenished through this DREF operation. The shelter activities will include the below:

- Provision of 600 pieces of tarpaulins.
- Provision of 600 pieces of blankets.
- Provision of 400 pieces of solar lamps.
- Training/refresher of 40 volunteers in distribution, including on community engagement and accountability (CEA) approach, with an emphasis on providing information to communities about selection and distribution processes and how to respond to questions or complaints. One training per island, 20 volunteers and 1 supervisor per island.
- Conduct rapid multi-sectorial needs assessment in the aftermath of cyclone making landfall.

2. Health and Care

FRCS will promote preventive measures at community-level to mitigate the risk of deaths, illnesses and impact from vector and water borne disease among affected communities. Activities will include:

- Refresher for 40 volunteers on first aid, health messaging, and communicable diseases.
- Mobilizing 20 volunteers to provide first aid to injuries as well as health awareness for four days.
- Community-based health and first aid (CBHFA) messages for dengue, first aid, and Psychosocial First Aid (PFA) key messages.
- Provision of 12 First Aid kits.
- Provision of first aid care to affected people and referral to nearest health care centre when needed.
- The FRCS will also ensure that its visibility is improved through procurement of visibility material and protective clothing for all 40 volunteers, two support staff deployed for this operation.

3. Water, Sanitation and Hygiene Promotion:

In this area, the FRCS will implement the following activities, given that the items are already prepositioned for use:

- Provision of 600 water storage containers, each 10L.
- Provision of 500 units of hygiene kits.
- Provision of 500 units of dignity kits.
- Provision of 500 pieces of black packs.
- Do a refresher session with the 40 volunteers on hygiene promotion.

Lessons learned from Tropical Cyclone Keni response: The main lesson learned from TC Keni has been anticipation on the cyclone making landfall. The experience of TC Keni has enabled the NS to strengthen its coordination system. In addition, the FRCS now has trained volunteers in ERT with experience of cyclones in all the Red Cross branches that can be mobilized immediately. These lessons helped the NS to work with IFRC to obtain stocks for prepositioning, which will be used in responding to the impending Cyclone Sarai. Hence, this DREF is being requested to support replenishment of utilized stocks, which will be used to reduce the impact of the cyclone on affected communities. This anticipatory action will ensure NS receives necessary support at the onset of the disaster, so that it can confidently deploy volunteers, and thus boost its image on the local to national humanitarian scene.

Operational Support Services

Human resources: A total number of 40 volunteers will be on the field. These volunteers will be supervised by the Divisional Service Coordinator West and Disaster Management Officer from National Office. The entire operation will be managed by the operations manager at National Office EOC.

Logistics and Supply Chain: Logistics activities aim to effectively manage the supply chain, including procurement, storage, and transport to distribution sites in accordance with the operation's requirements and aligned to IFRC's logistics standards, processes and procedures.

Over the years, the FRCS has scaled up its storage capacities all around Fiji through its strong branch network. Currently, there is a total of 35 storage spaces in different branches and the headquarters, where relief supplies are stored.

The required household items stock will be prepositioned from the FRCS containers positioned in the branches near Ba division. All non-food relief items dispatched immediately after the cyclone from FRCS in-country preparedness stocks will be replenished. The procurement of all IFRC standard non-food relief items will be done internationally with the support of the IFRC regional logistics unit (RLU) in Kuala Lumpur, whereas country specific household items will be procured locally with the technical support of IFRC. IFRC will provide logistics support according to its standard procedures to timely and efficiently source, procure and deliver non-food relief and other materials. Additionally, the

quality and potential storage facilities for household items to be procured based on need assessment. The procurement process will be ensured to comply with IFRC/FRCS procurement policies.

FRCS has a logistics team and logistics volunteers – who were trained during the TC Winston operation by the IFRC Logistics delegate – and can provide administrative and logistics support to the operation. Furthermore, during the TC Winston operation, the IFRC warehouse management software Logic was implemented and is currently in use for supply chain management within the FRCS logistics system.

Communication and Visibility: To support volunteers in work as well as the visibility of FRCS on the ground, this DREF operation will procure protection and visibility items for 40 volunteers.

A communications officer from the FRCS will support remotely from HQ in producing communications pieces, as well as social media on the impact of the cyclone and the Red Cross response. Communications officer will do field visits within the response period.

IFRC will support the communications team of the National Society to communicate with external audiences on the situation and the Red Cross humanitarian response, with the aim of generating visibility and support for the humanitarian needs and Red Cross actions. Close collaboration will be maintained between the IFRC regional communications unit, CCST and the National Society to ensure a coherent and coordinated communications approach.

As appropriate, commonly agreed key messages will be produced together with written and audio-visual content, and relevant social media and digital products. Communications content will be promoted on IFRC channels and shared with National Societies in the IFRC network. Media and social media scanning will measure effectiveness and contribute to risk management.

Planning, Monitoring, Evaluation and Reporting (PMER): FRCS PMER officer will provide support, especially with regards to monitoring and reporting of this DREF operation. Field staff will provide daily and weekly updates/reports on the ongoing operation to the Disaster Response Operations Manager based at the HQ. FRCS will be responsible for providing an operational and financial report (2 months after the end of the operation). A lesson learned workshop will be held at the end of the implementation. PMER officer will do field visits within the response period.

Community Engagement and Accountability (CEA): CEA will be streamlined throughout the intervention process so as to guarantee maximum and meaningful participation of the affected communities. This will include sharing information with communities about the FRCS, response activities, selection criteria and distribution processes and ensuring any questions or complaints are responded to and input of communities integrated into planning. Target communities need timely, accurate and relevant information particularly in terms of early warning, shared through a diverse set of channels that the community trusts and reach different groups of people to ensure that messages are understood by different groups.

Protection, Gender and Inclusion (PGI): Sex and age disaggregated data will be collected. The operation will endeavour to ensure that volunteers are representative of the local communities that they serve and that careful consideration for gender equity and social inclusion is incorporated into the response and service delivery. As part of the response, dignity kits will be distributed to affected women and girls to restore their dignity and respect during the emergency.

Finance and Administration: This operation will be under financial management of FRCS Operations manager based in National Office in Suva, in close coordination with the FRCS Finance team and IFRC. In addition to the measures indicated above, a DREF project framework agreement will be signed between NS and IFRC to ensure the operation is being implemented within legal guidelines.

Security: Adequate security and safety risk mitigation measures will be put in place to safeguard RCRC personnel from falling victim to crime or violence or safety related dangers. This must include close monitoring of the security and threat environment and clear and speedy communication with field teams; development and implementation of security and contingency plans (e.g. medical evacuation plans). Road safety is a concern, therefore using seatbelts, driving safely and vehicle roadworthiness are vital. All RCRC personnel actively involved in the operations must have completed the respective IFRC security e-learning courses (i.e. Stay Safe Personal Security, Security Management, or Volunteer Security) This will be included also in the refresher course for all staff & volunteer involved in the operation.

	based on health risks and user preference in targeted communities in coordination with the WASH group or cluster.																	
AP030	Distribute and replenish hygiene kits	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x									
AP030	Train population of targeted communities in use of distributed hygiene kits.	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x									



Protection, Gender and Inclusion

People targeted: 7,780

Male: 4,014

Female: 3,766

Requirements (CHF): 686

Needs analysis: Refresher training for volunteers will include PGI, PSEA and the Minimum standards for PGI in emergency. The assessment and CEA activities in the operation will seek to address in cooperating these principles and standards in its assessment and response.

Population to be assisted: At this stage, the National Society will target those 'at risk' communities at Ba 'tikina' where TC Sarai will make landfall. Special assistance will be given to vulnerable groups in terms of community engagement, early warning and evacuation.

Program standards/benchmarks: All activities are planned based on SPHERE standards.

P&B Output Code	Protection, Gender & Inclusion Outcome 1: Communities become more peaceful, safe and inclusive through meeting the needs and rights of the most vulnerable.	7,780 people provided with PGI services																
	Protection, Gender & Inclusion Output 1.1: Programmes and operations ensure safe and equitable provision of basic services, considering different needs based on gender and other diversity factors.	Rapid need assessment focus on key PGI areas Sex-age and disability disaggregated data is collected																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP031	Conduct an assessment of specific needs of the affected population based on criteria selected from the minimum standards for PGI in emergencies.		x	x	x	x												
APO31	Distribute and replenish dignity kits to affected families (this activity is coupled with health activity)		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x								

Budget

International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

all amounts in Swiss Francs (CHF)

DREF OPERATION

MDRFJ003 Fiji: Tropical Cyclone Sarai

27/12/2019

Budget by Resource

Budget Group	Budget
Shelter - Relief	7,902
Clothing & Textiles	39,751
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	26,384
Medical & First Aid	494
Utensils & Tools	1,215
Other Supplies & Services	3,841
Relief items, Construction, Supplies	79,587
Storage	4,344
Transport & Vehicles Costs	3,292
Logistics, Transport & Storage	7,636
National Society Staff	3,978
Volunteers	6,219
Personnel	10,197
Workshops & Training	1,966
Workshops & Training	1,966
Travel	3,567
Information & Public Relations	1,097
Communications	69
General Expenditure	4,733
DIRECT COSTS	104,119
INDIRECT COSTS	6,768
TOTAL BUDGET	110,887

Reference documents



Click here for:

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For further information, specifically related to this operation please contact:

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How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the **Code of Conduct** for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO's) in Disaster Relief and the **Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere)** in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, **encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities** by National Societies, with a view to **preventing and alleviating human suffering**, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

The IFRC's work is guided by Strategy 2020 which puts forward three strategic aims:



Save lives,
protect livelihoods,
and strengthen recovery
from disaster and crises.



Enable **healthy**
and **safe** living.

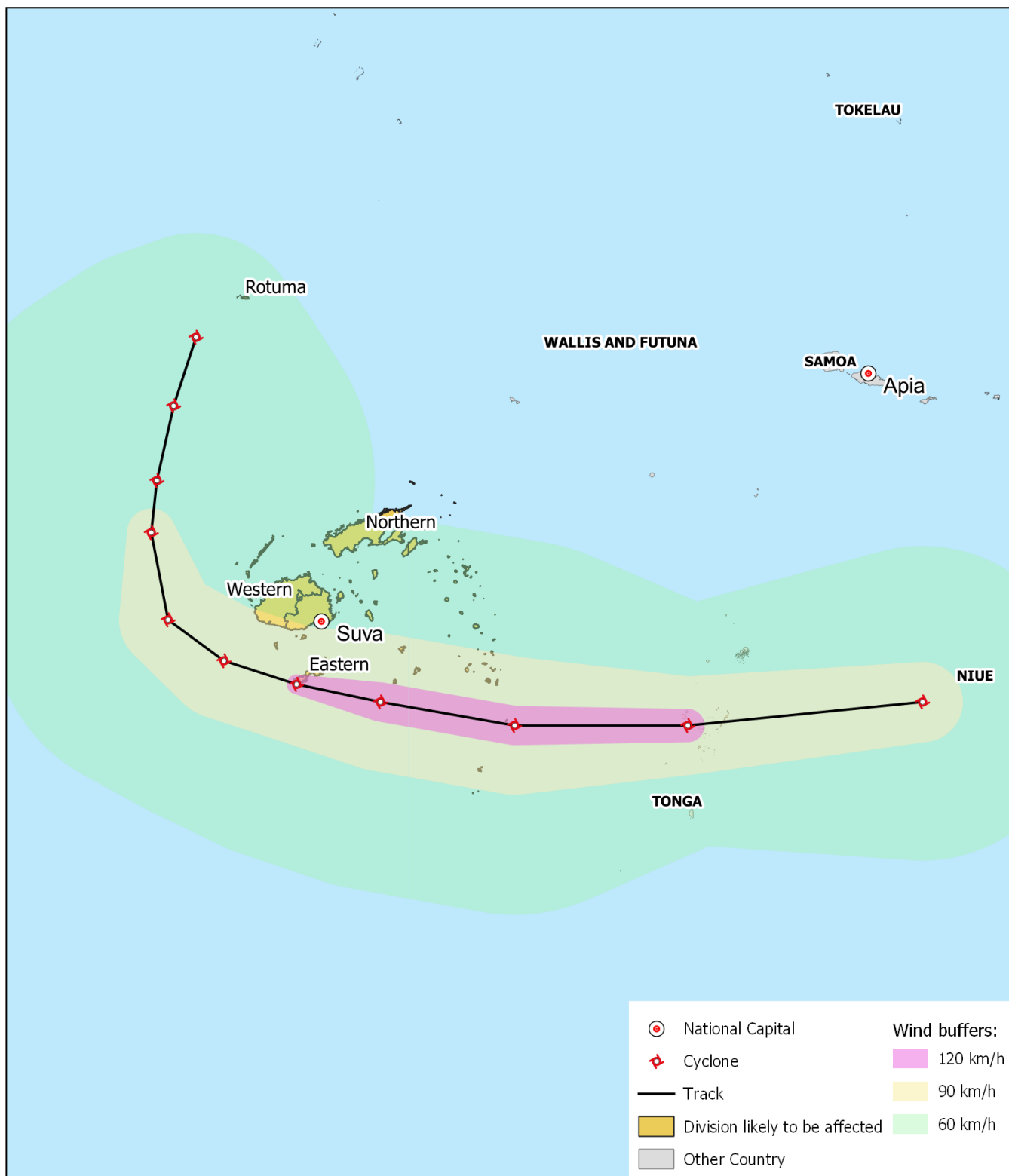
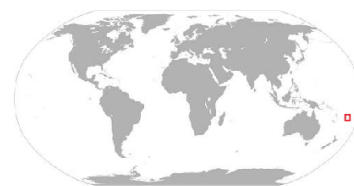


Promote **social inclusion**
and a culture of
non-violence and **peace**.



**Fiji: Tropical Cyclone Sarai
Disaster Relief Emergency Fund**

27 December 2019



The maps used do not imply the expression of any opinion on the part of the International Federation of the Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies or National Societies concerning the legal status of territory or its authorities. Map data sources: OCHA, OSM Contributors, ICRC, IFRC, GDACS-JRC (27 Dec 2019)

0 100 200 km

