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## DREF Operation Update Philippines: Typhoon Kammuri

 International Federation  
of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

<b>DREF n° MDRPH037</b>	<b>GLIDE n° <a href="#">TC-2019-000159-PHL</a></b>
<b>DREF Operation update n° 3<sup>1</sup>;</b> <b>Date of issue:</b> 19 December 2019	<b>Timeframe covered by this update:</b> 30 November – 10 December 2020
<b>Operation start date:</b> 30 November 2019	<b>Operation timeframe:</b> Four months <b>End date:</b> 31 March 2020
<b>Funding requirements (CHF):</b> DREF allocation amount CHF 499,749 (Imminent DREF CHF 47,118 included)	
<b>N° of people being assisted:</b> 20,000 people (5,000 families)	
<b>Red Cross Red Crescent Movement partners currently actively involved in the operation:</b> Philippine Red Cross (PRC) is the nation's largest humanitarian organization and works through 104 chapters covering all administrative districts and major cities in the country, including the four regions above. PRC has more than 1,700 staff at national headquarters and chapter levels, and approximately two million volunteers and supporters, of whom some 500,000 are active volunteers. At the chapter level, a programme called Red Cross 143 is established that sees volunteers trained, equipped and in place at the community (barangay) level - enhancing the overall capacity of the National Society to prepare for and respond to disaster situations.	
<b>Other partner organizations actively involved in the operation:</b> Government preparedness for the response is being coordinated through the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC) of which PRC is a member. Other Government agencies are involved including the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), Department of Health and Department of Education. The humanitarian sector response readiness is being coordinated by the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) via OCHA.	

### Summary of major revisions made to emergency plan of action:

*This Operations Update is issued to inform stakeholders of revisions made to the Emergency Plan of Action (EPOA) based on the immediate humanitarian needs and priorities identified from inter-agency rapid needs assessments that have now been completed in the areas affected by Typhoon Kammuri. This comprises the following changes:*

- *Livelihoods and basic needs: Expansion of the number of targeted families with multipurpose cash grants from 1,500 to 2,750. Based on assessment findings there is a need to expand this support to affected families, to enable them to meet their immediate needs while they repair their homes, and/or restore their livelihoods.*
- *Water, sanitation and hygiene promotion: Expansion of water and hygiene promotion interventions, including, the deployment of water treatment units and tankers to the affected areas; emergency WASH trainings; and mobilization of personnel to support the activities planned. Based on assessment findings there are water supply gaps that need to be addressed, especially in rural areas; as well as concerns on knowledge and practices related to health/hygiene.*
- *Logistics and supply chain: Expansion of logistical support to enable the implementation of activities across a dispersed geographical area, including remote rural and island communities, after Typhoon Kammuri made multiple landfalls.*

*As a result, an additional allocation from the Disaster Relief Emergency Fund (DREF) of CHF 139,315 has been made, bringing the total allocation for this operation to CHF 499,719 (including CHF 47,118 for imminent crisis).*

*The major donors and partners of the DREF include the Red Cross Societies and governments of Belgium, Britain, Canada, Denmark, German, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, New Zealand, Norway, Republic of Korea, Spain, Sweden and Switzerland, as well as DG ECHO and Blizzard Entertainment, Mondelez International Foundation, and Fortive Corporation and other corporate and private donors. The IFRC, on behalf of the Philippine Red Cross, would like to extend thanks to all for their generous contributions.*

<sup>1</sup> This is to inform that this Operations update has been republished due to a minor change of the Operation end date. The new operation end date is now 31 March 2020 (previously 6 March 2020).

## A. SITUATION ANALYSIS

### Description of the disaster

Typhoon Kammuri (locally named Tisoy), entered Philippine Area of Responsibility during the afternoon of 30 November 2019, before making its 1<sup>st</sup> landfall at approximately at 23:00 hrs (local time) over Gubat municipality, Sorsogon province in Bicol Region. At its maximum it packed winds of up to 213kmph (Category 4) and gusts over 230kmph, while also bringing intense rainfall. [Tropical Cyclone Wind Signals](#) (TCWS) up to level #3<sup>2</sup> were put in place in many provinces across the Luzon landmass and Eastern Visayas region.

As it traversed across Luzon and surrounding islands, Kammuri made four (4) landfalls, see table below, before reducing in strength as a “Severe Tropical Storm” and leaving PAR at 08:00 hrs (local time) on 5 December 2019.

#	Date/Time	Location of landfall		
		Municipality	Province	Region
1	02/12/2019; 23:00	Gubat	Sorsogon	Region V (Bicol)
2	03/12/2019; 04:00	San Pascual, Burias Island	Masbate	Region V (Bicol)
3	03/12/2019; 08:30	Torrijos	Marinduque	MIMAROPA
4	03/12/2019; 12:30	Naujan	Oriental Mindoro	MIMAROPA

Typhoon Kammuri has left a trail of destruction across CAR Region (Cordillera Administrative Region) CARAGA Region, Region III (Central Luzon), Region IV-A (CALABARZON), Region IV-B (MIMAROPA), Region V (Bicol), and Region VIII (Eastern Visayas). Region V (Bicol) has been particularly badly affected, with more than 345,000 houses partially or completely damaged. The population of Region V were already vulnerable, with 27 per cent of the population living below the poverty line, and reliant on farming and fishing, both of which have been disrupted by Typhoon Kammuri. Remote rural and island communities have also been disproportionately affected by the impact of the weather system.

According to the latest [National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council \(NDRRMC\)](#) report issued on 13 December 2019:

- Pre-emptive evacuation of 457,657 people (117,726 families) conducted in advance of landfall.
- 1,922,106 people (470,952 families) have been affected of Typhoon Kammuri, of which 50,128 people (11,234 families) remain displaced.
- 4 dead and 318 injured.
- Families displaced:
  - 50,128 people (11,234 families) are being supported in 188 evacuation centers, and,
  - 8,695 people (2,027 families) are outside the registered evacuation centers, or with host families.
- Houses damaged:
  - 532,041 affected, of which 461,015 are partially damaged, and 68,433 totally damaged (destroyed).
- Damaged infrastructure:
  - 2,249 schools partially damaged;
  - 49 health facilities partially damaged, two totally damaged;
  - 247 public structures partially damaged, four totally damaged;
  - 121 roads and five bridges affected, of which seven roads and one bridge remain impassable.
- Flooding:
  - Floods reported in 196 areas; and has resided in 187 areas.

States of Calamity have been declared in the nine provinces, namely: Batangas, Cavite, Laguna and Quezon in Region IV-A (CALABARZON); and Marinduque, Occidental Mindoro, Oriental Mindoro and Romblon in Region IV-B (MIMAROPA); and Northern Samar in Region VIII (Eastern Visayas).

There are priority needs in the areas of essential household and emergency shelter items; first aid (FA) and psychosocial support (PSS), food assistance, health, livelihoods, protection, water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH).

Typhoon Kammuri is the 20<sup>th</sup> tropical cyclone to strike the Philippines in 2019; and comes as the authorities and partner organizations are already responding to emergencies related to public health (measles and polio, MDRPH032) and earthquakes (Mindanao, MDRPH036).

<sup>2</sup> TCWS #3 indicates the potential for winds up to 170kmph, and damage to buildings, crops, houses and disruption to power supply.

## Summary of current response

### Overview of Host National Society

In accordance with Philippine Red Cross (PRC) Standard Operating Procedures (SOP), the Operations Centre (OpCen), which functions 24/7, has been monitoring Typhoon Kammuri since it was identified as incoming to the Philippines, and has been issuing regular updates on the situation as it has evolved.

PRC has initiated interventions such as FA, welfare services and assessments have been initiated. In coordination with national, provincial and municipal government, the National Headquarters (NHQ) deployed an assessment team with a relief officer to assist the chapters in their response, followed by the deployment of WASH, Welfare, Relief, Logistics (trucks, vehicles) and other assets and labor required for the operation. Regional Warehouses have been activated; and essential household items, shelter, WASH and health items comprising blankets, hygiene kits, jerry cans, mosquito nets, sleeping mats and tarpaulins dispatched. Emergency Response Units (ERU) for disaster relief, health, water and sanitation, search and rescue and welfare have all been activated; as have National Disaster Response Teams (NDRT). The PRC Communications teams has been posting updates and photos of the situation on [Facebook](#) and [Twitter](#). Please refer to the [original EPOA](#) for information on the summary of the response taken, where this is explained in detail.

As of 10 December 2019, PRC had been able to carry out the following activities to respond immediately to basic needs:

In 2019, PRC has been managing operations supported through the IFRC DREF and Emergency Appeal (EA) mechanisms in response to earthquakes (Batanes, Mindanao), typhoon (Mangkhut) and disease outbreaks (dengue, measles and polio).

Sector	Actions taken
<b>First Aid</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3 ambulances mobilized;</li> <li>2 individuals assisted and transported;</li> <li>88 individuals reached with FA management; and Blood Pressure taking.</li> </ul>
<b>Psychosocial support</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>8 Evacuation centers/sites served with welfare desks;</li> <li>808 individuals reached with PSS.</li> </ul>
<b>Food</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5,859 individuals served with hot meals and bread at evacuation centers;</li> <li>265 people provided with food rations.</li> </ul>
<b>Essential household items</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2,000 sets of essential household items (blankets, hygiene parcels, jerry cans, mosquito nets, sleeping mats, and tarpaulins) mobilized from pre-positioned stocks; and now ready for distribution.</li> </ul>
<b>Water, sanitation and hygiene</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>24,527 individuals (5,246 families) accessing water distribution points in 14 areas;</li> <li>Approximately 157,000 litres of clean water distributed;</li> <li>2,846 individuals reached with hygiene promotion activities;</li> <li>3 water tankers, and 1 water purification unit mobilized.</li> </ul>
<b>Manpower and assets mobilized</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Local and National Assessment Team, First Aid/Medical Team, and Welfare Team, Extrication Team and WASH Team deployed to support the operation. Total 1,220 PRC personnel have been involved in the response.</li> <li>19 NHQ and Chapter Vehicles mobilized (Ambulances, Boats, Hot Means Vans, Multipurpose Vehicle (Humvee), Service Vehicles, Trucks and Water Tankers</li> </ul>

### Overview of Red Cross Red Crescent Movement in country

PRC continue to lead the overall response operation. PRC maintains close coordination with in-country Movement partners and continues to provide updates. In addition to the IFRC, a significant number of Movement partners are present in the country: International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), American Red Cross, Canadian Red Cross, Finnish Red Cross, German Red Cross, Japanese Red Cross Society, the Netherlands Red Cross, Spanish Red Cross and Qatar Red Crescent Society.

PRC host Movement coordination meetings and operational meetings to share information with partners. IFRC Philippine Country Office (CO) is supporting PRC in disseminating updates to Movement partners in-country and coordinating with the IFRC Asia Pacific Regional Office (APRO) in Kuala Lumpur in accordance with the IFRC Secretariat's Emergency Response Framework. IFRC CO and PRC are also coordinating closely with ICRC on security. The IFRC Philippine CO has assisted in the preparation of an imminent DREF activation of CHF 47,119 (approved on 30 November 2019), which enabled PRC to prepare for Typhoon Kammuri as it entered PAR (the Philippine Area of Responsibility); and subsequently a DREF activation of CHF 313,285 to support the immediate response activities required after landfall.

The German Red Cross has supported PRC through the imminent DREF activation with the implementation of Forecast-based Financing (FbF) early actions in selected provinces that were expected to be affected by Typhoon Kammuri based on metrological forecasts, combined with risk analysis.

Netherlands Red Cross-supported [510 initiatives](#) has continued to prepare maps, containing information on where the weather system will impact; and expected level of damage. These have been shared with RCRC Movement and Non-Movement partners. Other Movement partners are also seeking to mobilize bilateral funding, which will be used to complement activities planned under this DREF operation.

## Overview of non-RCRC actors in country

### **Coordination with the authorities**

Republic Act 10072 (Philippine Red Cross Act of 2010) recognizes PRC as an independent, autonomous, non-governmental organization auxiliary to the authorities of the republic of the Philippines in the humanitarian field.

As an auxiliary to the public authorities, PRC maintains a strong relationship and collaboration with (i) NDRRMC; (ii) provincial, municipal and barangay (village) disaster risk reduction and management councils; and (iii) local government units defined in the Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Act. PRC participates in NDRRMC meetings and coordinates with the DSWD and Department of Health (DOH).

### **Inter-agency coordination**

At country level, PRC and IFRC are observers to, and participate in, meetings of the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT). PRC and IFRC are involved in relevant government-led cluster information sharing, planning, and analysis at all levels while IFRC supports PRC coordination efforts through representation in other relevant clusters as required.

IFRC is co-lead of the Shelter Cluster with government lead agency Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD). The IFRC Shelter Cluster coordination focal point in country contributed to the mobilization of field assessment teams for the Humanitarian Country Team – Office of Civil Defense (HCT – OCD) joint rapid needs assessment in coordination with OCHA, HCT clusters lead agencies and shelter cluster partners. The Rapid Assessment of Impact and Needs report was endorsed by OCD and HCT and published [here](#).

## Needs analysis and scenario planning

### **Needs analysis**

Humanitarian needs and priorities resulting from Typhoon Kammuri are becoming available following the completion of the Rapid Damage Assessment and Needs Analysis (RDANA) combined other inter-agency rapid needs assessments (HCT and Shelter Cluster), which the National Society has also participated in. The RDANA was conducted across provinces in Region IV-B (MIMAROPA), V (Bicol) and VIII (Eastern Visayas). This is being used to inform the revision of the overarching PRC Plan of Action (POA). The following provides a summary of these needs, based on an analysis of the RDANA, assessment reports, as well as other available data at the time of publication:

### **Shelter**

According to the latest NDRRMC report issued on 13 December 2019, total of 532,041 houses affected, of which 461,015 are partially damaged (86 per cent), and 68,433 totally damaged (14 per cent). Based on the available assessment information, the location of homes, combined with their durability – made mostly of light or salvaged materials – made many shelters unable to withstand the impact of Typhoon Kammuri. In Region V (Bicol) there has been damage to 346,026 houses of which 43,072 were totally damaged, and 302,954 partially damaged, which equates to 65 per cent of all houses impacted by Typhoon Kammuri. Damage has been most severe in the Albay, Masbate and Sorsogon provinces. After the passing of Typhoon Kammuri, families have begun to return to their damaged homes and carry out repairs, with salvaged materials, however, due to a lack of resources and knowledge are building back to their previous state, rather and better or safer. Additionally, they are still located in areas that could be affected by another typhoon, increasing their vulnerability. There is a need to support affected families meet their emergency shelter needs through the distribution of items such as shelter tool kits and tarpaulins, complemented by unconditional conditional cash transfers. Technical support and guidance on “Build Back Safer” (BBS) is also required.



Typhoon Kammuri has caused widespread damage and destruction to people's homes, more than 532,000 houses have been affected. (Photo: PRC)



Affected families are in urgent need of emergency shelter items, cash assistance and guidance on how to repair their homes (Photo: PRC)

Essential household items, especially sleeping kits (blankets and mats) is advised after they were lost or damaged.

### **Livelihoods and basic needs**

According to the latest NDRRMC report, 50,128 people (11,234 families) remain displaced after Typhoon Kammuri, of which 8,695 people (2,027 families) are staying in evacuation centres. There will be a need to provide them with short-term food assistance while they await being able to return home.

The impact of Typhoon Kammuri has disrupted livelihoods, especially for those families who are involved in agriculture and fishing. Fishing equipment has, including boats have been damaged, while cash crops such as banana, cassava, coconut, corn, mango, onion and papaya have either been inundated due to intense rains, or destroyed by high winds. The Department of Agriculture has estimated that Typhoon Kammuri has caused up to CHF 52.8 million (approximately PHP 2.9 billion) in losses to the agriculture sector; and affected the lives of approximately 40,000 farmers. There is a need to considerably expand the support to affected families, especially those whose livelihoods have been impacted; through the provision multipurpose cash assistance to help them meet their immediate basic needs, and to facilitate protection of livelihoods assets. Based on the current situation, markets in the affected areas are mostly functional and accessible, therefore cash is a viable and preferred response option. However, in some areas there have been reports of increases in prices of basic commodities; and this will need to be monitored.



Typhoon Kammuri has caused damage to agriculture, with cash crops either inundated or destroyed by high winds. (Photo: PRC)

### **Health (including PSS)**

Typhoon Kammuri has disrupted the provision of basic essential health services, especially in Region V (Bicol). Based on assessment findings, though these services are continuing to function there are concerns over the availability of medical and hospital supplies. Though there were early actions taken to evacuate pregnant and lactating women, power and water interruptions have negatively affected services being provided at maternal health facilities.

There remains large of numbers of people displaced as a result of Typhoon Kammuri, which increases the risk of disease outbreaks such as dengue, leptospirosis, and respiratory infections, especially amongst children and the most vulnerable groups. There has been reported cases of diarrhea in municipalities in Albay province, Region v (Bicol). Community disease prevention, surveillance and hygiene promotion will be needed in affected communities and evacuation centres to prevent outbreaks; while insecticide treated nets will be required as a preventable measure.

Additionally, the provision of PSS programming remains a priority need of affected families, who have voiced their concerns about their present situation, especially those whose homes and livelihoods have been damaged. Therefore, PSS and psychological FA will be required, especially for children.

### **Water, sanitation and hygiene promotion**

The impact of Typhoon Kammuri has caused disruptions to water supply, with pockets of unmet needs in some affected areas, especially in Albay, Camarines Sur and Sorsogon provinces, Region V (Bicol). The affected families in these areas are relying on partially functioning water systems, water trucking or in more rural areas drawing water from rivers. There are concerns about affected communities, low awareness of how to treat and store water, as well as practice good hygiene. These factors combined are increasing the risk of waterborne diseases. There is a need to expand the provision of temporary water supply services (production, storage and distribution); distribute water



PRC personnel have been mobilized to provide search and rescue and first aid services to those affected by Typhoon Kammuri. Ambulances have been put on standby ready to respond as required. (Photo: PRC)



PRC water tankers have been mobilized to provide water supply to those that have been displaced in Albay, Camarines Sur and Sorsogon provinces, Region V (Bicol) after Typhoon Kammuri disrupted water services. (Photo: PRC)

containers and hygiene items; as well as conduct health/hygiene promotion. Based on assessment findings, the sanitation situation is not a major concern, with issues relating to pre-existing issues rather than the impact of Typhoon Kammuri; and require longer term infrastructural solutions.

### **Protection, gender and inclusion (PGI)**

Following disasters, protection concerns, particularly regarding separated and unaccompanied children, and young women are known to increase. Vulnerable groups are at risk to exploitation, psychosocial trauma and gender-based violence (GBV). Housing units of host families may have limited access to basic facilities that are safe for women and children. Addressing such risks are to be incorporated in the response plans and in the messaging and community engagement of the PRC. There will be a need to ensure that mapping of local child protection services and GBV referral systems is carried out and information provided to affected households. Additionally, family tracing and reunification processes for unaccompanied, separated and orphaned children, provision of PSS services for children, as well as set up of child-friendly spaces where they have opportunities for safe play, recreation and non-formal education, have also been identified as a priority need.

PGI minimum standards will be used to ensure a do no harm approach, and elaborate on how the mitigation approach will (ideally) include establishment of protection referral pathways, training and sensitization of staff and volunteers to identify and refer protection concerns, and safeguarding in the operation (such as signing the Code of Conduct and Child Protection policy) for all staff and volunteers

### **Community engagement and accountability (CEA)**

As stated from the [IFRC World Disasters Report](#), information is a vital form of aid. Timely, accurate and appropriate information can save lives, livelihoods and resources. With various concerns arising after the typhoons, ensuring that information in the local language is immediately provided to the affected families is significant to lessen the negative impacts and ensure that the most vulnerable can access government and non-government assistance.

PRC has been strengthening its capacity in community engagement and accountability through a variety of community-based programmes and projects, as well as emergency operations nationwide. Community accountability and feedback/response mechanisms are integrated into relief and recovery programmes to ensure that affected populations have direct access to information on the nature and scope of services provided by PRC, as well as the mechanisms and processes that enable community participation and feedback. It is important to incorporate sustainable behaviours and practices within this operation. Actions taken should cause no harm to the communities being supported.

PRC uses trusted and preferred channels of communications, including radio, newspaper, telephone hotline, help desks, printed materials, SMS and social media. The preferred media for communication is validated through community consultations. These media are utilized to provide and receive information to and from beneficiaries. The "[Virtual Volunteer](#)" web app could also be utilized to exchange information, such as where affected families can receive assistance.

### **Green response**

The Philippines is prone to floods, drought, typhoons, seismic and volcanic events. As part of PRC strategic plan; awareness, sustainable development, ecological transition and partnerships are key priorities needed to incorporate "Green Response". These responses should respect the values and principles which can help minimize the impact of humans on the environment and thus facilitate sustainable development. With the help of active partner agencies and other PNS, PRC can identify which ecological products and processes are likely to be used in emergencies, interventions following disasters, recovery, disaster risk reduction and short/long term developments (relief distribution, CTP, shelter and livelihoods). "Green Response" approach will be considered in the design and implementation of activities under this operation.

Please refer to the [original EPOA](#) for information on targeting, multi-dimensional vulnerability indicators, scenario planning, operational risk assessment, where they are explained in detail. Information on geographical targeting by Area of focus is elaborated in "Section C – Detailed Operational Plan".

## **B. OPERATIONAL STRATEGY**

### **Proposed strategy**

The DREF operation aims to meet the immediate needs of the most vulnerable of the population that have been affected by Typhoon Kammuri (Total 20,000 people / 5,000 families) through the provision of appropriate assistance including: essential household items and emergency shelter, multi-purpose cash grants, health (including FA and PSS), water, sanitation and hygiene; and welfare services. This will be accomplished over a period of four months (until 6 March 2020). As noted in the [original EPOA](#), the operation incorporates both the actions undertaken as an imminent crisis activation and the activities planned under the required emergency response phase following the impact of Typhoon Kammuri.

Please refer to the [original EPOA](#) for a summary of operational strategy, commitments on quality programming; and operational support service needs, where they are explained in detail. All other changes including revision to activities and including geographical targeting are announced through this Operations Update; and explained under “Section C – Detailed Operational Plan”.

Note that the DREF operation forms part of the overall POA, which is being led by PRC; and complemented by other Movement partners and local donors.

## C. DETAILED OPERATIONAL PLAN

 <p><b>Shelter</b>  <b>People reached: Ongoing</b>  Male: NA  Female: NA</p>																				
<b>Outcome 1: Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas restore and strengthen their safety, well-being and longer-term recovery through shelter and settlements solutions</b>																				
<b>Indicators:</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Actual</b>																		
# affected families provided with essential household items and emergency shelter	1,500	Ongoing																		
<b>Output 1.1: Shelter and settlements and basic household items assistance is provided to the affected families</b>																				
<b>Indicators:</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Actual</b>																		
# affected families provided with essential household items	1,500	Ongoing																		
# affected families provided with tarpaulins	1,500	Ongoing																		
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>																				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Essential household and emergency shelter items for 1,500 families, which had been pre-positioned in Cebu province, Region VIII (Eastern Visayas) have now been moved to Albay province, Region V (Bicol). Due to the disruptions to sea travel between Northern Samar and Sorsogon caused by Typhoon Kammuri, there was a delay in moving these items however, they are now in place, and ready to be distributed. Each family will receive blankets, sleeping mats and tarpaulins (two per family). PRC has mobilized an additional 1,000 essential household and emergency shelter items from its own stocks, and support from Australian Red Cross (DFAT), which will be complement the support being provided under the DREF operation. It is expected that these items will begin to be distributed to of affected families living in Region V (Bicol) during late December 2019. Please see below table for information on the targeting:</li> </ul>																				
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Region</th> <th>Province</th> <th>Municipality</th> <th>Targeted families</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="3">REGION V (Bicol)</td> <td>Sorsogon</td> <td>Matnog and Prieto Diaz</td> <td>500</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Albay</td> <td>Pio Duran</td> <td>500</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Masbate</td> <td>San Pascual, Burias Island</td> <td>500</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td><b>Total</b></td> <td><b>1,500</b></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Region	Province	Municipality	Targeted families	REGION V (Bicol)	Sorsogon	Matnog and Prieto Diaz	500	Albay	Pio Duran	500	Masbate	San Pascual, Burias Island	500			<b>Total</b>	<b>1,500</b>
Region	Province	Municipality	Targeted families																	
REGION V (Bicol)	Sorsogon	Matnog and Prieto Diaz	500																	
	Albay	Pio Duran	500																	
	Masbate	San Pascual, Burias Island	500																	
		<b>Total</b>	<b>1,500</b>																	
<p>IFRC Philippines country office personnel will be mobilized to monitoring the distribution of the essential household items in selected areas as part of the commitments on quality programming.</p>																				
<b>Output 1.2: Technical support, guidance and awareness raising in safe shelter design and settlement planning and improved building techniques are provided to affected households</b>																				
<b>Indicators:</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Actual</b>																		
# affected families provided with guidance on safe shelter at point of distribution	1,500	Ongoing																		
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>																				
<p>At the point of distribution, PRC volunteers will provide affected families with technical support and guidance on safer shelter using IEC materials developed by Shelter Cluster. They will also be available for “on the spot” technical assistance to ensure quality assurance after distribution.</p>																				



## Livelihoods and basic needs

People reached: 5,859

Male: 2,930

Female: 2,929

### Outcome 1: Communities, especially in disaster and crisis affected areas, restore and strengthen their livelihoods

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# affected families able to meet their basic needs	2,750 <sup>3</sup>	Ongoing

### Output 1.2: Basic needs assistance for livelihoods security including food is provided to the most affected communities

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# communities that receive support with the evacuation of livestock and early harvesting, if appropriate	NA	107
# of Ready to Eat Food / Hot Meals provided (as part of PRC Welfare Support)	NA	5,859

### Progress towards outcomes

- Through the imminent DREF activation, the PRC in collaboration with German Red Cross implemented FbF early actions in Camarines Norte and Catanduanes provinces in Region V (Bicol), including early harvesting, evacuation of livestock and shelter strengthening which benefited a total of 107 people.
  - In Camarines Norte province, shelter strengthening kits have been used to reinforce 12 houses, for example, by tying down roofs, in two barangays. The shelter kits comprising ropes, hammers, saw, nails, net and nipa house, along with accompanying instruction materials had been developed specifically for this purpose in collaboration with construction experts. Carpenters were mobilized for Cash-for-Work to support the activity. Community members were also mobilized for Cash-for-Work to evacuate livestock to a central elevated site (200 metres from the shelter for the community), which had been fenced off for this purpose. This was done in collaboration with the provincial authorities who provided trucks to move the livestock.
  - On Catanduanes island, community members were mobilized (Cash-for-Work) to conduct early harvesting of Abaca trees in five barangays. This will ensure that vulnerable farm workers have income for the months following Typhoon Kammuri, when processing the fibres. In the past, when Abaca trees were destroyed, this resulted in losses for the farmers, as well as a continuous reduction in income for those employed to process the fibres.
- The imminent DREF activation provided an opportunity for PRC to test these early actions, which are included in an Early Action Protocol (EAP) which is currently being prepared. PRC in collaboration with German Red Cross will capture the learning from this test and ensure any recommendations are incorporated into plans for future EAP activation.
- Total of 5,859 people have been provided with Ready to Eat / Hot Meals as part of the PRC welfare services evacuation centers which have been established in Region IV-A (CALABARZON), Region IV-B (MIMAROPA), Region V (Bicol), Region VIII (Eastern Visayas), and National Capital Region. See below table for a summary of this support:

Region/Province	# hot meals provided
<b>REGION IV-A (CALABARZON)</b>	<b>526</b>
Laguna	289
Batangas	237
<b>REGION IV-B (MIMAROPA)</b>	<b>2,451</b>
Marinduque	641
Mindoro Oriental	155
Mindoro Occidental	1,655
<b>REGION V (Bicol)</b>	<b>2,556</b>
Catanduanes	267

<sup>3</sup> Target revised upwards from 1,500 families to 2,750; and announced through this Operations Update as part of the additional allocation from the DREF.

Albay	300
Camarines Sur	1,067
Sorsogon	522
Masbate	400
<b>REGION VIII (Eastern Visayas)</b>	<b>151</b>
Cebu	151
<b>National Capital Region</b>	<b>175</b>
Valenzuela	175
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,859</b>

**Output 1.5: Households are provided with unconditional/multipurpose cash grants to address their basic needs**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# affected families provided with multipurpose cash grants to address their basic needs	2,750 <sup>4</sup>	Ongoing

**Progress towards outcomes**

- Number of affected families to be provided with multipurpose cash grants has been increased from 1,500 families to 2,750 families. This revision has been based on the findings from the rapid need assessments, which identified a need to increase support in this area given the extent of damage caused to houses, and disruption to livelihoods. Each family will receive a cash grant of PHP 3,500 (CHF 70 approx.) which is based on the calculated Minimum Expenditure Basket (MEB) is intended to help them address their basic needs for an initial month. A pre-identified Financial Service Provider (FSP) will be used to make the cash transfers which has been utilized previously by PRC in other operations; and will expedite the distribution process. It is expected that cash grants will begin to be dispersed to affected families living in Region IV-B (MIMAROPA), V (Bicol) and VIII (Eastern Visayas) during early/mid-January 2020.

Region	Province	Municipality	Targeted families
REGION IV-B (MIMAROPA)	Mindoro Occidental	Sablayan and Abra De Ilog	450
	Mindoro Oriental	Pinamalayan	500
	Romblon	Romblon	500
REGION V (Bicol)	Sorsogon	Matnog and Prieto Diaz	1,000
REGION VIII (Eastern Visayas)	Northern Samar	Capul	300
		<b>Total</b>	<b>2,750</b>



**Health**

People reached: 898

Male: 449

Female: 449

**Outcome 1: The immediate risks to the health of affected population are reduced**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# people reached through NS emergency health management programmes	7,500	Ongoing

**Output 1.1: The health situation and immediate risks are assessed using agreed guidelines**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# health assessments carried out (part of RDANA)	2	1

**Progress towards outcomes**

<sup>4</sup> Target revised upwards from 1,500 families to 2,750; and announced through this Operations Update as part of the additional allocation from the DREF.

- Health assessments have been carried out as part of the RDANA, confirming the need for community disease prevention and health promotion, FA and PSS. The assessment data has been used to inform the revision of the POA for the DREF operation; however, activities remain in planning in some Areas of focus, including for Health.

**Output 1.2: Target population is provided with rapid medical management of injuries and diseases**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# people provided with first aid	500	88
# volunteers mobilized to provide first aid	50	Ongoing
# volunteers mobilized to support immediate health related activities	50	Planned
# chapters provided with First Aid jump kits	3	Planned

**Progress towards outcomes**

- Total 88 people have been provided with FA management (5) and blood pressure taking (88).
- Information on number of volunteers mobilized to provide FA not available at time of this publication, but the activity is Ongoing and will be reported on in the DREF Final Report.

**Output 1.3: Community disease prevention and health promotion is provided to the target population**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# people directly reached with community-based disease prevention and health promotion programming in the communities	7,500	Planned
# people reached by NS with services to reduce relevant health risk factors	7,500	Planned

**Progress towards outcomes**

- No progress to report on community-based disease prevention and health promotion, under Health Output 1.3; and is being planned by PRC Health.

**Output 1.4: Epidemic prevention and control measures carried out**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# people in # communities reached with community-based epidemic prevention and control activities	7,500	Planned
# families provided with mosquito nets	1,500	Ongoing
# volunteers continuously monitor the outbreak situation and report back to the OPCEN for immediate response	50	Planned

**Progress towards outcomes**

- No progress to report on community based-epidemic prevention and control activities, under Health Output 1.4; and is being planned by PRC Health.
- Insecticide treated mosquito nets for 1,500 families have been moved to Albay province, Region V (Bicol); and are ready to be distributed. It is expected that the nets will begin to be distributed in late December 2019. Please refer to Shelter Output 1.1. for information on the distribution plan.

**Output 1.5: Psychosocial support provided to target population**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# people provided with direct psychosocial support	1,000	808

**Progress towards outcomes**

- Total 808 people have been reached with direct PSS (as part of PRC Welfare Support), which equates to 80.8% of the intended target. Please refer to Migration Output 1.1. for information on the PSS services being provided.

**Output 1.8: Minimum initial maternal and neonatal health services provided to target population**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# pregnant women provided with dignity kits	250	Planned
# pregnant and lactating women provided with new-born kits	250	Planned

**Progress towards outcomes**

- No progress to report on the distribution of dignity kits and new-born kits, under Health Output 1.8; and is being planned by PRC Health.

**Output 1.9: Target population is reached with Search and Rescue activities**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# people supported with search and rescue	500	2
# water search and rescue teams mobilized	50	Ongoing
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Total of three PRC ambulances have been mobilized; and assisted 2 people with transportation to health facilities. They remain on standby to provide services as required.</li> <li>Information on number of water search and rescue teams mobilized not available, but the activity is Ongoing and will be reported on in the DREF Final Report.</li> </ul>		

**Water, sanitation and hygiene**

People reached: 24,527

Male: 12,263

Female: 12,264

**Outcome 1: Immediate reduction in risk of waterborne and water related diseases in targeted communities**

Indicator:	Target	Actual
# of people provided with safe water (according to WHO standards) in the affected area	20,000	24,527

**Output 1.2: Daily access to safe water which meets Sphere and WHO standards in terms of quantity and quality is provided to target population**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of litres of water distributed (according to WHO standards)	2,000,000	157,000
# of families provided with jerry cans	1,500	Ongoing

**Progress towards outcomes**

A total of 24,527 people (5,246 families) was able to access 14 water distribution points which have been established in Albay, Camarines Sur and Sorsogon provinces, Region V (Bicol). They are being served by three water tankers and a water purification unit. At the time of this publication, 157,000 litres of water have been produced/distributed. Water distribution is expected to continue for a period of 45 days, while permanent water supply systems are repaired/restored in the affected areas. Note that the DREF budget has been revised to accommodate the additional costs that this will incur.

Jerry cans for 1,500 families (two per family) have been moved to Albay province, Region V (Bicol); and are ready to be distributed. It is expected that the jerry cans will begin to be distributed in late December 2019. Please refer to Shelter Output 1.1. for information on the distribution plan.

Based on assessment data (refer to the "Needs analysis" section) there is no intention to including sanitation support under the response phase which is being support by the DREF.

**Output 1.4: Hygiene promotion activities which meet Sphere standards in terms of the identification and use of hygiene items provided to target population**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# volunteers trained on emergency WASH <sup>5</sup>	250	Planned
# staff trained on emergency WASH <sup>6</sup>	25	Planned
# people reached with hygiene promotion activities <sup>7</sup>	7,500	2,846

**Progress towards outcomes**

A total of 2,846 people have been reached with hygiene promotion activities in Albay, Camarines Sur and Sorsogon provinces, Region V (Bicol), which equates to approximately 38 per cent of the intended target (7,500). This Operations Update announces the inclusion in the DREF operation of activities intended to strengthen hygiene promotion. This includes training of 250 volunteers and 25 staff on emergency WASH. After the completion of the training, the volunteers will be mobilized to disseminate key health/hygiene messages in evacuation centres and selected communities that have been affected by Typhoon Kammuri.

**Output 1.5: Hygiene-related goods (NFIs) which meet Sphere standards and training on how to use these good is provided to the target population**

<sup>5</sup> New activity announced through this Operations Update; with target of 250 volunteers.

<sup>6</sup> New activity announced through this Operations Update; with target of 25 staff.

<sup>7</sup> New indicator added to provide more detailed information on HP activities/ppl reached: with target 7,500 people

Indicator:	Target	Actual
# of families provided with hygiene kits	1,500	Ongoing
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
Hygiene kits for 1,500 families have been moved to Albay province, Region V (Bicol); and ready to be distributed. Each hygiene kit includes 12 pieces of body soap, 5 laundry soaps, 40 sanitary pads, 5 bath towels, 6 rolls of toilet paper, 3 toothpaste tubes, 5 toothbrushes and 4 disposable razors.		
It is expected that the kits will begin to be distributed in late December 2019. Please refer to Shelter Output 1.1. for information on the distribution plan.		



## Protection, Gender and Inclusion

People reached: Ongoing

Male: NA

Female: NA

**Outcome 1: Communities identify the needs of the most vulnerable and particularly disadvantaged and marginalised groups, as a result of inequality, discrimination and other non-respect of their human rights and address their distinct needs**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# people provided with PGI services	7,500	Ongoing

**Output 1.1: Programmes and operations ensure safe and equitable provision of basic services, considering different needs based on gender and other diversity factors**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Rapid needs assessment focus on key PGI areas	Yes	Yes
Sex-age and disability disaggregated data is collected	Yes	Ongoing

### Progress towards outcomes

- PGI was incorporated as part of the RDANA; and indirectly all targeted families supported through this DREF operation will be provided with different services based on PGI considerations and standards.
- Sex-age and disability disaggregated is being collected by sector; and will be used to inform revisions to the operational strategy if required, as well as reported on in the DREF Final Report.

**Output 1.2: Emergency response operations prevent and respond to sexual and gender-based violence and all forms of violence against children**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
% staff and volunteers sign the code of conduct	Yes	Ongoing

### Progress towards outcomes

- Total of 1,220 personnel have been involved in the operation, and % signing the code of conduct will be reported on in the DREF Final Report.



## Migration

People reached: Ongoing

Male: NA

Female: NA

**Outcome 1: Communities support the needs of migrants and their families and those assisting migrants at all stages of migration (origin, transit and destination)**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# displaced people reached with information and services provided from welfare desks	NA	Ongoing

**Output 1.1: Assistance and protection services to migrants and their families are provided and promoted through engagement with local and national authorities as well as in partnership with other relevant organizations**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# affected people have access to basic services	NA	Ongoing
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Total of eight PRC welfare desks have been established in Mindoro Oriental and Palawan provinces in Region IV-B (MIMAROPAO); Albay, Caminara Norte and Masbate in V (Bicol); Cebu in Region VIII (Eastern Visayas); and Quezon City and Valenzuela in NCR. PRC welfare desks are providing a range of services for affected families, including Ready to Eat / Hot Meals, PSS, and Restoring Family Links (RFL). The PRC welfare desks also receive and respond to concerns related to protection, ensuring that any cases identified are referred to the relevant government authorities. The PSS assistance is helping people heal the psychological anxiety and trauma caused by the impact of Typhoon Kammuri, especially for children. Total 222 children have been supported with PSS through the establishment of child friendly spaces in evacuation centres.</li> </ul>		
<b>Output 1.3: Family links are restored for people separated from, or without news of, their loved ones as a result of the disaster</b>		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# welfare desks providing RFL services in the affected area	NA	8
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Please refer to Migration Output 1.1 for information on the number of welfare desks established.</li> </ul>		

## International Disaster Response

**Outcome S1.1: National Society capacity building and organisational development objectives are facilitated to ensure that National Societies have the necessary legal, ethical and financial foundations, systems and structures, competencies and capacities to plan and perform**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# NS branches that are well functioning (in the operation)	NA	Ongoing

**Output 1.1.4: National Societies have effective volunteers who are protected**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
% volunteers insured	100%	Ongoing

**Progress towards outcomes**

- Humanitarian priorities and needs identified following the completion of the RDANA is being used to inform the revision of the overarching PRC POA, including the PRC Chapters targeted to implement the activities planned by Area of focus. Support will be provided to these Chapters to ensure they are well functioning in the DREF operation; and will be reported on in the DREF Final Report.
- Total of 1,220 personnel have been involved in the operation, including 161 RCAT, 353 Red Cross Youth and 607 RC143. All volunteers mobilized for this DREF operation will be insured under the Membership and Accident Assistance Benefit (MAAB) of PRC; and this number will be reported in in the DREF Final Report.

**Outcome S2.1: Effective and coordinated international disaster response is ensured**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
NS coordinated international disaster response effectively	Yes	Yes

**Output 2.1.1: Effective and respected surge capacity mechanism is maintained**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Rapid response personnel support the operation	1	Ongoing

**Progress towards outcomes**

- IFRC has mobilized rapid response personnel to provide overarching surge support to all DREF (MDRPH037, MDRPH033) and Emergency Appeals (MDRPH032, MDRPG037). These include Emergency Health, Information Management (IM) and PMER profiles, and are being seconded from Canadian Red Cross and the Netherlands Red Cross. An IFRC Operations Manager has also been deployed for three months from the Asia Pacific Regional Office (APRO). Further support required will be determined in collaboration with PRC.

**Output 2.1.3: NS compliance with Principles and Rules for Humanitarian Assistance is improved and respected surge capacity mechanism is maintained**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
-------------	--------	--------

DREF procedures are applied during the implementation of the operation	Yes	Yes
% target population satisfied with support received	80%	Planned
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The IFRC CO is providing support PRC to ensure accountability and compliance with regards to the DREF procedures. This has included the issue of Information Bulletins and Operations Updates; ensuring that all EPOA are published on <a href="#">the IFRC Appeals Database</a>, as well as utilization of the <a href="#">IFRC GO Platform</a> to issue situation reports.</li> <li>Community engagement and accountability (CEA) is an important component of the DREF operation; and will be integrated into all activities planned to ensure that affected families have access to information on the services being provided by PRC; as well as participate and feedback to PRC. At the time of this publication, PRC welfare desks have been established which allow concerns to be shared with PRC; and there has also been consultation/participation by affected families during the conducting the RDANA. Post distribution monitoring is also planned across all Areas of focus to assess the satisfaction of targeted families with the support they received, the results of which will be reported on in the DREF Operation Final Report.</li> </ul>		
<b>Output 2.1.4: Supply chain and fleet services meet recognized quality and accountability standards</b>		
<b>Indicators:</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Actual</b>
Logistics department provides constant support to the National Society's logistics unit for replenishment and other procurements	Yes	Yes
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Logistics activities aim to effectively manage the supply chain of relief items, including procurement, fleet, storage and transportation to distribution sites in accordance with the requirements and aligned with standards, processes and procedures of the IFRC. Logistical support for this operation is provided by the strong logistics capacity of the PRC built in recent years, supported by an experienced IFRC CO logistics team. IFRC CO's logistics, in coordination with PRC Logistics, dispatched essential household items for 1,500 families, comprising blankets, hygiene kits, jerry cans, mosquito nets, sleeping mats and tarpaulins from Cebu warehouse to Albay province in Region V (Bicol) ready for distribution. Replenishment of these items is in progress. An IFRC vehicle has also been placed on standby for use by PRC, if required.</li> <li>As noted, due to the multiple landfalls, and dispersed location of the geographical areas being targeted by PRC, there has been a need to revise the DREF budget (upwards) to accommodate the additional logistics (fuel, trucks etc.) that this will incur.</li> </ul>		
<b>Output 2.1.6: Coordinating role of the IFRC within the humanitarian system is enhanced</b>		
<b>Indicators:</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Actual</b>
# coordination meetings held with other stakeholders	3	Ongoing
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
<p>Coordination of the Shelter Cluster was initiated by the Asia Pacific Shelter coordinator for the IFRC CO Philippines in support of the Philippines HCT Cluster system. This has included the coordination of the HCT-OCHA rapid needs assessment in Region V (Bicol) as well as the preparation of the resulting report with findings, and recommendations to HCT and the Civil Defense.</p> <p>The joint assessment team considered 'the local authorities not overwhelmed by the scale of the response' hence Shelter Cluster is monitoring remotely on emergency shelter / HH items assistance in the affected areas with no need for regular 3W reporting to HCT.</p>		
<b>Outcome S2.2: The complementarity and strengths of the Movement are enhanced</b>		
<b>Indicators:</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Actual</b>
Complementarity and strengths of the Movement enhanced	Yes	Yes
<b>Output 2.2.1: In the context of emergencies, the IFRC, ICRC and NS enhance their operational reach and effectiveness through new means of coordination</b>		
<b>Indicators:</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Actual</b>
Movement coordination is well established	Yes	Yes
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The PRC is leading the Movement's overall response for this operation, maintaining close coordination with Movement partners in the country and providing updates. The PRC works with the IFRC, the ICRC and seven Partner National Societies in the country: the American Red Cross, the Canadian Red Cross, the Finnish Red Cross, the German Red Cross, the Japanese Red Cross Society, the Netherlands Red Cross and the Spanish Red Cross. On 7 June 2018, the ICRC, the IFRC and the PRC formally signed the Movement Coordination</li> </ul>		

Agreement, making the PRC the leader of all emergency operations in the country with the support of the ICRC and the IFRC. The PRC is holding a monthly in-country Movement-wide meeting to update partners on ongoing plans and activities. Partners also share relevant information about plans and activities in the country. On 13 December 2019, the PRC convened a meeting with ICRC and IFRC counterparts to provide a briefing on the priority needs and call for additional funding following completion of the RDANA. The IFRC CO has expanded its support to the PRC under the DREF, which is announced through this Operations Update. At the time of publication, ICRC and Spanish Red Cross are also seeking to mobilize resources to support the PRC response.

## Influence others as leading strategic partner

**Outcome S3.1: The IFRC secretariat, together with National Societies uses their unique position to influence decisions at local, national, and international levels that affect the most vulnerable**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
IFRC and PRC participate in local, national and international dialogues/meetings	Yes	Yes

**Output 1.1: IFRC and NS are visible, trusted and effective advocates on humanitarian issues**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# communications materials produced/published	10	10

### Progress towards outcomes

- The PRC communication team ensures that the Red Cross response efforts are effectively communicated to its key target audiences in a timely manner. The Operations Centre (OpCen) located at the PRC's National Headquarters (NHQ) collects information from the Chapters and Red Cross 143 volunteers in the affected areas. In addition to a press release, regular updates on activities and status are posted on the official social media accounts of the PRC. Communication teams also post updates and photos on [Facebook](#) and [Twitter](#). PRC staff and volunteers across the country actively contribute to corporate communications through their own social media networks.
- For social media, 65 posts on PRC's official page for typhoon Kammuri have had a reach of 610,866 while on Twitter, 38 posts have had 214,370 impressions. Overall, the social media reach has been 825,236 people.
- IFRC communications shared key messages and photos with communicators on the internal Slack channel and with the global Red Cross and Red Crescent network through Newswire on 3 and 10 December. A [tweet](#) by IFRC Asia Pacific in advance of the storm was highly successful, reaching 17,500 people and with a 9.7 per cent engagement rate (average is 1.8 per cent). A [tweet](#) about assistance reached 20,000 people with 3.8 per cent engagement.

#### Press releases:

- PRC humanitarian response to Typhoon Tisoy sets out - <https://reliefweb.int/report/philippines/prc-humanitarian-response-typhoon-tisoy-sets-out>
- PRC takes action as Kammuri gains more strength - <https://reliefweb.int/report/philippines/prc-takes-action-kammuri-gains-more-strength>
- Typhoon Kammuri (Tisoy) approaching the Philippines - <https://www.forecast-based-financing.org/2019/12/02/typhoon-tisoy/>

The Red Cross' efforts on the ground have been cited in media reports as follows:

- [Red Cross-Albay distributes drinking water to 'Tisoy' victims](#)
- ['Tisoy' victims in Albay get free drinking water from Red Cross](#)
- [Tisoy Keeps Red Cross on Toes](#)
- [Red Cross deploys personnel, materiel to Bicol Region as prep for #TisoyPH](#)
- ['Tisoy' enters PH](#)
- [PRC sustains humanitarian efforts week after Typhoon Kammuri crippled Bicol](#)
- [Red Cross gives water to Tisoy victims in Albay](#)
- [PH Red Cross on alert for typhoon Kammuri](#)
- [PRC Deploys Humanitarian Caravan as Typhoon Tisoy Threatens Bicol Region](#)

## Effective, credible and accountable IFRC

**Outcome S4.1: The IFRC enhances its effectiveness, credibility and accountability**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Effective performance of staff supported by HR procedures	Yes	Yes
<b>Output S4.1.2: IFRC staff show good level of engagement and performance</b>		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
% compliance with PRC HR procedures	100%	100%
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PRC has been mobilizing NHQ and Chapters existing staff, Red Cross 143 volunteers, Red Cross Action Teams (RCAT134) and NDRTs from other Chapters as required. PRC HR procedures are being applied for all deployments. Total 1,220 PRC personnel have been involved in the response. Please refer to International Disaster Response Output 1.1.4 for information on the HR that has been mobilized.</li> </ul>		
<b>Output S4.1.3: Financial resources are safeguarded; quality financial and administrative support is provided contributing to efficient operations and ensuring effective use of assets; timely quality financial reporting to stakeholders</b>		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
% financial reporting respecting IFRC procedures	100%	100%
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The IFRC CO, through the finance and administration team, provides operational support for review, budget validation, bank transfers, and technical assistance PRC on cost justification procedures, including review and validation of invoices. The PRC – which is on the working advance system – has been supported by the IFRC for many years and is used to these financial procedures. All financial transactions in this operation are being conducted in accordance with the IFRC's standard financial procedures. The DREF project agreement was signed upon the activation of the imminent DREF, however, is in the process of being revised through an addendum based on the expanded allocations that have been made.</li> </ul>		
<b>Output S4.1.4: Staff security is prioritised in all IFRC activities</b>		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
% operational staff for IFRC receive security briefing	100%	100%
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The IFRC security framework is applicable to this operation. For PRC staff and volunteers, the National Society's security framework is applied. Regular and close coordination is maintained with the ICRC in accordance with the existing security framework and Movement's coordination agreement. Regular information sharing is maintained and specific security protocols for each level of security. In the country, all staff members and volunteers are required to take the IFRC online courses: Stay Safe Personal Security, Stay Safe Security Management and Stay Safe Volunteer Security.</li> </ul>		

## D. Financial Report

International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent  
Societies

*all amounts in  
Swiss Francs  
(CHF)*

### DREF OPERATION

MDRPH037 Philippines Typhoon KAMMURI  
(TISOY)

19/12/2019

#### **Budget by Resource**

<b>Budget Group</b>	<b>Budget</b>
Shelter - Relief	39,000
Construction Materials	1,935
Clothing & Textiles	24,630
Food	3,338
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	58,500
Medical & First Aid	2,264
Utensils & Tools	6,000
Cash Disbursement	186,244
<b>Relief items, Construction, Supplies</b>	<b>321,911</b>
Transport & Vehicles Costs	27,187
Logistics Services	9,675
<b>Logistics, Transport &amp; Storage</b>	<b>36,862</b>
International Staff	6,000
National Society Staff	19,103
Volunteers	39,947
<b>Personnel</b>	<b>65,051</b>
Professional Fees	4,596
<b>Consultants &amp; Professional Fees</b>	<b>4,596</b>
Workshops & Training	16,925
<b>Workshops &amp; Training</b>	<b>16,925</b>
Travel	15,964
Information & Public Relations	4,571
Office Costs	1,181
Communications	1,661
Financial Charges	500
<b>General Expenditure</b>	<b>23,877</b>
<b>DIRECT COSTS</b>	<b>469,220</b>
<b>INDIRECT COSTS</b>	<b>30,499</b>
<b>TOTAL BUDGET</b>	<b>499,719</b>



Click here for:

- [DREF Operation Update No.1](#)
- [DREF Operation Update No. 2](#)

**For further information, specifically related to this operation please contact:**

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## How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the **Code of Conduct** for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO's) in Disaster Relief and the **Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere)** in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities by National Societies, with a view to preventing and alleviating human suffering, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

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The IFRC's work is guided by Strategy 2020 which puts forward three strategic aims:



**Save lives,**  
protect livelihoods,  
and strengthen recovery  
from disaster and crises.



Enable **healthy**  
and **safe** living.



Promote **social inclusion**  
and a culture of  
**non-violence** and **peace**.

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