



DREF operation final report	Operation n° MDRTJ023
Date of issue: 14 June 2016	Glide n° EQ-2015-000166-TJK
Date of disaster: 7 December 2015	
Operation start date: 14 December 2015	Operation end date: 14 March 2016
Operation budget: CHF 77,407	
Host National Society presence: In total, 32 staff and volunteers were involved in the operations including eight National Disaster Response Team members (two in each district), 20 trained and experienced volunteers from Local Disaster Management Committee (LDMC) members (five in each district) and four staff members to supervise the operations in Rushan, Murgab, Shugnan and Darvaz districts of the Gorno-Badakhshan Autonomous Oblast (GBAO).	
Operation manager: Shamsudin MUHUDINOV, IFRC Tajikistan Office DM Project Manager	Point of contact: Umedali Sayduniev, RCST DM Coordinator
Number of people affected: 838 families (4,190 people)	Number of people assisted: 195 families (975 people). The targeted families were provided with non-food family sets and food parcels for 15 days.
Red Cross Red Crescent Movement partners actively involved in the operation: IFRC Secretariat's Country Representation in Tajikistan, German Red Cross and Finnish Red Cross	
Other partner organizations actively involved in the operation: Government of Tajikistan, local authorities, local and international NGOs and UN agencies	

A. Situation analysis

Description of the disaster

A 7.2 magnitude earthquake occurred in Murghob district of the Gorno-Badakhshan Autonomous Oblast (GBAO) on 7 December 2015 with at least 15 aftershocks of below 5 magnitude the next day. Two people had been killed by rock-falls. Another 14 people sustained severe injuries. 237 residential buildings were fully damaged and 601 houses were partially damaged. 22 schools, four medical points and a local hydro-power station and some roads were destroyed.

The President of the country ordered the Prime Minister, State Commission, as well provincial and district level authorities to take all necessary actions to address immediate relief needs of the affected communities.

On 8 December 2015 the Deputy Prime Minister called for a meeting of Government and UN agencies, Red Crescent, NGOs, and donors to discuss initial information on damage and identify potential relief and recovery interventions in support of the affected area.



A "Lessons Learned" Workshop jointly with stakeholders after the operation in Khorog city, GBAO.

Photo: RCST

Table 1: Earthquake impact summary in the affected districts of Gorno - Badakhshan Autonomous Oblast

District	Administrative centre (jamoat)	# of families	# of population	# of affected families	# of affected people	# totally destroyed houses	# partially damaged houses
Rushon	Savnob	515	2,862	419	2095	214	205
	Basid	311	1,360	130	650	4	126
	Bartang	418	1,682	151	755	5	146
	Abduvosiev	409	1,794	27	135	1	26
	Pasthuft	562	2,546	5	10	--	5
Shugnon	Vankala	708	4,661	55	275	8	47
	Ver	614	3,542	12	60	3	9
	Shahbozov	392	2,114	21	105	--	21
Vanj	Yazgulom	695	5,535	7	35	2	5
Darvoz	Kalaikhum	--	--	3	15		3
Khorugh town		--	--	8	40		8
Total:		5,019	27,003	838	4,190	237	601

Summary of the response

Overview of Host National Society involvement

The Red Crescent Society of Tajikistan's response team arrived at the disaster-stricken sites during the first hours of the emergency to provide necessary support to the affected population by distributing non-food items, rendering first aid and psychological support, participating in the evacuation activities. In total, 36 NDRT members (12 members in each), as well as 9 LDMCs (20 people in each Committee) were deployed to respond to the needs of the affected population. A Red Crescent operation point and first aid and psychological support points were set up in the center of Rushan district where trained staff and volunteers were providing support to the affected population.

The RCST deployed its NDRTs who were rendering first aid and psychological support and observing the situation and the living conditions of the population as well as actively supporting the distribution of relief goods provided by governmental agencies and the private sector. At the same time, the RCST was coordinating its activities with the IFRC Country Representation in Tajikistan, which was providing technical and financial support in carrying out the planned operation.

In total, 195 badly affected families (975 people) were provided with basic temporary shelter, non-food items, hygiene kits and hygiene promotion materials by the Red Crescent Society of Tajikistan. In addition, the Red Crescent Society provided 195 families with food parcels for 15 days.

Overview of Red Cross Red Crescent Movement in country

The IFRC Country Representation in Tajikistan, the International Committee of Red Cross, the Iranian Red Crescent Society, the German Red Cross and the Finnish Red Cross are present in the country. The Movement coordination meetings were conducted on a weekly basis at the emergency phase of the disaster and on a monthly basis during the response and recovery phases of the emergency to support the RCST for a timely response to the affected population.

The IFRC Country Representation was supporting the Red Crescent Society of Tajikistan on response operations especially on the elaboration of an Emergency Plan of Action and through technical advice on procurement and transportations, tools and standards, conducting beneficiary's satisfaction survey, monitoring and reporting.

Overview of non-RCRC actors in country

The UN Resident Coordinator met with the Tajik Foreign Minister on 14 December 2015 to discuss how to improve response coordination. On behalf of the wider humanitarian and donor community, the UN Resident Coordinator assured the Government of Tajikistan of its commitment to support the Government and address the critical life-saving needs of the most vulnerable affected families. From the Tajik side, the Agency on State Material Reserves was appointed by the Government to receive and distribute the incoming international assistance. The next day, the Senior Management of the UN and the Agency on State Material Reserves discussed clear protocols and SOPs on cooperation and reached an agreement that the international organizations will be part of the humanitarian assistance distribution process.

A Development Coordination Council (DCC) meeting was organized on 14 December 2015 for the in-country donor community, in which the UN Resident Coordinator gave an overview of the situation and the humanitarian needs, and reiterated support for a joint response to relief and longer-term recovery needs.

Government agencies and representatives of FOCUS Humanitarian Assistance conducted an aerial observation of Sarez lake. According to initial information received from CoES, the Usoi dam was stable, although the level of water

in the lake remained higher than average. UNOSAT activated the International Space Charter, and the satellite images could confirm that Usoi dam and other visible dams seemed to be intact. No landslides were visible along the Bartang valley. Because of the shadow on the mountains and snow coverage, a detailed damage assessment analysis was not possible by the satellite.

On 14 December 2015, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs issued an overview of the required relief and recovery assistance, which was based on an assessment by the State Commission.

A Shelter Sector coordination meeting was conducted on 15 December 2015 to discuss issues around improving the temporary shelter for the displaced population. Taking into account the expected lengthy winter and harsh weather conditions in Gorno-Badakhshan, which usually last up to late April, urgent solutions needed to be identified to improve shelter conditions for the displaced population. Many UN and non-UN agencies had pre-positioned food and non-food items in Gorno-Badakhshan for immediate distribution, jointly with the Agency for State Material Reserve.

Needs analysis, beneficiary selection, risk assessment and scenario planning

Shelter, beddings, kitchen items, food, clothing and hygiene kits were identified as priorities for the affected population and displaced families. Due to the nature of the event, the affected population, in particular women, elderly people and children, were at risk of negative psychological affects and/or social stressors.

The needs outlined above were the wider needs of the affected population. However, in accordance with the distribution of roles and based upon the request of the local governments and in agreement with CoES headquarters and responding agencies, the RCST addressed the immediate needs for non-food items, hygiene promotion and hygiene kits. The distributions were implemented on the basis of the situation assessment and the beneficiary criteria agreed with the local authorities, beneficiary representatives and the CoES.

The selected beneficiaries targeted under this response were mainly people belonging to the following categories:

- Families whose houses were heavily damaged;
- Families that lost their belongings;
- Families with many children or elderly members.

Out of the total 838 families (4,190 people) affected by the disaster, the Red Crescent Society targeted the most affected 195 families (975 people) by providing basic temporary shelter, non-food items, hygiene kits and food parcels. The RCST used its pre-positioned stock from the Khorog Emergency Response Centers (ERC) and its central warehouse in the capital city of Dushanbe. The stocks were replenished with the support of the DREF allocation.

Selection of beneficiaries

Beneficiaries were selected according to the criteria agreed with the local authorities and beneficiary representatives. The National Society's assessment showed that the most vulnerable groups are multi-child households and disabled people. That group consisted of 195 families (975 people) in Rushan district.

Taking into account the assistance from the Tajik Government and other agencies, the RCST agreed with the Government that each family would be provided with standard family sets for four people although the average family size is bigger.

B. Operational strategy and plan

Overall objective

The vulnerability of 195 families (975 people) most affected by the earthquake in Rushan district of GBAO, Tajikistan was reduced through the provision of basic household items. Besides that, the affected families were covered by disaster awareness materials in order to raise their awareness. The materials targeted the whole family, from children to adults, using a simple language to reach the generally under-informed residents of the village.

Implemented strategy

Red Crescent humanitarian aid under this operation was based on the official requests from the authorities, and the Government worked on covering the remaining needs of the affected population. In total, 195 most affected families (975 people) were provided with standard NFIs sets and food parcels for 15 days to enable the families to meet their immediate needs.

With the support of this DREF operation, the Red Crescent Society of Tajikistan replenished its stocks including non-food items, hygienic items and sanitation which were urgently required and distributed among the 195 targeted families.

Table 2: Contents of a hygiene kit per family

#	Item	Quantity per family
1	towels	5 pieces
2	soap	5 pieces
3	tooth paste	2 pieces
4	tooth brush	5 pieces
5	washing powder	500 gr/1 pack
6	disinfection powder	500 gr/1 pack
7	liquid soap	1 liter
8	shampoo	1 piece
9	toilet paper	5 rolls
10	laundry soap	4 pieces
11	plastic bag	1 piece

Table 3: Contents of a kitchen set and various household items

#	Item	Quantity per family
1	eight-liter pot	1 piece
2	ladle	1 piece
3	scoop	1 piece
4	kitchen knife	1 piece
5	large plates	5 pieces
6	small plates	5 pieces
7	spoons	5 pieces
8	forks	5 pieces
9	teacups	5 pieces
10	plastic bucket	2 pieces
11	basket	1 piece

Table 4: Contents of complementary food parcels distributed for 195 families

Food items	Unit	Quantity for one family (kg)	Total (kg)
Sugar	kg	2.5	487.5
Vegetable oil	ltr	2	390
Rice	kg	2.5	487.5
Macaroni	kg	2	390
Iodinated salt	kg	1	195
Tea	kg	0.6	117

Operational support services

Human resources

The Red Crescent Society deployed four experienced staff, eight National Disaster Response Team members and 20 well-trained volunteers to carry out the planned activities and deliver the assistance to the affected population. The IFRC's in-country and Regional Office staff were also responsible for the overall technical support to the RCST in implementing this operation, as well as in reporting and communications. All deployed volunteers were covered with insurance during the operation.

Logistics and supply chain

The procurements conducted locally by the RCST's logistics department adhered to the IFRC/RCST logistics procedures. All selected items including food and non-food items were procured and transported to RCST ERCs in GBAO and the Dushanbe central warehouses.

Information technologies (IT)

The NS HQ maintained regular communication with its GBAO and Rushon district RCST branches through the mobile telephone network and through the internet.

Communications

A press release prepared in Tajik and English was posted on the official site of the REACT (The Rapid Emergency Assessment and Coordination Team). The response operation was covered in the national and Provincial TV news. More details via the link https://e.mail.ru/message/14519897840000000389/?fromsearch=search&tarball=e.mail.ru-f-alpha-604-50564-en-i.burlak-1465216995.tgz&tab-time=1465448485&q_query=REACT&withattachs=Y&q_folder=0&offset=250.

Pictures of the operation site were sent to the media and posted on the internal web-site. Field staff and volunteers were available for media interviews with the preliminary coordination with the RCST's communications officer.

Planning, monitoring, evaluation, & reporting (PMER).

The RCST HQ DM staff and the IFRC Country Representation in Tajikistan conducted monitoring during the project implementation. The IFRC always provided technical support in terms of operation management including monitoring and reporting where necessary based on the requests from RCST. Weekly updates were provided by RCST to the IFRC on the general progress of the operation.

Administration and Finance

The RCST ensured the proper use of financial resources in accordance with the conditions laid down in the project agreement signed between the National Society and the donor. The IFRC ensured that financial resources management should take place according to IFRC standards and DREF guidelines.

C. DETAILED OPERATIONAL PLAN

Quality Programming / Areas Common to all Sectors

Outcome 1: The quality of this operation and future operations is improved
Output 1.1 The Red Crescent Society of Tajikistan will be monitoring and deploying the team based on the situation
Output 1.2 : Lessons Learned workshop and beneficiaries satisfaction survey will be held be the end of the operation.
Activities
Ongoing assessments and monitoring. Mobilize volunteers for the implementation of activities upon the information Monitoring visits by RCST and IFRC Conduct Beneficiary Satisfaction Survey. Conducting the LL workshop on National Level

Emergency shelter and household items

Buildings, home properties, cooking utensils and bedding of the affected households were damaged or lost. The affected population needed bedding sets, cooking sets. Some 195 families were provided with mattresses, bed linen sets, blankets, pillows, plastic buckets, water cans, cooking sets.

Outcome 1: The immediate non-food item needs of the 195 targeted families are met.
Output 1.1: Non – food items provided to 195 most affected families in Rushan and Shugnan districts.
Activities
Conduct detailed emergency needs assessments. Prepare lists of beneficiaries together with local authorities. Conduct monitoring of beneficiary lists. Transport and pre-position stocks in distribution sites. Transport and distribute items to beneficiaries. Control supply movements from point of dispatch to end user. Monitor the relief activities and provide reporting on relief distributions.
Outcome 2: Emergency stocks of the RCST that were used to provide immediate assistance to the affected families are replenished
Output 2.1: NFI stocks procured and delivered to RCST in Dushanbe and Khorug Warehouses
Activities
Procurement of NFIs, transport (supply-chain control) Monitoring of progress and reporting

Food security, nutrition and livelihoods

Food stocks and food storage facilities in most houses were damaged or lost. Although the operation of the local shops was not interrupted, the population was not able to buy food due to their financial losses. The population also lost much of their cattle and livestock, which are the main source of income for most of the affected families.

Some 195 families, including those who received hygiene kits, bedding and cooking sets, were provided with supplementary family food parcels. The complementary family food parcels consisted of vegetable oil, sugar, salt, black and green tea leaves, rice and macaroni.

Outcome 1: Food needs of the affected population are secured.**Output 1.1: Supplementary food parcels are provided to 195 affected families.****Activities**

Conduct detailed emergency needs assessments.
 Prepare lists of beneficiaries together with local authorities.
 Conduct monitoring of beneficiary lists.
 Procure selected items, transport and pre-position stocks.
 Transport and distribute items to beneficiaries.
 Control supply movements from point of dispatch to end user.
 Monitor the relief activities and provide reporting on relief distributions.

General achievements

Conduct detailed emergency needs assessments: The National Society responded to the disaster from the first hours of the emergency. The rapid and, later, detailed needs assessments conducted by RCST team members and governmental emergency response bodies in affected areas identified that the population living in area were heavily affected and urgently needed with shelter, noon food items and food.

Prepare lists of beneficiaries together with local authorities: The beneficiary lists were prepared according to the agreed criteria by the local authorities in close cooperation with the Red Crescent Society's involved volunteers and responding team members under the supervision of the RCST's appointed DREF focal point.

Conduct monitoring of beneficiary lists: The random pre-monitoring of 20% of the beneficiaries lists had positive results. It showed that all names belonged to the target groups as none of them received other humanitarian aid from the local authorities. There was no reason to double-check the lists.

Procure selected items, transport and pre-position stocks: The procurement of the selected items was conducted locally, following local traditions and needs involving potential suppliers, according to the IFRC procurement rules and procedures. The stocks were procured and transported to the distribution sites by locally rented trucks accompanied by National Society staff and volunteers and the necessary documents.

Transport and distribute hygiene kits among beneficiaries: In total, 195 hygiene kits were procured, transported and distributed in the affected targeted communities in Rushon district of GBAO. As a part of the provision of non-food items, 195 sets with non-food items including blankets, bed linen, mattresses, pillows, water cans, plastic bags, kitchen sets, hygiene sets, shovels and hoes were procured and distributed and 45 sets were transported to the RCST GBAO warehouse as part of a replenishment of the already distributed stocks.

Transport and distribute food parcels among beneficiaries: In total, 195 food parcels were procured, transported and distributed in the affected targeted communities in Rushon district of GBAO.

Monitor relief activities and provide reporting on relief distributions: The monitoring of the situation developments in the affected areas was conducted on a daily basis during the emergency phase. The situation was evaluated and observed during the response activities on a weekly basis involving RCST Headquarters. The distributions were conducted according to the beneficiaries' list in close cooperation with the local administrative centers and CoES representatives.

Beneficiary satisfaction survey

A beneficiary satisfaction survey was conducted on 28-29 February 2016 by RCST volunteers among people who were assisted through the DREF operation (MDRTJ023), responding to the earthquakes during December 2015 - February 2016. During the survey, a total of 58 families (some 30 per cent of the total beneficiaries) were visited and interviewed in all affected areas in Rushon district. Three NDRT members, one local Red Crescent staff in Rushon district and three volunteers were directly involved in conducting the beneficiary satisfaction survey.

According to the findings received during the survey, it was mainly the homes that were damaged, and the people lost their home equipment, food reserves and agricultural products. Other issues such as the lack of drinking water and construction materials were also mentioned. Around 80 per cent of the interviewed beneficiaries stated that they received assistance from the Red Crescent, other INGOs and the local Governments and the private sector.

The survey confirmed that the distributed items essentially met the basic needs of the assisted families. The assistance arrived on time, relatively soon after the launch of the operation, therefore the distributed items were useful for the beneficiaries.

The people appreciated the fact that the relief was distributed directly to them, and the distribution points were organized in almost every corner as they would have experienced some difficulties to pick up the items without transport. The support of the Red Crescent volunteers was highlighted and appreciated in their comments as well. In general, the beneficiaries were asked about their needs and were timely informed about the distribution day, time and place. Based on the feedbacks, being personally contacted is the preferred way of receiving information.

According to the feedbacks, community mobilization was also activated as people were informing and supporting each other during the operation. Two thirds of the interviewed people stated that only the Red Crescent asked them about their needs.

Some of them participated also in the needs assessments, beneficiary list preparation and unloading and distributing the relief goods. The majority of the respondents received the relief within one week. The efforts of the Red Crescent and other responding agencies were appreciated because of the timely delivery. All interviewed people participating in the survey confirmed that they knew they were receiving support from the Red Crescent Society of Tajikistan.

General challenges

The following challenges were faced by the National Society during the implementation of the operation:

- Shortage of disaster response equipment and transport;
- The risk of unstable ground and the level of damage to some houses which posed challenges during the implementation of activities. Some of the targeted beneficiaries had to be relocated and / or evacuated to new areas causing delays in implementing some of the activities including NFI distribution and hygiene promotion activities;
- Different sizes of families – difficulty to give a preliminary estimate.

Lessons learned

The “lessons learned” workshop was conducted on 27 February 2016 in Khorog city with the main objective to review the DREF operation and disseminate lessons learned to improve future planning and response. The workshop was attended by the RCST Head of DM, HQ DM Specialist, RCST GBAO ERC Coordinator, CoES Representative from GBAO Province, representative of the administration (Khukumat) of Rushon district, LDC members from the affected areas in Rushon district as well as Shugnan district LDC members. With the aim of sharing best practices, the INGO “FOCUS” representative participated in the workshop as far as RCST jointly with this organization responded to the last two natural disasters (flood in Barsem in July 2015 and an earthquake in Rushon in December 2015). In general, the participants praised the successful response of RCST.

The workshop highlighted the following lessons of the operation:

- It is important to improve cooperation between the RCST and the local authorities both at regional and local levels;
- RCST GBAO provincial and district branches have to improve cooperation at the local level especially with the INGO “FOCUS Humanitarian Assistance” as this organization has strong HR and technological background;
- There is a need for RCST to use own funds for LDC refresh trainings in remote and prone areas to the disasters;
- The RCST has to keep Disaster Preparedness stocks in GBAO and improve its internal early warning systems.

The “lessons learned” workshop was a valuable exercise for the Red Crescent Society (RCST) and its partner, the INGO “FOCUS Humanitarian Assistance” to identify priorities and key areas to focus on in the future, as well as for the IFRC to identify gaps for additional or revised support in the future.

D. THE BUDGET

The DREF allocation of CHF 77,407 has been used in accordance with the approved budget. After finalizing the operation, there is a final balance of CHF 824 that will be returned to the DREF account.

The IFRC Secretariat wishes to thank DG ECHO and the Red Cross of the Netherlands/SEF for their kind replenishment of this DREF allocation to the IFRC Disaster Relief Emergency Fund.

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How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the **Code of Conduct** for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO's) in Disaster Relief and the **Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere)** in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities by National Societies, with a view to preventing and alleviating human suffering, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

The IFRC's work is guided by Strategy 2020 which puts forward three strategic aims:



Save lives.
protect livelihoods,
and strengthen recovery
from disaster and crises.



Enable **healthy**
and **safe** living.



Promote **social inclusion**
and a culture of
non-violence and **peace.**

Disaster Response Financial Report

MDRTJ023 - Tajikistan - Earthquake

Timeframe: 14 Dec 15 to 14 Mar 16

Appeal Launch Date: 14 Dec 15

Final Report

Selected Parameters

Reporting Timeframe	2015/12-2016/4	Programme	MDRTJ023
Budget Timeframe	2015/12-2016/3	Budget	APPROVED
Split by funding source	Y	Project	*
Subsector:	*		

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

I. Funding

	Raise humanitarian standards	Grow RC/RC services for vulnerable people	Strengthen RC/RC contribution to development	Heighten influence and support for RC/RC work	Joint working and accountability	TOTAL	Deferred Income
A. Budget						77,407	
B. Opening Balance							
Income							
<u>Other Income</u>							
<i>DREF Allocations</i>						77,407	
C4. Other Income						77,407	
C. Total Income = SUM(C1..C4)						77,407	
D. Total Funding = B + C						77,407	

* Funding source data based on information provided by the donor

II. Movement of Funds

	Raise humanitarian standards	Grow RC/RC services for vulnerable people	Strengthen RC/RC contribution to development	Heighten influence and support for RC/RC work	Joint working and accountability	TOTAL	Deferred Income
B. Opening Balance							
C. Income		77,407				77,407	
E. Expenditure						-76,583	
F. Closing Balance = (B + C + E)		824				824	

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III. Expenditure

Account Groups	Budget	Expenditure					TOTAL	Variance
		Raise humanitarian standards	Grow RC/RC services for vulnerable people	Strengthen RC/RC contribution to development	Heighten influence and support for RC/RC work	Joint working and accountability		
	A					B	A - B	
BUDGET (C)			77,407			77,407		
Relief items, Construction, Supplies								
Clothing & Textiles	41,340		40,084			40,084	1,256	
Food	3,237		3,267			3,267	-30	
Utensils & Tools	10,659		5,066			5,066	5,593	
Other Supplies & Services			4,706			4,706	-4,706	
Total Relief items, Construction, Sup	55,236		53,123			53,123	2,113	
Logistics, Transport & Storage								
Storage			51			51	-51	
Distribution & Monitoring			5,051			5,051	-5,051	
Transport & Vehicles Costs	5,200		5,320			5,320	-120	
Total Logistics, Transport & Storage	5,200		10,421			10,421	-5,221	
Personnel								
National Society Staff	1,600						1,600	
Volunteers	3,317		2,870			2,870	447	
Total Personnel	4,917		2,870			2,870	2,047	
Workshops & Training								
Workshops & Training	1,500		619			619	881	
Total Workshops & Training	1,500		619			619	881	
General Expenditure								
Travel	4,750						4,750	
Information & Public Relations	780		805			805	-25	
Communications	300		275			275	25	
Financial Charges			3,797			3,797	-3,797	
Total General Expenditure	5,830		4,877			4,877	953	
Indirect Costs								
Programme & Services Support Recove	4,724		4,674			4,674	50	
Total Indirect Costs	4,724		4,674			4,674	50	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE (D)	77,407		76,583			76,583	824	
VARIANCE (C - D)			824			824		

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IV. Breakdown by subsector

Business Line / Sub-sector	Budget	Opening Balance	Income	Funding	Expenditure	Closing Balance	Deferred Income
BL2 - Grow RC/RC services for vulnerable people							
Shelter	77,407		77,407	77,407	76,583	824	
Subtotal BL2	77,407		77,407	77,407	76,583	824	
GRAND TOTAL	77,407		77,407	77,407	76,583	824	