



<b>Operations Update No. 3</b>	<b>Operation n°:</b> MDRGT009
<b>Date of issue:</b> 01 February 2017	<b>Glide n°:</b> <a href="#">DR-2015-000150-GTM</a>
<b>Operation start date:</b> 3 February 2016	<b>Operation timeframe:</b> 13 months (1-month extension; the operation now ends on 4 March 2017)
<b>Host National Society presence:</b> Guatemalan Red Cross (GRC) delegation in El Quiché	<b>Operation budget:</b> 2,037,059 Swiss francs (CHF)
<b>Number of people affected:</b> 110,000 families	<b>Number of people to be assisted:</b> 1,000 families
<b>Number of National Societies involved in the operation:</b> Spanish Red Cross, Norwegian Red Cross, International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) and the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC).	
<b>Number of other partner organizations involved in the operation:</b> Health Directorate in El Quiché, Ministry of Public Health and Social Assistance	

#### Summary of changes made to the emergency action plan:

The following revisions have been made to the emergency appeal since the publication of [Operations Update No. 2](#):

**Audit:** Due to some recent financial discoveries, an external audit will be carried out in the first week of February 2017.

**Extension:** The Guatemalan Red Cross requested a one-month extension in order to finish the remaining activities; the operation end date is now **4 March 2017**.

<Click [here](#) for the contact information. Click [here](#) for the interim financial report>

#### Summary:

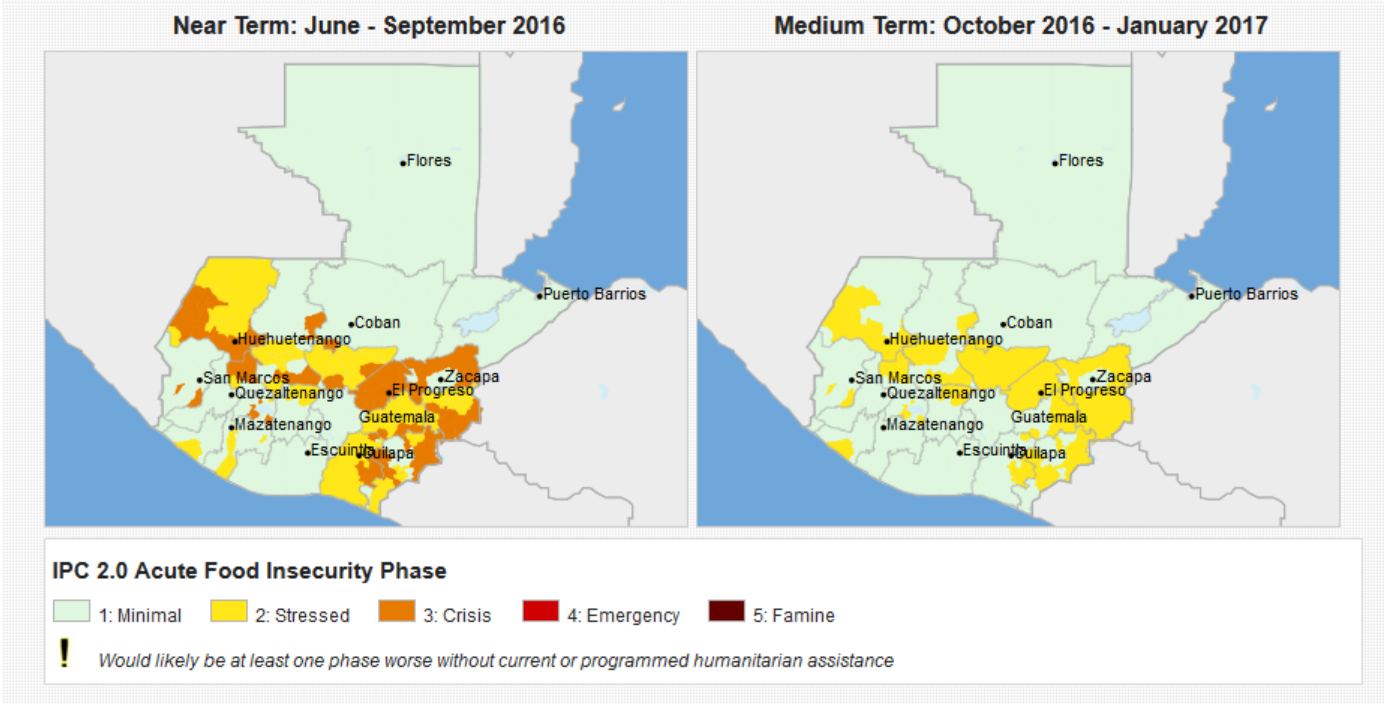
According to the *Food Security Outlook Update - August 2016* published by the Famine Early Warning Systems Network (FEWSNET), rainfall is expected to increase, resulting in near-average national harvests for the *Primera* and *Postrera* seasons. There are reports of localized damage to staple crops in low-lying areas of eastern and western parts of the dry corridor due to the erratic distribution of rainfall and cumulative rainfall deficits for the season; however, the damage is less severe than last year.

The poorest households in the Western Temperate Highlands remained in crisis mode (IPC Phase 3) until October 2016, when income-generating opportunities improved seasonally; their status has since been upgraded to "Stressed" (IPC Phase 2) as of January 2017 because they now have food reserves from their December 2016 harvests at their disposal.

## Food Security Outlook Update

## Near-average Primera harvests, with damage in localized areas

August 2016



According to the Institute of Seismology, Volcanology, Meteorology and Hydrology of Guatemala (INSIVUMEH), the winter of 2015 was severely affected by the El Niño phenomenon; satellite estimates indicated that the accumulated rainfall was the lowest in the last 35 years, especially in the region known as the Dry Corridor.

The drought affected households in the western region by reducing the production of basic grains, income and access to employment. In the particular case of Guatemala, 2016 was the third consecutive year in which small farmers were affected by the scarcity of rain. According to the reports issued by Action Against Hunger, 50 per cent of the rural population exhausted their mechanisms of survival in 2016, and by the end of the year, the Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Food reported that there were more than 110,000 food insecure families due to the drought.

In January 2016, Guatemala Red Cross carried out a detailed evaluation of families in the rural areas of the Chiché and Patzite municipalities in the department of Quiché, which determined that all of the interviewed families experienced losses of more than 50 per cent; in addition, more than 35 per cent of families were implementing survival strategies that included the sale of livestock and physical assets.

## A.2 Summary of measures taken by the National Society

Under the operation's framework, the National Society established 8 criteria for the selection of families and communities:

- Families whose livelihood is 60 per cent<sup>1</sup> dependent on maize sowing
- households with partial or total loss of crops (beans and maize)
- households with single mothers that are heads of household,
- households with more than 7 family members,
- households with elderly members,
- households with children under 5 and / or pregnant women,
- households with persons with disabilities,
- families of children with acute malnutrition

Based on these criteria, the following communities were prioritized:

- Choyomche 1
- Choyomche 2
- Choyomche 3

<sup>1</sup> This percentage was determined by the assessment.

- Carrizal
- San Francisco
- Laguna Seca 1
- Chuicojonop
- Pachaj
- Pazajcap

The selection criteria were used to provide the following aid and services to the affected families:

AREA OF INTERVENTION	CHICHÉ	PATZITÉ	TOTAL
<b>FOOD SECURITY, NUTRITION AND LIVELIHOODS</b>			
Food distribution	681 families	319 families	<b>1,000 families</b>
Strengthening of livelihoods	0	360 families	<b>360 families</b>
Diversification of livelihoods	0	0	<b>0</b>
Growth monitoring	0	0	<b>0</b>
Nutritional screening	288 children	212 children	<b>500 children</b>
Educational sessions for mothers	600 mothers	0	<b>600 mothers</b>
Home visits	30 families	20 families	<b>50 families</b>
<b>WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE PROMOTION</b>			
Installation of rainwater harvesting systems	70 families	0	<b>70 families</b>
Protection of water sources and maintenance of water systems	4 communities	0	<b>4 communities</b>
Participatory Hygiene and Sanitation Transformation (PHAST)	600 mothers	0	<b>600 mothers</b>

## C. DETAILED OPERATIONAL PLAN

Quality programming - Areas common to all sectors			
Outcome1: Continuous and detailed assessments and analysis are used to inform the design and implementation of the operation.	Outputs		% achieved
	<b>Output 1.1.</b> The management of the operation is informed by a comprehensive monitoring and evaluation system		Plan of action and sectorial plans for which a monitoring and evaluation plan has been developed: <b>100%</b> Planned evaluations take place with lessons learned and a management response provided: <b>0%</b>
	<b>Output 1.2</b> Operation activities are disseminated at the local, national and regional levels		No. of press releases issued: <b>3</b> No. of beneficiary stories prepared: <b>0</b> No. of publications in the media reporting GRC actions: <b>10</b>
Activities	Implement on time		% of progress
	Yes	No	
Hiring of operational staff and staff to support the operation in the field	X		<b>100%</b> Hiring of a project coordinator, an agricultural technician and a logistics technician from 1 April 2016
Community assemblies to present the project	X		<b>100%</b>

			Held in 9 communities: 3 in Patzité and 6 in Chiché
Monitoring visits	X		<b>100%</b> 4 monitoring visits made by the Health Department's staff since the beginning of the project
Progress reports on the affected communities	X		<b>100%</b> Drafting of a monthly report
Documentary on activities	X		<b>100%</b> The project team and the Communications Department have documented every activity carried out to date
Beneficiary satisfaction survey	X		<b>75%</b> Only one satisfaction survey remains to be completed; it will be conducted at end of January 2017
Lessons learned workshop	X		<b>0%</b> This workshop will be conducted in February 2017
Development of beneficiary stories	X		<b>75%</b> The final beneficiary story will be completed in February 2017
IFRC monitoring	X		<b>100%</b> An IFRC representative visited the project in June 2016 to monitor the progress of the project and transfer the functions to the country coordinator of the country as per the protocol for an international appeal.
Identify and implement a complaint mechanism	X		<b>100%</b> The complaint mechanism includes suggestion boxes and satisfaction surveys for the beneficiaries. To date, these mechanisms have been implemented in all of the participating communities.

#### Achievements to date

In general, the established indicators for this component have been met. The only activities pending are: the final beneficiary satisfaction survey, which is scheduled for 23 to 28 January 2017, the lessons learned workshop scheduled for 20 to 24 February and the final beneficiary story scheduled for 28 February 2017.

#### # of assessments conducted:

- *Maize and Bean Harvest Produce Survey*: This survey was conducted in December 2016, which is when the maize and bean harvest ended. A comparison between the maize harvested in 2015 versus the maize harvested in 2016 on the same land area was made, yielding the following data:
  - On 100 per cent of the evaluated plots, the recommended sowing techniques were applied, using 3 seeds per posture and not 5 or 6 as in previous years.
  - A total of 28.5 quintals were harvested in 2015 versus a total of 78 quintals harvested in 2016, which indicates an increase of 49.5 quintals more in 2016 (equivalent to an increase of 173 per cent).
  - An average of 1.14 quintals harvested in 2015 in each plot versus an average of 3.12 quintals harvested in 2016.

#### Challenges

None

#### Changes

None

Water, Sanitation and Hygiene Promotion (WASH)			
Outcome 2: Contribute to improved access to, storage, and handling of water through rain harvesting and protection of water sources in selected communities	Outputs		% achieved
	<b>Output 2.1.</b> Construction of home rain harvesting systems for 2,000 families.		# of households that have new home rain harvesting systems: <b>1</b> # of people participating in rain harvester maintenance workshops: <b>0</b>
	<b>Output 2.2</b> Hygiene promotion activities are provided to the entire affected population.		# of families participating in educational sessions that use the PHAST methodology: <b>379</b>
	<b>Output 2.3</b> Promote organized community actions to protect water flows and maintain water systems		% of targeted communities that conduct actions to protect water flows and maintain water systems: <b>0%</b>  % of targeted communities that have the means to protect water flows and maintain water systems: <b>0%</b>
Activities	Implement on time		% of progress
	Yes	No	
Printing of educational material		X	Eliminated from the project
Implementation of PHAST methodology	X		<b>100%</b> 379 families participating in PHAST trainings  10 households monitored through the PHAST method to check if hygiene practices are being observed
Establishment of agreements with communities to implement actions to protect water flows and sources	X		<b>100%</b> Community logs were prepared in 9 beneficiary communities
Implementation of actions to protect water flows and sources and harvest rainwater	X		<b>60%</b> To date, an initial evaluation for selection of beneficiaries, list of beneficiaries, the elaboration of a demonstration system and the purchasing process to develop other rainwater harvesting system have been established
Construction of home water harvesting systems	X		<b>60%</b> The first well was built; construction of the other wells in in progress.
Hiring of a water and sanitation technician		X	Eliminated from the project. The project coordinator took on the functions with the support of volunteer National Intervention Team (NIT) member specialized in WASH
Achievements to date			

- # of families reached with water and hygiene promotion actions: 1

To date, 566 people have been trained in the PHAST methodology in 6 communities in the municipality of Chiché.



A PHAST activity run by the Quiche branch in San Francisco, Chiché in August 2016.  
Source: GRC

**Table 1.**  
**Families participating in PHAST training**

COMMUNITY	HEAD-OF-HOUSEHOLD WOMEN	MEN	TOTAL
Choyomche 1	68	11	79
Choyomche 2	106	12	118
Choyomche 3	53	4	57
Carrizal	124	18	142
San Francisco	68	12	80
Laguna Seca 1	81	9	90
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>566</b>

#### Challenges

Please see Operations Update No. 2 for this information.

#### Changes

There have been no changes to this sector since Operations Update No. 2 was issued.

Food security, nutrition and livelihoods			
Outcome 3: Immediate food needs of the disaster affected population (1,000 families) are met	Outputs		% achieved
		Output 3.1. Appropriate food rations are distributed to 2,000 vulnerable households	
Activities	Implement on time		% of progress
	Yes	No	
Identify and register affected families using a mobile data collection tool (ODK)	X		<b>100%</b> of families in 9 communities entered in the census using ODK.
Procure 1,000 food kits	X		<b>100%</b> Appointment process initiated
Deliver food kits	X		<b>75%</b> 3 food kit deliveries: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• First delivery: 1,056 families</li> <li>• Second delivery: 1,034 families</li> <li>• Third delivery: 913 families</li> </ul>
Conduct a beneficiary satisfaction survey		X	<b>50%</b> The first survey was conducted in January 2016. The second will be conducted in the last month of the intervention.
<b>Achievements to date</b>			
Please see Operations Update No. 2 for the achievements for this sector.			
<b>Challenges</b>			
Please see Operations Update No. 2 for this information.			
<b>Changes</b>			
There have been no changes to this sector since Operations No. 2 was issued.			

Food security, nutrition and livelihoods			
Outcome 4: Livelihoods are restored among targeted population	Outputs		% achieved
		Output 4.1. Productive assets are replaced and retained by 2,000 families	
	Output 1.2 Information regarding better knowledge, skills and practices for restoring livelihoods is provided and used by the targeted groups		# of people that participated in information events (awareness, campaigns, trainings etc.) on restoring livelihoods: <b>418</b>

		No. of participants in training courses reporting at least 3 improved livelihoods practices: <b>pending</b>	
Activities	Implement on time		% of progress
	Yes	No	
Identification of affected families using ODK	X		<b>100%</b> of families registered in the census in 9 communities
Processes to purchase inputs and seed	X		<b>100%</b> Purchase of seeds and fertilizers completed
Purchase of inputs and seed	X		<b>100%</b> Purchase of seeds and fertilizers for 360 families
Distribution of inputs and seed	X		<b>100%</b> Seeds and fertilizers delivered to 360 families
Technical assistance for planting and soil management and protection	X		<b>100%</b> of beneficiary families have received technical support for sowing and soil protection
Technical assistance for grain processing and storage	X		<b>50%</b> To date, the operation has provided technical assistance to 418 families on the production of improved corn and bean seeds. When the harvest comes, advice will be provided on post-harvest handling and the storage of seeds
Hiring of an agronomist	X		<b>100%</b> Hired on 1 April 2016
Base line		X	Eliminated from the project
Livelihood training for volunteers		X	Eliminated from the project
<b>Achievements to date</b>			

Thanks to available resources, it was possible to increase the number of families receiving improved seed and fertilizer to a total of 521 families and 530 families, respectively. Please see Table 3 below for more details:

**Table 3**  
**Number of families that benefited from the restoration of livelihoods**

ACTIVITY	AMOUNT
Distribution of improved native seeds	521 families
Distribution of fertilizers	530 families
Distribution of insecticides	285 families
Training in agricultural practices and soil conservation	418 families
Training in production of organic fertilizer	358 families
Construction of rustic greenhouses and preparation of pylons	20 community leaders



Photos above: Quiche branch  
Community leaders training sessions on "Construction of rustic greenhouses and preparation of pylons."  
Source: GRC

### Challenges

Please see Operations Update No. 2 for this information.

### Changes

There have been no changes to this sector since Operations Update No. 2 was issued.

## Food security, nutrition and livelihoods

	Outputs	% achieved
<b>Outcome 5:</b> Contribute to prevention and monitoring of acute malnutrition in children under five from families affected by food and nutrition insecurity	<b>Output 5.1.</b> Identification and timely referral of children under five with acute malnutrition, as well as improvement in child feeding practices	By the end of the project, at least 70% of children under five have been screened: <b>59%</b>
		At the end of the first month of the project, 56 leaders have been trained to identify and refer children under five suffering from acute malnutrition: <b>100%</b>  95% of children under five suffering from acute malnutrition are referred to health services: <b>100%</b>

Activities	Implement on time		% of progress
	Yes	No	
Education and training for community-level nutritional surveillance committee aimed at leaders.	X		<b>100% achieved</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• First phase: 121 leaders</li> <li>• Second phase: 36 leaders</li> </ul>
Community nutritional surveillance	X		The health commissions started the nutritional surveillance training in September 2016
Referral of acute malnutrition cases with complications to health services	X		<b>100%</b> First phase: 6 children diagnosed with acute malnutrition were referred to the health centre for further diagnosis and treatment. Second phase: 3 children diagnosed with acute malnutrition were referred to the health centre for further diagnosis and treatment
Home visits to follow up malnutrition cases with no complications	X		<b>100%</b> Follow-up and visits to the referred cases were done to monitor the status of the children with positive results
Coordination with the Minister of Health	X		<b>100%</b> Coordination with the Ministry has been focused on the reference, attention and monitoring of cases of acute malnutrition, as well as the standardization of counselling mothers about the feeding and care of children under 5 years of age
Hiring of a nutrition technician for 6 months		X	Eliminated from the project. Actions will be carried out with the support of volunteers with knowledge and expertise in child nutrition
Reproduction of educational materials (reproduction of flipcharts and posters)		X	Eliminated from the project
Educational sessions for 600 families (mothers) on feeding and nutrition practices	X		<b>100% achieved</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• First phase: 957 families</li> <li>• Second phase: 589 families</li> </ul>
Training for 56 community leaders on feeding and nutrition practices	X		<b>100% achieved</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• First phase: 121 leaders</li> <li>• Second phase: 36 leaders</li> </ul>
National Disaster Response Team (NDRT) training for volunteers supporting the field activities		X	Eliminated from the project
<b>Achievements to date</b>			

- **At the end of the first month of the project, 56 leaders have been trained to identify and refer children under five suffering from acute malnutrition:** To date, 118 community leaders have received Nutritional Surveillance training in 6 communities of Patzité; another training session was provided in August 2016.
- **Educational sessions for mothers:** Training sessions were held for parents with the aim of improving child feeding practices. The main topics were exclusive breastfeeding and complementary feeding, reaching a total of 620 people. In addition, food preparation demonstration sessions were held to reinforce the mothers' knowledge.



Demonstration of complementary food preparation, July 2016. Source: GRC

**Table 4**  
People trained in nutrition and food

COMMUNITY	TRAINED MOTHERS	HEALTH COMMITTEES MEMBERS TRAINED	COMMUNITY LEADERS TRAINED	MOTHERS PARTICIPATING IN FOOD DEMONSTRATION
Choyomche 1	81	10	0	21
Choyomche 2	129	16	8	35
Choyomche 3	52	6	2	39
Carrizal	152	13	12	16
San Francisco	89	12	5	38
Laguna Seca 1	86	25	9	18
Chiché Health Centre	31	0	0	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>620</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>167</b>

#### Challenges

The biggest challenge reported to date is the implementation of the community nutritional surveillance system; Even though community leaders were trained and equipped to measure the average arm circumference, there is still no official system within the Ministry of Health to include information collected by the community.

#### Changes

There have been no changes to this sector since Operations Update No. 2 was issued.

## Contact Information

**For further information specifically related to this operation please contact:**

### **In the Guatemala:**

- Guatemalan Red Cross: Daniel Javiel, general director, phone: +502 2381-6565; email: [direcciongeneral@cruzroja.org.gt](mailto:direcciongeneral@cruzroja.org.gt)
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### **In the IFRC's regional offices for the Americas, Panama (+507 317-3050):**

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- Stephany Murillo, regional senior logistics and mobilization officer; email: [stephany.murillo@ifrc.org](mailto:stephany.murillo@ifrc.org)
- Priscila Gonzalez, planning, monitoring and reporting team coordinator; email: [priscila.gonzalez@ifrc.org](mailto:priscila.gonzalez@ifrc.org)
- Diana Medina, communications coordinator; email: [diana.medina@ifrc.org](mailto:diana.medina@ifrc.org)

### **For resource mobilization and pledges:**

- Julie Hoare, head of Partnerships and Resource Development (PRD); email: [julie.hoare@ifrc.org](mailto:julie.hoare@ifrc.org)

### **In IFRC Geneva:**

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## Disaster Response Financial Report

## MDRGT009 - Guatemala - Drought

Timeframe: 03 Nov 15 to 04 Feb 17

Appeal Launch Date: 06 Feb 16

Interim Report

## Selected Parameters

Reporting Timeframe	2015/11-2016/11	Programme	MDRGT009
Budget Timeframe	2015/11-2017/2	Budget	APPROVED
Split by funding source	Y	Project	*
Subsector:	*		

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

## I. Funding

	Raise humanitarian standards	Grow RC/RC services for vulnerable people	Strengthen RC/RC contribution to development	Heighten influence and support for RC/RC work	Joint working and accountability	TOTAL	Deferred Income
<b>A. Budget</b>		2,037,059				2,037,059	
<b>B. Opening Balance</b>							
<b>Income</b>							
<b>Cash contributions</b>							
<i>American Red Cross</i>		146,696				146,696	
<i>Japanese Red Cross Society</i>		43,830				43,830	
<i>Red Cross of Monaco</i>		16,481				16,481	
<i>The Canadian Red Cross Society (from Canadian Government*)</i>		62,535				62,535	
<b>C1. Cash contributions</b>		269,543				269,543	
<b>Other Income</b>							
<i>DREF Allocations</i>		245,273				245,273	
<b>C4. Other Income</b>		245,273				245,273	
<b>C. Total Income = SUM(C1..C4)</b>		514,816				514,816	
<b>D. Total Funding = B + C</b>		514,816				514,816	

\* Funding source data based on information provided by the donor

## II. Movement of Funds

	Raise humanitarian standards	Grow RC/RC services for vulnerable people	Strengthen RC/RC contribution to development	Heighten influence and support for RC/RC work	Joint working and accountability	TOTAL	Deferred Income
<b>B. Opening Balance</b>							
<b>C. Income</b>		514,816				514,816	
<b>E. Expenditure</b>		-463,655				-463,655	
<b>F. Closing Balance = (B + C + E)</b>		51,161				51,161	

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Subsector:	*		

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## III. Expenditure

Account Groups	Budget	Expenditure					TOTAL	Variance
		Raise humanitarian standards	Grow RC/RC services for vulnerable people	Strengthen RC/RC contribution to development	Heighten influence and support for RC/RC work	Joint working and accountability		
	A					B	A - B	
<b>BUDGET (C)</b>			<b>2,037,059</b>			<b>2,037,059</b>		
<b>Relief items, Construction, Supplies</b>								
Clothing & Textiles			938			938	-938	
Food	681,455		253,194			253,194	428,261	
Seeds & Plants	100,214		21,132			21,132	79,082	
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	818,748		863			863	817,885	
Medical & First Aid	802		761			761	40	
Teaching Materials	37,380		4,756			4,756	32,623	
Utensils & Tools	100,214		1,585			1,585	98,629	
Other Supplies & Services			6			6	-6	
<b>Total Relief items, Construction, Sup</b>	<b>1,738,811</b>		<b>283,235</b>			<b>283,235</b>	<b>1,455,576</b>	
<b>Logistics, Transport &amp; Storage</b>								
Transport & Vehicles Costs	12,687		4,107			4,107	8,580	
Logistics Services	10,021						10,021	
<b>Total Logistics, Transport &amp; Storage</b>	<b>22,708</b>		<b>4,107</b>			<b>4,107</b>	<b>18,601</b>	
<b>Personnel</b>								
National Staff	7,006		1,853			1,853	5,153	
National Society Staff	69,533		46,842			46,842	22,691	
Volunteers	18,386		11,001			11,001	7,385	
Other Staff Benefits			10			10	-10	
<b>Total Personnel</b>	<b>94,926</b>		<b>59,707</b>			<b>59,707</b>	<b>35,219</b>	
<b>Consultants &amp; Professional Fees</b>								
Consultants	7,015						7,015	
<b>Total Consultants &amp; Professional Fee</b>	<b>7,015</b>						<b>7,015</b>	
<b>Workshops &amp; Training</b>								
Workshops & Training	24,653		1,430			1,430	23,223	
<b>Total Workshops &amp; Training</b>	<b>24,653</b>		<b>1,430</b>			<b>1,430</b>	<b>23,223</b>	
<b>General Expenditure</b>								
Travel	4,009		3,176			3,176	832	
Information & Public Relations	3,107		3,435			3,435	-328	
Office Costs	4,710		473			473	4,237	
Communications	7,516		2,416			2,416	5,100	
Financial Charges	2,505		-10,462			-10,462	12,968	
Shared Office and Services Costs	2,772		2,182			2,182	590	
<b>Total General Expenditure</b>	<b>24,618</b>		<b>1,220</b>			<b>1,220</b>	<b>23,399</b>	
<b>Operational Provisions</b>								
Operational Provisions			84,651			84,651	-84,651	
<b>Total Operational Provisions</b>			<b>84,651</b>			<b>84,651</b>	<b>-84,651</b>	
<b>Indirect Costs</b>								
Programme & Services Support Recover	124,328		28,233			28,233	96,095	
<b>Total Indirect Costs</b>	<b>124,328</b>		<b>28,233</b>			<b>28,233</b>	<b>96,095</b>	
<b>Pledge Specific Costs</b>								
Pledge Earmarking Fee			1,072			1,072	-1,072	
<b>Total Pledge Specific Costs</b>			<b>1,072</b>			<b>1,072</b>	<b>-1,072</b>	
<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURE (D)</b>	<b>2,037,059</b>		<b>463,655</b>			<b>463,655</b>	<b>1,573,405</b>	
<b>VARIANCE (C - D)</b>			<b>1,573,405</b>			<b>1,573,405</b>		

**Disaster Response Financial Report****MDRGT009 - Guatemala - Drought**

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Subsector:	*		

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**IV. Breakdown by subsector**

Business Line / Sub-sector	Budget	Opening Balance	Income	Funding	Expenditure	Closing Balance	Deferred Income
<b>BL2 - Grow RC/RC services for vulnerable people</b>							
Food security	2,037,059		514,816	514,816	463,655	51,161	
Subtotal BL2	2,037,059		514,816	514,816	463,655	51,161	
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>2,037,059</b>		<b>514,816</b>	<b>514,816</b>	<b>463,655</b>	<b>51,161</b>	