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# International appeal revision

## Turkey: Population movement

 International Federation  
of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

Revised Appeal n° MDRTR003

Glide n° OT-2011-000025-TUR

**762,000 people to be assisted additionally**  
(totalling **1,862,000 people** assisted by the end of  
the appeal)

**78 million Swiss francs** current Appeal budget

**25.9 m Swiss francs** funding gap

Appeal launched **9 November 2012**

Revision n° 5 issued **30 March 2017**

Appeal ends **31 December 2017**  
(extended by **8 months**)

This revised International Appeal seeks a total of **78 million Swiss francs** (increased from 44.6 million Swiss francs) to support the **Turkish Red Crescent Society (TRCS)** in assisting **1,862,000 people** displaced by the Syrian and other conflicts (such as in Iraq and Afghanistan) in Turkey over a period of twelve months **in 2017**. Since the launch of the appeal in November 2012, the TRCS has supported a total of 500,000 displaced people in protection camps and urban areas under this appeal.

Currently, over 90 per cent of the displaced people from Syria and other conflicts live in urban areas. The appeal therefore focuses on providing **long-term community support** to the most vulnerable displaced populations and host communities **to strengthen their resilience and develop coping mechanisms, in particular through community centres and outreach programmes in major urban areas**. Activities will comprise (a) information on registration and services; (b) protection; (c) psychosocial support (PSS) and children and youth-oriented activities; (d) capacity-building and strengthening community links including language, vocational training and cultural lessons; (e) hygiene and healthy lifestyle promotion; (f) focused food and non-food item (NFI) support for displaced people in urban areas; (g) supplementary NFI support to displaced people in camps; (h) health education and awareness-raising activities; (i) support in restoring family links (RFL); and (j) **capacity-building of National Society (NS) staff and volunteers**. The appeal also includes an **emergency preparedness and contingency planning** component for the case of future massive displacement to ensure food and NFI support for a short-term period.

The overall budget of the appeal is 78 million Swiss francs with an operational budget of 65.8 million Swiss francs managed through the IFRC. The remaining 12,245,316 Swiss francs are bilateral funding from Red Cross Red Crescent partners. There is a **funding gap of 25,922,593 Swiss francs on the total appeal funding**. The planned response reflects the current situation and information available at this time of the evolving operation, and will be adjusted based on further developments and more detailed assessments.

Further details are available in the Emergency Plan of Action (EPoA).

## The disaster and the Red Cross Red Crescent response to date

**November 2012: launch of the first Emergency Appeal**, aiming at CHF 32,311,219 to assist **170,000 people** displaced by the Syrian and other crises in Turkey during a period of six months.

**May 2013: first revision** of the appeal increasing the budget to CHF 44,183,265 and the **number of people to be assisted to 225,000** in 19 camps until end-Dec 2013.

**November 2013: second revision** of the appeal further increasing the budget to CHF 44.5 million and the **number of people to be assisted to 250,000** with an extended timeframe until end-Jun 2014.

**June 2014: third revision** of the appeal further extending the timeframe until end-Dec 2015 and including **orientation and psychosocial services** activities in urban areas as well as coverage for operational costs.



Activities organized for displaced children in the child-friendly space. Photo: TRCS Sanliurfa

**June 2015: fourth revision** of the emergency appeal, **transforming it into an international appeal**, extending the timeframe until end-Jun 2016 and putting a stronger **focus on long-term support** to displaced and host communities in **urban areas**.

**March 2017: fifth and last revision** of the appeal extending the timeframe until end-Dec 2017 and strengthening the focus on **long-term community** and **primary health care support in urban areas**. From 2018 onward, IFRC operations in Turkey will be continued under a multi-year country plan (instead of revised emergency appeals).

The IFRC published **Operations Updates** on 21 December 2012, 31 January 2013, 9 May 2013, 15 July 2013, 18 November 2013, 20 February 2014, 30 September 2014, 7 April 2015, 29 February 2016 and 22 November 2016.

## The operational strategy

This revised appeal aims to provide immediate and subsequent support to the most vulnerable people displaced by the Syrian and other crises and their host communities in alignment with Red Cross Red Crescent principles and ongoing actions and the UN's 3RP: Regional Refugee and Resilience Plan. It focuses on the integration of humanitarian interventions with longer-term benefits, and enhanced outreach to both displaced and host populations.

*The current major humanitarian needs identified by the TRCS through needs assessments and baseline studies are:*

- **Food security:** basic nutritional needs are unmet, which is seriously affecting newly arriving Syrian families, families with depleted resources and increased vulnerabilities. Malnutrition among Syrian children is a growing concern. Support is required in particular in areas hosting high sizes of displaced populations without sufficient food assistance by other actors and for pregnant and lactating women and families with minors.
- **Non-food items:** supplementary support of water, sanitation, hygiene and other household items are required, in particular for out-of-camp populations, but also for those living in camps.
- **Emergency preparedness:** contingency planning needs to be strengthened to increase the speed of delivery as well as diversify and pre-position stocks in local storages based on proneness to population influx or disaster. PSS and RFL also need to be included together with adequate training and protection for NS staff and volunteers.
- **Protection:** displaced people are facing risks of gender-based and other forms of violence which warrants culturally appropriate and sensitive recognition and response services. Syrians also often express their unease about mixed education and mixed facilities.
- **Child protection:** Destitution and socio-economic barriers affecting families displaced by the Syrian and other conflicts lead to negative coping mechanisms, including child exploitation and labour, interruption of education, child marriage, trafficking and abuse. Children comprise 54 per cent of the displaced population in Turkey and 74 per cent of those of school age are not enrolled in formal education. The need for comprehensive child protection mechanisms and child-specific services are immense.
- **Livelihoods:** integration in the labour market and the host society together with the ability of self-sustenance and autonomy is of a primary concern for Syrian families. Key elements in achieving these are providing opportunities to obtain new vocational skills and learn the Turkish language.
- **People trafficking:** displaced people in Turkey, in particular women and children, are vulnerable to trafficking. Linked to these are the risks of invisibility and late identification, lack of security and violence, trauma, and lack of awareness of their rights and status as victims. There is a strong need for awareness-raising about how to prevent trafficking and enabling access to psychological and physical health care, legal protection and remedies.
- **Community engagement and accountability:** it is crucial that displaced people in urban areas are provided with the right information and referral to required services, and the feedback and suggestions of both the hosted and the hosting population are taken into consideration in programme design. This will increase effectiveness and accountability of the on-going humanitarian efforts in Turkey and reduce hostility and xenophobia towards displaced people and refugees.
- **Health education:** Registration, language and cultural barriers hinder displaced populations in accessing information and resources for obtaining quality preventive and curative health services, referrals from primary and secondary to tertiary level and information on basic first aid, hygiene, healthy lifestyle, nutrition, immunization and reproductive health. Children, women, elderly and people with disabilities have specific mental health, PSS, GBV and rehabilitation needs. The capacities of the Turkish public health services are stretched and support from within communities and families is extremely limited. Health services for displaced people needs to be better integrated into the public health system, coordinated with other social and protection services and made accessible through community centres.

- **Restoring family links:** An estimated 30,000 displaced people are requiring family tracing services or assistance in being able to re-establish contact with their families. Separation from family combined with experiences of trauma are seriously affecting people's mental and physical well-being, sense of security and ability to adapt and integrate. Awareness-raising about how to prevent separation is also key.
- **Cash support:** the European Union's Emergency Social Safety Net (ESSN) humanitarian programme is providing direct cash transfer support to one million displaced people in Turkey. The programme funded by ECHO/WFP is implemented by the TRCS. However, the displaced people who were not covered through the ESSN will remain in need of support as described in the Plan of Action below, especially in the framework of the community centre services.

### Operational strategy

**Overall objective:** *In response to the above humanitarian needs, the TRCS will aim at providing effective and long-term community support to displaced people and host populations, particularly in urban areas, to strengthen their resilience and develop adaptation mechanisms.*

The main objectives and activities to implement under this appeal comprise: **Emergency Relief, Contingency stock of emergency food and NFI, community services and outreach promoting Social Inclusion, Protection, Health Education, Restoring Family Links and National Society Capacity-Building**, as detailed under the 'Proposed sectors of intervention'. The TRCS will continue to support displaced people in camps, who are under the protection of the Turkish Government, and extend its humanitarian services to major urban areas by working through community centres.

The TRCS plans to reach an **additional 762,000 people in 2017** through the revision of this appeal, **totalling 1,862,000 beneficiaries** to be assisted **under the appeal from November 2012 to the end of 2017**. With this revision, the appeal's timeframe will exceed five years; therefore, the IFRC is planning to carry on its support in the form of a multi-year country plan from January 2018 onwards.

Beneficiaries under the appeal will be targeted based on a *selection criteria* agreed between the TRCS and the Turkish authorities, with specific focus on female-, widow-, elderly- and children-headed households and households with persons with chronic illnesses or disabilities. Increased attention will also be paid to newly displaced people at the border, unaccompanied minors, children subjected to labour abuse, displaced people with physical and psychological health needs, displaced people affected by trauma, disabilities/war-wounded, mental diseases, and the host community in the same situation, with special focus on children, youth, adolescents, women and rural marginalised people.

*Key risks to be managed during implementation include:* an unclear evolution of the humanitarian situation, decrease of TRCS stocks and resources, overload of TRCS staff and volunteers, increasing stigmatization of the displaced population, and the occurrence of other emergencies with Turkey being prone to natural disasters, especially a major earthquake.



### Coordination and partnerships



Since the launch of this appeal, the TRCS has provided first-line emergency assistance to some 1.1 million Syrian and other displaced people in protection camps and urban areas. Through its 700 branches, 4,150 employees and nine regional and 25 local disaster management and logistics centres, the TRCS has the capacity to deliver emergency shelter and food to up to 300,000 people in case of any type of emergency.

In Turkey, the national authorities – the Turkish Disaster and Emergency Management Presidency (AFAD), the Directorate General of Migration Management (DGMM) and the Turkish Ministry of Foreign Affairs – lead the coordination and management of humanitarian assistance for displaced people at the national level. At provincial level, the governorates, the local AFAD and DGMM units, the local departments of the Ministry of Health, the Ministry of Education, the security authorities and other relevant agencies work closely with each other to ensure effective cooperation and coordination of relief activities.



The TRCS is the only operational Movement component in Turkey. It works in close coordination with the above governmental actors, in particular with AFAD and local authorities as well as all relevant non-governmental partners, international organizations and UN agencies (WFP, UNICEF) and civil society actors. The TRCS participates in the regular OCHA coordination meetings, the protection, education and community services working groups and aligns all its operations to the UN's 3RP. Over the years, the TRCS has also provided technical assistance to its humanitarian partners in customs clearance and transportation and delivery of in-kind relief items. As an auxiliary to the Turkish Government, the TRCS has expanded its community centres through its successful coordination mechanism with government institutions and humanitarian partners.

The IFRC Secretariat's Regional Office for Europe and the IFRC Regional Office for Middle East and North Africa work closely together with the TRCS, other partner national societies and the ICRC to ensure a Movement-wide approach and harmonized operations and fundraising. The ICRC has signed a three-year Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with the TRCS in January 2017 to support them in RFL for the benefit of displaced people hosted in Turkey. In addition, the ICRC and the TRCS have also signed another MoU in June 2016 to support the TRCS in first aid capacity-building.

The IFRC is represented in Turkey by an Integrated Programme Coordinator (based in Ankara), who provides on-going support to the TRCS in coordination, donor relations and resource mobilization, advocacy, operational implementation, monitoring and reporting. The TRCS also utilizes the services of the IFRC Logistics Management (Procurement Unit) for acquiring food and NFI relief items. A number of Movement partners and governments are also supporting directly or indirectly the TRCS's activities on a bilateral or multilateral basis through the IFRC, with optimal synergies ensured across this appeal and other channels of support.

## Proposed sectors of intervention

The TRCS will seek to achieve the following outcomes and outputs under the appeal. All activities will include continuous monitoring and evaluation of operational progress and narrative and financial reporting as required.

	<b>Health</b>
<b>Outcome 1: The resilience of 24,000 displaced people and members of host communities is increased through healthy lifestyle, hygiene promotion, first aid and preventive health care promotion</b>	
<b>Output 1.1:</b> Basic health orientation provided to 20,000 displaced people and members of host communities to promote healthy lifestyle, hygiene promotion and preventive health care	
Activities planned:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Procurement and distribution of sensitization material on preventive health care and healthy lifestyle (brochures, leaflets etc.);</li> <li>• Conduct of healthy lifestyle and hygiene promotion workshops and talks, preventive health promotion/education activities at community level and awareness campaigns on healthy lifestyle, hygiene promotion and preventive health care;</li> <li>• Provision of new-born packages to 4,400 expecting mothers through the community centres.</li> </ul>	
<b>Output 1.2:</b> Up to 4,000 displaced people living in urban areas trained and receiving information on first aid.	
Activities planned:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Organization of basic first aid trainings for 4,000 displaced people including youth;</li> <li>• Procurement and distribution of first aid kits to adults in the first aid trainings.</li> </ul>	
<b>Outcome 2: The knowledge of 20,000 displaced people and members of host communities is increased through health education activities at two newly established health centres in Sanliurfa and Konya</b>	
<b>Output 2.1:</b> Health education activities organized at two newly established health centres in Sanliurfa and Konya through home visits, community meetings and health awareness campaigns	
Activities planned:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Recruitment of staff and procurement of necessary equipment for the TRCS's two new health centres;</li> <li>• Provision of basic health care outreach services and awareness-raising campaigns on healthy lifestyle, hygiene promotion and preventive health care (including information on key health risks);</li> <li>• Development and distribution of pocket books, animation videos and CDs for children as well as audio-visual materials in Arabic;</li> <li>• Conduct of first aid trainings and seminars and distribution of first aid kits to adults and children;</li> <li>• Referrals to increase the access of Syrian and other displaced population to health services.</li> </ul>	
	<b>Shelter (including non-food items)</b>
<b>Provision of non-food items (NFIs) for displaced people living in camps</b>	
<b>Outcome 3: The hygiene conditions of 30,000 displaced families (150,000 people) living in protection camps are improved through distribution of hygiene kits and baby kits</b>	

<b>Output 3.1:</b> Hygiene products (hygiene kits and baby kits) supplied for 30,000 families (150,000 people) to help improve the health conditions of people living in camps
Activities planned: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Procurement and distribution of 30,000 hygiene kits and 30,000 baby kits.</li> </ul>
<b>Provision of food and non-food items (NFIs) for displaced people living in urban areas</b>
<b>Outcome 4: The National Society is prepared to meet the nutritional and NFI needs of up to 250,000 displaced people (50,000 families) living in urban areas for up to two months</b>
<b>Output 4.1:</b> Food parcels and NFIs distributed as short term support for displaced people living in urban areas
Activities planned: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Procurement and distribution of 71,000 food parcels, 71,000 hygiene parcels, 71,000 baby kits, 171,000 blankets and 50,000 kitchen sets in urban areas.</li> </ul>
<b>Outcome 5: The National Society is providing hot meals to meet the nutritional needs of up to 44,000 most vulnerable displaced people monthly through the Ulcanlar kitchen in Ankara</b>
<b>Output 5.1:</b> Hot meals provided through the establishment of a kitchen in Ankara for up to 2,000 most vulnerable displaced people daily
Activities planned: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Preparation and distribution of hot meals at the Ulcanlar kitchen and through mobile vans at places where displaced people live in Ankara.</li> </ul>



## Restoring Family Links (RFL)

<b>Outcome 6: Provision of efficient Restoring Family Links services for displaced and host populations</b>
<b>Output 6.1:</b> RFL services provided to 5,000 displaced people
Activities planned: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Recruitment and training of RFL staff; procurement of vehicle and equipment;</li> <li>• Preparation and distribution of information material on tracing and RFL (brochures, leaflets etc.);</li> <li>• Initiation of tracing requests and provision of assistance in identifying missing family members and re-establishing contact with relatives in Turkey, EU countries or third countries;</li> <li>• Assistance in obtaining missing documents (birth certificate, civil registration document etc.).</li> </ul>



## Disaster response preparedness

<b>Outcome 7: The National Society is prepared to meet the nutritional needs of up to 10,000 people displaced into Turkey as a consequence of the Syria crisis for up to 2 months, in case of a deterioration of the humanitarian situation</b>
<b>Output 7.1:</b> TRCS prepared to offer up to 10,000 hot meal/drinking water daily for displaced vulnerable people during a massive influx of population for up to two months
Activities planned: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Procurement and stocking of 2,000 baby food for newly arriving displaced children and of food items for mobile kitchens and drinking water for distribution to up to 10,000 newly arriving displaced people a day at the Turkish-Syrian border;</li> <li>• Strengthening of information dissemination and RFL for newly arriving people (up to 5,000 people);</li> <li>• Provision of specialized equipment for staff and volunteers.</li> </ul>
<b>Outcome 8: The National Society is prepared to meet the food and NFI needs of up to 50,000 people (10,000 families) in case of deterioration of the humanitarian situation and further increase of the influx of newly displaced people in urban areas</b>
<b>Output 8.1:</b> Food parcels, NFIs and tents made available for short term support for newly displaced people
Activities planned: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Procurement and maintenance of emergency stock of 1,000 family tents, 20,000 food parcels, 20,000 hygiene kits, 20,000 baby kits, 30,000 blankets and 10,000 kitchen sets for 50,000 vulnerable people (10,000 families) as short-term relief action.</li> </ul>



## National Society capacity-building

**Outcome 9: National Society operational and field staff have strengthened knowledge and skills through induction and other technical training to provide appropriate services to the displaced people**

**Output 9.1:** Capacity-building technical trainings provided to 500 staff to enhance their knowledge and skills

Activities planned:

- Core trainings to TRCS staff and volunteers assigned to operational teams and the field, including general induction, Red Cross Red Crescent Movement training, orientation on fraud and corruption policies, IFRC logistic regulations, gender awareness, resource mobilization, security and custom information and regulations;
- Training on protection/SGBV/PSS/case management for staff and volunteers as well as trainers of trainers;
- Trainings for relevant staff on PSS in emergency, psychosocial first aid, basic first aid, volunteer management, PMER and finance.

**Outcome 10: National Society operational and field staff have access to humanitarian and material resources to effectively address the needs of the displaced population**

**Output 10.1:** National Society human resources (HR) in place to meet operational and reporting needs

Activities planned:

- Maintenance of 500 staff to run community services, outreach and psychosocial activities and maintenance of a 27-member operation team to support the implementation of planned activities.



## Quality programming

**Outcome 11: Implementation of TRCS programming is improved by ensuring effective and timely communication with displaced people and engaging with them by taking into account displaced people's opinion and feedback**

**Output 11.1:** CEA is integrated in all the programmes as a cross-cutting approach

Activities planned:

- Needs assessment and development of Standard Operating Procedures, methodologies and guidelines on the integration of CEA;
- Provision of training and capacity development to TRCS staff and volunteers in CEA.

**Output 11.2:** Displaced people engaged in two-way communication, incorporating their opinions and needs for the implementation of community centre services

Activities planned:

- Setting up of feedback/suggestion boxes and information boards in the community centres;
- Conduct of periodic FGDs to collect beneficiary feedback and setting up of a database to analyse the feedback collected.

**Outcome 12: To provide protection services to 120,000 displaced people referred by ESSN service centres and other displaced people living in the same areas**

**Output 12.1:** Protection service needs of ESSN offices supported and coordination with other stakeholders established

Activities planned:

- Setting up of service centres in 15 cities including recruitment of staff and training on protection;
- Conduct of needs assessment to understand the main needs;
- Establishment of a professional case management system including database for case follow-up;
- Responding to the protection service needs of respective ESSN Service Centres.

**Output 12.2:** Protection needs of 120,000 ESSN applicants and other displaced people identified and addressed through appropriate interventions

Activities planned:

- On-going case management related to protection issues, support in registration with the authorities and provision of referrals to appropriate community centres, institutions and other service providers;

- Outreach to identify displaced people in cities, awareness-raising targeting displaced and host populations and distribution of informational material on protection issues.



## Social inclusion<sup>1</sup>

**Outcome 13: The living conditions of up to 24,000 displaced people are improved by dissemination of information and services through 16 community centres**

**Output 13.1:** Community centres set up in selected urban areas to improve the living conditions of Syrian people

Activities planned:

- Setting up of eight new community centres including baseline surveys, recruitment and training of staff and volunteers;
- Provision of services through eight existing and eight newly established community centres;
- Engagement of displaced people as volunteers in the community centres;
- Conduct of beneficiary satisfaction surveys and evaluation in three community centres (Ankara, Kilis, Bagcilar).

**Output 13.2:** Access to essential services and support enabled for 24,000 vulnerable displaced people through community centres to cope with the consequences of displacement

Activities planned:

- On-going case management related to protection issues, legal advisory, support in registration with the authorities, provision of referrals, translation and information;
- Outreach to identify displaced people in urban areas and distribution of informational material on protection issues.

**Outcome 14: The coping capacity of 24,000 displaced adult people and children living in urban areas is improved through comprehensive psychosocial support**

**Output 14.1:** Comprehensive psychological and social service support provided to 16,000 Syrian adults and children

Activities planned:

- Translation of and training on the manual 'PSS – Lay counselling';
- Conduct of group and individual psychological counselling sessions, Gender-Based Violence (GBV) prevention workshops, and awareness-raising on child protection;
- Case work and support to mental health (including referrals).

**Output 14.2:** Safe environment for child-oriented activities and psychosocial support provided to 8,000 Syrian children

Activities planned:

- Setting up of child-friendly spaces for children-oriented psychosocial support activities (drama, painting, arts);
- Organization of language courses in Turkish and Arabic, computer courses, sport activities, first aid seminars and distribution of first aid kits to children.

**Output 14.3:** Comprehensive psychological and social service support provided to 8,000 Syrian children through two mobile child-friendly spaces

Activities planned:

- Setting up of two mobile child-friendly spaces for psychosocial and social services in remote rural areas and provision of services.

**Outcome 15: The educational needs of 500 displaced Syrian children are met through the construction of one prefabricated school**

**Output 15.1:** Prefabricated school constructed

Activities planned:

- Construction of a prefabricated school meeting the needs of 500 Arabic-speaking displaced children.

**Outcome 16: The resilience of 16,000 displaced Syrian people affected by the conflict is improved through capacity-building activities including language courses and vocational trainings**

<sup>1</sup> This section and the listed activities refer to the similar section entitled Community Services in the Detailed Operational Plan of the EPoA.

**Output 16.1:** Language courses and vocational trainings offered by community centres to build up social integration between displaced population and host communities

Activities planned:

- Organization of Turkish, Arabic and other language courses as per beneficiary needs;
- Organization of first aid training and distribution of first aid kits for adults;
- Organization of vocational/technical trainings (handicrafts, sewing, computer and hairdressing) and support in registering for jobs based on skills and profession.

**Outcome 17: The relationship of 24,000 displaced people and members of host communities is harmonized through activities aimed at building up social integration and cohesion**

**Output 17.1:** Environment created for displaced people and the host community to communicate and share experiences for social integration, peaceful coexistence and reduce stigmatization

Activities planned:

- Joint activities for displaced people and host communities for mutual interaction and strengthening of community integration and cohesion;
- Peace-building community events to strengthen community cohesion and inter-cultural harmonization.



## Programme support services

The following support functions will be put in place to guarantee an effective and efficient programme delivery and technical coordination by the TRCS and required level of technical and coordination support by the IFRC: *human resources, logistics and supply chain services, communications, planning, monitoring, evaluation, and reporting and administration and finance*. For more details please refer to the EPoA.



## Budget

The total budget of this fifth revision of the appeal has been adjusted from 44.6 million Swiss francs to **78 million Swiss francs** following the continuous assessment of prevailing humanitarian needs. This revised appeal and its overall budget of 78 million Swiss francs aim to be a framework for action for Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement partners.

Out of the overall budget of 78 million Swiss francs, the IFRC Secretariat is setting an **operational budget of 65.8 million Swiss francs**, up from 32.4 million Swiss francs in the previous appeal.

The overall budget attached to the appeal includes the bilateral contributions directly provided to the Turkish Red Crescent Society from Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement Partners. It is to be noted that the TRCS has also received external support through UN agencies and other international organizations, governments and other bilateral channels.

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## Reference documents



Click here for:

- Previous Appeals and updates
- Revised Emergency Plan of Action (EPoA)

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## How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the **Code of Conduct** for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) in Disaster Relief and the **Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere)** in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, **encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities** by National Societies, with a view to **preventing and alleviating human suffering**, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

The IFRC's work is guided by Strategy 2020 which puts forward three strategic aims:



**Save lives.**  
protect livelihoods,  
and strengthen recovery  
from disaster and crises.



Enable **healthy**  
and **safe** living.



Promote **social inclusion**  
and a culture of  
**non-violence and peace.**

# EMERGENCY APPEAL

10/03/2017

MDRTR003 Turkey Population movement

Budget Group	Multilateral Response	Inter-Agency Shelter Coord.	Bilateral Response	Appeal Budget CHF
Shelter - Relief	9,164,776		424,581	9,589,357
Shelter - Transitional			0	0
Construction - Housing			0	0
Construction - Facilities	672,907		0	672,907
Construction - Materials			0	0
Clothing & Textiles	6,284,655		3,598,583	9,883,239
Food	5,288,896		0	5,288,896
Seeds & Plants			0	0
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	3,834,956		3,892,544	7,727,500
Medical & First Aid	142,624		0	142,624
Teaching Materials	1,413,803		0	1,413,803
Utensils & Tools	2,629,706		2,528,450	5,158,157
Other Supplies & Services	3,822,205			3,822,205
Emergency Response Units				0
Cash Disbursements				0
<b>Total RELIEF ITEMS, CONSTRUCTION AND SUPPLIES</b>	<b>33,254,528</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>10,444,158</b>	<b>43,698,687</b>
Land & Buildings				0
Vehicles	559,076			559,076
Computer & Telecom Equipment	403,363			403,363
Office/Household Furniture & Equipment	203,116			203,116
Medical Equipment				0
Other Machinery & Equipment				0
<b>Total LAND, VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT</b>	<b>1,165,556</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,165,556</b>
Storage, Warehousing	1,017,714			1,017,714
Distribution & Monitoring	120,929			120,929
Transport & Vehicle Costs	1,909,261			1,909,261
Logistics Services	415,409			415,409
<b>Total LOGISTICS, TRANSPORT AND STORAGE</b>	<b>3,463,313</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3,463,313</b>
International Staff	673,000			673,000
National Staff	112,500			112,500
National Society Staff	15,651,108		1,801,157	17,452,265
Volunteers	47,048			47,048
<b>Total PERSONNEL</b>	<b>16,483,656</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,801,157</b>	<b>18,284,813</b>
Consultants	8,000			8,000
Professional Fees	132,694			132,694
<b>Total CONSULTANTS &amp; PROFESSIONAL FEES</b>	<b>140,694</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>140,694</b>
Workshops & Training	3,497,768			3,497,768
<b>Total WORKSHOP &amp; TRAINING</b>	<b>3,497,768</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3,497,768</b>
Travel	506,041			506,041
Information & Public Relations	526,892			526,892
Office Costs	2,369,008			2,369,008
Communications	136,606			136,606
Financial Charges	20,800			20,800
Other General Expenses	189,675			189,675
Shared Office and Services Costs	9,800			9,800
<b>Total GENERAL EXPENDITURES</b>	<b>3,758,822</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3,758,822</b>
Partner National Societies				0
Other Partners (NGOs, UN, other)				0
<b>Total TRANSFER TO PARTNERS</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
Programme and Services Support Recovery	4,014,682			4,014,682
<b>Total INDIRECT COSTS</b>	<b>4,014,682</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4,014,682</b>
Pledge Earmarking & Reporting Fees	35,000			35,000
<b>Total PLEDGE SPECIFIC COSTS</b>	<b>35,000</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>35,000</b>
<b>TOTAL BUDGET</b>	<b>65,814,019</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>12,245,316</b>	<b>78,059,335</b>
<b>Available Resources</b>				
Multilateral Contributions	39,891,426			39,891,426
Bilateral Contributions			12,245,316	12,245,316
<b>TOTAL AVAILABLE RESOURCES</b>	<b>39,891,426</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>12,245,316</b>	<b>52,136,742</b>
<b>NET EMERGENCY APPEAL NEEDS</b>	<b>25,922,593</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>25,922,593</b>



International Federation  
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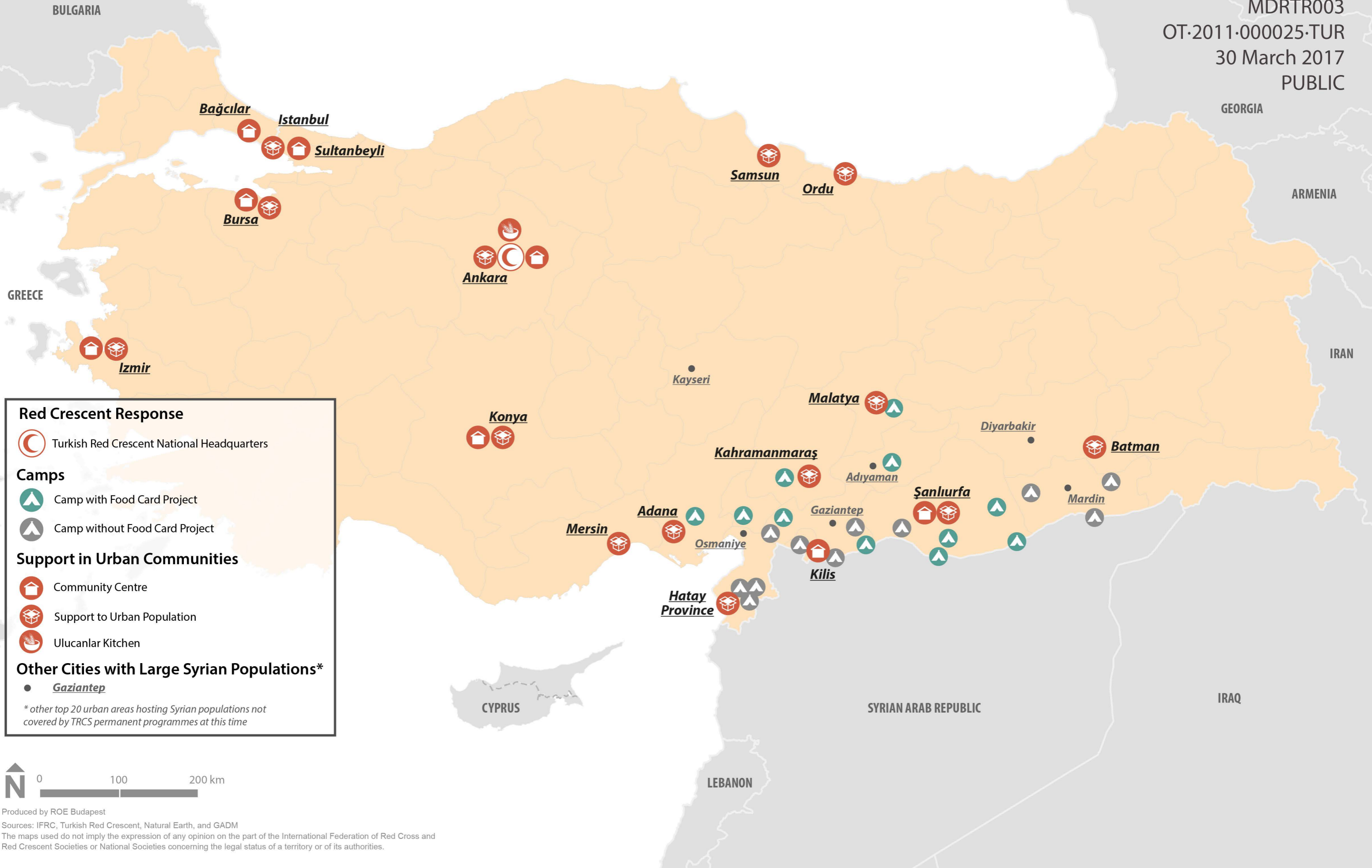
# Turkey: Population Movement Response Map

MDRTR003

OT-2011-000025-TUR

30 March 2017

PUBLIC



**Red Crescent Response**

- Turkish Red Crescent National Headquarters

**Camps**

- Camp with Food Card Project
- Camp without Food Card Project

**Support in Urban Communities**

- Community Centre
- Support to Urban Population
- Ulucanlar Kitchen

**Other Cities with Large Syrian Populations\***

- Gaziantep

\* other top 20 urban areas hosting Syrian populations not covered by TRCS permanent programmes at this time



Produced by ROE Budapest  
Sources: IFRC, Turkish Red Crescent, Natural Earth, and GADM  
The maps used do not imply the expression of any opinion on the part of the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies or National Societies concerning the legal status of a territory or of its authorities.