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Emergency Plan of Action (EPoA) Central African Republic: FLOODS IN PAOUA

 International Federation
of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

DREF Operation n°: MDRCF025 / PCF057	Glide n° FL-2019-000098-CAF
Date of issue: 02 September 2019	Expected timeframe: 3 months Expected end date: 02 December 2019
IFRC Point of contact: Denis DUFFAUT, Head of CAR Country Office, is Project Manager and responsible for this operation.	NS point of Contact: Jean-Moise MODESSI; CAR Red Cross, National Director Disaster Management
Category allocated to the of the disaster or crisis: Yellow	
DREF allocated: CHF 141,867	
Total number of people affected: 5,600 people	Number of people to be assisted: 1,475 people (295 households)
Host National Society(ies) presence (n° of volunteers, staff, branches): CAR Red Cross (CARC)	
Red Cross Red Crescent Movement partners actively involved in the operation: International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC), ICRC and the CAR RC, French RC and Nederland RC,	
Other partner organizations actively involved in the operation: None	

A. Situation Analysis

Description of the disaster

The city of Paoua, located 487 km from the capital Bangui and Poumaïdji village, located 18 km from Paoua experienced floods in the night of 19 to 20 August 2019. These floods caused significant material and human damage. Provisional reports indicate that at least 295 households or 1,475 people, including 347 men, 356 women and 772 children are affected. Twenty-five (25) pregnant women, 18 elderly people and 10 disabled people were affected by this tragedy.

One (01) death and five (05) injuries have been recorded. Nearly 295 houses were destroyed among which 199 completely and 96 partially. Families with partially or completely damaged houses were welcomed by families

and friends, thus exacerbating the already limited resources of these host families. Water and sanitation infrastructures have also been destroyed, including 94 water wells and 107 latrines. The 05 bridges connecting certain neighbourhoods to these localities have equally been destroyed. Kitchen items and beddings have been also destroyed, washed away by the floods water.



Photo 1: Assessment of flood damage in the Paoua city

Following this disaster, more than 725 people have taken refuge in host families and others are in agricultural fields. Of the 32 neighborhoods in the city, 27 were affected by the floods but damage was only observed in 21 neighborhoods and 12 were particularly affected with an estimated population of 5,600.



Photo 2: Houses completely destroyed in Paoua

Summary of the current response

Overview of Host National Society.

Immediately after the end of the rain, the *Sous-préfet* of Paoua and the President of the Special Delegation of the city of Paoua with officials of the local committee of the Central African Red Cross (CARC), conducted a field visit to observe the extent of the damage and sympathize with the affected households. The President of the Sub-Prefectural Committee of Paoua mobilized 25 volunteers who were deployed in all affected neighbourhoods to assess the extent of the damage and register the victims. These volunteers provided much needed support to the injured and helped people with special needs to vacate their flooded homes.



Photo 3: Volunteers to help the vulnerable to collect the rest of their belongings to join host families

Information relating to the incident was immediately transmitted to the headquarters by telephone call with the national director of the DM department of the CARC based in Bangui, who immediately initiated a rapid assessment of the damage caused by the floods water and the results transmitted to CARC headquarters in Bangui .

A central level assessment mission was carried out by the local Red Cross branch of the city of Paoua to verify the information received and to conduct a more detailed assessment. Meetings with local authorities took place in all affected villages.

The Central African Red Cross has trained volunteers on the International Movement's first aid program, NDRTs and RDRTs formed by the IFRC and the Dutch Red Cross. Volunteers are trained on first aid, hygiene, water and sanitation, community development activities and community health. To note, the Central African Red Cross Society (CARC) does not have pre-positioned stocks for rapid and effective implementation in the aftermath of disasters.

Overview of the Red Cross Red Crescent Movement in country

The implication of the others partners of Movement in the present situation is limited for the moment to the sharing of information and orientations formulated during Movement coordination meetings.

Overview of non-RCRC actors in country:

- **Community**

At the level of the community in the neighbourhoods of the city of Paoua and the peripheral neighbourhoods, an impetus of solidarity immediately developed around the affected households. Many of the affected people were received in host households. The lifeless body of a person found under the rubble was buried with the help of volunteers from the CARC.

- **Government**

The local authorities of Paoua went down on the ground to sympathize with the victims. The local committee of the Paoua Red Cross reports that there has been very significant material and bodily damage. 295 households were registered, 199 houses were destroyed, and 96 houses were partially destroyed. The Sub-Prefect of Paoua, the President of the Special Delegation of the City of Paoua, the President of the Sub-Prefectural Committee of the Red Cross of Paoua and 25 volunteers went to the 21 neighbourhoods affected to assess the extent damage and save the victims.

- No other Organisations present or responding on the field at this stage.

Needs analysis, targeting, scenario planning and risk assessment

Needs analysis

Following the rapid initial assessment by the local Red Cross committee of Paoua, followed by an indepth-needs assessment conducted by the National DM of CARC, needs were identified in three areas, including emergency shelters, essential basic materials such as cooking materials, beddings, drinking water and sanitary facilities.

The shelter needs of the affected population arise as a result of the partial (96 houses) or complete (199 houses) destruction of houses. Households directly affected by the floods have lost much of their property as household items were washed away by floodwater. To enable them to return and continue to live in their homes, it is necessary to distribute non-food items to enable them to live with dignity.

With regards to health, affected population are now exposed to various health problems, including malaria, water-related diseases and other epidemic-prone diseases, respiratory infections, etc due to the floods. As such there is need for an intervention in this sector. In addition, loosing belongings and experiencing the damage caused by floods has led to stress for some affected people, who will need psychosocial support to enable them to overcome this situation quickly.

In flood-affected neighbourhoods, most of the drinking water points have been damaged and people are sourcing from unsafe water sources. Similarly, 107 latrines have been damaged and are not currently usable. People are forced to defecate in the wild, exposing them to diseases related to water and hygiene. The need for sensitization, environmental sanitation and water purification is dire to prevent an eventual outbreak linked caused by the floodwater and consumption of unsafe water.



Photo 4: Polished well after flood

Targeting

This DREF operation will directly target the most vulnerable 295 households (1,475 people) with shelter and household items, health and WASH activities. It is anticipated that the overall affected 5,600 people affected by the disaster will be reached with hygiene promotion and sanitation activities.

The 295 households directly targeted households will be selected on the basis of the level of vulnerability for immediate assistance, particularly concerning the distributions of household items (HHIs) and materials needed for emergency shelter. A special focus on people with special needs, including the elderly, people with disabilities, female-headed households, unaccompanied children, pregnant women, IDPs, women with children aged 5 years old or under, IDPs, low-income households and large households.

Scenario planning

Continuous assessment for the identification of all population in need. In relation to the evolution of the security and political situation (pre-electoral period), the improvement of the situation of affected households can be envisaged after within a minimum of three (3) months. The below possible scenarios are being explored by the NS for response.

Scenario		
<i>Worst case scenario</i>	<i>Most likely scenario</i>	<i>Best case scenario</i>
The torrential rains continue and in addition, the security situation deteriorates due to the pre-election period. Access to victims becomes impossible and volunteers suspend activities.	The torrential rain resume and the floods affect new geographical areas, thereby affecting more households, thus increasing need for assistance.	The rains reduce in intensity and stops after a few days. The flood waters recede. Many displaced people return to their original homes and life starts coming back to normal.
Assumptions		
CARC Volunteers focus on helping the injured and accompanying vulnerable people at the installation sites. An emergency appeal is envisaged to meet the needs of growing numbers of affected households.	Volunteers continue assistance activities but with great difficulty. A reassessment of the situation is urgently conducted, and a revision of the DREF EPoA done to request a supplementary allocation and extension of DREF operation.	Volunteers provide first aid to those who need it and assist affected persons in moving to safer areas. A DREF request is submitted with an EPoA to assist the directly affected households.

This EPoA addresses the most likely scenario. In this case, the volunteers will continue their activities until the end of the DREF operation timeframe. However, it will be necessary to continue the assessments for the identification of all the needs of the populations. In relation to the evolution of the overall security situation and the political situation of the country (pre-electoral period), a voluntary return of displaced persons to their homes could be envisaged after a minimum of three months. The proposed intervention aims at contributing to accelerate this process with the establishment of favourable conditions for this return.

Risk Assessment

Paoua is located 487 km from Bangui, the capital of the CAR. The road that connects this city is quite degraded. It is also a post-conflict zone where conflicting twists are possible. The ICRC is based in Bouar and conducts its daily activities (health, food, protection ...). In line with the post-conflict situation and possible re-ignition of pockets of insecurity which can be deadly for volunteers and staff, CARC is appealing for partners support to raise awareness on the culture of peace and social cohesion.

It will also be necessary to be careful with the proliferation of diseases with epidemic potential (cholera, monkey pox and EVD amongst others), as well as the insecurity of the implementing staff and volunteers. Cases of malaria and famine could erupt.

B. OPERATIONAL STRATEGY

Overall Operational objective

Contribute to the improvement of the living conditions of 295 households or 1,475 people affected by the floods in the city of Paoua, including its peripheral neighbourhoods.

Proposed Strategy

Shelter and household items:

- The overall 295 affected households will be supported for the repair of partially destroyed shelters or the construction of emergency shelters for destroyed houses. This will allow them to return and continue to live with dignity in their usual environment. Some 30 volunteers and 3 supervisors will receive 2 days training/refresher on shelter construction techniques and building back safer, as part of the technical support to be provided to targeted households.
- A shelter tool kit and tarpaulins (3 per households) will be provided to 199 households who completely lost their houses. This will be supplemented by other building material such as timber, slats, etc. As regards the supports to 96 households with partially destroyed homes, 2 tarpaulins will be provided for them as well as some equipment to support repairs.
- In addition, these 295 households (1,475 persons) identified as most vulnerable, will receive shelter relief support in the form of household items as follows: 590 tarpaulins (2 per family), 590 mosquito nets (2 per household) per family), 590 blankets (2 per family), 590 sleeping mats (2 mats per family), 295 kitchen kits (one kit per family), 295 Solar lamps (1 lamp per family).
- Relevant training will be conducted to ensure volunteers and their supervisors receive appropriate refresher/training for the activity. As such, 23 volunteers and 2 supervisors will be trained in distribution techniques for 1 day.

Health and care:

- Given the threats to healthy living caused by the standing water from floods, it is necessary to organize health promotion sessions and the distribution of impregnated mosquito nets (2 per household) to 295 households in the affected neighbourhoods, to protect them against malaria and many other activities aimed at improving their health status.
- Provision of PSS support to those who need it, in view of reducing stress levels resulting from the floods experience. A training of 12 volunteers and 3 supervisors for 4 days will be conducted to prepare volunteers to the delicate task ahead.
- With regards to health promotion, harmonized key messages with the health district team will be disseminated in public places (markets, churches, schools and other gathering places), and through local community radios. Door-to-door visits will be organized, and the main messages disseminated by the 20 trained volunteers (20 households X 20 volunteers X 4 weeks X 2 months) using picture boxes and leaflets. Posters will be placed at locations frequented by affected populations.

Water, Hygiene and Sanitation:

As indicated above, the presence of standing water, as well as contamination of water sources exposes affected population to WatSan risks. As such the below will be needed to ensure that targeted households have access to sanitation of their environment and clean water for drinking.

- Conduct WASH refresher/training for 20 volunteers for 3 days;
- Procurement and distribution of 295 buckets with lids (1 per family for water supply) 590 Jerrycans (2 per family) for the conservation of the water for the facilitation of access to drinking water and sanitation;
- Procurement and distribution of aqua tabs (2 aqua tabs per day x 295 families x 90 days)
- Procurement and distribution of 1,475 pieces of 250 g soap (5 pieces per family) for home use;
- Procurement and distribution of 295 hygiene kits (1 per family) for personal hygiene of the family;
- Procurement and distribution of 100 dignity kits for women in the targeted areas;
- Equipment for sanitation activities will be procured to support local branches and communities in ensuring that the rubbles and standing waters from the floods are evacuated;
- Some 50 handwashing kits will be procured and placed in strategic locations for the community to ensure proper handwashing. Demonstration sessions in this regard will be conducted by volunteers.
- Rehabilitate a total of ten (10) collective wells and 02 water sources and teach families how to make water drinkable. For collective wells, after cleaning and treatment of the well with chlorine, protective margins will be built. The two main existing and already developed water sources in the affected area will be rehabilitated. For individual wells, households will be accompanied by volunteers (trained on the Wash) during the cleaning and treatment of these wells. They will be trained on the maintenance of these wells and the water purification. They will receive chlorine tablets for treatment of water.
- Promoting good hygiene practices will be at the centre of volunteer activity.

Also, communication tools such as pamphlets, posters and picture boxes will be used for mass awareness and door-to-door sessions as well as for the training of volunteers. This training will also cover modules on distribution, sensitization on hygiene and environmental sanitation as well as planning and reporting in emergency situations.

The above activities will be carried out by the local committee under the coordination of the prefectural committee with the supervision of the department of disaster management at the national level. A national coordinator of the operation (preferably NDRT) will be based in Paoua with a supervisor from the local committee. All volunteers will be recruited locally. They will inform the people about the various risks of probable diseases.

CARC is committed to working with the affected community to help improve their living conditions and recovery. 01 RDRT WASH will provide technical support to the National Director Disaster Management for two months the implementation of the operation.

Joint supervision missions will be carried out by the IFRC and CARC technical teams. The operation team will participate in all coordination meetings and technical meetings at all levels of the pyramid. Items will be purchased at the national level. Some items may be purchased internationally in case of lack in the country. The delivery of equipment on the ground will be done by truck.

The CARC National DM will be in charge of supervising and monitoring, the orientation of teams in the field, the provision of collection and reporting tools and the production of the final report.

Weekly reporting will be done to the IFRC to better capitalize on the information collected.

Operational support services

Human resources

The Central African Red Cross will use for this DREF Floods in Paoua and its surroundings, 66 volunteers of the Local Committee of the Red Cross of Paoua; 02 NDRT; 05 National Staff Officers (A member of the Management Committee responsible for DREF supervision, the Program Coordinator in charge of the coordination of DREF, the national DM for technical implementation, a finance officer in charge of the financial part of DREF, a logistics manager responsible for all activities related to logistics); 02 volunteer drivers.

The IFRC Country Office in Bangui and the Cluster Office in Yaoundé will also contribute in this DREF by making available their staff according to the needs solicited by the SN or the RDRT that can be deployed.

Logistics and supply chain

Non-food items will be procured in close coordination with the support of the IFRC Head of Logistics of the Central Africa CCST in Yaoundé and the Bangui Country Office and transported to Bangui. Other items will be collected in the Yaoundé warehouse to be sent to Bangui. A warehouse for the circumstance will be in Bangui at CAR RC Headquarters to store these items and a secondary warehouse will be rented in the town of Paoua to help store quantities needed for urgent use. Replenishment of the Yaoundé stock will be carried out as soon as possible to avoid stock-outs.

A joint IFRC - CARC work group will be set up for item orders in Yaoundé and local purchases. The calls for tender will be prepared by the two logistics departments (CARC and IFRC). Similarly, the transportation and storage of items will be organized jointly.

The NS Logistics Manager will coordinate the Bangui warehouse while the NDRTs will be responsible for managing the Paoua warehouse for the distribution of items to the distribution sites. Some items will be purchased in the local market in Bangui by the FICR Country Office or SN depending on the case.

All logistics activities will follow IFRC procedures and will be conducted in a transparent and cost-effective manner and in perfect collaboration. For the management of the operation, including financial management, a Memorandum of Understanding will be signed between the IFRC Representation in Bangui and the Central African Red Cross. All aspects related to the management will be in accordance with the provisions of this MOU. An RDRT will be deployed for one month by the IFRC to support the National Society's team in managing the operation. On the ground, he will provide close support to the NDRTs and other members of the CARC team who will be deployed.

Communications

The National Society with the support of the IFRC intends to use the local media (radio, television, press ...) to inform the general public of the activities of the Red Cross in the contribution of the latter to the improvement of living conditions flood victims in Paoua.

Security

Considering the volatile security situation, and to reduce the risk of RCRC personnel falling victim to crime or violence, active risk mitigation measures must be adopted. This includes situation monitoring and implementation of minimum security standards. All RCRC personnel actively involved in the operations must have completed the respective IFRC security e-learning courses (i.e. Stay Safe Personal Security, Security Management, or Volunteer Security) or at least should be briefed by the Security Delegate before departure in the field. Road travel also presents a considerable safety hazard, which ought to be addressed appropriately. Contingency plans must be in place to manage emergencies sufficiently.

Planning, monitoring, evaluation, & reporting (PMER)

Planning will be done with SMART indicators and a detailed activity chart. To this end, there are briefings organized with SN managers, the organization of training sessions, the distribution of activities concerning distribution, sensitization, building shelters, hygiene promotion, activity reporting, and the final report. The two (02) NDRT members will be responsible for accompanying the volunteers on the ground, to follow up and improve their action. They will also be responsible for reporting activities to the DM National. The CRCA National DM will be in charge of supervising and monitoring, the orientation of teams in the field, the provision of collection and reporting tools and the production of the final report. Weekly reporting will be done to the IFRC to better capitalize on the information collected.

C. DETAILED OPERATIONAL PLAN



Shelter

Targeted people: 1,475
 Men: 347
 Women: 356
 Children: 772
Requirements (CHF): 70,063

Population to be supported: 1,475 people who have left their homes will be supported through the repair of partially destroyed homes or the construction of temporary shelters for households that have had their homes destroyed. The 295 households, or 1,475 people who lost everything will be assisted by giving them the necessary items to resume their normal lives.

Program Standards / Benchmarks: Mono-Sloped Shelters of 4m30 by 4m00 with tarpaulins will be built for households with houses destroyed. However, working sessions with the community concerned will help to retain a suitable model. For homes to be repaired, support will be limited to the provision of tarpaulins. Essential items (kitchen kits, hygiene kits, sleeping materials, etc.) in accordance with Sphere standards.

P&B Output Code	Shelter Outcome 1: Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas restore and strengthen their safety, well-being and longer term recovery through shelter and settlement solutions	Number of households reached with Shelter support (Target: 295)																		
	Shelter Output 1.1: Short, medium and long-term shelter and settlement assistance is provided to affected households	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Number of volunteers involved (Target: 30 volunteers) - Number of emergency shelters built (Target: 199) - Number of shelters repaired: (Target: 96) - Number of households supported with distribution of household items (Target: 295) 																		
	Activities planned week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9										
AP005	Assessment of shelter needs, capacities and deficiencies																			
AP005	Household identification and beneficiary verification in different target groups - inclusion factors take into account gender, diversity and disability in the intervention																			

AP005	Identification of appropriate support arrangements for each selected household																		
AP005	Identification of how communities participate in the design and implementation of programs																		
AP005	Coordination with other relevant sectors for integrated programming																		
AP005	Coordination with the government and other stakeholders																		
AP005	Local market analysis to identify the availability of materials needed for shelter construction																		
AP005	Construction of 199 temporary shelters (building material kits, tool kit, protective equipment, labour)																		
	Accompanying 94 households for the repair of partially destroyed shelters (supply of tarpaulins, tools and materials, labour)																		
AP005	Monitoring the use of shelters and household items																		
AP005	Purchase items (blankets, kitchen sets, mats, jerricans, mosquito nets, etc.), including materials for distribution																		
AP005	Transport of items from the Yaoundé warehouse in Bangui and on sites																		
AP005	Training of 20 volunteers on the distribution of NFIs																		
AP005	Distribution of NFIs (blankets, kitchen kits, mats, buckets, jerry cans, mosquito nets, etc.) for the benefit of 295 households																		
AP005	Performing an evaluation after the distribution																		
AP005	Evaluation of support provided for shelter																		
P&B Output code	Shelter Output 1.2: Technical support, guidance and awareness raising in safe shelter design and settlement planning and improved building techniques are provided to affected households	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Number of shelter related trainings conducted (Target: 2 including shelter construction and household item distribution) - Number of households receiving support (295) 																	
	Activities planned week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		
AP006	Providing technical support, guidance for safer reconstruction, and outreach activities																		
AP006	Identification and training of 30 volunteers (6 teams of 5 volunteers) for shelter construction																		

AP006	Development of appropriate training materials for sensitization / volunteer training for shelters																			
AP006	Awareness // volunteer training for shelters																			
AP006	Identification, evaluation and analysis of appropriate and safe local construction techniques / practices																			
AP006	Development of technical guidance, training and appropriate messages (in relation to the type of support provided)																			
AP006	Sensitization / training of local builders on safe local construction techniques																			
AP006	Development and provision of appropriate technical support modalities and support materials for the transfer of knowledge to beneficiaries																			
AP006	Follow-up of the adoption of the technical guidelines																			
AP006	Evaluation of the adoption of the technical guidelines																			



Health and care

Targeted People: 1,475

Men: 347

Women: 356

Children: 772

Requirements (CHF): 7,178

People to be assisted: All households targeted by CAR RC intervention will be affected regularly by health education sessions and will benefit from insecticide-treated nets to protect them against malaria. This is the entire population of the districts affected by the flood that is 5,600 people (out of a total population of 23,000 inhabitants, or 24%). Special emphasis will be placed on pregnant women and families with children under 5 years of age. These households will also benefit from psychosocial support sessions that will be organized by previously trained volunteers.

Programme standards/benchmarks: CARC volunteers will carry out all these activities in accordance with international standards (WHO) within the limits of their mandate.

P&B Output Code	Health Outcome 1: The immediate risks to the health of affected populations are reduced	Number of households having received health support (Target: 295)
	Health Output 1.1: The health situation and immediate risks are assessed using agreed guidelines	- Number of households having received mosquito nets (Target: 295)

	Activities planned Week	- Proportion of households served who have properly installed mosquito nets (Target: 100%)															
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP011	Distribution of impregnated mosquito nets for the benefit of the targeted 295 households																
AP011	To accompany the beneficiaries in the hanging of mosquito nets																
AP011	Purchase and staffing of operational teams of volunteers in first aid kit.																
AP011	Train 20 CAR RC volunteers to raise awareness of key public health issues																
AP011	Carry out health education sessions on the main diseases (malaria, epidemics, etc.) in neighbourhoods affected by floods																
P&B Output Code	Health Output 1.5: Psychosocial support provided to the target population	Minimum percentage of people reached with PSS (Target: 75% or 1,106 people)															
	Activities planned Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP023	Train 12 volunteers in psychosocial support (PSS)																
AP023	Organize PSS sessions and care to 100% of affected people presenting psychological problems (12 vol.x3 daysx4weeksx2months)																
AP023	Organize psychologic debriefing sessions for displaced people in flood-affected neighbourhoods.																



Water, sanitation and hygiene

Targeted population: 5,600

Men: 2,600

Women: 3,200

Requirements (CHF): 27,106

Population to be assisted: The entire population of neighbourhoods affected by the floods will be affected (5,600 people). It will benefit from the training that will be provided to households for water purification and good hygiene practices, as well as through sensitization.

MDRCF025 – CAR Floods in Paoua - EPoA

Program Standards / Benchmarks: Indicate program standards or benchmarks, for example Sphere activities that the program intends to achieve.

P&B Product code	WASH Outcome1: Immediate reduction in risk of waterborne and water related diseases in targeted communities	Number of households with improved access to safe and clean water as per sphere standard (Target: 295)															
	WASH Output 1.1: Continuous assessment of water, sanitation, and hygiene situation is carried out in targeted communities	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Activities planned Weeks																
AP026	Train 20 volunteers of the Central African Red Cross on water, sanitation and hygiene																
AP027	Procure and distribute Aquatabs for the benefit of all 295 households directly affected by the floods																
AP027	Train the 295 affected households on water purification																
AP029	Procurement and distribution of 295 buckets with lids (1 per family for water supply) 590 Jerrycans (2 per family) for the conservation of the water for the facilitation of access to drinking water and sanitation;																
	WASH Outcome 2: Sustainable reduction in risk of waterborne and water related diseases in targeted communities in the recovery phase	Number of people reached with hygiene promotion activities (Target: 5,600 people)															
	WASH Output 2.4: Hygiene promotion activities are provided to the entire affected population.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Number of households provided with hygiene kits (Target: 295) - Number of women provided with dignity kits (Target: 100) - Number of schools targeted with hygiene promotion and sanitation (Target: 4) - Number of handwashing kits provided to affected communities (Target: 50) - Number of water access points rehabilitated (Target: 10 wells and 2 water points) 															
	Activities planned Weeks	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP029	Procurement and distribution of 1,475 pieces of 250 g soap (5 pieces per family) for home use;																

AP029	Procurement and distribution of 295 hygiene kits (1 per family) for personal hygiene of the family;																		
AP029	Procurement and distribution of 100 dignity kits for women in the targeted areas;																		
AP029	Ensure that the 295 households and 4 schools in the affected neighbourhoods have clean and well-maintained toilets																		
AP029	Organize hygiene promotion and sanitation sessions in all affected neighbourhoods																		
AP029	Procure and place 50 handwashing kits in strategic locations for the community to ensure proper handwashing.																		
AP029	Rehabilitate 10 collective wells and 2 water sources																		
AP029	Promote good hygiene practices through volunteers																		

Strategies for Implementation

Requirements (CHF): 37,521

P&B Output Code	Outcome S2.1: Effective and coordinated international disaster response is ensured	Percentage ratio of people directly supported versus those affected (Target: 26% vs 74% or 1,475 out of 5,600 people)																	
	Output S2.1.1: Effective response preparedness and NS surge capacity mechanism is maintained	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Number of monitoring visits conducted (Target: 3) - Number of lessons learnt workshop conducted (Target: 1) 																	
	Activities planned Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		
AP042	Subscribe for insurance for 66 volunteers involved in the operation																		
AP046	Deploy 1 WASH RDRT for 2 months																		
AP049	Organize a joint monitoring visits (1 mission X 3 months)																		
AP063	Organize a final end-term evaluation																		
AP058	Conduct a lesson's learnt workshop																		

D. Budget

The required budget for this DREF operation is CHF 141,867 as detailed in attached budget.

Contact information

Reference documents



Click here for:

- Operation Update
- Emergency Plan of Action (EPoA)

For further information, specifically related to this operation please contact:

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How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the **Code of Conduct** for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO's) in Disaster Relief and the **Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere)** in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities by National Societies, with a view to preventing and alleviating human suffering, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

DREF OPERATION

MDRCF025 - CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC - INONDATIONS PAOUA

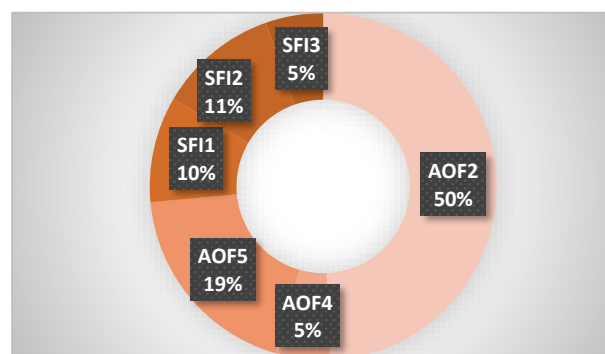
02/09/2019

Budget by Resource

Budget Group	Budget
Shelter - Relief	38,110
Clothing & Textiles	11,361
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	14,173
Medical & First Aid	542
Teaching Materials	3,237
Utensils & Tools	13,075
Relief items, Construction, Supplies	80,498
Storage	1,743
Distribution & Monitoring	10,790
Transport & Vehicles Costs	7,702
Logistics, Transport & Storage	20,235
International Staff	7,968
National Society Staff	2,822
Volunteers	736
Personnel	11,526
Workshops & Training	6,324
Workshops & Training	6,324
Travel	5,810
Information & Public Relations	1,710
Communications	2,789
Financial Charges	996
General Expenditure	11,305
DIRECT COSTS	133,209
INDIRECT COSTS	8,659
TOTAL BUDGET	141,867

Budget by Area of Intervention

AOF2 Shelter	70,063
AOF4 Health	7,178
AOF5 Water, Sanitation and Hygiene	27,106
SFI1 Strengthen National Societies	13,973
SFI2 Effective International Disaster Management	15,946
SFI3 Influence others as leading strategic partners	7,602
TOTAL	141,867





Central African Republic, Floods Disaster Relief Emergency Fund

