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Emergency Plan of Action Operation Update Philippines: Typhoon Mangkhut

 International Federation
of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

Emergency appeal n° MDRPH029	GLIDE n° TC-2018-000149-PHL
EPoA Operation 12-month update Date of issue: 5 November 2019	Timeframe covered by this update: 18 September 2018 to 18 September 2019
Operation start date: 18 September 2018	Operation timeframe: 15 months and ends on 31 December 2019 (extended from 18 December 2019)
Overall appeal budget: CHF 2,930,717 (Donor Response)	DREF amount allocated: CHF 400,000
N° of people being assisted: 79,325	
Red Cross Red Crescent Movement partners currently actively involved in the operation: The Philippine Red Cross (PRC) is working with the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) in this operation. PRC received bilateral support for this operation from four in-country PNSs (German Red Cross, Korean Red Cross, Spanish Red Cross and Qatar Red Crescent) and from International Committee of Red Cross (ICRC).	
Other partner organizations actively involved in the operation: Government ministries and agencies including the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC), Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), Department of Agriculture, Department of Trade and Industry the Philippine Atmospheric, Geophysical and Astronomical Services Administration (PAGASA), the Philippine Armed Forces, the Philippine National Police Force and Local Government Units are providing assistance to affected population. Inter-Agency Standing Committee (IASC) clusters have been activated in support of the Government. UN OCHA supported the coordination among the humanitarian sectors.	

Summary of major revisions made to emergency plan of action:

This 12-month Update informs on the implementation progress over the 12 months since this Emergency Appeal was launched on 18 September 2019; and formalizing the published revision of the EPoA. The [Revised EPoA](#) captures changes related to geographical targeting, as well as the number of households and people being supported in each sector following the completion of the detailed needs assessment.

12 September 2018: Typhoon Mangkhut (locally known as Ompong) enters the Philippine Areas of Responsibility (PAR).

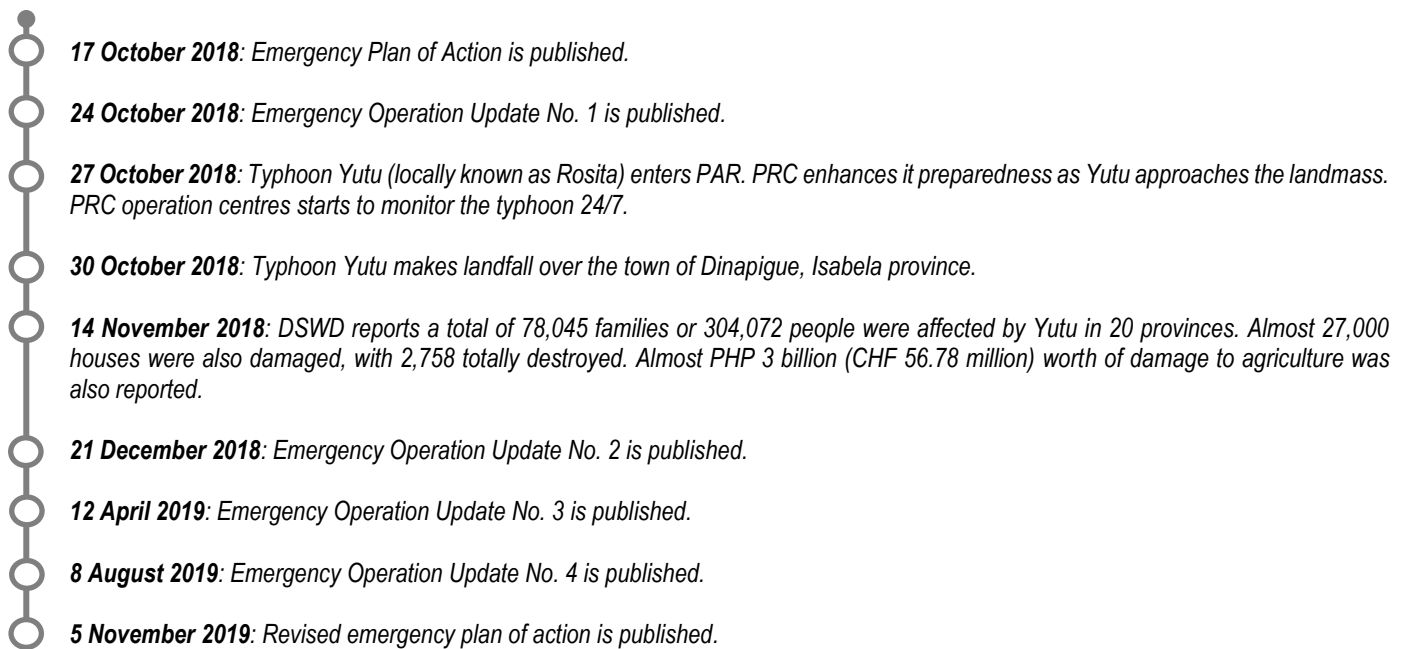
13 September 2018: PRC enhances its preparedness measures for approaching Typhoon Mangkhut, and dispatches non-food items for 2,000 families from its Subic warehouse to Nueva Vizcaya. IFRC allocates 83,017 Swiss francs (CHF) from its Disaster Relief Emergency Fund (DREF) to support the National Society's readiness measures.

15 September 2018: Typhoon Mangkhut makes landfall in Baggao, Cagayan, with strong winds destroying houses and flattening farms, and heavy rains which prompted floods and landslides.

18 September 2018: IFRC launches an Emergency Appeal for CHF 2.7 million, including a DREF start-up loan of CHF 400,000, to support PRC in meeting the humanitarian needs of 100,000 people.



One year on, Philippine Red Cross were able to support some of the most vulnerable families affected by Typhoon Mangkhut with shelter, water, sanitation, livelihoods, health and DRR. (Photo: PRC)

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- 17 October 2018:** Emergency Plan of Action is published.
 - 24 October 2018:** Emergency Operation Update No. 1 is published.
 - 27 October 2018:** Typhoon Yutu (locally known as Rosita) enters PAR. PRC enhances its preparedness as Yutu approaches the landmass. PRC operation centres start to monitor the typhoon 24/7.
 - 30 October 2018:** Typhoon Yutu makes landfall over the town of Dinapigue, Isabela province.
 - 14 November 2018:** DSWD reports a total of 78,045 families or 304,072 people were affected by Yutu in 20 provinces. Almost 27,000 houses were also damaged, with 2,758 totally destroyed. Almost PHP 3 billion (CHF 56.78 million) worth of damage to agriculture was also reported.
 - 21 December 2018:** Emergency Operation Update No. 2 is published.
 - 12 April 2019:** Emergency Operation Update No. 3 is published.
 - 8 August 2019:** Emergency Operation Update No. 4 is published.
 - 5 November 2019:** Revised emergency plan of action is published.

C. SITUATION ANALYSIS

Description of the disaster

Typhoon Mangkhut made landfall in Baggao, Cagayan province at 1:40am of 15 September as a Category 4 typhoon, making it the strongest storm to make landfall in the Philippines in 2018, carrying a gustiness of up to 255 km/h with maximum sustained winds of 205km/h near the centre. Typhoon Mangkhut exited the Philippine Area of Responsibility (PAR) on the morning of 16 September 2018. The area's most severely impacted by Typhoon Mangkhut were Regions I, II, III and CAR in northern and central Luzon.

The Typhoon affected a total of 931,892 families or 3,816,989 persons from 6,504 barangays, 491 cities/municipalities, and 31 provinces in Regions NCR, I, II, III, CALABARZON, MIMAROPA, and CAR according to the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD)'s [DROMIC report on 6 November](#). Typhoon Mangkhut had displaced 1,570,804 people or 398,640 families on its onset. This led for people to stay in evacuation centres or with host families or similar.

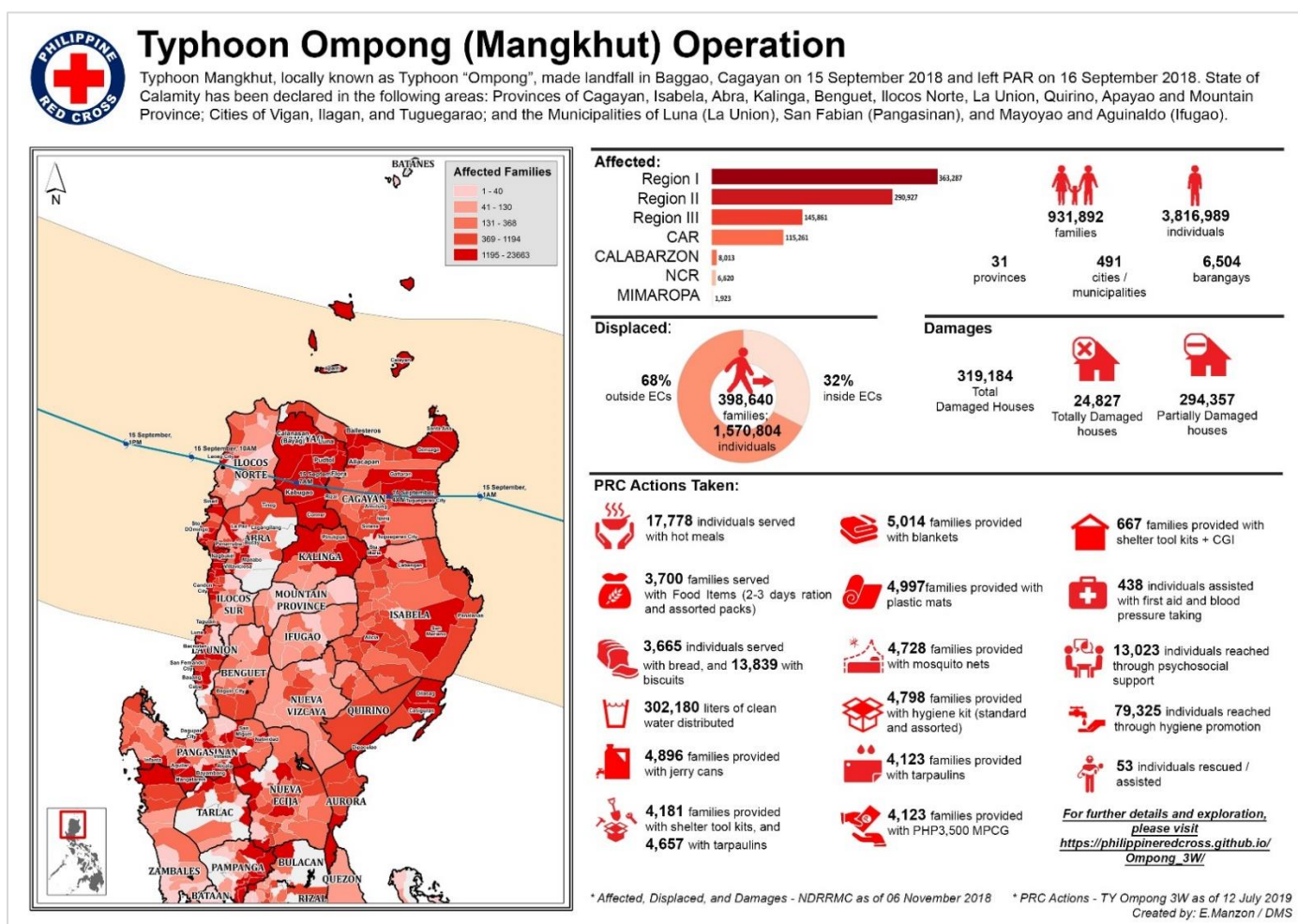
Subsequently, Typhoon Yutu made landfall over Dinapigue, Isabela province (directly south of Cagayan) on 30 October as a Category 2 typhoon. Yutu affected more than 567,000 people (more than 136,000 families) in 1,921 barangays in almost 200 municipalities across five regions ([DROMIC 18 November](#)). 66,165 houses were damaged, of which 6,603 were totally destroyed. More than 90 per cent of the damaged houses were in Isabela. Damage to agriculture is estimated at PHP 2.9 billion (CHF 55 million), of which almost 60 per cent were also reported in Isabela.

Summary of current response

Overview of Host National Society

PRC monitored the typhoon through its Operations Centre, which functions 24/7. As soon as the typhoon entered the Philippine area of responsibility, PRC put its chapters directly in the path of the typhoon on alert and escalated preparations at the chapter and National HQ levels, started to deploy ERU's, rapid assessment teams, assets, equipment and personnel to the likely affected areas. PRC NHQ and the IFRC country office were also mobilized to prepare to respond.

Map of affected areas and PRC accomplishments



Overview of Red Cross Red Crescent Movement in country

PRC is leading the overall response operation. The PRC works with the IFRC, the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) and 7 Partner National Societies in-country – American Red Cross, Canadian Red Cross, Finnish Red Cross, German Red Cross, Japanese Red Cross Society, The Netherlands Red Cross and Spanish Red Cross.

Movement Coordination

The IFRC country office is supporting PRC in disseminating updates to Movement partners with in-country presence and coordinating with the Asia Pacific Regional Office (APRO) in Kuala Lumpur in accordance with the IFRC Secretariat's Emergency Response Framework. IFRC country office is also coordinating with PNSs and remains in close contact with ICRC on any security-related considerations.

Overview of non-RCRC actors in country

Coordinating with the authorities

As auxiliary to the public authorities, PRC maintains a strong relationship with government bodies through participation or collaboration with (i) the NDRRMC; (ii) the provincial, municipal and barangay (community) disaster risk reduction and management councils; and (iii) the local government units defined in the Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Act 2010. PRC participates in NDRRMC meetings and coordinates with the DSWD and Department of Health.

PRC attended the PDRA meetings convened by the NDRRMC on 10 and 13 September, which were also attended by government agencies, cluster lead agencies, and other partners. The NDRRMC was put on Red Alert on 11 September. PAGASA and NDRRMC provided updates including on preparedness measures, stocks of NFIs and other resources; weather forecasts/advisories and gale warnings to regional counterparts and other agencies through formal updates.

Inter-agency coordination

At country level, PRC and IFRC are observers to, and participate in, meetings of the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) held both during disasters and non-emergency times. PRC and IFRC are involved in relevant government-led cluster information sharing, planning, and analysis at all levels while IFRC supports PRC coordination efforts through representation in other relevant clusters as required.

IFRC is co-leader of the Shelter Cluster with government lead agency Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD). The IFRC coordination focal point in country is coordinating with OCHA and sector partners to provide strategic and technical guidance for the response based on participation to inter-cluster coordination meetings, inter-agency rapid needs assessments in the affected areas and sectoral strategic framework development.

The IFRC, as Global Shelter Cluster lead agency for natural disasters, deployed a shelter cluster coordinator to further co-lead with DSWD on sector coordination tasks for two months. In addition to supporting shelter sector coordination and ensuring appropriate information for operations and decision making, the surge coordinator assisted in the revision of the shelter response strategy, the coordination of technical standards, the implementation of appropriate immediate shelter interventions and assist in the planning for gaps in the shelter and settlements sector as required and requested by the government.

Needs analysis and scenario planning

Needs analysis

For this section, kindly refer to the [Revised EPoA](#).

Targeting and scenario planning

For this section, kindly refer to the [Revised EPoA](#).

During the time frame of the appeal PRC has responded to other disasters, which included support from IFRC – Tropical Storm Usman (MDRPH030), Tropical Storm Amang (MDRPH031), Measles Outbreaks (MDRPH032), Dengue Outbreak (MDRPH033) and Batanes Earthquake (MDRPH034).

B. OPERATIONAL STRATEGY

Proposed strategy

Overall operational objective:

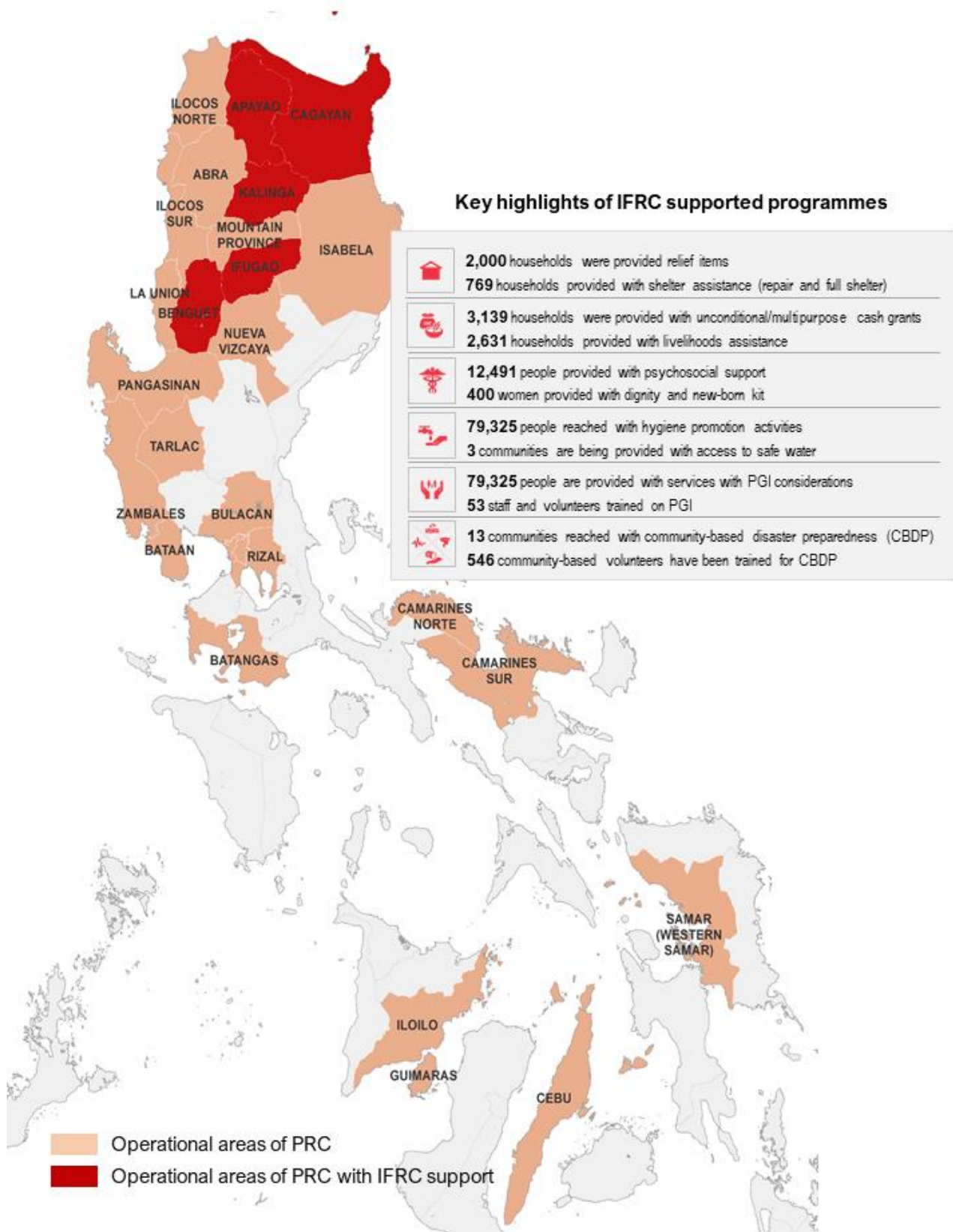
This operation aims to support the needs of over 100,000 people in the most vulnerable communities affected by Typhoon Mangkhut for 15 months. This will deliver an accountable operation that meets the needs of the affected population which includes timely and effective emergency relief alongside early recovery and recovery interventions to support the safety, dignity and resilience of affected communities.

Geographical targeting based on the current consolidation of data from Typhoon Mangkhut operation assessments is described in detail in the MDRPH029 [Revised EPoA](#). Focus of the recovery operations is in Cagayan, Apayao, Ifugao and Kalinga provinces. The main office is in Tuguegarao Chapter in Cagayan province. A full recovery team has been mobilized and is augmented by NHQ staff as required and supported from the IFRC County Office. There has been a revision of the number of households and people being supported in each sector. The revised EPoA also extends the timeframe of the Emergency Appeal until 31 December 2019 to allow for improved pledge management, financial closure and reporting.

Exit planning is now underway. PRC have held a workshop among implementing chapters to have a final update on the progress of the recovery operation and discuss the chapter exit strategies. As part of the exit and transition some of the DRR related activities will be carried over into the Operational Plan for 2020.

C. DETAILED OPERATIONAL PLAN

Figure below is the key highlight of IFRC supported programmes in the Philippines with regards to the Typhoon Mangkhut operation.





Shelter

People reached: 11,695

Male: 5,848

Female: 5,847

Outcome 1: Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas restore and strengthen their safety, well-being and longer-term recovery through shelter and settlement solutions

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of households reached with safe and adequate shelter and settlement	2,817 ¹	2,339

Output 1.1: Short, medium and long-term shelter and settlement assistance is provided to affected households

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of households provided with emergency shelter and settlement assistance	2,000	2,000
# of households provided with household non-food items ²	2,000	2,000
# of households provided with shelter repair assistance	567 ³	567
# of households provided with full shelter assistance	250	216 (ongoing)

Progress towards outcomes

One year on, through the emergency appeal, PRC was able to:

- provide 2,000 households with non-food items (including blankets and sleeping mats, jerry cans, mosquito nets and hygiene kits)
- provide 567 households with shelter repair support whose shelter were damaged will be provided with 10 pieces of roofing sheets to support them in undertaking repairs.
- 244 households are being supported with full shelter assistance, 216 completed and 28 on going (including 49 latrines on going, septic tanks and simplified hygiene promotion). All plan to be completed by end of November.

Also see [Emergency Operation Update No. 4](#)



Elizabeth was living with her husband and mother when Typhoon Mangkhut hit and damaged their home. Her mother was visually impaired and required their care and assistance. Unfortunately, she passed away in the months that followed. This left Elizabeth in an exceptionally hard situation since she had no financial means to provide for her mother's funeral. At the time, their household was receiving shelter support from the Red Cross, however, they were aware that this money could only be applied for the shelter construction. Nevertheless, Elizabeth was out of options, so she decided to use part of the money for the dignified burial her mother deserved.

When the Red Cross visited the community to assess their compliance with the criteria, this case was brought to light. Elizabeth and her husband remained eager to finish their house and had already bought part of the materials, however, they were fearful they would be ruled out. The community was consulted, and everyone understood and respected their choice. As a result, the family continued within the shelter program and most importantly, Elizabeth got the help she needed. (**Photo: PRC**)

¹ Target revised from 3,000 to 2,817 households based on needs assessment.

² This is a new indicator identified to align with needs assessments.

³ Target revised 817 was divided into 567 shelter repair assistance and 250 full shelter assistance.



Some before and after photos of the shelter. (Photo: PRC/IFRC)

Shelter Output 1.2: Technical support, guidance and awareness raising in safe shelter design and settlement planning and improved building techniques are provided to affected households

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of households provided with technical support and guidance, appropriate to the type of support they receive	2,817 ⁴	2,339
# of carpenters provided with technical support and guidance, appropriate to the type of support they receive	100	102
# of volunteers provided with technical support and guidance, appropriate to the type of support they receive	20	28

Progress towards outcomes

Information, Education and Communication (IEC) materials describing the build back safer messages such as flip charts, booklets, and banners continue to be distributed. There are 28 shelter volunteers and chapter staff who have been mobilized and trained on the build back safer techniques.

Carpenters underwent a screening process with the project engineer and chapter representatives assessed their skills based on their knowledge, experience and rapport in the community. The carpenters selected for the project have been trained by the project engineer on the build back safer techniques. A total of 104 carpenters are currently working on the project.

Members of the Barangay Recovery Committees (BaReComs⁵) continue to provide on-site monitoring in their respective barangays. PRC and IFRC technical staff also continue its monitoring for the ongoing shelter construction, for continuous technical support on the enforcement of build back safe techniques. On-site, they would also receive feedbacks and concerns related to the construction.



As part of the DRR program PRC also conducted a Participatory Approach to Safer Shelter Awareness (PASSA) Training for Facilitators from 14 to 18 October 2019 in Cagayan with 24 participants. (Photo: PRC/IFRC)

Also see [Emergency Operation Update No. 4](#).



Livelihoods and basic needs

People reached: 20,150

Male: 10,075

Female: 10,075

Outcome 1: Communities, especially in disaster and crisis affected areas, restore and strengthen their livelihoods

⁴ Target revised from 3,000 to 2,817 households based on needs assessment.

⁵ Details about the BaReCom is in SFI2 Output 2.1.3.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of targeted households that have enough cash to meet their survival threshold	5,887	4,030
Output 1.3: Household livelihoods security is enhanced through food production and income generating activities		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of households whose livelihoods are restored to pre-disaster level – household livelihoods assistance	2,500	2,433
# of households whose livelihoods are restored to pre-disaster level for agriculture – household agricultural assistance ⁶	212	198
# of targeted communities that improve their net income through skill building, improved assets, job creation, etc - community managed livelihoods projects – at least 175 direct households.	7	6 (ongoing)
# of households that received seeds	2,712	2,900

Progress towards outcomes

One year on, through the emergency appeal, PRC was able to:

- Provide 2,433 households with household livelihoods assistance (HLA).
- Provide 198 households with household agricultural assistance (HAA).
- Provide 2,900 households with vegetables seeds.

Also see [Emergency Operation Update No. 4](#)

Barangay Recovery Committee volunteer for household livelihoods assistance (HLA):

Jesus is one of the many farmers from the Alcala municipality who is receiving HLA from the Red Cross. Being a farmer, Jesus has experienced the effects typhoons and climate change first-hand. The long-term changes in weather patterns, including more intense and frequent extreme weather events and rain, have outdated his community's crop calendars. As a coping mechanism, Jesus explains that most farmers now plant earlier in order to avoid exposure to high-rainfall events. However, if harvest happens too soon, produce quality can be compromised leading to lower selling prices.

Typhoon Mangkhut occurred during the harvest season of September to October, leading to widespread crop losses and financial hardship for many farmers. Faced with this challenging scenario, Jesus decided to "fight for the most vulnerable" as a Barangay Recovery Committee volunteer member involved in the HLA project. His role was fundamental to ensure that information on the project was understood by the community, and that their concerns were conveyed to the Red Cross. Jesus believes that the assistance provided can increase the community's resilience to climate change, people can now diversify their sources of livelihood or invest in quality products that improve their farming practices. (Photo: PRC)



Beneficiary of household agricultural assistance (HAA):

Calixto has been a rice farmer for over 20 years. His source of livelihood has made him well aware of the long-term changes in weather patterns and devastating effects of climate change. Typhoon Mangkhut damaged one-fourth of his small-scale farm. However, through the HAA, Calixto received PHP 15,000 and bought the necessary products to resume his activities. This assistance helped him avoid the high-interest informal credit schemes, that many of his neighbors are resorting to.

He owns 0.5 hectares of farmland. One-fourth of his farmland was damaged by Typhoon Mangkhut. Fortunately, he was still able to harvest half of his produce. However, he still did not see any profit from it because rice is a very cheap commodity when sold directly. He received 15 thousand pesos from Household Agricultural Assistance of the Red Cross. He invested the money in farm inputs (fertilizer, insecticide, etc.)

When asked to compare present farming practices with past practices: "Before, farming was hard, agriculture was rainfed and we did not have many tools. Now, farming is easier, we have irrigations systems, but typhoons are more frequent and intense." (Photo: PRC)



Community-managed livelihoods programme:

The livelihood support of PRC continued beyond household level by supporting communities with CMLP which aims to enhance their existing livelihood activities and assets. The CMLP approach is that an association will be set up within the community to manage and implement their own livelihoods activities. The selected communities submit proposals to PRC stipulating the details of their proposed project. PRC provide technical support in drafting the proposal, ensuring that communities also seek counterpart support from different stakeholders. The funding support

⁶ This is a new activity to support agriculture based on the needs found in the assessment.

of the proposal will be through cash transfer programming thus communities through their community-based organization will open bank account to receive the cash grants.

Also, in complimentary to the grants provided, the associations will be provided with technical training such as financial literacy training and organizational development to ensure that while the group is working to address issues around livelihoods, the management capacity of the association is being enhanced as well. The chosen community-based organization will assume responsibility and is involved in project planning, resource mobilization, implementation, monitoring and evaluation within the specific period and using a fixed amount of resources.

The selection is based on need's assessments and performance of the communities during the implementation of the Household Livelihood Assistance. Barangay Recovery Committees and Barangay Officials actively participate in meetings and monitoring. PRC also assess the community if it has the capacity to implement the project.

"Community Fully Managed" modality will be used to support Community Based Organization (CBO) to implement approved proposal. The CBO will be fully responsible on the management of physical and financial resources. This would mean that PRC will be responsible for monitoring of the utilization of funds and monitoring of the project objective.

PRC identified six communities with potential to implement CMLP as follows:

Province of Cagayan – identified two communities:

- Barangay Naddungan – proposed for Tourism Development which will help the community to generate additional income for the members of association and provide livelihood opportunities for the members of the community. The community-based organization is accredited with Department of Labour and Employment (DOLE) and has now 25 active members and open for new members.
- Barangay Awalan – proposed for a Farm Inputs and Livestock Supply store. This will support small farmers to have access to farm inputs on a loan basis with a very low interest and payable after cropping. The community-based organization is accredited with DOLE and with 25 active members and open for new members.

Province of Ifugao identified two communities:

- Barangay Uhaj proposed for Handicraft Production such as Knitting, Weaving, Crochet and wood Carvings. This will provide livelihood opportunities for the members of communities who are now dependent on farming only. Community based organization has 25 active members and is open for new members.
- Barangay Anaba proposed for Multipurpose Agricultural Supply that will support small farmers to access farm inputs on a loan basis with a very low interest payable after cropping. The community-based organization has 25 active members.

Province of Kalinga identified 1 community:

- Barangay Guinaang – proposed for Rice Supply Store that will help poor families to access to rice whole year round on a loan basis with a very low interest. This barangay is in geographically isolated displaced area where access to market is difficult. The community-based organization has 48 members.

Province of Mt. Province identified one community:

- Proposed for Tourism Development that will support local communities for a diverse livelihood opportunity for additional income. The community-based organization has 33 active members.

To promote sustainability monitoring of the DRR projects will continue into 2020 as part of the Operations Plan.

Output 1.4: Community awareness activities on livelihoods strengthening and protection are carried out with target communities and public actors.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of households reached with awareness activities and education on sustainable livelihoods through HLA	2,500	2,433
# of households reached with awareness activities and education on sustainable livelihoods through HAA	212	198
# of households reached with awareness activities and education on sustainable livelihoods through CMLP	175	(ongoing)

Progress towards outcomes

The HAA and HLA support were being complemented with livelihoods trainings. This is to encourage diversification of livelihoods option while they are still recovering from their main source of income. Those association which will be supported with CMLP will also be provided with technical trainings.

Training support for household livelihoods assistance (HLA): Jennibelle is a 41-year-old mother of five children. Her household and livelihood were strongly affected by Typhoon Mangkhut. Her house was damaged and the rice fields where she worked were destroyed by a landslide. Repairs on the rice field are underway, but Jennibelle cannot go back to work until the water irrigation system is fully operational. To find a way around this hardship, Jennibelle learnt a new craft and is now helping her husband with woodcarving. While he does the carvings, she applies the finishing touches and, together, they sell them in trade fairs. However, despite their hard work, the earnings are still not enough to provide for their children. Therefore, Jennibelle will use the Household and Livelihood Assistance to buy much-needed materials for woodcarving, in the hope that it will allow them to develop their business further. Having participated in a livelihood management training, offered by the Local Government in partnership with the Red Cross, Jennibelle feels more prepared to apply good business practices into her everyday work. (Photo: PRC)



Output 1.5: Households are provided with unconditional/multipurpose cash grants to address their basic needs

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# households provided with multipurpose cash grants to address their basic needs	3,000	3,139 ⁷

Progress towards outcomes

Completed during emergency phase. See [Operations Update 1](#).



Health

People reached: 20,882

Male: 10,450

Female: 10,284

Outcome 1: The immediate risks to the health of affected populations are reduced

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people reached through NS emergency health management programmes	43,000	20,882 ⁸

Output 1.1: The health situation and immediate risks are assessed using agreed guidelines

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of health assessments carried (part of RDANA)	7	7

Progress towards outcomes

Completed during emergency phase. See [Operations Update 1](#).

Output 1.2: Target population is provided with rapid medical management of injuries and diseases

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people provided with first aid	750	438
# of volunteers mobilized to support immediate health related activities	300	276
# of people trained in first aid	350	224
# of staff and volunteers trained as first aid instructors	30	30
# of households provided with first aid kits	500	550

Progress towards outcomes

Also see [Emergency Operation Update No. 4](#)

Recovery phase: Ten chapters are being capacitated by PRC Safety Services Unit by conducting Standard First Aid and Basic Life Support (SFAT and BLS) services. A regional instructor training course (ITC) on (SFAT and BLS) was conducted in Baguio City on 16 – 17 June, with 30 participants from these 10 chapters. It aimed to develop a

⁷ Figure reflected has reduced from the last operations update following PRC's validation.

⁸ 8,325 for the mosquito nets; 13 for first aid; 12,491 psychosocial support; 53 search and rescue.

pool of instructors that can provide regular first aid trainings. This will enhance the skillset and knowledge of chapter staff and volunteers, in order to provide effective and quality life-saving services in the communities. It will also help the chapter in increasing their funding resources,

Breakdown of trained participants and first aid kits provided in 10 chapters

Chapter	No. of trained FA instructors	No. of first aid kits	
		FA Kit (household)	Jump Kit (Chapter)
Abra	3	50	10
Apayao	3	50	10
Baguio	3	50	10
Benguet	3	50	10
Cagayan Valley	3	50	10
Kalinga	3	50	10
Ifugao	3	50	10
Isabela	3	50	10
Mountain Province	3	50	10
Pangasinan	3	50	10
NHQ	-	50	-
Total	30	550	100

During the practicum, ITC participants conducted a one-day BLS – CPR training to 224 people from Baguio City and Benguet: 100 students in University of Cordilleras, 92 mixed group from Baguio City and 32 miners in Benguet.

Following the ITC, the roll-out of SFAT and BLS is ongoing in 10 communities, targeting 100 participants who will be the first aider in their respective communities. First aid kits for households and jump kits for chapter volunteers have also been provided as reported in the table above.

Output 1.4: Epidemic prevention and control measures carried out.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people in 10 communities reached with community-based epidemic prevention and control activities	15,000	10,000 ⁹
# of households provided with mosquito nets	2,000	2,000
# of volunteers continuously monitor the outbreak situations and report back to the OPCEN for immediate response	276	276

Progress towards outcomes

Also see [Emergency Operation Update No. 4](#)

Recovery phase: As part of the recovery phase PRC are working in 10 communities to conduct community-based disease prevention. See output 2.3. Training of community health volunteers (CHVs) in disease prevention using the ECV toolkit is complete – 88 CHVs. The community health volunteers are deployed to selected communities to provide information regarding prevention, surveillance and reporting of incidences of communicable diseases.

Output 1.5: Psychosocial support provided to the target population

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people provided with direct psychosocial support	20,000	12,491 ¹⁰

Progress towards outcomes

Details are being held in [Operations Update No.3.](#)

Output 1.8: Minimum initial maternal and neonatal health services provided to target population

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of women in need receive dignity kits	200	200
# of pregnant and lactating women receive new-born kits	200	200

Progress towards outcomes

As part of this output 400 pregnant and lactating women who received dignity kits and new-born kits in Cagayan province as reported in the table below:

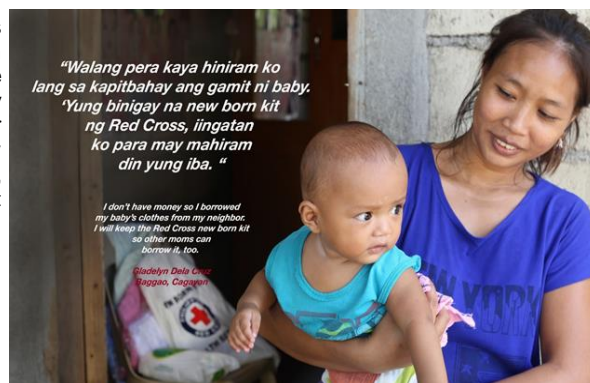
⁹ Refers to mosquito net distribution.

¹⁰ Upon verification and validation of figures with the National Society, the number has been reduced than was previously reported.

Breakdown of beneficiaries provided with dignity kits and new-born kits

Municipality	New-born Kit	Dignity Kit
Baggao	102	84
Gattaran	98	116
Total	200	200

Giving birth is hard; but giving birth without things prepared for the baby makes it even harder. This is what Gladdelyn Dela Cruz realized when she gave birth to her son. Gladdelyn's family barely had money and still recovering from the brunt of typhoon Mangkhut in Baggao, Cagayan when she gave birth, so they were not able to buy clothes and basic needs for the baby. Luckily, their neighbor was generous to lend some infant clothes. The baby's basic needs like baby soap, absorbent cotton, infant shirt, cap/bonnet, pants, nappies, towel, socks, blanket, hand towel, and safety pins were supplemented by the newborn kit provided by the Philippine Red Cross. **(Photo: PRC)**



Output 1.9: Target population is reached with Search and Rescue activities

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people supported with search and rescue	300	53
# of water search and rescue teams mobilized	2	2

Progress towards outcomes

This was completed in emergency phase. See [Operations Update 1](#).

Outcome 2: The medium-term risks to the health of affected populations are reduced

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people reached through health management programmes	15,000	(ongoing)

Output 2.1: The health situation and immediate risks are properly assessed

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of detailed health assessments carried	7	7

Progress towards outcomes

See [Operations Update No.3](#).

Output 2.2: Gaps in medical infrastructure of the affected population filled

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of barangay health clinics and rural health units provided with screening kits to ensure quality uninterrupted health services at the community level	10 ¹¹	(ongoing)

Progress towards outcomes

IFRC will support PRC in providing health and screening equipment to provide basic health services, specifically screening for vital signs, blood glucose/cholesterol/uric acid, mass index, nutritional status of children and pre-natal conditions, to vulnerable affected communities. The screening kits have been procured and delivered to Cagayan chapter for distribution. The number of kits has been increased to 10 as per the number of communities selected.

Schedule of the distribution in Municipalities of Baggao and Gattaran:

Municipality	Covered Communities
Gattaran	Baraccaoit, Naddungan, Capissayan, Norte, Piña Este, Mabuno
Baggao	Hacienda Intal, Asinga-via, Bacagan, Taytay, Asassi

¹¹ See Output 2.3 for the rationale on the revision of target.

Output 2.3: Community-based disease prevention and health promotion measures provided.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people reached with community-based disease prevention and health promotion programming	15,000	(ongoing)
# of volunteers trained and mobilized to support medium term health related activities	80	88

Progress towards outcomes

In coordination with the MHO and LGU, the PRC health team conducted a detailed assessment to identify 10 priority communities for the implementation of community-based disease prevention programme (CBDP). Poor access to health facilities and high cases of diseases (dengue, leptospirosis and measles) are the main criteria in selecting the communities. Integration with other recovery sectors is also planned in some areas to provide better services using a holistic approach. Below are the ten communities selected:



Scaled-Up Community Based Health and First Aid (CBHFA) Training of Community Health Volunteers from Brgys. Baraccaoit, Capissayan Norte and Naddungan, Gattaran, Cagayan from 5 to 7 September 2019. (Photo: PRC)

All recovery activities for health under the operation which include: the Community Based Disease Prevention (CBDP), using Community Based Health and First Aid (eCBHFA) approach; ECV activities; distribution of dignity, new-born and screenings kits, PSS and some capacity building at the chapter level are being rolled out in 10 communities from the most vulnerable municipalities of Baggao and Gattaran in Cagayan. Chapter level volunteers and staff have been trained in CBDP and broader eCBHFA. The 10 communities selected are as follows:

Municipality of Baggao, Cagayan	Municipality of Gattaran, Cagayan
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Brgy. Hacienda Intal • Brgy. Tay Tay • Brgy. Assasi • Brgy. Asinga-via • Brgy. Bacagan 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Brgy. Tanglagan • Brgy. Mabuno • Brgy. Pina Este • Brgy. Capissayan Norte • Brgy. Baraccaoit

Training of Trainers (ToT) on Community-based Health and First Aid (eCBHFA): eCBHFA ToT was conducted on 21-25 May with a total of 18 health staff and volunteers from 8 chapters: Cagayan, Abra, Ilocos Norte, Isabela, Mt. Province, Nueva Viscaya, Pangasinan and Quirino. The purpose of the training was to introduce the upgraded curriculum of CBHFA to health focal persons of chapters which will be used for the RC143 CHVs induction training courses. After the ToT, the trained health staff and volunteers conducted RC 143 community health volunteers training in July in the 10 target communities. This was to equip the CHVs with knowledge, skills and attitude on health promotion and disease prevention activities,

Recruitment and Training of CHVs: A total of 88 Red Cross 143 CHVs been recruited from 10 target communities and to become community health volunteers (eight CHVs per community see table for the number of CHVs in each community). After receiving a full package of Red Cross volunteer orientation, these CHVs were given a series of capacity building activities including eCBHFA training and epidemic preparedness. They are now mobilized in their respective communities to conduct community assessment, design community action plan and implement health activities with a support from the chapter technical staff. RC 143 Community Health Volunteers.

Recruited and Trained on CBHFA Approach

Municipality	Barangay	No. of CHVs recruited and trained	
		Male	Female
Baggao	Hacienda Intal	2	6
	Taytay	3	6
	Assasi	0	9
	Asinga-Via	0	8
	Bagacan	1	6
Gattaran	Naddungan	0	7
	Mabuno	0	12
	Piña Este	0	11
	Capissayan Norte	0	8
	Baraccaoit	0	9
Total		6	82



Healthy and resilient communities rely on active members, such as the women from Barangay Naddungan. They completed a three-day community-based health and first aid training and are now community health volunteers. During the training, they learned about different diseases, identified common health threats and, most importantly, how to prevent them. Many of the participants worked as barangay health workers, however, they were still able to expand their health-related knowledge and acquire new community engagement skills. Many of the women shared that, thanks to the training, they felt more confident to speak in public about key health messages. Currently, when they meet people in stores or public areas, they tend to share lessons learned. However, their plans for the future include knowledge dissemination to 150 people, with the assistance of local Red Cross staff and volunteers. So far, they have observed a positive response from the community and openness regarding changing unhealthy behaviors. *(Photo: PRC)*

Output 2.5: Mainstream and cross cutting psychosocial support provided

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of volunteers trained on community-based psychosocial support	100	20
# of people reached with awareness on community-based psychosocial support	100	(ongoing)

Progress towards outcomes

Recovery phase: As part of the recovery phase, PRC Welfare Services conducted a Community-Based Psychosocial Support (CBPS) training of trainers for 20 staff (five male and 15 female). These staff were from the chapters of Abra, Baguio City, Benguet, Cagayan, Ifugao, Isabela, Mt. Province, Nueva Vizcaya, Quirino and Isabela. The same training has been rolled out at the community level to capacitate the community health volunteers (CHVs), enhancing their skills and knowledge in terms of providing psychosocial support and psychoeducation session to the target population in eight communities (one community per chapter).

Recruitment of CHVs in eight chapters is completed and they have been trained, targeting 10 CHVs per community. Trained CHVs have conducted a community assessment in consultation with the Municipal Health Office (MHO) to identify specific psychosocial needs in the communities. Based on the assessment, psychoeducation sessions are ongoing in eight communities using the translated Community Based Psychosocial Support Manual as their reference.

A two-day rest and recreation activities in November is planned for PRC staff and volunteers who have been involved in the operation. It also includes a session on self-care, giving emphasis on personal preparation (physically, mentally and psychologically) to ensure the well-being of humanitarian workers.



Water, sanitation and hygiene

People reached: 79,325

Male: 39,663

Female: 39,662

Outcome 1: Immediate reduction in risk of waterborne and water related diseases in targeted communities

Indicators:	Target	Actual
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# of people provided with safe water services that meet agreed standards according to specific operational and programmatic context	15,000	14,089
# of people reached to reduce the risk of waterborne and water related diseases	45,000	79,325
Output 1.1: Continuous assessment of water, sanitation, and hygiene situation is carried out in targeted communities		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of assessments by three different teams undertaken	7	7
Progress towards outcomes		
See Operations Update 1 for update during the emergency phase.		
Output 1.2: Daily access to safe water which meets Sphere and WHO standards in terms of quantity and quality is provided to target population		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people provided with safe water (according to WHO standards)	15,000	14,089 ¹²
# of litres of safe water distributed (cumulative)	330,000	340,767
# of households provided with water storage containers	2,000	2,000
Progress towards outcomes		
Completed during the emergency phase. See Operations Update 1 .		
Output 1.4: Hygiene promotion activities which meet Sphere standards in terms of the identification and use of hygiene items provided to target population		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people reached by hygiene promotion activities	45,000	79,325
# of volunteers involved in hygiene promotion activities	50	371 ¹³
Progress towards outcomes		
Completed during the emergency phase. See Operations Update 1 .		
Output 1.5: Hygiene-related goods (NFIs) which meet Sphere standards and training on how to use those goods is provided to the target population		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of households provided with a set of essential hygiene items	2,000	2,000
Progress towards outcomes		
Completed during the emergency phase. See Operations Update 1 .		
Outcome 2: Sustainable reduction in risk of waterborne and water related diseases in targeted communities in the recovery phase		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of communities' risk to waterborne diseases, reduced	15	10
Output 2.1: Continuous monitoring and evaluation of water, sanitation, and hygiene situation is carried out in targeted communities		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of separate assessments done to understand the recovery needs of communities in relation to WASH	15	19
Progress towards outcomes		
Also see Emergency Operation Update No. 4		
Four chapters are part of the WASH plan of action – Cagayan, Apayao, Kalinga and Alcala. Assessments have been completed and plans of action finalised prioritizing the communities and schools in order to meet the unmet needs brought by Typhoon Mangkhut.		
Output 2.2: Community managed water sources giving access to safe water is provided to target population		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of communities provided with access to safe water in three targeted communities through PHAST	3	3 (ongoing)
Progress towards outcomes		
As part of PHAST , the communities are being assessed for access to safe water. Based on the assessment, two communities in Hacienda Intal, Baggao and one community in Mabono, Gattaran are being targeted for the		

¹² PRC WASH Services update.

¹³ PRC WASH Services report.

implementation of community-based WASH activities through the PHAST approach. 75 community volunteers are being trained and mobilized to implement WASH activities using PHAST approach.

In Cagayan, 3 communities are being supported with WASH interventions. RC 143 WASH volunteers were trained and are implementing the hygiene promotion activities. These activities will complement the hardware interventions such as construction of household latrines and water systems improvement.

Output 2.3: Improved access to and use of adequate sanitation is provided to target population

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of school provided with improved sanitation facilities from CHAST	3	1 started 2 planned
# of children benefitted from improved sanitation facilities from CHAST in school	500	103 (ongoing)
# of households provided with latrines and septic tanks ¹⁴	250	49 (ongoing)

Progress towards outcomes

CHAST: Based on the assessment and coordination with the DepEd, three schools are targeted for the implementation of school-based water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) activities. 25 Red Cross Youth volunteers will be trained and mobilized to conduct WASH activities in the school. IFRC In-country logistics team has been supporting PRC with the WASH construction activities in the identified school in the affected areas.

Location	Name of school	Activity
Barangay Hacienda Intal, Baggao, Cagayan	Birao Elementary School	Construction of communal latrine and water sytem.
Barangay Marag, Luna, Apayao	Marag Elementary School	Construction of water system
Barangay Pugong, Pasil, Kalinga	Pugong Elementray School	Construction of toilet with handwashing facility

Latrines and septic tanks (integral component of shelter): Shelter construction continues and near complete. The focus is now to complete the household latrines. So far 49 have been completed.



Sixty-seven years old Virginia Ventula of Alcala, Cagayan cannot stop smiling after receiving cash for the construction of her latrine from the Philippine Red Cross. She is excited to buy materials for the latrine to immediately start the construction. (Photo: PRC)

Output 2.4: Hygiene promotion activities are provided to the entire affected population.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people reached with hygiene promotion messages	4,500	2,864 ¹⁵
# of people reached with participatory hygiene and sanitation transformation	2,586	2,586
# of children reached with hygiene promotion messages from CHAST in three selected schools	500	103 (ongoing)
# of households reached with hygiene promotion messages as part of the shelter programme.	250	35 (ongoing)

Progress towards outcomes

Hygiene promotion activities in the recovery phase are being implemented in 15 communities through PHAST and CHAST approaches, and through shelter beneficiaries who receive latrines and simplified hygiene promotion activities.

Communities for PHAST	HH	Population	CHVs trained
Zone 6, Hacienda Intal	86	427	25
Zone 7, Hacienda Intal	358	1,673	25
Sitio Llaga, Mabuno	113	486	17
Total	557	2,586	67
School for CHAST	Population	Male	Female
Birao Elementary School	103	57	46

¹⁴ This new indicator is added to determine an evidence on the integration of WASH and shelter programmes in this recovery intervention.

¹⁵ CHAST, PHAST and latrine beneficiaries

PHAST: Based from the assessment in Cagayan Chapter, three communities in the Municipality of Baggao and Gattaran will be targeted for the implementation of community-based WASH activities using PHAST approach. A total of 67 community volunteers were trained in PHAST.

During the PHAST approach training of RC 143 WASH volunteers in Zone 7, Hacienda Intal, Baggao, Cagayan, there was a total of 25 registered participants in the training course. They are composed of Barangay Health Workers, Barangay Officials and community local residents including indigenous population that is active and willing to volunteer and be change agents in their community.



A total of 51 students and 1 teacher were trained on CHAST in Birao Elementary School. (Photo: PRC)



2019 Celebration of the Global Handwashing Day: Handwashing activity at Hacienda Central School and Maruz Elementary School, Baggao, Cagayan. (Photo: PRC)



Protection, Gender and Inclusion

People reached: 79,325

Male: 39,663

Female: 39,662

Outcome 1: Communities identify the needs of the most vulnerable and particularly disadvantaged and marginalised groups, as a result of inequality, discrimination and other non-respect of their human rights and address their distinct needs

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people received any PGI services provided by PRC as part of Typhoon Mangkhut operation by September 2019	100,000	79,325 (ongoing)

Output 1.1: NS programmes improve equitable access to basic services, considering different needs based on gender and other diversity factors.;

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of staff and volunteers mobilized to support PGI activities	80	268 (ongoing)
# of staff and volunteers trained for PGI activities	80	268 (ongoing)

Progress towards outcomes

Trained volunteers are working with sectors to promote the PGI activities at community level.



Household livelihoods assistance: Junior used to help his father and mother by working in the rice field, however, it has been 12 years since he lost sight and ability to work. Junior now stays at home, where his wife and six children care for him. During Typhoon Mangkhut, their rice field was damaged, and they have still not been able to recover it. Therefore, at the time, the household has no stable source of income. To overcome this challenging situation, Junior explained how he plans to use the cash assistance to buy gasoline and then resell it to motorbike drivers. He believes this grant will allow him to provide the much-needed support for his family. **(Photo: PRC)**

Output 1.2: Emergency response operations prevent and respond to sexual- and gender-based violence and all forms of violence against children.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of staff and volunteers mobilized to support SGBV activities	80	268 (ongoing)
# of staff and volunteers trained on SGBV activities	80	(ongoing)

Progress towards outcomes



Child Friendly Space Training of volunteers in Nueva Viscaya Chapter. **(Photo: PRC)**

PRC Welfare Services has been rolling out trainings and activities recommended by the chapters during the consultative workshop on PGI. Sexual Gender-based Violence (SGBV) prevention, disability inclusion training were conducted which also include child friendly space, psychological First Aid and Basic Sign Language. and conjugal spaces.

Staff and volunteers are guided with the PGI minimum standards, which include SGBV prevention, which would help them during the implementation to provide dignity, access, participation and safety for all target population. It provides a practical guidance to limit people's exposure to the risk of violence and abuse.

Summary of Chapter level trainings on Protection, Gender and Inclusion


Trainings conducted	Chapter	No. of volunteers trained	
		Male	Female
Protection, Gender and Inclusion (PGI) Basic Sign Language Child Friendly Space	Baguio	5	13
	Benguet	8	7
	Mt. Province	4	5
	Ifugao	6	10
	Cagayan	13	19
	Isabela	11	9
	Nueva Viscaya	26	19
	Quirino	41	19
TOTAL		114	101



Migration and Displacement

People reached: 58
Male: 29
Female: 29

Outcome 1: Communities support the needs of migrants and their families and those assisting migrants at all stages of migration (origin, transit and destination)

Indicators:	Target	Actual																													
# of migrant and displaced people are reached with information and quality services	1,000	58																													
Output 1.1: Assistance and protection services to migrants and their families are provided and promoted through engagement with local and national authorities as well as in partnership with other relevant organizations.																															
Indicators:	Target	Actual																													
# of staff and volunteers are trained on Health in Migration and Displacement	80	53																													
Progress towards outcomes																															
<p>PRC Welfare services department provided support to Filipino migrants in Hong Kong, Canada and Singapore. These Filipino migrants reached out to PRC to communicate with their families affected by the typhoon. Practical information on basic services were provided both to the migrants and their families.</p> <p>A total of 53 staff and volunteers were already trained in Apayao, Cagayan and Kalinga. On Health in Migration and Displacement. This training is part of the series of trainings being rolled-out by PRC Welfare Services follow the consultative workshop.</p>																															
<p>Summary of volunteers trained on Migration and Displacement</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Chapter</th> <th colspan="2">No. of volunteers trained</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Male</th> <th>Female</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Baguio</td> <td>5</td> <td>13</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Benguet</td> <td>8</td> <td>7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Mt. Province</td> <td>4</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ifugao</td> <td>5</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Isabela</td> <td>11</td> <td>9</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Nueva Viscaya</td> <td>26</td> <td>19</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Quirino</td> <td>32</td> <td>17</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TOTAL</td> <td>91</td> <td>80</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Chapter	No. of volunteers trained		Male	Female	Baguio	5	13	Benguet	8	7	Mt. Province	4	5	Ifugao	5	10	Isabela	11	9	Nueva Viscaya	26	19	Quirino	32	17	TOTAL	91	80
Chapter	No. of volunteers trained																														
	Male	Female																													
Baguio	5	13																													
Benguet	8	7																													
Mt. Province	4	5																													
Ifugao	5	10																													
Isabela	11	9																													
Nueva Viscaya	26	19																													
Quirino	32	17																													
TOTAL	91	80																													
Output 1.3: “Family links are restored for people separated from, or without news of, their loved ones as a result of the disaster”																															
Indicators:	Target	Actual																													
# of staff and volunteers are provided with refresher training on RFL	40	15																													
# of welfare desks providing RFL services in the disaster affected areas	38	38																													
Progress towards outcomes																															
<p>Activities for the welfare desks providing RFL services was completed during the emergency phase. See Operations Update No.3.</p> <p>A refresher orientation on RFL was conducted in July to 15-chapter staff and volunteers of Baguio City, Benguet, Cagayan, Ifugao, Mountain Province, Nueva Vizcaya, and Quirino. This was to orient the chapter staff and volunteers about the Restoring Family Links Program of the PRC including guidelines and tools in emergencies/non-emergencies. Each chapter will have to roll-out the RFL training at the community level.</p>																															
 <p>Disaster Risk Reduction People reached: 546 Male: - Female: -</p>																															
Outcome 1: Communities in high risk areas are prepared for and able to respond to disaster																															
Indicators:	Target	Actual																													
# of people reached through RCRC programmes for DRR and community resilience (excluding public awareness and education campaigns)	48,000 ¹⁶	(ongoing)																													
Output 1.1: Communities take active steps to strengthen their preparedness for timely and effective response to disasters.																															

¹⁶ Along with the increase of operational areas for community-based disaster preparedness activities is the increase of the overall target of people to be reached.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of community DRM plans developed/updated/reviewed	30	13
# of people trained on PASSA	20	24
# of people trained for PASSA Youth	20	24

Progress towards outcomes

The five chapters of Alcala, Apayao, Cagayan, Ifugao and Kalinga have started rolling out Community-Based Disaster Preparedness activities. During reporting, CDBP has started in 13 communities. Planning and consultation have been done.

One year on, PRC was able to conduct the following activities:

Chapter level	Accomplishment	Community level	Accomplishment
SFA and BLS-ITC	22 staff and volunteers trained in Basic First Aid ToT/SS ITC	RC143 Volunteer Orientation	643 volunteers oriented on the RC143: M-257; F - 386
SDRRMT ToT	19 staff and volunteers trained in SDRRMT ToT	First Aid Training and Basic Life Support for RC143	521 volunteers trained in Community First Aid: M – 220, F - 301
		Community-based Disaster Preparedness Risk Reduction Management Training	506 volunteers trained in CBDRRM: M – 242; F - 264
		Community DRRM Planning Workshop	
		Community DRR-CCA activities	
PASSA ToF	Between second and third week of October, a PASSA training of facilitators will be conducted in Cagayan.	PASSA implementation	
		PASSA Youth activities	

To promote sustainability monitoring of the DRR projects will continue into 2020 as part of the Operations Plan.

Outcome 2: Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas adopt climate risk informed and environmentally responsible values and practices

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Communities adopt climate risk informed and environmentally responsible values and practices	Yes	(ongoing)

Output 2.1: Contributions to climate change mitigation are made by implementing green solutions

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Green activities supported	Yes	(ongoing)

Progress towards outcomes

In line with the community based DRR activities, community DRM plans and activities will incorporate green solutions. RC143 volunteers will be supported in conducting green activities in their respective communities. Tree planting projects will be organized. A Barangay Disaster Risk Reduction Management (BDRRM) Planning Workshop is planned to be conducted that will be participated by barangay officials to enhance/improve their existing BDRRM plans. Through this workshop, it is also planned to introduce and present existing initiatives, strategies and approaches of the PRC such as forecast-based financing (FbF), climate resilience and climate change adaptation (including green solutions) and PASSA Youth. The workshop will be co-facilitated by PRC and the local DRRM office.

Output 1.2: Community awareness raising programmes on climate changing risks and environmentally responsible practices are conducted in target communities

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of communities that implement activities that contribute to climate change adaptation	30	13
# of schools that implement activities that contribute to climate change adaptation	30	(ongoing)
# of people reached by climate change mitigation and environmental sustainability awareness and raising campaigns	48,000	(ongoing)

Progress towards outcomes

Community awareness raising activities are part of the CBDRRM programme. These activities will be done through the trained RC143 volunteers. The final activities under this component will be disaster preparedness sessions in each community facilitated by RC143 volunteers. These sessions will include discussions on the salient points of the BDRRM plans, basic DRR concepts, climate change, and things to do before, during and after a disaster. Aside from the planned sessions, community actions and activities will also be supported such as tree planting, awareness campaigns on solid waste management, and other clean and green activities. Schools located inside the communities will also be engaged to participate in the activities.

Strengthen National Society

Outcome 1: National Society capacity building and organizational development objectives are facilitated to ensure that National Societies have the necessary legal, ethical and financial foundations, systems and structures, competences and capacities to plan and perform

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of PRC chapters that are well functioning	5	6

Output 1.4: National Societies have effective and motivated volunteers who are protected

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of insured volunteers	300	276 ¹⁷
# of volunteers trained	300	276

Progress towards outcomes

All volunteers mobilised for the response have been and will continue to be insured under the PRC Membership and Accident Assistance Benefit (MAAB) scheme.

See each AoF for relevant training of volunteers.

Output 1.7: National Societies capacity to support community-based disaster risk reduction, response and preparedness is strengthened.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of chapters with improved capacity to respond to disasters	5	(ongoing)
# of staff and volunteers with increased capacity to respond to disasters	100	To be conducted

Progress towards outcomes

As part of National Society's Development (NSD) in emergencies, PRC are planning the following:

- NDRT Livelihood training – this training is being planned in the last week of October.
- Pre-disaster meeting
- Team Leader Course
- Training on Basic and Advanced Emergency WASH
- Red Cross Action Team (RCAT) development
- Acquisition of Hygiene Promotion Box
- Construct Storage Room for WASH Equipment
- Emergency Needs Assessment training
- Procurement of two-chapter vehicles
- Refurbishment/equipping for chapters

PRC NHQ wanted to modernize its assessment and evaluation equipment. This appeal has supported the purchase of necessary accessories and equipment which will be needed to operate a drone.

At this time four Chapters have been supported with NSD activities as part of this Emergency Appeal; Cagayan Apayao, Kalinga and Alcala. This includes office furniture, IT equipment, air conditioning. Apayao chapter was also supported with some repainting. Also, through the support of the appeal PRC have reopened their chapter in Alcala Province.

In April 2019, a finance and logistics orientation were held in the Cagayan to refresh operational Chapter with the procedures of PRC and IFRC with regards emergency appeals.

Some of the NSD projects will be continued as part of the 2020 Operations Plan.

International Disaster Response

Outcome S2.1: Effective and coordinated international disaster response is ensured

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Effective and coordinated international disaster response ensured	Yes	Yes

Output 2.1.1: Effective response preparedness and NS surge capacity mechanism is maintained

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of RDRT member deployed in the country	2	2

Progress towards outcomes

A shelter cluster coordinator supported by the Australian Red Cross was deployed in-country to support the IFRC in its role as shelter cluster co-lead. For more on the shelter cluster coordination in the previous [operations update](#), see output 2.1.6. Two international surge delegates, Interim Field Coordinator and Surge Disaster Management Delegate were deployed. One RDRT generalist was deployed to support the response during April to May.

Output 2.1.3: NS compliance with Principles and Rules for Humanitarian Assistance is improved

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of complaints and feedback received and responded to by the NS	100	100
% of target population satisfied with level of consultation, information and involvement in the operation	80	(ongoing)
% of targeted population satisfied that they have access to information, feedback mechanisms and can influence the programme/response	80	(ongoing)
# of staff/volunteers trained to provide clear information to communities during assessments	300	(ongoing)
# of sites with information mechanisms set up to agreed standards	10	31
# of BaReCom members oriented on CEA	200	(ongoing)

Progress towards outcomes

PRC, with support from IFRC, maintains accountability to its beneficiaries through community engagement and accountability. CEA initiatives, which include feedback mechanisms and tools for more participation by beneficiary communities, is being integrated in emergency response across all the 31 communities. Members of the BARECOM continuously play a vital role in receiving and responding to feedbacks at the community level as well as information dissemination on the activities about the operation. CEA component questions are being integrated in the post distribution monitoring for shelter and livelihoods.

Good practice:

One of the strongest BARECOM formation for this operation is found in Barangay Naddungan in Cagayan. Members of the BARECOM have placed feedback box where the whole community can provide their feedback. When asked on how they are addressing the comments on the feedback considering that people are sending their feedbacks anonymously. "We read the feedback during the general assembly of the barangay where people of the community can hear it. Then we would respond on their feedbacks accordingly", said Luz, one of the BARECOM members.



The Red Cross staff invited Irene to participate in an initial meeting for the Barangay Recovery Committee (BaReCom) for Typhoon Mangkhut. She was one of the seven elected BaReCom members for Barangay Viewpoint. Irene explained that she served as an intermediary between the Red Cross and the affected population, by disseminating information and personally receiving the community's feedback or complaints.

Irene helped "spread the word" on the livelihood management trainings, carried out by the Municipal Department of Agriculture. In these trainings, participants would learn more about local livelihood opportunities, such as gardening, poultry raising or woodcarving. Irene shared her satisfaction after having participated in a six days seminar focused on sewing. She now felt more prepared to not only survive but thrive on a sustainable "business of success".

Irene believes these lessons were particularly relevant for the community members from her sitio¹. She explains that while woodcarving is their main source of livelihood, sales cannot be maintained during the rainy season. Furthermore, while some people work in the rice fields, the yearly harvest does not provide enough income to support families. Therefore, through this knowledge, Irene believes they are more capable of reconciling different livelihood opportunities in a way that ensures continuous income. **(Photo: PRC)**

Output 2.1.4: Supply chain and fleet services meet recognized quality and accountability standards		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Logistics department provides constant support to the National Society's logistics unit for replenishment of relief items released for the immediate needs during the emergency phase and other procurements	Yes	Yes
Progress towards outcomes		
See Emergency Operation Update No. 4		
Output 2.1.6: Coordinating role of the IFRC within the international humanitarian system is enhanced		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
A coordinated and strategic response plan according to humanitarian minimum standards is adopted by actors in support of Government	Yes	Yes
Shelter actors working together without duplication of services	Yes	Yes
# of shelter actors incorporating build back safer (BBS) messaging and technical assistance elements into their shelter programming	20	20
Progress towards outcomes		
See Operations Update No.3.		
Outcome S2.2: The complementarity and strengths of the Movement are enhanced		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Movement coordination is well-established by having a regular monthly meeting	Yes	Yes
Output 2.2.1: In the context of emergencies the IFRC, ICRC and NS enhance their operational reach and effectiveness through new means of coordination.		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Movement coordination is well-established	2	2
Progress towards outcomes		
PRC works with the IFRC, ICRC and 7 Partner National Societies in the country. For the Typhoon Mangkhut operation, PRC also works bilaterally with Movement Partners such as Australian Red Cross, German Red Cross, Kuwait Red Crescent Society, Spanish Red Cross, Qatar Red Crescent and ICRC.		

Influence others as leading strategic partner and Effective, credible and accountable IFRC

See previous [operations update](#) for details on SFI 3 - "Influence others as leading strategic partner" and SFI 4 - "Effective, credible and accountable IFRC".

D. BUDGET

Financial report is attached at the end of the operations update.



Click for:

- [Information Bulletin](#)
- [DREF Operation Appeal](#)
- [Emergency Appeal](#)
- [Revised Emergency Plan of Action \(REPoA\)](#)
- [Donor Response](#)

For further information, specifically related to this operation please contact:

In Philippine Red Cross

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- Leonardo Ebajo, Director for Disaster Management Services; email: leonardo.ebajo@redcross.org.ph

In IFRC Philippine Country Office

- Chris Staines, Head of Country Office; phone: +63 998 585 0794; email: chris.staines@ifrc.org
- Patrick Elliott, Operations Manager; phone: +63 998 961 2140; email: patrick.elliott@ifrc.org

In the IFRC Asia Pacific Regional Office, Kuala Lumpur

- Mohammed Omer Mukhier, deputy regional director; email: mohammedomer.mukhier@ifrc.org
- Necephor Mghendi, head of disaster and crises unit; email: necephor.mghendi@ifrc.org
- David Fogden, operations coordinator; email: OpsCoord.SouthEastAsia@ifrc.org
- Riku Ässämäki, Logistics Coordinator, regional logistics unit; email: riku.assamaki@ifrc.org
- Rosemarie North, communications manager; email: rosemarie.north@ifrc.org

In IFRC Geneva

- Tiffany Loh, Senior Officer, Response and Recovery; email: tiffany.loh@ifrc.org
- Cristina Estrada, Response and Recovery Lead; phone: +412 2730 4260; email: cristina.estrada@ifrc.org

For IFRC Resource Mobilization and Pledges

- Alice Ho, Partnership in Emergencies Coordinator; email: rm.asiapacific@ifrc.org

For Performance and Accountability support (planning, monitoring, evaluation and reporting enquiries)

- Liew Siew Hui, PMER manager; email: siewhui.liew@ifrc.org

How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the [Code of Conduct](#) for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) in Disaster Relief and the [Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response \(Sphere\)](#) in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, **encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities** by National Societies, with a view to **preventing and alleviating human suffering**, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

The IFRC's work is guided by Strategy 2020 which puts forward three strategic aims:



Save lives.
protect livelihoods,
and strengthen recovery
from disaster and crises.



Enable **healthy**
and **safe** living.



Promote **social inclusion**
and a culture of
non-violence and **peace**.

Emergency Appeal

INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

Selected Parameters			
Reporting Timeframe	2018/9-2019/9	Operation	MDRPH029
Budget Timeframe	2018/9-2019/12	Budget	APPROVED

Prepared on 30 Oct 2019

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

MDRPH029 - Philippines - Typhoon Mangkhut

Operating Timeframe: 13 Sep 2018 to 18 Dec 2019; appeal launch date: 19 Sep 2018

I. Emergency Appeal Funding Requirements

Thematic Area Code	Requirements CHF
AOF1 - Disaster risk reduction	162,000
AOF2 - Shelter	414,000
AOF3 - Livelihoods and basic needs	663,000
AOF4 - Health	182,000
AOF5 - Water, sanitation and hygiene	215,000
AOF6 - Protection, Gender & Inclusion	26,000
AOF7 - Migration	31,000
SFI1 - Strengthen National Societies	533,000
SFI2 - Effective international disaster management	307,000
SFI3 - Influence others as leading strategic partners	107,000
SFI4 - Ensure a strong IFRC	53,000
Total Funding Requirements	2,693,000
Donor Response* as per 30 Oct 2019	3,080,770
Appeal Coverage	114.40%

II. IFRC Operating Budget Implementation

Thematic Area Code	Budget	Expenditure	Variance
AOF1 - Disaster risk reduction	-97,379	25,973	-123,353
AOF2 - Shelter	650,074	663,578	-13,504
AOF3 - Livelihoods and basic needs	1,136,303	951,326	184,977
AOF4 - Health	79,592	46,739	32,852
AOF5 - Water, sanitation and hygiene	192,419	210,916	-18,497
AOF6 - Protection, Gender & Inclusion	35,584	34,594	990
AOF7 - Migration	9,694	3,001	6,693
SFI1 - Strengthen National Societies	153,437	20,901	132,536
SFI2 - Effective international disaster management	535,058	370,382	164,676
SFI3 - Influence others as leading strategic partners	30,438	0	30,438
SFI4 - Ensure a strong IFRC	204,914	153,453	51,462
Grand Total	2,930,134	2,480,863	449,271

III. Operating Movement & Closing Balance per 2019/09

Opening Balance	0
Income (includes outstanding DREF Loan per IV.)	2,900,331
Expenditure	-2,480,863
Closing Balance	419,468
Deferred Income	0
Funds Available	419,468

IV. DREF Loan

* not included in Donor Response	Loan :	400,000	Reimbursed :	400,000	Outstanding :	0
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Emergency Appeal

INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

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V. Contributions by Donor and Other Income

Opening Balance							0
Income Type	Cash	InKind Goods	InKind Personnel	Other Income	TOTAL	Deferred Income	
American Red Cross	745,437				745,437		
British Red Cross	107,248				107,248		
China Red Cross, Hong Kong branch	129,495				129,495		
FedEx Services	79,743				79,743		
Finnish Red Cross	138,194		60,800		198,994		
Hewlett Packard Co. Foundation	23,710				23,710		
Japanese Red Cross Society	177,687				177,687		
Marriott International Inc.	24,760				24,760		
Norwegian Red Cross	114,657				114,657		
Red Cross of Monaco	17,123				17,123		
Spanish Government	112,488				112,488		
Swedish Red Cross	222,891				222,891		
Swiss Government	215,000				215,000		
Swiss Red Cross	200,000				200,000		
The Canadian Red Cross Society (from Canadian Gov	75,652				75,652		
The Netherlands Red Cross (from Netherlands Govern	268,565				268,565		
The Republic of Korea National Red Cross	44,396				44,396		
Western Union Foundation	142,486				142,486		
Total Contributions and Other Income	2,839,531	0	60,800	0	2,900,331	0	
Total Income and Deferred Income					2,900,331	0	

Emergency Appeal

INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

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