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Operation Update

Philippines: Mindanao Earthquakes

 International Federation
of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies





Emergency appeal n° MDRPH036	GLIDE n° EQ-2019-000129-PHL
Operation update n° 1; 19 December 2019	Timeframe covered by this update: 31 October to 7 December 2019
Operation start date: 31 October 2019	Operation timeframe: 14 months End date: 31 December 2020
Funding requirements (CHF): 2,700,000	DREF amount initially allocated: CHF 423,467
N° of people being assisted: 33,718	
Red Cross Red Crescent Movement partners currently actively involved in the operation: The Philippine Red Cross (PRC) is working with the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) in this operation. PRC and IFRC will coordinate with the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) on issues and movement in Mindanao areas.	
Other partner organizations actively involved in the operation: Government of Philippines such as Philippine Institute of Volcanology and Seismology (PHILVOCS), National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC), Department of Health (DOH), Department of Education (DepEd), Department of Energy (DOE), Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP).	

Summary of major revisions made to emergency plan of action:

- This update is issued to inform the issuance of [Revised Emergency Appeal No.2](#) from CHF 2,100,000 to CHF 2,700,000 to expand some of the activities with regards to recent earthquakes.
- A top-up DREF allocation to the Emergency Appeal MDRPH036 has been requested for the amount of CHF 175,000 to support the operational costs of the initial mobilization such as assessment, first aid, psychosocial support, search and rescue, WASH, welfare desks and essential items for 1,000 more households.
- The figures reported in this update reflecting previous targets and actual progress as of 7 December 2019. New targets of people to be assisted will be reflected in future updates.
- Detailed budget of the DREF activation will be reflected in the overall budget of the upcoming Revised Emergency Plan of Action which includes new geographical areas targeted and needs generated by this new earthquake.

A. SITUATION ANALYSIS

Timeline:

-  **16 October 2019:** A 6.3 magnitude earthquake struck Tulunan, Cotabato. PRC chapters from the affected areas started mobilizing their staff and volunteers to support the affected population.
-  **29 October 2019:** Another strong 6.6 earthquake struck Tulunan, Cotabato. IFRC launched a [DREF](#) CHF 220,805 to support PRC deliver assistance to 7,500 people during 4 months.
-  **31 October 2019:** Another strong 6.5 earthquake strikes Tulunan, Cotabato. Following first assessments, IFRC issues an [Emergency Appeal](#) for CHF 1.6 million to support PRC to deliver assistance to 35,500 people in 14 months.
-  **2 December 2019:** IFRC issues a [revised Emergency Appeal](#) in the amount of CHF 2.1 million, consisting mainly of an increase in support to life-saving interventions as well as additional activities reflecting the latest field assessments results, as reported in the [revised Emergency Plan of Action](#). The Emergency Appeal must provide assistance to 35,500 people in 14 months.

Description of the disaster

On 29 October 2019, a series of strong earthquakes struck Tulunan in the province of North Cotabato, Mindanao. The first magnitude 6.6 and 7 km deep earthquake was recorded at around 9:04am in Tulunan by the Philippine Institute of Volcanology and Seismology ([PHIVOLCS](#)). The second significant Magnitude 6.1 and 9 km deep earthquake shook the North Cotabato Province at 10:42 am local time with almost the same epicenter.

Just two days after, on 31 October 2019 at 9:15 am, another tectonic¹ magnitude 6.5 earthquake shook central and eastern Mindanao at a shallow depth of two kilometers. Once again, the epicenter was identified in Tulunan, North Cotabato. A State of calamity² was declared for Davao del Sur on 30 October 2019 and Cotabato on 5 November 2019, the two-hardest-it provinces. These earthquakes, as well as the magnitude 6.3 earthquake recorded on 16 October 2019, with the same epicenter location, are considered part of a sequence of events resulting from interdependent faults in the region. No tsunami warnings were issued but many aftershocks, ranging from magnitude 1.5 to 5.5 have since been recorded.

As of 30 November 2019³, a total of 23 people had been reported dead, 563 injured and 11 missing in the Regions of Northern Mindanao (X), Davao (XI), SOCCSKARGEN (XII) and BARMM. The earthquakes have affected 71,247 families (349,226 people) in 362 barangays in Regions Davao (XI) and SOCCSKSARGEN (XII). The National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC) also reported that 13,073 families (60,130 people) were taking temporary shelter in 107 evacuation centres while 25,812 families (125,609 people) were served outside the evacuation centres.

On 15 December 2019, at 2:11 pm local time, a tectonic earthquake of magnitude 6.9 and 3 km deep struck Davao del Sur on the island of Mindanao. This will further exacerbate the situation of those already affected by the previous series of earthquakes.

According to [OCHA](#), there are some 838,000 people living in the area worst affected by all four earthquakes. Damage to infrastructures in public buildings, roads, water supply and power outages has been reported. All municipalities in Davao del Sur were affected, while the initial reports indicate Padada, Hagonoy, Matanao and Magsaysay are among the hardest hit. Padada town, close to the epicenter, already declared the state of calamity. In Hagonoy, at least 660 houses are partially or totally damaged, including a totally damaged hospital. According to [NDRRMC](#), there are 1,913 families or 9,565 persons taking temporary shelter in 13 evacuation centers in Region XI. Initial reports suggest there is housing damage, but this figure is yet to be confirmed by assessment. Seven people have been reported dead and 49 injured, though the number is expected to rise.

The IFRC and PRC are on alert and reacting actively. The PRC's Operations Center has been activated, a medical team has been deployed in the field as well as search and rescue, rapid assessments and relief delivery teams.

Damage was caused to infrastructures in various areas in Mindanao (Regions IX, X, XI, XII, and BARMM), as a result of the earthquakes:

- 49,690 houses damaged (26,025 totally and 23,665 partially).
- 1,545 schools affected (37 fully and 1,508 partially).
- 274 health facilities damaged (50 fully and 224 partially).
- Other public infrastructures such as 30 partially damaged roads and bridges as well as places of worship (24) and private/commercial establishments (57).
- Water and sanitation facilities in public and private buildings and water infrastructures such as reservoirs, water treatment facilities, pumping stations and water distribution systems were also damaged.



Psychosocial support is crucial for the people who have been affected by a series of earthquakes especially for those who have recently experienced the 6.9 magnitude earthquake on 15 December 2019. (**Photo: Vicente A Maruya III/PRC**)

¹ [Types](#) of earthquakes and faults

² State of Calamity, [REPUBLIC ACT No. 10121 – implementing rules and regulations](#)

³ NDRRMC, [SitRep no 38](#) , 30 November 2019

Funding situation

The Emergency Appeal is 31 per cent covered with hard pledges. The British Red Cross, the Canadian Red Cross (from Canadian Government), the Hong Kong branch of Red Cross Society of China, the Japanese Red Cross Society, the Netherlands Red Cross (from Netherlands Government), the Spanish Government, the Swedish Red Cross and the Turkish Red Crescent Society have committed to financially support the operation. On behalf of Philippine Red Cross, IFRC would like to thank these partners for their immediate response to the Appeal. As the Emergency Appeal currently is significantly underfunded, PRC and IFRC are calling on partners to provide support to enable the provision of assistance to the affected population.







Summary of current response

Overview of Host National Society

Immediately after the earthquake, PRC Operations Center (OpCen) was activated, collecting, monitoring and disseminating information from both North Cotabato and Davao Del Sur to its chapters. At the Chapter level, interventions such as first aid, welfare services and assessments were initiated. In coordination with national, provincial and municipal government, the National Headquarters (NHQ) quickly deployed an assessment team with a relief officer to assist the chapters in their response, followed by the deployment of Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH), Welfare,

Relief, Logistics (trucks, vehicles) and other assets and labor required for the operation. PRC through the various services and support offices, continuously coordinates and monitors the situation, and provides operational status, including the updating of personnel and resources in North Cotabato and Davao del Sur. The communications Team publishes updates and photos of the situation on [Facebook](#) and [Twitter](#).

As of 6 December 2019⁴, PRC had been able to carry out the following activities to respond immediately to basic needs:

Sector	Actions taken
First Aid 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 16 First Aid stations established • 8 ambulances mobilized • 11 individuals assisted and transported • 91 individuals reached with first aid management • 777 individuals assisted through Blood Pressure taking
Psychosocial support 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 13 Evacuation centers/sites served with welfare desk • 5,957 Individuals reached through psychosocial support program (psychological first aid: 2,793; child-friendly spaces: 3,164)
Food 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 15,104 individuals served with hot meals and bread • 5 communal kitchen projects, including one communal kitchen completed, two ongoing and two waiting for additional materials.
Essential household items 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3,167 families provided with food packs • 2,322 families provided with sleeping kits • 2,044 families provided with tarpaulins (emergency shelter) • 1,875 families provided with hygiene kit • 468 families provided with tents • 1,569 families provided with jerry cans
Water, sanitation and hygiene 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2,822,056 litres of water distributed • 12,327 people reached with hygiene promotion • 65 portable toilets, 8 transitional toilets and 26 shower facilities installed • 14 water bladders installed for water provision • 5 water tankers (Davao City, GenSar, Iligan and NHQ) and 2 water treatment units mobilized to support water provision
Manpower and assets mobilized 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Local and National Assessment Team, First Aid/Medical Team, and Welfare Team, Extrication Team and WASH Team deployed to support the operation • 27 Vehicles mobilized (2 PRC NHQ Trucks, 1 Chapter Truck, 2 Rented Truck, 5 Water Tanker*, 8 Ambulance*, 6 Service Vehicles, 3 Hot Meals Van)

⁴ Philippine Red Cross Monitoring Matrix for earthquake Mindanao and SitRep no. 14

Comms



- 25 media reports through 3 news prints (People’s Journal, Daily Tribune, Manila Times), 6 TV networks (3 CNN reports, ABS-CBN/UKG, ANC, Net25), 7 radio (Radyo Mo Pilipinas, DZBB, DZRH, 2 DZXL, Radyo Agila, Bombo Radyo), 9 online/social media articles (Inq.net, GMA Network, Philstar.com, DWIZ, PRC Twitter/FB/Website)



Distribution of Hot Meals. (Photo: PRC)



Conduct of psychosocial (PSP) activities for children. (Photo: PRC)



Set up of water filtration unit. (Photo: PRC)



A newly set-up emergency medical unit in Kidapawan City. (Photo: PRC)

In 2019, PRC has managed operations supported through the IFRC’s Disaster Relief Emergency Funds (DREF) and the Emergency Appeal (EA) mechanisms in response to earthquakes (Batanes), typhoon (Mangkhut) and disease outbreaks (dengue, measles and polio). It has gained extensive experience in response and recovery and given its mobilization capacity and acceptance with communities and the government, is well placed to respond in Mindanao.

Overview of Red Cross Red Crescent Movement in country

The PRC leads the overall response operation for the Movement, maintaining close coordination with Movement partners in the country and providing updates. In addition to the IFRC, a significant number of Movement partners are present in the country: ICRC, the American Red Cross, the Canadian Red Cross, the Finnish Red Cross, the German Red Cross, the Japanese Red Cross Society, the Netherlands Red Cross and the Spanish Red Cross.

The IFRC country office (CO) is supporting PRC with disseminating updates to Movement partners with in-country presence and coordinating with the Asia Pacific Regional Office (APRO) in Kuala Lumpur, in line with the Emergency Response Framework of the IFRC Secretariat’s. The IFRC Philippines CO also coordinates with Partner National Societies (PNS) and remains in close contact with the ICRC for any security-related issues in Mindanao. An information bulletin was published on 30 October 2019. The same day, the PRC, through the IFRC Philippines CO requested a DREF activation of CHF 224,000, which was approved on 31 October 2019. This was expanded to an EA issued on 4 November 2019, to address growing humanitarian needs after the third earthquake and a revised Emergency Appeal issued on 2 December 2019, to incorporate the findings of in-depth assessments and needs identified.

Overview of non-RCRC actors in country

Coordination with the authorities

As an auxiliary to the government, the PRC maintains strong relationships and collaboration with governmental bodies.

The PRC headquarters in Manila and the local chapters coordinate closely with national, provincial and local disaster risk reduction and management councils, respectively NDRRMC, PDRRMC and LDRRMC as well as with other government institutions such as the Philippine Institute of Volcanology and Seismology (PHILVOCS), the Department of Health (DOH), the Department of Education (DepEd), the Department of Energy (DOE), and the Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP). In this operation, the PRC and the IFRC maintain ongoing coordination with the local government unit, schools and other stakeholders at the barangay, municipal, provincial and national levels.

PHIVOLCS continuously monitor seismic events and publishes information and real-time updates on earthquakes. The NDRRMC coordinates with the city, provincial, municipal, and barangay disaster risk reduction and management councils and issues status reports. The [NDRRMC](#) releases advisory on earthquake information.

Inter-agency coordination

At country level, the PRC and the IFRC are observers to, and participate in, the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) meetings held in both disasters and non-emergency situations. PRC and IFRC are involved in relevant government-led cluster information sharing, planning, and analysis at all levels while IFRC supports PRC coordination efforts through representation in other relevant clusters, where appropriate. OCHA continues to develop [Flash Updates](#).

The IFRC is co-lead of the Shelter Cluster with the government lead agency Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD). The IFRC coordination focal point in country has continued to coordinate with OCHA and sector partners on inter-agency rapid needs assessments in affected areas. For the Mindanao earthquakes, the following agencies carried out rapid assessments: CRS and Caritas Philippines launched a joint initial rapid assessment in the Tulunan – Kidapawan areas; PRC in Davao del Sur and North Cotabato; Citizens Disaster Response Centre, with local partners MISFI and DIRECT in Davao del Sur and North Cotabato; Shelter Box; Plan International and ACTED. PDRF (the Philippine Disaster Resilience Foundation, the largest private sector platform in country) and its partner AirAsia is providing logistical support to the government for the transport of shelter related items. At the time of reporting, 15 Shelter Cluster partners are responding in North Cotabato and Davao del Sur with emergency shelter and household essential items. Among the recently published assessment reports on the Mindanao earthquake's response is the UNHCR-Protection Cluster's [IDP Protection Assessment Report](#) and OCHA's Information, Communication and Accountability Assessment report (ICAA).

Needs analysis and scenario planning

Needs analysis

From 29 October to 9 November 2019, the PRC deployed two Rapid Damage and Needs Assessment (RDANA) teams (each including NDRTs and RCATs) in Davao del Sur and North Cotabato. The main findings from the assessment were shared on 12 November 2019. In addition to these rapid assessments, the PRC has based its needs analysis and action plan development on secondary data, including updates from the NDRRMC, DSWD and local disaster risk reduction and management councils, situation reports by clusters and media reports. According to the first assessments and secondary data: food, health (including psychosocial support); shelter, WASH, as well as emergency education and protection must be prioritized to meet the immediate needs of those affected by the earthquakes.

A second in-depth assessment deployment was conducted from 19 to 28 November 2019 to validate information gathered from the RDANA, in particular on the extent of damage to shelter, livelihoods, WASH and to health. Two teams were mobilized respectively in Davao del Sur and North Cotabato. The assessment identified the most vulnerable groups to be targeted amongst the affected population; and engaged in consultation with these individuals to ensure that the design of the interventions were relevant to their priority needs.

Summary of the needs analysis

For this section, please refer to the [Revised Emergency Plan of Action](#).

Targeting and scenario planning

For this section, please refer to the [Revised Emergency Appeal](#) and [Revised Emergency Appeal No. 2](#).

Operational risks are shown below

For this section, please refer to the [Revised Emergency Appeal](#) and [Revised Emergency Appeal No. 2](#).

The family of 68-year-old Alipio Barbadillo's, is one of many families affected in Makilala who have been forced to leave their homes. He and his children had originally set up their tents near the highway, but the local government advised them to stay at the designated evacuation centers (ECs). Although the EC they are in is not very hot during the day because of shady coconut palms, the weather conditions further aggravated the poor condition of the tents, which are not strong enough to protect them from heavy rains – and it has been raining quite frequently. Most of the families who stay in the same area as Tatay sleep on the floor, without a platform to sleep. Fortunately, there are local benefactors who donated beds. However, of the 431 families staying in the ECs, more than 100 families could not receive it and Barbadillo is one of those who have not yet received it.

Barbadillo owns a plantation of rubber and banana. These are his main sources of income.

The local government has not yet identified a resettlement site for them since their barangay was declared as a no-build zone. Barbadillo said that if their situation in the ECs was prolonged and that the government would not able to identify a relocation site as soon as possible, he could return to his damaged home and start building his house. Although he is aware of the danger if he does, he said that he would have no choice because the living conditions in the EC are really bad.



B. OPERATIONAL STRATEGY

Overall Operational objective

This operation aims to address the immediate and early recovery needs of the most vulnerable of the affected population in North Cotabato and Davao del Sur due to the earthquakes. A total of 35,500 people will benefit from health, WASH and welfare services; 2,000 families with unconditional multipurpose grants, and 1,500 families with food, essential household items and shelter assistance. Early recovery, focused on livelihoods and shelter inputs accompanied with technical assistance will be provided to support the safety, dignity and resilience of 225 families.

This Emergency Appeal contributes to the PRC's overall action plan for its response to the earthquakes. The operation will be implemented within 14 months and is expected to be completed by 31 December 2020.

The geographical areas targeted by this operation will be the most affected municipalities in the provinces of Davao del Sur (Bansalan, Hagonoy, Magsaysay and Matanao) and North Cotabato (Kidapawan, Makilala and Tulunan). Emphasis will be placed on supporting areas that are not supported by other agencies, particularly in upland rural areas that were underserved prior to the earthquakes.

These have been identified as priorities based on the following criteria:

- Poverty incidence;
- Province; City; Municipality classification;
- Extent of damages to both shelter and livelihoods;
- Number of displaced families inside evacuation centres;
- Support or assistance received;
- Coping mechanisms.

Note that the implementation of this Emergency Plan of Action (EPOA) is based on the funding received; and prioritization of interventions made in consultation with the government authorities, other agencies, as well as, and most critically the targeted families themselves.

C. DETAILED OPERATIONAL PLAN



Shelter

People reached: 8,830

Male: 4,415

Female: 4,415

Shelter Outcome 1: Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas restore and strengthen their safety, well-being and longer-term recovery through shelter and settlement solutions

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of affected families in seven municipalities provided with essential household items and emergency shelter	1,500	1,766

Shelter Output 1.1: Shelter and settlements and basic household items assistance is provided to the affected families.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of affected families provided with sleeping kits (essential household items)	1,500	1,766
# of affected families provided with tarpaulins (emergency shelter)	1,500	1,766
# of affected families provided with shelter toolkits	1,500	in process
# of affected families provided with shelter assistance through conditional cash grants	225	pending funding

Progress towards outcomes

In all affected areas, since the earthquakes, the PRC has monitored evacuation centers closely and about 60 per cent of them have benefitted from its programmes. In Davao del Sur and North Cotabato, the PRC has provided 4,088 tarpaulins to 2,044 families (two tarpaulins per family). Of this number, 3,532 tarpaulins (1,766 families) financed by the Appeal.

The PRC also provided 2,322 families with a sleeping kit (including two mats, two mosquito nets and two blankets). Of these, 1,766 families received a sleeping kit funded by the Appeal.

Distribution of shelter tool kits is pending based on the needs and coordination with the humanitarian and government clusters for shelter and camp management.

Shelter Output 1.2: Technical support, guidance and awareness raising in safe shelter design and settlement planning and improved building techniques are provided to affected households

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of families provided with technical support and guidance, which is appropriate to shelter assistance they receive	225	pending funding
# of carpenters provided with technical support and guidance, appropriate to the shelter assistance they provide	50	pending funding
# of volunteers and staff provided with technical support and guidance, appropriate to the shelter assistance they provide	30	pending funding

Progress towards outcomes

Activities are planned but not funded yet.



Livelihoods and basic needs

People reached: 15,104

Male: 7,552

Female: 7,552

Livelihoods and basic needs Outcome 1: Communities, especially in disaster and crisis affected areas, restore and strengthen their livelihoods

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of affected families able to meet their basic needs (with cash transfers for one month)	2,000	in process
# of affected families whose livelihoods are restored to pre-disaster level (household livelihood assistance)	250	not started yet

Livelihoods and basic needs Output 1.2: Basic needs assistance for livelihoods security including food is provided to the most affected communities

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people provided with hot meals provided	-	15,104
# of families provided with Ready to Eat Food	-	384
# of communal kitchen units installed in evacuation centres	10	1

Progress towards outcomes

Since the earthquakes, the PRC has served a total of 15,104 people with Hot Meals, all funded by the Appeal while 3,167 families have received food parcels (one per family), in North Cotabato and Davao del Sur, including 384 parcels financed by the IFRC. Each food parcel includes 5kgs of rice, 5 canned goods and 5 noodles.

To reduce the risk of fire and ensure the safety of families, the organization of communal kitchens has been planned and is ongoing. To date, a communal kitchen has been completed in North Cotabato, two others at 15 per cent and 45 per cent respectively in North Cotabato and Davao del Sur, while two construction sites are waiting for additional materials. The shared kitchen will include drainage and waste disposal facilities.



A woman cooks her food in the newly constructed communal kitchen in North Cotabato. (Photo: PRC)

Livelihoods and basic needs Output 1.3: Household livelihoods security is enhanced through food production, increased productivity and post-harvest management (agriculture-based livelihoods)

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of communities receiving support through the CMLP that report improved net income through skill building	TBD	pending funding
# of affected families reached with awareness activities and education on sustainable livelihoods through CMLP, HLA and HAA	250	pending funding
# of affected families provided with conditional cash grants through HLA	TBD	pending funding


Progress towards outcomes

Activities planned but not funded yet

Livelihoods and basic needs Output 1.5: Households are provided with unconditional/multipurpose cash grants to address their basic needs

Indicators:	Target	Actual
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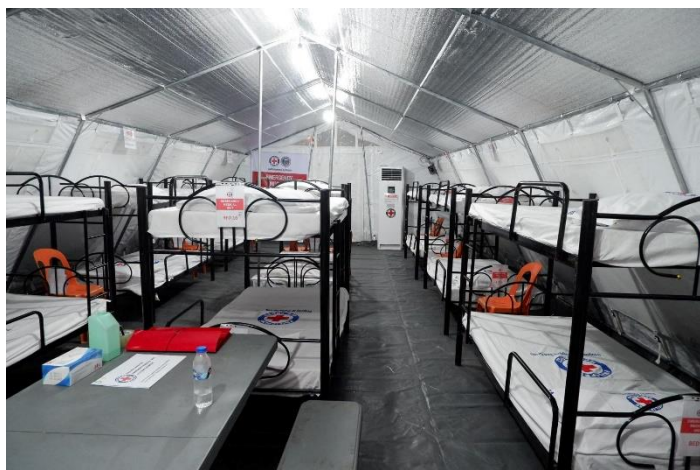
# of affected families provided with multipurpose cash grants to address their basic needs	2,000	not started yet
Progress towards outcomes		
Families will receive cash transfers to secure their immediate needs for an initial one month. Currently, the PRC is identifying and validating targeted families. There will be two distribution lots, one in mid-December 2019 and the other in January 2020. The cash transfers will be distributed to families using a pre-identified financial service provider, which has been utilized previously by PRC in previous operation. Each family will receive a sum of PHP 3,500 (Approx. CHF 70) which will meet their basic needs for an initial one month.		

 <p>Health People reached: 15,812 Male: 7,906 Female: 7,906</p>		
Health Outcome 1: The immediate risks to the health of affected populations are reduced		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people reached through National Society emergency health management programmes	16,000	15,812 ⁵
Health Output 1.1: The health situation and immediate risks are assessed using agreed guidelines		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of health assessments carried	2	2
Progress towards outcomes		
Health needs were assessed during the RDNA, confirming the need for first aid and psychosocial support. The results of the in-depth assessments conducted at the end of November 2019, including the damaged health infrastructure, help to refine the response strategy.		
Health Output 1.2: Target population is provided with rapid medical management of injuries and diseases		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of ambulances mobilized to provide immediate transportation of patients	8	8
# of people assisted with Blood Pressure (BP) readings	-	777
# of people provided with first aid	-	91
# of volunteers mobilized to support immediate health related activities	25	10 ⁶
# of families provided with first aid kits	200	-
# of chapters provided with chapter first aid kits (jump kits)	2	in progress
# of patients catered through Emergency Medical Units, run by PRC	-	157
Progress towards outcomes		
The PRC has set up 16 first aid stations, funded by the Appeal; helped 91 people with first aid and assisted 777 with their blood pressure readings since the start of the emergency operation. Eight ambulances were mobilized in ComVal, Gen Sen, Davao City, Cotabato City, Davao Del Sur, Dipolog and south Cotabato and 11 people were assisted, and transported to nearby hospitals.		

⁵ 777 people reached with blood pressure taking + 91 people with first aid + 8,830 people reached with community-based diseases prevention and control activities + 5,957 people reached with PSS

⁶ 10 volunteers per day is supporting the operation inside the EMU

Based on the request of the local government and the DOH, PRC has set up five Emergency Medical Unit (EMU) in Kidapawan City, North Cotabato to deal with the health problems caused by the closure of several hospitals in Mindanao. The EMUs are set up with the following function: tent one served as children pediatric ward; tent two served as emergency room, tent three served male ward, tent four served as female ward and tent five served as delivery/labor room.



PRC has set up an EMU to support the damage hospital in Kidapawan City. (Photo: PRC)

A Health team (nurses) were deployed to support the Kidapawan City Hospital for six months. There are 10 volunteers who are supporting the operation inside the EMU daily. So far, the EMU has catered 157 people.

The need to provide the household first aid kits are under review. Taking into the consideration the prolonged displacement and coordination with government and humanitarian clusters.

Health Output 1.4: Epidemic prevention and control measures carried out.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people reached with community-based epidemic prevention and control activities, including vaccine preventable diseases information and referral services	16,000	8,830
# of volunteers provided with health-related trainings	120	not started yet
# of affected families provided with mosquito nets	1,500	1,766
# of women provided with mother and new-born baby kits	500	not started yet

Progress towards outcomes

To reduce the risk of epidemics, 4,215 mosquito nets were distributed, of which 3,532 (1,766 families) were financed by the Appeal. Mosquito nets were distributed as part of the sleeping kits consisting of two mats, two blankets and two mosquito nets. Families receiving mosquito nets have all received messages on epidemic prevention and control. Other awareness-raising activities on these same topics will be conducted with the affected population. Health teams work closely with WASH to ensure a healthy environment for displaced people in evacuation centres.

Health Output 1.5: Psychosocial support provided to the target population

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people provided with psychosocial support	1,000	5,957

Progress towards outcomes

To help affected families, 13 welfare desks have been set up in evacuation centres. Welfare Desks assist displaced people with: i) restoring family links (RFL); (ii) tracing; (iii) inquiry and communications; (iv) contact of relatives; and (v) referral.

The psychosocial support programme, financed by the Appeal, has reached 5,967 people to date. Of these, 2,793 people received psychological first aid assistance and 3,164 children participated in “child friendly space” activities, in North Cotabato, South Cotabato, Davao del Sur, General Santos and Sultan Kudarat.



Water, sanitation and hygiene

People reached: 33,718

Male: 16,859

Female: 16,859

WASH Outcome1: Immediate reduction in risk of waterborne and water related diseases in targeted communities

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people provided with safe water services that meet agreed standards according to specific operational and programmatic context	35,500	33,718 ⁷
# of people provided with hygiene promotion aimed at reducing the risk of waterborne and water related diseases	35,000	12,265

WASH Output 1.1: Continuous assessment of water, sanitation, and hygiene situation is carried out in targeted communities

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Initial assessment of water, sanitation and hygiene situation conducted	1	1

Progress towards outcomes

WASH-related needs were assessed during the RDANA. PRC identified several problems such as some non-functional water systems and some non-potable sources of water in some areas, as well as limited knowledge of families in water treatment. Since the establishment of the evacuation centres, PRC has closely monitored several of them (currently 60 percent), including conducting WASH assessments and carrying out water analysis.

WASH Output 1.2: Daily access to safe water which meets Sphere and WHO standards in terms of quantity and quality is provided to target population

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of mass water treatment, storage and transport modules deployed	2	2
# of litres of safe water distributed	1,850,000	2,822,056
# of families provided with jerry cans (10L)	1,500	1,142

Progress towards outcomes

To meet immediate water needs, PRC has installed 14 water bladders for water supply in North Cotabato (barangays Ilumavis and Hinalitan, Kidapawan city), and Davao del Sur (Barangays Balnate and San Miguel; Magsaysay). Five water tankers (Davao City, General Santos, Iligan and NHQ) and two water treatment units (Davao City and General Santos) were also mobilized to support water supply. To date, 1,569 families have received jerry cans (20L and 10L) in Davao del Sur and North Cotabato, including the distribution of 1,974 jerry cans (10L) to 1,142 families through the Appeal.

A total 2,822,056 litres of water were distributed by PRC to 33,718 people at collecting points in Davao del Sur and North Cotabato⁸. Water supply activities have been funded by the Appeal.

WASH Output 1.3: Improved access to and use of adequate sanitation is provided to target population

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people who benefitted from the sanitation facilities in selected evacuation centres	7,500	17,949 ⁹
# of latrines provided	65	65

⁷ The number of people served with distributed water is an estimate and should be viewed with caution at this time. These may change when aggregated data on the scope of water sanitation services from other partners in the same evacuation camps will be available and validated. The IFRC and its partners are dedicated and aim to meet the minimal Sphere standards.

⁸ Note that this equates to on average of approximately 6 days water supply for each person based on [Sphere standards](#) of 15 litres per person per day in emergencies. This may change based on number of days each individual is accessing the water point.

⁹ The number of people served with latrines and showers is an estimate and should be viewed with caution at this time. These may change when aggregated data on the scope of water sanitation services from other partners in the same evacuation camps will be available and validated. The IFRC and its partners are dedicated and aim to meet the minimal Sphere standards.

# of shower facilities provided	30	26
# of handwashing stations provided	65	65
Progress towards outcomes		
PRC installed 65 portable toilets (serving 15,223 people) with 65 handwashing stations and 26 shower facilities all funded through the Appeal, 8 transitional toilets (serving 1,172 people) as well as 41 water collecting points, also in Davao del Sur and North Cotabato.		
WASH Output 1.4: Hygiene promotion activities which meet Sphere standards in terms of the identification and use of hygiene items provided to target population		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people reached by hygiene promotion activities	35,500	12,265
# of volunteers involved in hygiene promotion activities	20	-
Progress towards outcomes		
The PRC WASH unit conducted hygiene promotion activities with 12,327 people. Of these, 12,265 people were reached through activities funded with the Appeal. The key topics and messages conveyed during the emergency phase are hygiene practices, solid and waste management, and diarrhea prevention.		
WASH Output 1.5: Hygiene-related goods (NFIs) which meet Sphere standards and training on how to use those goods is provided to the target population		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of families provided with hygiene kits	1,500	1,257
Progress towards outcomes		
A total of 1,875 families were provided with a hygiene kit in Davao Del Sur and North Cotabato. Each hygiene kit includes 12 pieces of body soap, 5 laundry soaps, 40 sanitary pads, 5 bath towels, 6 rolls of toilet paper, 3 toothpaste tubes, 5 toothbrushes and 4 disposable razors. Of these hygiene kits provided to families, 1,257 were funded by the Appeal		



Protection, Gender and Inclusion

People reached: 33,718

Male: 16,859

Female: 16,859

Protection, Gender & Inclusion Outcome 1: Communities identify the needs of the most vulnerable and particularly disadvantaged and marginalised groups, as a result of inequality, discrimination and other non-respect of their human rights and address their distinct needs

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people provided with any PGI services	7,500	33,718
Protection, Gender & Inclusion Output 1.1: Programmes and operations ensure safe and equitable provision of basic services, considering different needs based on gender and other diversity factors		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of children provided with safe educational space in temporary learning centers	At least 400	2,267
# of teachers provided with training on safe teaching and alternative delivery methods	120	-
# of children provided with school kits	1,000	funding pending
Progress towards outcomes		
According to NDRRM, on November 30, 13,073 families (60,130 people) were taking temporary shelter in 107 evacuation centres while 25,812 families (125,609 people) were served outside the evacuation centres.		
The IFRC do not tolerate any form of violence against children. The Child Protection Policy is part of the mandatory orientation provided to volunteers involved in this operation, in which all staff members and volunteers have signed		

a document that they must read, understand and respect. Careful programming in all sectors and operational areas of IFRC ensured the protection of children against exploitation and abuse regardless of nationality, culture, ethnicity, gender, religious or political beliefs, socio-economic status, family or criminal background, physical or mental health or any other factor of discrimination. Indirectly, all persons staying in the evacuation centres are being factored in the programming with considerations on PGI aspect.

Through PRC's welfare services, traumatized people receive psychosocial support. The psychosocial helps people cope with the fear and anxiety caused by the trauma brought by earthquakes, especially for children. So far, as part of this operation, PRC has established welfare desks in 13 of the evacuation centres, to protect people living inside the evacuation centre, where families or individuals took refuge just after the earthquake. The Welfare Desk receives and accommodates concerns related to protection where PRC refers cases to relevant government authorities.

On November 18, PRC deployed 10 Temporary Learning spaces (TLS) in the two most affected provinces, North Cotabato and Davao del Sur, to ensure the continuity of education after schools were damaged. Each tent can accommodate 40 to 50 students. About 1,000 schools have been damaged by the earthquakes and classes of at all levels in three regions remain suspended to date.

Indirectly, all people supported in this operation has been provided with different services based on PGI considerations and standards.



Example of TLS deployed in Davao del Sur and North Cotabato: (Photo: PRC)

Protection, Gender & Inclusion Output 1.2: Emergency response operations prevent and respond to sexual- and gender-based violence and all forms of violence against children.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of staff and volunteers provided with training on SGBV	20	not yet started
# of staff and volunteers provided with training on PGI linked to internal displacement	20	not yet started

Progress towards outcomes

In evacuation centres, through the Welfare Services, PRC has conducted Child Friendly Spaces/Child Development Session. In total, 2,267 children (1,132 male and 1,135 female) were reached in Davao del Sur and North Cotabato.




Migration

People reached: 33,718
Male: 16,859
Female: 16,859

Migration Outcome 1: Communities support the needs of migrants and their families and those assisting migrants at all stages of migration (origin, transit and destination)

Indicators:	Target	Actual
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# displaced people reached with information and services provided from welfare desks	-	33,718
Migration Output 1.1: Assistance and protection services to migrants and their families are provided and promoted through engagement with local and national authorities as well as in partnership with other relevant organizations.		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of displaced people reached with information and quality services by welfare desks	-	33,718
Progress towards outcomes		
<p>During the reporting period, 13 evacuation camps were serviced through the 13 Welfare Desks of the PRC with services such as i) restoring family links (RFL); (ii) tracing; (iii) inquiry and communications; (iv) contact of relatives; and (v) referral.</p> <p>Through this Appeal, displaced population who are staying in different evacuation camps have been supported with psychosocial support, food, water, essential household items and emergency shelter materials, access to communal kitchen and sanitation facilities. The Appeal also supported PRC in health and hygiene promotion. An estimated 33,718 people are being reached in this operation.</p>		
Migration Output 1.3: "Family links are restored for people separated from, or without news of, their loved ones as a result of the disaster"		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of welfare desks providing RFL services in the disaster affected areas.	-	13
Progress towards outcomes		
<p>During this reporting period, 13 evacuation centres /sites were serviced by PRC's Welfare Desks to assist the displaced people to: i) restore family links (RFL); (ii) tracing; (iii) inquiry and communications; (iv) contact of relatives; and (v) referral. PRC established two RFL stations, facilitated one tracing request and four people re-established contact with relatives through free PRC-RFL calls. PRC has partnered with SMART telecommunication by lending of two mobile phones, two satellite phones and two Wi-Fi hotspots.</p>		

	<h2 style="color: red;">Disaster Risk Reduction</h2> <p>People reached¹⁰: Male: Female:</p>	
DRR Outcome 1: Communities in high risk areas are prepared for and able to respond to disaster		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of communities reached through RCRC programmes for DRR and community resilience (excluding public awareness and education campaigns)	TBD	-
DRR Output 1.1: Communities take active steps to strengthen their preparedness for timely and effective response to disasters.		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of community DRRM plans updated/reviewed	TBD	-
# of Red Cross 143 recruited	TBD	-
# of Red Cross 143 provided with training	TBD	-
Progress towards outcomes		
Activities planned but not funded yet		

¹⁰ Reference to the counting people reached guidance.

DRR Outcome 2: Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas adopt climate risk informed and environmentally responsible values and practices		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of targeted communities who have adopted climate risk informed and environmentally responsible approaches	TBD	-
DRR Output 2.1: Contributions to climate change mitigation are made by implementing green solutions		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of green response activities supported	TBD	funding pending
Progress towards outcomes		
Activities planned but not funded yet		
DRR Output 2.2: Community awareness raising programmes on climate changing risks and environmentally responsible practices are conducted in target communities		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of communities that have implemented activities that contribute to climate change adaptation	TBD	funding pending
# of people reached by climate change mitigation and environmental sustainability awareness raising campaigns	TBD	funding pending
Progress towards outcomes		
Activities planned but not funded yet		

Strengthen National Society		
S1.1: National Society capacity building and organizational development objectives are facilitated to ensure that National Societies have the necessary legal, ethical and financial foundations, systems and structures, competences and capacities to plan and perform.		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of National Society's branches that are well functioning.	2	2
Output S1.1.4: National Societies have effective and motivated volunteers who are protected		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
% of volunteers insured	100	100
Progress towards outcomes		
<p>As part of this operation, PRC NHQ provides direct technical support and budget for the implementation of operations in two Chapters: North Cotabato and Davao Del Sur. The North Cotabato chapter is classified in "Category E" and Davao Del Sur is in "Category D". These classifications indicate that the two chapters are not able to generate funds locally, which implies that the chapter can only cover basic operational costs and therefore requires additional support from the NHQ. In addition, support from other chapters is necessary to undertake assessments and implementation of operation activities. Additional support will be needed in terms of management, technical, implementation from the NHQ. The Davao Del sur Chapter building has been evacuated due to damage reported in adjacent building. It will be necessary to support the chapter development, volunteer and youth management. The running costs (electricity, internet, rent and water) in the Davao and North Cotabato Chapters are being covered through the Appeal; and provisions have also been made to ensure both offices are adequately equipped with cameras, laptops, printers as well as air conditioning units.</p> <p>As of 7 December 2019, 106 PRC staff members have been engaged /involved in the operation and 453 volunteers ((RCAT143/RC143 and RCY), mobilized in the operation. All volunteers are insured under the Membership and Accident Assistance Benefit (MAAB) of PRC.</p>		

Output 1.6: National Societies have the necessary corporate infrastructure and systems in place		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of chapter's office rehabilitated	1	funding pending
Progress towards outcomes		
Activities planned but not funded yet		

International Disaster Response		
Outcome S2.1: Effective and coordinated international disaster response is ensured		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Effective and coordinated international disaster response ensured.	Yes	Yes
Output S2.1.1: Effective response preparedness and NS surge capacity mechanism is maintained		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of RDRT deployed in the country.	1	Deployment in progress
Progress towards outcomes		
<p>An Information Management (IM) rapid response personnel has been identified, seconded from Netherlands Red Cross; and the deployment is currently being processed for a period of one month. The rapid response personnel will be embedded in the PRC Disaster Management Services department to provide support to the Mindanao earthquakes operation, as well as other general response being undertaken currently by PRC.</p>		
Output S2.1.3: NS compliance with Principles and Rules for Humanitarian Assistance is improved		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of methods established to share information with communities about what is happening in the operation.	2	2
% of complaints and feedback received responded to by the National Society	100	-
% of targeted population satisfied with access to information, feedback mechanisms and can influence the programme/response	80	-
Progress towards outcomes		
<p>Volunteers are considered the greatest asset of the PRC. These are usually those who have a direct engagement with the community and are the first ones to provide information and feedback to all villager's questions. So far, established methods for sharing information with communities are through face-to-face feedback with PRC staff and volunteers. PRC has established welfare desks in different evacuation camps, which allows for comments/ concerns, especially for internally displaced people.</p>		
Output S2.1.4: Supply chain and fleet services meet recognized quality and accountability standards		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Logistics department provides constant support to the National Society's logistics unit for replenishment and other procurements.	Yes	Yes
Progress towards outcomes		
<p>Logistics activities aim to effectively manage the supply chain of relief items, including procurement, fleet, storage and transportation to distribution sites in accordance with the requirements and aligned with standards, processes and procedures of the IFRC. Logistical support for this operation is provided by the strong logistics capacity of the PRC built in recent years, supported by an experienced IFRC country office logistics team.</p>		

IFRC CO's logistics, in coordination with PRC Logistics, dispatched the following items to Mindanao: 2,200 pieces of hygiene kits and 4,000 pieces each of blankets, plastic mats, jerry cans, mosquito nets and tarpaulins. Replenishment of these items is in progress.

A logistics staff is deployed to support the construction of the communal kitchen and the establishment of the emergency medical unit. A vehicle with driver from the National Headquarters, is currently supporting the relief distribution and transportation of PRC staff and volunteers.

Output S2.1.6: Coordinating role of the IFRC within the international humanitarian system is enhanced

Indicators:	Target	Actual
A coordinated and strategic response plan according to humanitarian minimum standards is adopted by actors in support of Government	Yes	Yes
Shelter actors working together without duplication of services	Yes	Yes
# of shelter actors incorporating build back safer (BBS) messaging and technical assistance elements into their shelter programming	-	15

Progress towards outcomes

Coordination of the Shelter Cluster was initiated by the Asia Pacific Shelter coordinator for the IFRC CO Philippines in support of the Philippines Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) Cluster system, following the 6.6 and 6.5 Earthquakes that occurred in North Cotabato, Mindanao on 29 and 31 October 2019.

Actions taken so far:

1. Remote support and coordination provided to the Shelter Cluster's partners deploying teams for rapid needs assessments in affected areas;
2. Consolidation and sharing of the assessment report, including initial findings and recommended response actions for shelter responses during emergency and early recovery;
3. Coordination with OCHA's information management (IM) focal point on the 3W weekly reporting; as of 2 December 2019, 15 Shelter Cluster partners were providing emergency shelter and household essential items for the response;
4. Participation in ad-hoc inter-Clusters coordination meetings in Manila and coordination with the provincial coordination level in Cotabato (Mindanao Humanitarian Team (MHT) and the International Organization for Migration (IOM);
5. Development of the Humanitarian Needs and Priorities (HNP) document for HCT, including the Cluster priority needs and response plans for an initial response period of six months. The Shelter Cluster submitted sectoral requirements for a potential Flash Appeal of USD 3.2M, for a target of 9,000 affected families (45,000 people) in six municipalities of North Cotabato and Davao del Sur provinces;
6. Contribution to the Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF) funding request for shelter and CCCM for USD 1.5M – 700,000 in part for shelter (3000 families, 15,000 people) in the three most affected municipalities of North Cotabato (Makilala, Tulunan and Kidapawan) on a timeframe of six months;
7. Provided inputs to the IOM during the request for proposal to partners and completed the selection process for sub-granting the Shelter component of CERF The project will target 3,000 households in Makilala, Tulunan and Kidapawan for six months and a budget of USD 420,000.

Outcome S2.2: The complementarity and strengths of the Movement are enhanced

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Complementarity and strengths of the Movement enhanced	Yes	Yes

Output S2.2.1: In the context of emergencies the IFRC, ICRC and NS enhance their operational reach and effectiveness through new means of coordination.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Movement coordination is well-established	Yes	Yes

Progress towards outcomes

The PRC is leading the Movement's overall response for this operation, maintaining close coordination with Movement partners in the country and providing updates. The PRC works with the IFRC, the ICRC and seven Partner National Societies in the country: the American Red Cross, the Canadian Red Cross, the Finnish Red Cross, the German Red Cross, the Japanese Red Cross Society, the Netherlands Red Cross and the Spanish Red Cross. On 7 June 2018, the ICRC, the IFRC and the PRC formally signed the Movement Coordination Agreement,

making the PRC the leader of all emergency operations in the country with the support of the ICRC and the IFRC. The PRC is holding a monthly in-country Movement-wide meeting to update partners on ongoing plans and activities. Partners also share relevant information about plans and activities in the country. On 1 November 2019 a Joint Task Force (JTF) teleconference call was held with all levels of the IFRC Secretariat for decision making on operational strategy and resource mobilization in response to the Mindanao earthquakes. It was agreed that an Emergency Appeal would be launched. Following this, on 4 November 2019, a Partners Call was held with PNS interested in contributing to the Appeal. Both teleconferences were facilitated by the IFRC Asia Pacific Regional Office in collaboration with their counterparts in the Philippines CO. There has been ongoing coordination with the ICRC both at a country and regional level to ensure complementarity of support to PRC; as well as to consult on issues related to security. The EPOA for this Appeal was also shared with ICRC counterparts as a courtesy.

Influence others as leading strategic partner

Outcome S3.1: The IFRC secretariat, together with National Societies uses their unique position to influence decisions at local, national and international levels that affect the most vulnerable.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
IFRC and National Society are visible, trusted and effective advocates on humanitarian issues.	Yes	Yes

Output S3.1.1: IFRC and NS are visible, trusted and effective advocates on humanitarian issues

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of communications materials produced on social media, media articles, interviews, and others to share information about the operation.	10	158

Progress towards outcomes

The PRC communication team ensures that the Red Cross response efforts are effectively communicated to its key target audiences in a timely manner. The Operations Centre (OpCen) located at the PRC's National Headquarters (NHQ) collects information from the Chapters and Red Cross 143 volunteers in the affected areas. In addition to a press release, regular updates on activities and status are posted on the official social media accounts of the PRC. Communication teams also post updates and photos on [Facebook](#) and [Twitter](#). PRC staff and volunteers across the country actively contribute to corporate communications through their own social media networks.

On emerging platforms, between 16 October and 19 November 2019, social media posts for Facebook reached 1,018,740 for the Mindanao earthquake series. There were 57 different publications related to the earthquake on Facebook. On Twitter, impression reached 530,249 with 49 different posts. In total, the Facebook reach and Twitter impression reached a total of 1,548,989.

In the traditional media, as of 25 November 2019, 25 media reports had appeared in three newspapers (People's Journal, Daily Tribune, Manila Times), six television networks (CNN, ABS-CBN/UGK, ANC, Net 25), seven radio (radio Mo Pilipinas, DZBB, DZRH, 2 DZXL, Radio Agila, Bombo Radyo), nine online/social media articles (Inq.net, GMA Network, Philstar.com, DWIZ, PRC Twitter/FB/Website). The following articles and reports have been published on Relief Web and the IFRC website:

News article online:

- [PRC continues to assist earthquake victims in Cotabato and nearby provinces](#)
- [PRC mobilizes teams and staff after earthquake jolts Cotabato and nearby provinces](#)
- [PRC continues mobilizing volunteers and equipment to earthquake-hit places in Mindanao](#)
- [PRC intensifies operations amidst series of strong earthquakes in Mindanao](#)
- [PRC appeals for more support as relief operations in Mindanao intensify after series of strong earthquakes.](#)
- [PRC urges public for more support to quake-hit families in Mindanao](#)
- [More than 3 weeks after, PRC sustains its humanitarian efforts in Mindanao](#)
- [Quake-hit families in Mindanao extend gratitude to Philippine Red Cross](#)
- [IFRC Thousands in need of humanitarian assistance after Mindanao earthquakes](#)
- [Philippine Red Cross to the rescue as number of quake-affected schools in Mindanao rise](#)

- [Philippine Red Cross sets up temporary medical facilities in quake-hit Mindanao.](#)

Reports:

- [Philippines: Mindanao earthquakes Emergency Appeal no MDRPH036](#)
- [Philippines Cotabato earthquakes- Emergency Plan of Action DREF no MDRPH036](#)
- [Philippines: Cotabato, Mindanao earthquakes – Information Bulletin](#)

Output S3.1.2: IFRC produces high-quality research and evaluation that informs advocacy, resource mobilization and programming.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of post-distribution visits to affected communities.	2	-
# of lesson learnt workshop conducted.	1	-

Progress towards outcomes

The response planning for the operation was based on the results of PRC's Rapid Disaster Assessment and Needs Analysis (RDANA). From 29 October to 10 November 2019, two RDANA teams were deployed in the provinces of Davao del Sur and North Cotabato. Another set of two assessment teams was deployed to conduct an assessment for early recovery and recovery intervention from 18 to 27 November 2019. The results of these assessments are now being used for decision-making on the intervention.

Effective, credible and accountable IFRC

Outcome S4.1: The IFRC enhances its effectiveness, credibility and accountability

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Effective performance of staff supported by HR procedures	Yes	Yes

Output S4.1.2: IFRC staff shows good level of engagement and performance

Indicators:	Target	Actual
% compliance with PRC HR procedures	100	100

Progress towards outcomes

PRC has been mobilizing NHQ and Chapters existing staff, Red Cross 143 volunteers, Red Cross Action Teams (RCAT134) and NDRTs from other Chapters. Most of the chapters who are providing surge support to North Cotabato and Davao del Sur chapters are also from Mindanao chapters.

Output S4.1.3: Financial resources are safeguarded; quality financial and administrative support is provided contributing to efficient operations and ensuring effective use of assets; timely quality financial reporting to stakeholders

Indicators:	Target	Actual
% of financial reporting respecting the IFRC procedures.	100	100

Progress towards outcomes

The IFRC, through the finance department, provides operational support for review, budget validation, bank transfers, and technical assistance to National Societies on cost justification procedures, including review and validation of invoices. The PRC – which is on the working advance system – has been supported by the IFRC for many years and is used to these financial procedures. All financial transactions in this operation are in accordance with the IFRC's standard financial procedures. The IFRC's finance and administration team in Manila provides both administrative and transport support at headquarters and in the field.

Output S4.1.4: Staff security is prioritised in all IFRC activities

Indicators:	Target	Actual
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Staff security is prioritized in all IFRC activities.	Yes	Yes
Progress towards outcomes		
<p>The IFRC security framework is applicable to this operation. For PRC staff and volunteers, the National Society's security framework is applied. Regular and close coordination is maintained with the ICRC, which has a sub-office in North Cotabato, and other Movement partners, in accordance with the existing security framework and Movement's coordination agreement. Regular information sharing is maintained and specific security protocols for each level of security.</p> <p>Some parts of Mindanao are sensitive to security because of the presence and operations of non-state armed groups. In addition, travel in some municipalities poses security problems. Overall, the North Cotabato area has a mix of red and orange security levels and Davao del Sur is at the green security level, based on ICRC security access map, which means that access to the red and orange areas can be moderately difficult. Given the context, there is coordination with the ICRC (as mentioned above) and other Movement partners, in accordance with the Security Framework and the Movement Coordination Agreement.</p> <p>In the country, all staff members and volunteers are required to take the IFRC online courses: Stay Safe Personal Security, Stay Safe Security Management and Stay Safe Volunteer Security.</p>		

D. Financial Report

Income and expenditure are outlined in the attached interim financial report at the end of this update.

Contact information

Reference documents



Click here for:

- [Mindanao Earthquakes-DREF](#)
- [Mindanao Earthquakes-Emergency Appeal](#)
- [Emergency Plan of Action \(EPoA\)](#)
- [Revised Emergency Appeal No. 2](#)

For further information, specifically related to this operation please contact:

In the Philippine Red Cross

- Elizabeth Zavalla, secretary general; email: elizabeth.zavalla@redcross.org.ph
- Leonardo Ebajo, director for disaster management services; email: leonardo.ebajo@redcross.org.ph

In the IFRC Philippine Country Office

- Patrick Elliot, acting head of country office; phone: +63 998 961 2140; email: patrick.elliott@ifrc.org
- David Fogden, acting operations manager; phone: +63 939 333 6874; email: david.fogden@ifrc.org
- Rajeev KC, surge disaster management delegate; phone: +63 998 961 2139; email: rajeev.kc@ifrc.org

In IFRC Asia Pacific Regional Office, Kuala Lumpur

- Mohammed Omer Mukhier, deputy regional director; email: mohammedomer.mukhier@ifrc.org
- Necephor Mghendi, head of disaster and crises unit; email: necephor.mghendi@ifrc.org
- Nur Hayati Ahmad, operations coordinator; email: nuhayati.ahmad@ifrc.org
- Siokkun Jang, logistics manager; email: siokkun.jang@ifrc.org
- Rosemarie North, communications manager; email: rosemarie.north@ifrc.org

For resource mobilization and pledges

- Alice Ho, partnerships in emergencies coordinator; email: partnershipsEA.AP@ifrc.org

For planning, monitoring, evaluation and reporting (PMER) enquiries

- Fadzli Saari, acting PMER manager; email: fadzli.saari@ifrc.org

In IFRC Geneva

- Nelson Castano, Manager, operations coordination;
email: nelson.castano@ifrc.org
- Karla Morizzo, DREF Senior Officer; phone: +41 (0) 22 730 4295;
email karla.morizzo@ifrc.org

How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the **Code of Conduct** for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO's) in Disaster Relief and the **Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere)** in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, **encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities** by National Societies, with a view to **preventing and alleviating human suffering**, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

The IFRC's work is guided by Strategy 2020 which puts forward three strategic aims:



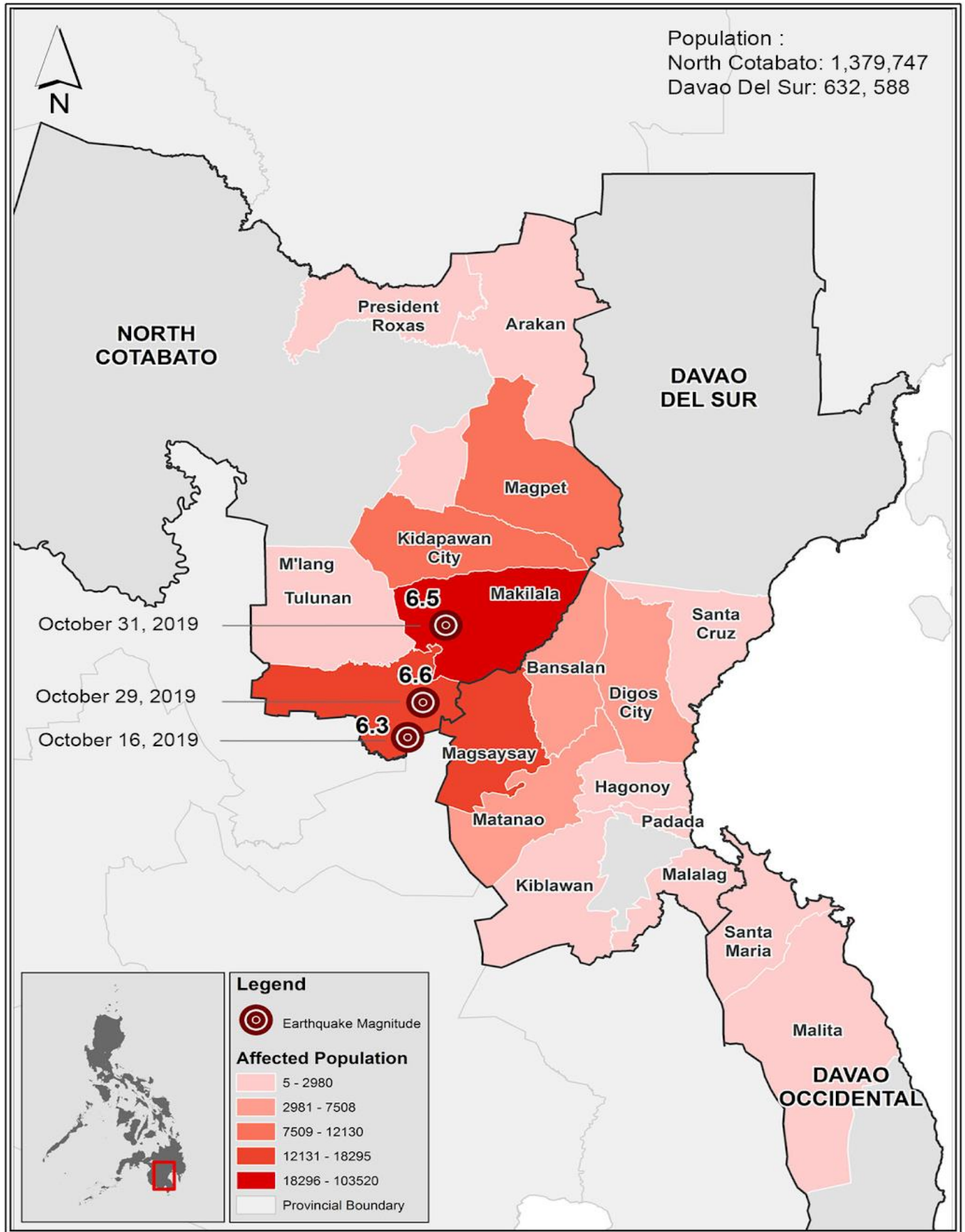
Save lives,
protect livelihoods,
and strengthen recovery
from disaster and crises.



Enable **healthy**
and **safe** living.



Promote **social inclusion**
and a culture of
non-violence and **peace**.



Emergency Appeal

INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

Selected Parameters			
Reporting Timeframe	2019/10-2019/11	Operation	MDRPH036
Budget Timeframe	2019/10-2020/12	Budget	APPROVED

Prepared on 17 Dec 2019

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

MDRPH036 - Philippines - Mindanao Earthquakes

Operating Timeframe: 31 Oct 2019 to 31 Dec 2020; appeal launch date: 03 Nov 2019

I. Emergency Appeal Funding Requirements

Thematic Area Code	Requirements CHF
AOF1 - Disaster risk reduction	105,000
AOF2 - Shelter	535,000
AOF3 - Livelihoods and basic needs	320,000
AOF4 - Health	215,000
AOF5 - Water, sanitation and hygiene	145,000
AOF6 - Protection, Gender & Inclusion	40,000
AOF7 - Migration	15,000
SFI1 - Strengthen National Societies	150,000
SFI2 - Effective international disaster management	325,000
SFI3 - Influence others as leading strategic partners	0
SFI4 - Ensure a strong IFRC	0
Total Funding Requirements	1,850,000
Donor Response* as per 17 Dec 2019	650,463
Appeal Coverage	35.16%

II. IFRC Operating Budget Implementation

Thematic Area Code	Budget	Expenditure	Variance
AOF1 - Disaster risk reduction	20,886	591	20,295
AOF2 - Shelter	171,845	91,387	80,458
AOF3 - Livelihoods and basic needs	141,776	0	141,776
AOF4 - Health	90,831	556	90,275
AOF5 - Water, sanitation and hygiene	199,499	0	199,499
AOF6 - Protection, Gender & Inclusion	5,846	0	5,846
AOF7 - Migration	0	0	0
SFI1 - Strengthen National Societies	23,623	0	23,623
SFI2 - Effective international disaster management	31,384	0	31,384
SFI3 - Influence others as leading strategic partners	62,836	0	62,836
SFI4 - Ensure a strong IFRC	0	0	0
Grand Total	748,528	92,534	655,993

III. Operating Movement & Closing Balance per 2019/11

Opening Balance	0
Income (includes outstanding DREF Loan per IV.)	874,842
Expenditure	-92,534
Closing Balance	782,308
Deferred Income	0
Funds Available	782,308

IV. DREF Loan

* not included in Donor Response	Loan :	223,467	Reimbursed :	0	Outstanding :	223,467
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Emergency Appeal

INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

Selected Parameters			
Reporting Timeframe	2019/10-2019/11	Operation	MDRPH036
Budget Timeframe	2019/10-2020/12	Budget	APPROVED

Prepared on 17 Dec 2019

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

MDRPH036 - Philippines - Mindanao Earthquakes

Operating Timeframe: 31 Oct 2019 to 31 Dec 2020; appeal launch date: 03 Nov 2019

V. Contributions by Donor and Other Income

Opening Balance							0
Income Type	Cash	InKind Goods	InKind Personnel	Other Income	TOTAL	Deferred Income	
China Red Cross, Hong Kong branch	25,525				25,525		
DREF Allocations				223,467	223,467		
Japanese Red Cross Society	61,100				61,100		
Spanish Government	109,967				109,967		
Swedish Red Cross	213,979				213,979		
The Canadian Red Cross Society (from Canadian Gov	67,667				67,667		
The Netherlands Red Cross (from Netherlands Govern	148,138				148,138		
Turkish Red Crescent Society	25,000				25,000		
Total Contributions and Other Income	651,375	0	0	223,467	874,842	0	
Total Income and Deferred Income					874,842	0	