

# Operation Update Report Philippines: Typhoon Phanfone

<b>Emergency appeal n° MDRPH038</b>	<b>GLIDE n° <a href="#">TC-2019-000176-PHL</a></b>
<b>Operation update n° 1; 10 February 2020</b>	<b>Timeframe covered by this update: 26 December 2019 to 8 January 2020</b>
<b>Operation start date: 26 December 2019</b>	<b>Operation timeframe: 12 months ending 31 December 2020</b>
<b>Funding requirements: CHF 2 million</b>	<b>DREF amount initially allocated: CHF 298,313</b>
<b>N° of people being assisted: 418 people</b>	
<b>Red Cross Red Crescent Movement partners actively involved in the operation:</b> PRC will lead the overall response operation. This action is supported by the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC).	
<b>Other partner organizations actively involved in the operation:</b> Government preparedness for the response is being coordinated through the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC) of which PRC is a member. Other Government agencies are involved, including the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), Department of Health and Department of Education. The humanitarian sector response readiness is being coordinated by the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) via UN OCHA.	

## A. SITUATION ANALYSIS

### Description of the disaster

Typhoon Phanfone (locally named Ursula) made initial landfall in Salcedo, Eastern Samar as a category-2 typhoon and crossed the Visayas region. Over 3.2 million people or over 766,000 families in more than 3,000 barangays have been affected, in regions V, VI, VII, VIII, Caraga and MIMAROPA.

The typhoon then travelled across the country following a similar path to [Typhoon Haiyan](#) (Yolanda) in November 2013, making a total of seven landfalls over two days. See below summary table of landfalls:

#	Date/Time (local time)	Location of landfall		
		Municipality	Province	Region
1	24/12/19; 16:45	Salcedo	Eastern Samar	Eastern Visayas (VIII)
2	24/12/19; 19:30	Tacloban City	Leyte	Eastern Visayas (VIII)
3	24/12/19; 21:15	Cabucgayan	Biliran	Eastern Visayas (VIII)
4	25/12/19; 02:30	Carles	Gigantes Islands	Western Visayas (VI)
5	25/12/19; 08:40	Ibajay	Aklan	Western Visayas (VI)
6	25/12/19; 13:00	Caluya Island	Antique	Western Visayas (VI)
7	25/12/19; 15:00	Bulalacao	Oriental Mindoro	MIMAROPA (IV)

According to the latest National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council ([NDRRMC](#)), issued 10 January 2020:

- Pre-emptive evacuation of 58,400 people (12,364 families) in Bicol (V), Central Visayas (VII), Eastern Visayas (VIII) and MIMAROPA regions (IV-B).

- 783,095 families (3,267,915 people) were affected in 3,073 barangays of which 60 percent<sup>1</sup> of those affected were in Region VIII (Eastern Visayas).
- 57 dead, 369 injured, and six still missing.
- Families displaced:
  - 3,918 people (932 families) remain sheltered in 103 temporary evacuation centres (ECs), and
  - 34,492 people (7,199 families) were sheltered outside the ECs, with host families or open spaces
- Houses damaged:
  - 530,696 houses damaged, including 60,483 totally damaged (destroyed) and 470,213 partially damaged.
- Damaged infrastructure:
  - 467 schools partially damaged.
  - 32 health facilities partially damaged.
  - 106 public structures damaged of which 84 partially and 22 totally damaged.
  - 72 road sections and 4 bridges were affected, of which three road sections and three bridges remain impassable.
  - 353 cities/municipalities experienced power outage of which 268 are fully restored, 79 partially and six still for restoration.









*Typhoon Phanfone struck central Philippines on 24 December 2019. Affected families were forced to spend their holidays in evacuation centres or under makeshift temporary shelters after their houses were destroyed by the typhoon. PRC immediately responded to the needs of the affected population by providing hot meals, relief, psychosocial support, and water, hygiene and sanitation needs. (Photo: PRC)*

## Summary of current response

### Overview of Host National Society

As of 8 January, 2020<sup>2</sup>, PRC had been able to carry out the following activities to respond immediately to basic needs:

Sector	Actions taken
 <b>First Aid</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 8 first aid station established in evacuation centres and ports</li> <li>• 189 individuals taken with blood pressure taking</li> <li>• 2 individuals were provided with first aid</li> </ul>
 <b>Psychosocial support</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 7 welfare desks established</li> <li>• 27 individuals provided with psychosocial first aid</li> <li>• 78 children provided with child friendly activities</li> </ul>
 <b>Food</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 4,734 individuals provided with ready to eat meal food/hot meals</li> <li>• 2,997 families provided with food packs</li> <li>• 1,442 families provided with <i>media noche</i> packages</li> </ul>
 <b>Essential household items</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 938 individuals received clothes</li> <li>• 40 families provided with mosquito nets</li> <li>• 350 families provided with blankets</li> </ul>
 <b>Water, sanitation and hygiene</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 15,250 liters of water were distributed for drinking and domestic use</li> <li>• 120 individuals were reached with hygiene promotion</li> </ul>
 <b>Manpower and assets mobilized</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 304 PRC personnel (78 staff, 36 RC143 volunteers, 130 RCAT volunteers, 60 RCY volunteers) were activated and mobilized for the operation since 24 December 2019</li> <li>• 1 unit of water tanker was deployed in Mindoro Oriental</li> <li>• 1 mobile kitchen was mobilized in Iloilo</li> </ul>

Click [here](#) for a web-based interactive map on PRC operational area for this operation.

### Overview of Red Cross Red Crescent Movement in country

PRC is leading the overall response operation. PRC works with the IFRC, ICRC and PNS in-country: American Red Cross, Canadian Red Cross, Finnish Red Cross, German Red Cross, Japanese Red Cross Society, the Netherlands Red Cross, Spanish Red Cross and Qatar Red Crescent Society.

### Overview of non-RCRC actors in country

#### Coordinating with the authorities

As auxiliary to the public authorities, PRC maintains a strong relationship with government bodies through participation or collaboration with (i) the NDRRMC; (ii) the provincial, municipal and barangay (village) disaster risk reduction and management councils; and (iii) the local government units defined in the Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Act

<sup>1</sup> OCHA, [Flash update no.3](#).

<sup>2</sup> Philippine Red Cross Monitoring Matrix for earthquake Mindanao and SitRep no 14

from 2010. PRC participates in NDRRMC meetings and coordinates with the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), and Department of Health (DOH).

PRC is coordinating with the NDRRMC for Pre-Disaster Risk Analysis (PDRA) and response Cluster activation, and through the local chapters' coordination with their Municipal, City, Provincial and Regional DRRMOs especially in Bicol Region, Western, Central and Easter Visayas including CARAGA region. PAGASA and NDRRMC continuously provided updates including on preparedness measures, stocks of NFIs and other resources; weather forecasts/advisories and gale warnings to regional counterparts and other agencies through formal updates.

#### ***Inter-agency coordination***

At country level, PRC and IFRC consistently participate in meetings of the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) held both during disasters and non-emergency times. PRC and IFRC are involved in relevant government-led cluster information sharing, planning, and analysis at all levels while IFRC supports PRC coordination efforts through representation in other relevant clusters as required.

IFRC is co-leader of the Shelter Cluster with government lead agency Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD). The IFRC Regional Shelter Coordinator as the ad-interim focal point in country is coordinating with OCHA and sector partners to provide strategic and technical guidance for the response based on participation to inter-cluster coordination meetings, inter-agency rapid needs assessments in the affected areas and sectoral strategic framework development.



### **Needs analysis and scenario planning**

Please see [Emergency plan of Action \(EPoA\)](#) for Needs analysis and Operation Risk Assessment.

## **B. OPERATIONAL STRATEGY**

### **Proposed strategy**

#### **Overall Operational objective**

The operation aims to meet the immediate and early-recovery needs of the most vulnerable 20,000 people (4,000 families) affected by Typhoon Phanfone over a period of 12 months (until 31 December 2020) through the provision of appropriate assistance to support their safety, dignity and resilience. This will be accomplished through the following summarised activities:

#### **Emergency response**

- Mobilization of personnel and assets to conduct first aid, search and rescue; as well as conduct rapid needs assessments.
- Provision of essential welfare services, including migration, PGI, PSS, Ready to Eat / Hot Meals, and restoring family links (RFL).
- Distribution of essential household items, health, emergency shelter and WASH items to affected families.
- Distribution of multipurpose cash grants (MPCG) to affected families to meet their basic needs for a period of one month.
- Community-based disease prevention, epidemic control and health promotion session; as well as provision of psychosocial first aid (PFA) and PSS.

- Distribution of safe drinking water; installation of temporary sanitation (latrines, bathing and/or shower facilities, and handwashing facilities) as needed; provision of dignity and hygiene related items, and dissemination of key health promotion messages to affected families.

### **Early recovery assistance**

- Shelter assistance aimed at supporting affected families repair/rebuild homes and other facilities that were totally damaged (destroyed) by Phanfone. This will be accomplished through the distribution of conditional cash grants, specialised construction support from trained staff, awareness raising/training guidance on safe shelter building techniques (based on the Shelter Cluster Guideline), as well as technical guidance on housing, land and property (HLP) issues.
- Livelihoods assistance activities aimed at supporting affected families who livelihoods have been disrupted, restore their means of income generation or establish new ventures/projects including small and micro enterprises grants. This will be accomplished through a combination of conditional cash grants, distribution of inputs, and awareness raising/trainings.
- Disaster risk reduction activities aimed to link the relief and recovery by identifying the local hazards and vulnerabilities and undertaking measures to enhance the coping capacity of affected communities, through the establishment of RC143 volunteers and communities-based disaster preparedness initiatives in communities affected by Phanfone; the development of disaster risk management plans, awareness raising/trainings on participatory and build back better approach for safe shelter, and climate change adaptation/green response.
- National Society Development (NSD) activities intended to strengthen the capacity of the PRC to respond to future emergencies. This will be accomplished through the establishment of a regional logistics hub where assets, equipment and stocks can be pre-positioned for mobilization in advance of an emergency.

### **The operation will be underpinned by a commitment to quality programming that involves**

- Continuous and in-depth assessments and analyses to inform the design and ongoing implementation of the programme.
- Ongoing process of adjustments based on these assessments.
- Adherence to protection, gender and inclusion (PGI) measures, with focus on disability inclusive development. This will include, amongst other activities, the collection of sex-age and disability disaggregated data, the application of Minimum Standards on PGI in Emergencies through the project cycle (including monitoring and reporting). There will be efforts made to ensure equitable balance of male and female staff and volunteers; as well as consideration made to promote the participation of women, men, girls and boys of all ages and backgrounds in the affected population, and of people with disabilities.
- Awareness of the impact of climate change and promotion of climate smart solutions as part of the operations (where appropriate).
- Establishment of mechanisms to facilitate two-way communication with, and ensure transparency and accountability to, disaster-affected people, and highlighting the nature of communication and information as a life-saving mechanism.
- Management and delivery of the programme will be informed by appropriate monitoring and evaluation.
- Market assessments will be integrated with the in-depth assessment as cash-based interventions are being considered based on the needs and feasibility.
- Post distribution monitoring exercises will be conducted on the interventions, particularly related to the use of cash as a response option, to measure impact and timeliness of the assistance provided. An overall review of the EA will be conducted to identify lessons learnt and present recommendations to PRC for consideration in future emergency response operations.

## C. DETAILED OPERATIONAL PLAN



### Shelter

People reached: 0

Male: 0

Female: 0

**Outcome 1: Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas restore and strengthen their safety, well-being and longer-term recovery through shelter and settlement solutions**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of affected families provided with essential household items and emergency shelter	2,000	ongoing

**Output 1.1: Shelter and settlements and basic household items assistance is provided to the affected families.**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of affected families provided with essential household items	2,000	ongoing
Number of affected families provided with tarpaulins (emergency shelter)	2,000	ongoing
Number of affected families provided with shelter toolkit	2,000	to be conducted
Number of families provided with early recovery shelter assistance through conditional cash grants	300	to be conducted

#### Progress towards outcomes

To cover the essential household items needs of the most vulnerable affected population, PRC was able to reach 350 families with blankets and 40 families with mosquito nets. IFRC supported the deployment of assets (multipurpose vehicles, trucks, vans and water treatment units) and the mobilization of staff and the essential household items in the affected provinces.

Based on the initial analysis of the impact of the typhoon, the PRC has identified the provinces of Aklan, Antique, Biliran, Capiz, Eastern Samar, Iloilo, Mindoro Occidental and Mindoro Oriental as the priority for initial assistance. With the support of IFRC, PRC is now preparing for the mobilization of household items in Biliran, Eastern Samar, Mindoro Occidental and Mindoro Oriental.

**Output 1.2: Technical support, guidance and awareness raising in safe shelter design and settlement planning and improved building techniques are provided to affected households**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of affected families provided with guidance on safe shelter at point of distribution	2,000	ongoing
Number of affected families provided with technical support and guidance on safer shelter awareness (as part of early recovery assistance)	300	to be conducted
Number of carpenters provided with technical support and guidance on safer shelter awareness appropriate to the type of support they are giving	50	to be conducted

#### Progress towards outcomes

Guidance and orientation on the items to be distributed will be provided alongside its distribution.



### Livelihoods and basic needs

People reached: 2,997

Male: 1,498

Female: 1,499

**Outcome 1: Communities, especially in disaster and crisis affected areas, restore and strengthen their livelihoods**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of affected families able to meet their basic needs	2,000	2,997

Number of affected families whose livelihoods are restored to pre-disaster level	750	to be conducted
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**Output 1.2: Basic needs assistance for livelihoods security including food is provided to the most affected communities**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of Ready to Eat Food / Hot Meals provided	4,500	4,734

**Progress towards outcomes**

Displaced families from different evacuation centres were provided with ready to eat food / hot meals. A total of 4,734 individuals were served.

Batangas	Biliran	Capiz	Cebu	Iloilo	Leyte	Masbate	Romblon	Total
978	320	1,015	482	1,182	579	26	152	4,734

PRC also distributed food packages to 2,997 families. The Food packages includes 5kgs of rice, 5 canned goods and 5 noodles. PRC also distributed a *media noche* package as supplementary support to 1,442 families in preparation to the New Year celebration, which is a traditionally important time in the Philippine calendar

Antique	Biliran	Capiz	Iloilo	Mindoro Oriental	Occidental Mindoro	Total
300	350	3	700	598	1046	2,997



PRC immediately deployed its mobile kitchen and has served hot meals to the affected population. (Photo: PRC)

**Output 1.3: Household livelihoods security is enhanced through food production, increased productivity and post-harvest management (agriculture-based livelihoods)**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of affected families reached with awareness raising/training on sustainable livelihoods through CMLP and HLA	750	to be conducted
Number of affected families provided with conditional cash grants through HLA	750	to be conducted
Number of communities receive support through the CMLP that report improved net income through skill building	3	to be conducted

**Progress towards outcomes**

PRC has sent teams to conduct rapid disaster assessment and needs analysis (RDANA). Results of the RDANA will determine whether cash and voucher system will be used in this operation.

**Output 1.5: Households are provided with unconditional/multipurpose cash grants to address their basic needs**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of affected families provided with multipurpose cash grants to address their basic needs	2,000	to be conducted

**Progress towards outcomes**

PRC has sent teams to conduct rapid disaster assessment and needs analysis (RDANA). Results of the RDANA will determine whether cash and voucher system will be used in this operation.



## Health

People reached: 418<sup>3</sup>

Male:

Female:

### Outcome 1: The immediate risks to the health of affected populations are reduced

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of people reached through NS emergency health management programmes	20,000	0

### Output 1.1: The health situation and immediate risks are assessed using agreed guidelines

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Initial assessment of health situation carried out (as part of RDANA)	Yes	Yes

#### Progress towards outcomes

Health needs were assessed during the initial assessment conducted by chapter and based on secondary and historical data, confirmed the need for first aid and psychosocial support.

### Output 1.8: Minimum initial maternal and neonatal health services provided to target population

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of pregnant women that received dignity kits	250	to be identified
Number of pregnant and lactating women that received new-born kits	250	to be identified
Number of health centres provided with screening kits	5	to be identified

#### Progress towards outcomes

RDANA results has yet to confirm if there is a need to distribute dignity kits and new-born kits.

### Outcome 2: The immediate risks to the health of affected populations are reduced through improved access to medical treatment

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# people provided with medical treatment (based on need)	<i>based on need</i>	418

### Output 2.3: Target population is reached with Search and Rescue activities

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of ambulances mobilized to provide immediate transportation services (based on need)	<i>based on need</i>	0
Number of people provided with first aid (based on need)	<i>based on need</i>	2
Number of people provided with blood pressure readings (based on need)	<i>based on need</i>	189
Number of volunteers trained on basic life support and first aid	50	to be identified
Number of volunteers mobilized to provide first aid and blood pressure reading services in the affected areas	50	to be identified
Number of chapters' first aid kits provided (First Aid Jump Kits)	40	to be identified

#### Progress towards outcomes

Even before the landfall of Phanfone, PRC had put on stand-by its response assets such as rescue, ambulances, boats and teams. Based on the actual scenario, there was no need to deploy these assets.

PRC chapters established first aid stations in eight evacuation centres. So far, 189 individuals were supported with blood pressure taking, two individuals provided with first aid intervention.


### Outcome 4: Transmission of diseases of epidemic potential is reduced

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of people reached with community-based disease prevention, epidemic control and health promotion programming in the affected areas	20,000	to be conducted

### Output 4.1: Community-based disease control and health promotion is provided to the target population

<sup>3</sup> Mosquito nets + fist aid + blood pressure + pss

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of volunteers trained on Epidemic Control for Volunteers (ECV) Toolkit	30	to be conducted
Number of volunteers mobilized to disseminate epidemic prevention messages	30	to be conducted
Number of volunteers continuously monitor the outbreak situations and report back to the OPCEN for immediate response	30	to be conducted
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
No update as of reporting.		
<b>Output 4.2: Vector-borne diseases are prevented</b>		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of affected families provided with insecticide treated mosquito nets	2,000	40
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
Chapter in Ormoc City in Leyte was able to distribute mosquito nets to 40 families. Distribution of sleeping kit through IFRC's support is on the way, where mosquito net is part of the standard package.		
<b>Outcome 6: The psychosocial impacts of the emergency are lessened</b>		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of people provided with direct psychosocial support	1,000	27
<b>Output 6.1: Psychosocial support provided to the target population as well as to RCRC volunteers and staff</b>		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of staff receive Training of Trainers on psychosocial support	20	to be conducted
Number of volunteers trained on psychosocial support	30	to be conducted
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
Based on the assessment and previous experiences after a disaster, members of the affected community are dealing with psychological distress due to social disruption and impact of the event on the home and family immediately after the disaster. The Provision of psychosocial support (PSS) is standard practice for PRC during emergency operations, as the extent of the disaster is also likely to raise potential mental health and psychosocial issues. The PRC, through its chapters, provided PSS to 27 individuals who had been either stranded or displaced.		

	<h3 style="color: red;">Water, sanitation and hygiene</h3> <p><b>People reached: 120</b> Male: 60 Female: 60</p>	
<b>Outcome 1: Immediate reduction in risk of waterborne and water related diseases in targeted communities</b>		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of people provided with water, sanitation and hygiene-related services that meet agreed standards according to specific operational and programmatic context	20,000	to be identified
<b>Output 1.1: Continuous assessment of water, sanitation and hygiene situation is carried out in targeted communities</b>		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Initial assessment of water, sanitation and hygiene situation carried out (as part of RDANA)	Yes	Yes
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
Initial assessment and RDANA results have identified needs for water supply. There have been water interruptions in the affected areas due to damage to the pipelines and the absence of electricity.		
<b>Output 1.2: Daily access to safe water which meets Sphere and WHO standards in terms of quantity and quality is provided to target population</b>		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of litres of water distributed (according to WHO standards)	2,000,000	15,250

Number of families targeted with jerry cans	2,000	to be conducted
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
There have been water interruptions in the affected areas, particularly in Mindoro. This was mainly due to damage to the pipelines and the absence of electricity. To meet the water needs, PRC distributed safe drinking water through water trucking in Oriental Mindoro and Sorsogon. A total of 15,250 litres of water has been treated and distributed by PRC.		
With the support of the IFRC, the PRC is currently mobilizing household items, including jerry cans, to be distributed to affected families.		
<b>Output 1.3: Adequate sanitation which meets Sphere standards in terms of quantity and quality is provided to target population</b>		
<b>Indicators:</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Actual</b>
Number of temporary latrines installed	20	to be conducted
Number of temporary bathing and/or shower facilities installed	20	to be conducted
Number of handwashing facilities installed	20	to be conducted
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
No update as of reporting.		
<b>Output 1.4: Hygiene promotion activities which meet Sphere standards in terms of the identification and use of hygiene items provided to target population</b>		
<b>Indicators:</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Actual</b>
Number of people reached by hygiene promotion	20,000	120
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
Emergency hygiene promotion activities to increase public awareness and prevent diseases linked to poor hygiene practices have been implemented by the PRC. So far, Sorsogon chapter has started doing hygiene promotion activities, reaching 120 individuals. This has included messaging on handwashing, menstrual hygiene management, solid waste disposal and safe water storage and treatment.		
<b>Output 1.5: Hygiene-related goods (NFIs) which meet Sphere standards and training on how to use those goods is provided to the target population</b>		
<b>Indicators:</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Actual</b>
Number of families provided with hygiene kits	2,000	to be conducted
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
With the support of the IFRC, the PRC is currently mobilizing household items, including hygiene kits, to be distributed to affected families.		



## Protection, Gender and Inclusion

People reached: To be identified

Male:

Female:

**Outcome 1: Communities identify the needs of the most vulnerable and particularly disadvantaged and marginalised groups, as a result of inequality, discrimination and other non-respect of their human rights and address their distinct needs**

<b>Indicators:</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Actual</b>
Number of people provided with PGI services	20,000	ongoing

**Output 1.1: Programmes and operations ensure safe and equitable provision of basic services, considering different needs based on gender and other diversity factors**

<b>Indicators:</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Actual</b>
Initial assessments focus on key PGI areas is carried out (as part of RDANA)	Yes	Yes
Sex-age and disability disaggregated data is collected	Yes	Yes

**Progress towards outcomes**  
Protection, Gender and Inclusion is one of the areas to be identify during RDANA. The results of the RDANA help in determining the appropriate PGI related interventions.

In addition, A welfare desk, established by PRC, also supports the resolution of protection issues for people living inside the evacuation centres. The Welfare Desk receives and deals with protection issues and, if necessary, refers cases to the relevant government authorities

**Output 1.2: Emergency response operations prevent and respond to sexual- and gender-based violence and all forms of violence against children.**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Percentage of staff and volunteers sign the code of conduct	100	100

**Progress towards outcomes**

IFRC has zero tolerance for any form of violence against children. Child protection policy is part of the mandatory orientation provided to volunteers mobilized in this operation where all staff and volunteers signed a document that they have read, understood and would abide by the policy. Careful programming across all the sectors and operational areas of IFRC ensured that children are protected from exploitation and abuse regardless of their nationality, culture, ethnicity, gender, religious or political beliefs, socio-economic status, family or criminal background, physical or mental health or any other factors for discrimination. Part of the volunteer and staff recruitment process is to sign a document that they have read, understood and would abide the PRC code of conduct.

Through PRC's welfare services, traumatized individuals receive psychosocial support. Psychosocial support helps individuals cope with fear and anxiety due to the trauma caused by the typhoon, especially for children. Child-friendly activities were provided to 78 children in Iloilo.



**Migration**

**People reached: To be identified**

Male:

Female:

**Outcome 1: Communities support the needs of migrants and their families and those assisting migrants at all stages of migration (origin, transit and destination)**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of displaced people reached with information and services provided from welfare desks	20,000	to be identified

**Output 1.1: Assistance and protection services to migrants and their families are provided and promoted through engagement with local and national authorities as well as in partnership with other relevant organizations.**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of affected people have access to basic services	20,000	to be identified

**Progress towards outcomes**

Displaced population who are staying in different evacuation centres have been supported with psychosocial support, food water and household items. Through the seven welfare desks, displaced population are being provided with PRC services such as: i) restoring family links (RFL); (ii) tracing; (iii) inquiry and communications; (iv) contact of relatives; and (v) referral.

**Output 1.3: Family links are restored for people separated from, or without news of, their loved ones as a result of the disaster**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of welfare desks providing RFL services in the affected areas.	7	7

**Progress towards outcomes**

Part of the standard services provided under the welfare desk set up by PRC are (i) restoring family links; (ii) tracing; and (iii) referral. In this operation, there have been seven welfare desks established in Cebu, Leyte, Masbate, Romblon and Surigao del Norte, offering restoring family link support.



## Disaster Risk Reduction

People reached: To be identified

Male:

Female:

### Outcome 1: Communities in high risk areas are prepared for and able to respond to disaster

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of communities reached through RCRC programmes for DRR and community resilience (excluding public awareness and education campaigns)	15	to be conducted

### Output 1.1: Communities take active steps to strengthen their preparedness for timely and effective response to disasters.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of communities DRRM plans updated/reviewed	6	to be conducted
# of Red Cross 143 recruited	264	to be conducted
# of Red Cross 143 provided with training	264	to be conducted

### Progress towards outcomes

No update as of reporting.

### Outcome 2: Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas adopt climate risk informed and environmentally responsible values and practices

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# communities adopt climate risk informed and environmentally responsible approaches	<i>to be determined</i>	to be conducted

### Output 2.1: Contributions to climate change mitigation are made by implementing green solutions

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# green response activities are supported	<i>to be determined</i>	to be conducted

### Progress towards outcomes

No update as of reporting.

### Output 2.2: Community awareness raising programmes on climate changing risks and environmentally responsible practices are conducted in target communities

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# communities that have implemented activities that contribute to climate change adaptation	<i>to be determined</i>	to be conducted
# people reached by climate change mitigation and environmental sustainability awareness and raising campaigns	<i>to be determined</i>	to be conducted

### Progress towards outcomes

No update as of reporting.

## Strengthen National Society

### Outcome 1: National Society capacity building and organizational development objectives are facilitated to ensure that National Societies have the necessary legal, ethical and financial foundations, systems and structures, competences and capacities to plan and perform.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of National Society's branches that are well functioning (in the operation)	to be identified	to be identified

### Output 1.1.4: National Societies have effective and motivated volunteers who are protected

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Percentage of volunteers insured	100	226

<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
Results of the RDANA has yet to identify the chapters which will be supported in this operation.		
Since 24 December 2019, 304 PRC personnel (78 staff, 36 RC143 volunteers, 130 RCAT volunteers, 60 RCY volunteers) were activated and mobilized for the operation. All the volunteers involved in the operation are insured under the Membership and Accident Assistance Benefit (MAAB) of PRC.		
<b>Output 1.6: National Societies have the necessary corporate infrastructure and systems in place</b>		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of regional hub established	1	to be established
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
No update as of reporting.		

<b>International Disaster Response</b>		
<b>Outcome 2.1: Effective and coordinated international disaster response is ensured</b>		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Effective and coordinated international disaster response ensured.	Yes	Yes
<b>Output 2.1.1: Effective and respected surge capacity mechanism is maintained</b>		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of RDRT member deployed in the country.	1	Ongoing
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
IFRC has mobilized rapid response personnel to provide overarching surge support to all DREF (MDRPH033, MDRPH037) and Emergency Appeals (MDRPH032, MDRPH036). These include Emergency Health, Information Management (IM) and Planning, Monitoring, Evaluation and Reporting (PMER) profiles. The surge personnel is seconded by the Canadian Red Cross and the Netherlands Red Cross. An IFRC operations Manager has also been deployed for three months from the Asia Pacific Regional Office (APRO). Further support required will be determined in collaboration with PRC.		
<b>Output 2.1.3: NS compliance with Principles and Rules for Humanitarian Assistance is improved</b>		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Number of methods established to share information with communities about what is happening in the operation.	2	Yes
% complaints and feedback received responded to by the NS.	100	to be conducted
% of targeted families satisfied that they have access to information, feedback mechanisms and can influence the programme/response	80	to be conducted
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
The IFRC Country Office (CO) is providing support to PRC to ensure accountability and compliance with regards to the DREFs and Appeals procedures. For this operation, this has included the preparation of an <a href="#">Information Bulletins</a> , a <a href="#">DREF</a> , an emergency plan of action, and this operations update, all published on the public <a href="#">IFRC Appeals Database</a> . The <a href="#">IFRC GO Platform</a> is used to prepare situation reports.		
Community engagement and accountability (CEA) is an important component of this Appeal operation; and will be integrated into all planned activities to ensure that affected families have access to information on the services being provided by PRC; as well as participate and feedback to PRC. At the time of this publication, PRC welfare desks have been established which allow concerns to be shared with PRC. Post-distribution monitoring is also planned across all areas of focus to assess the satisfaction of targeted families with the support they received, the results of which will be reported on in subsequent operations update.		
<b>Output 2.1.4: Supply chain and fleet services meet recognized quality and accountability standards</b>		
Indicators:	Target	Actual
Logistics department provides constant support to the National Society's logistics unit for replenishment and other procurements	Yes	Yes

<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
<p>Logistics activities aim to efficiently manage the supply chain of relief items, including procurement, fleet, storage and transportation to distribution sites in accordance with the requirements and aligned with standards, processes and procedures of the IFRC. The logistical support for this operation is provided by the strong logistics capacity of the PRC built in recent years, supported by an experienced IFRC CO logistics team.</p> <p>In-country logistics is currently processing PRC's request to support the mobilization of essential household items in the affected areas of Biliran, Eastern Samar, Mindoro Occidental and Mindoro Oriental.</p>		
<b>Output 2.1.6: Coordinating role of the IFRC within the international humanitarian system is enhanced</b>		
<b>Indicators:</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Actual</b>
A coordinated and strategic response plan according to humanitarian minimum standards is adopted by actors in support of Government	Yes	Yes
Shelter actors working together without duplication of services	Yes	to be identified
# of shelter actors incorporating build back safer (BBS) messaging and technical assistance elements into their shelter programming	<i>to be determined</i>	to be identified
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
<p>IFRC is co-leader of the Shelter Cluster with government lead agency Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD). The IFRC coordination focal point in-country is coordinating with OCHA and sector partners to provide strategic and technical guidance for the response based on participation to inter-cluster coordination meetings, inter-agency rapid needs assessments in the affected areas and sectoral strategic framework development.</p>		
<b>Outcome 2.2: The complementarity and strengths of the Movement are enhanced</b>		
<b>Indicators:</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Actual</b>
Complementarity and strengths of the Movement enhanced	Yes	Yes
<b>Output 2.2.1: In the context of emergencies the IFRC, ICRC and NS enhance their operational reach and effectiveness through new means of coordination.</b>		
<b>Indicators:</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Actual</b>
Movement coordination is well-established	Yes	Yes
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		
<p>The PRC leads the Movement's overall response for this operation, maintaining close coordination with Movement partners in the country and providing updates. The PRC works with the IFRC, the ICRC and seven Partner National Societies in the country: the American Red Cross, the Canadian Red Cross, the Finnish Red Cross, the German Red Cross, the Japanese Red Cross Society, the Netherlands Red Cross and the Spanish Red Cross. On 7 June 2018, the ICRC, the IFRC and the PRC formally signed the Movement Coordination Agreement, making the PRC the leader of all emergency operations in the country with the support of the ICRC and the IFRC. The PRC is holding a monthly in-country Movement-wide meeting to update partners on ongoing plans and activities. Partners also share relevant information about plans and activities in the country.</p> <p>On January 7, a Movement's partners call was organized to inform Movement partners on the launching of the IFRC appeal to support PRC provide humanitarian services to communities affected by Typhoon Phanfone.</p>		

<b>Influence others as leading strategic partner</b>		
<b>Outcome 3.1: The IFRC secretariat, together with National Societies uses their unique position to influence decisions at local, national and international levels that affect the most vulnerable.</b>		
<b>Indicators:</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Actual</b>
IFRC and NS are visible, trusted and effective advocates on humanitarian issues.	Yes	Yes
<b>Output 3.1.1: IFRC and NS are visible, trusted and effective advocates on humanitarian issues</b>		
<b>Indicators:</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Actual</b>
Number of communications materials produced/published	90	87
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>		

The visibility of PRC efforts to prepare and assist people affected by Typhoon Phanfone were promoted and highlighted through mainstream and traditional media. There are 22 international and local media coverage highlighting the PRC response. For social media postings, PRC official Facebook has 543,513 reach for 42 different posts while Twitter has reached 144,050 for 23 different posts. Total social media reach is pegged at 687,563.

Further, PRC and IFRC communications team works on the messaging, AV materials, stories/infographics that will present clearer picture of the damages supported by statistics and data. Communications will also highlight the coping/recovery experiences/practices of the affected communities, climate change and the efforts of the Red Cross to support the affected population.

**Output S3.1.2: IFRC produces high-quality research and evaluation that informs advocacy, resource mobilization and programming.**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of post-distribution visits to affected communities.	2	to be conducted
# of lessons-learnt workshop conducted.	1	to be conducted

**Progress towards outcomes**

No update as of reporting.

**Effective, credible and accountable IFRC**

**Outcome 4.1: The IFRC enhances its effectiveness, credibility and accountability**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Effective performance of staff supported by HR procedures	Yes	Yes

**Output 4.1.2: IFRC staff shows good level of engagement and performance**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Percentage compliance with PRC HR procedures	100%	100%

**Progress towards outcomes**

PRC has been mobilizing NHQ and Chapters existing staff, Red Cross 143 volunteers, Red Cross Action Teams (RCAT134) and National Disaster Response Team's members from other Chapters as required. PRC Human Resources (HR) procedures are being applied for all deployments. In total, 304 PRC personnel have been involved in the response. Please refer to International Disaster Response [Output 1.1.4](#) for information on the human resources mobilized for this operation.

**Output 4.1.3: Financial resources are safeguarded; quality financial and administrative support is provided contributing to efficient operations and ensuring effective use of assets; timely quality financial reporting to stakeholders**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Percentage of financial reporting respecting the IFRC procedures	100%	100%

**Progress towards outcomes**

The IFRC CO, through the finance and administration team, provides operational support for review, budget validation, bank transfers, and technical assistance PRC on cost justification procedures, including review and validation of invoices. The PRC – which is on the working advance system – has been supported by the IFRC for many years and is used to these financial procedures. All financial transactions in this operation are being conducted in accordance with the IFRC's standard financial procedures. The DREF project agreement was signed upon the activation of the DREF, however, is in the process of being revised through an addendum f on the expanded allocation to the operation as a loan to the appeal.

**Output 4.1.4: Staff security is prioritized in all IFRC activities**

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Staff security is prioritized in all IFRC activities.	Yes	Yes

**Progress towards outcomes**

The IFRC security framework is applicable to this operation. For PRC staff and volunteers, the National Society's security framework is applied. Regular and close coordination is maintained with the ICRC in accordance with the existing security framework and Movement's coordination agreement. Regular information sharing is maintained and specific security protocols for each level of security. In the country, all staff members and volunteers are required to take the IFRC online courses: Stay Safe Personal Security, Stay Safe Security Management and Stay Safe Volunteer Security

## **D. FINANCIAL REPORT**

Please refer to the [attached](#) report.

## Reference documents



Click here for:

- [DREF](#)
- [Emergency Appeal \(EA\)](#)
- [Emergency Plan of Action \(EPoA\)](#)

**For further information, specifically related to this operation please contact:**

### In Philippine Red Cross

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### For IFRC Resource Mobilization and Pledges support:

- Alice Ho, Partnership in Emergencies Coordinator; email: [PartnershipsEA.AP@ifrc.org](mailto:PartnershipsEA.AP@ifrc.org)

### For Performance and Accountability support (planning, monitoring, evaluation and reporting enquiries):

- Siew Hui Liew, PMER manager; email: [siewhui.liew@ifrc.org](mailto:siewhui.liew@ifrc.org)35T

## How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the **Code of Conduct** for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO's) in Disaster Relief and the **Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere)** in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, **encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities** by National Societies, with a view to **preventing and alleviating human suffering**, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

The IFRC's work is guided by Strategy 2020 which puts forward three strategic aims:



**Save lives,**  
protect livelihoods,  
and strengthen recovery  
from disaster and crises.



Enable **healthy**  
and **safe** living.



Promote **social inclusion**  
and a culture of  
**non-violence** and **peace**.

# Emergency Appeal

INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

Selected Parameters			
Reporting Timeframe	2019/12-2020/1	Operation	MDRPH038
Budget Timeframe	2019/12-2020/12	Budget	APPROVED

Prepared on 05 Feb 2020

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

## MDRPH038 - Philippines - Typhoon Phanfone

Operating Timeframe: 26 Dec 2019 to 31 Dec 2020; appeal launch date: 28 Dec 2019

### I. Emergency Appeal Funding Requirements

Thematic Area Code	Requirements CHF
AOF1 - Disaster risk reduction	170,000
AOF2 - Shelter	700,000
AOF3 - Livelihoods and basic needs	620,000
AOF4 - Health	80,000
AOF5 - Water, sanitation and hygiene	110,000
AOF6 - Protection, Gender & Inclusion	10,000
AOF7 - Migration	10,000
SFI1 - Strengthen National Societies	60,000
SFI2 - Effective international disaster management	270,000
SFI3 - Influence others as leading strategic partners	0
SFI4 - Ensure a strong IFRC	0
<b>Total Funding Requirements</b>	<b>2,030,000</b>
<b>Donor Response* as per 05 Feb 2020</b>	<b>338,740</b>
<b>Appeal Coverage</b>	<b>16.69%</b>

### II. IFRC Operating Budget Implementation

Thematic Area Code	Budget	Expenditure	Variance
AOF1 - Disaster risk reduction	0	0	0
AOF2 - Shelter	91,195	0	91,195
AOF3 - Livelihoods and basic needs	106,027	0	106,027
AOF4 - Health	32,856	0	32,856
AOF5 - Water, sanitation and hygiene	35,659	0	35,659
AOF6 - Protection, Gender & Inclusion	4,173	0	4,173
AOF7 - Migration	0	0	0
SFI1 - Strengthen National Societies	399	0	399
SFI2 - Effective international disaster management	21,115	0	21,115
SFI3 - Influence others as leading strategic partners	6,355	0	6,355
SFI4 - Ensure a strong IFRC	533	0	533
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>298,313</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>298,313</b>

### III. Operating Movement & Closing Balance per 2020/01

Opening Balance	0
Income (includes outstanding DREF Loan per IV.)	639,991
Expenditure	0
<b>Closing Balance</b>	<b>639,991</b>
Deferred Income	0
Funds Available	639,991

### IV. DREF Loan

* not included in Donor Response	Loan :	298,313	Reimbursed :	0	<b>Outstanding :</b>	<b>298,313</b>
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# Emergency Appeal

INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

Selected Parameters			
Reporting Timeframe	2019/12-2020/1	Operation	MDRPH038
Budget Timeframe	2019/12-2020/12	Budget	APPROVED

Prepared on 05 Feb 2020

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

## MDRPH038 - Philippines - Typhoon Phanfone

Operating Timeframe: 26 Dec 2019 to 31 Dec 2020; appeal launch date: 28 Dec 2019

### V. Contributions by Donor and Other Income

Opening Balance							0
Income Type	Cash	InKind Goods	InKind Personnel	Other Income	TOTAL	Deferred Income	
Australian Red Cross	23,269				23,269		
China Red Cross, Hong Kong branch	25,070				25,070		
DREF Allocations				298,313	298,313		
Japanese Red Cross Society	66,000				66,000		
Taiwan Red Cross Organisation	9,683				9,683		
The Canadian Red Cross Society	73,927				73,927		
The Canadian Red Cross Society (from Canadian Gov	73,927				73,927		
The Netherlands Red Cross (from Netherlands Govern	69,801				69,801		
<b>Total Contributions and Other Income</b>	<b>341,678</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>298,313</b>	<b>639,991</b>	<b>0</b>	
<b>Total Income and Deferred Income</b>					<b>639,991</b>	<b>0</b>	