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Emergency Plan of Action (EPoA) Philippines: Typhoon Vamco

 International Federation
of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

DREF Operation	MDRPH042	Glide n°:	TC-2020-000225-PHL
For DREF; Date of issue:	13/11/2020	Expected timeframe:	3 months
		Expected end date:	28/02/2021
Category allocated to the of the disaster or crisis: Yellow			
DREF allocated: CHF 403,382			
Total number of people affected:	19.1 million	Number of people to be assisted:	4,000 families (20,000 people)
Provinces affected:	National Capital Region, Quezon, Rizal province	Provinces/Regions targeted:	National Capital Region, Quezon, Rizal province
Host National Society presence (n° of volunteers, staff, branches): Philippine Red Cross (PRC) is the nation's largest humanitarian organization and works through 104 chapters covering all administrative districts and major cities in the country. PRC has more than 1,700 staff at national headquarters and chapter levels, and approximately one million volunteers and supporters, of whom some 500,000 are active volunteers. At the chapter level a programme called Red Cross 143 is established that sees volunteers trained, equipped and in place at the community (barangay) level - enhancing the overall capacity of the National Society to prepare for and respond to disaster situations.			
Red Cross Red Crescent Movement partners actively involved in the operation: PRC is working with the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) in this operation. The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) and eight National Societies are present in the Philippines: American Red Cross, Canadian Red Cross, Finnish Red Cross, German Red Cross, Japanese Red Cross Society, Netherlands Red Cross, Spanish Red Cross and Qatar Red Crescent Society.			
Other partner organizations actively involved in the operation: Government coordination is led by the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC). Government ministries and agencies involved include the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), Local Government Units, the Philippine Armed Forces, and the Philippine National Police Force. I/NGOs and UN agencies are monitoring the situation through the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) supported by OCHA.			

A. Situation analysis

Description of the disaster

7 November 2020: Low pressure area in the east of Mindanao has developed into a Tropical Depression Ulysses.

9 November 2020: Tropical Depression Ulysses strengthened from a tropical depression into a tropical storm – which now internationally known as Tropical Storm Vamco.

11 November 2020: Typhoon Vamco made its first landfall in the vicinity of Patnanungan, Quezon at 10:30 pm local time, second landfall in the vicinity of Burdeos, Quezon at 11:20 pm on the same day and third landfall in the vicinity of General Nakar, Quezon at 1:30 am on 12 November 2020.



PRC volunteers and staff are in flood-affected areas assisting people and bringing them to safety through rescue vehicles and rubber boats. (Photo: PRC)

According to Philippines Atmospheric, Geophysical and Astronomical Services Administration (PAGASA) Typhoon Vamco (locally known as Ulysses) with maximum sustained winds of 155 kilometers per hour and gusts of up to 255 kilometers per hour, moving west-northwest at 20 kilometers per hour. The typhoon made its first landfall in Patnanungan, Quezon south of the capital Manila at 10:30 pm local time, while the second landfall was in Burdeos, Quezon at 11:20 pm. Typhoon Vamco made its third landfall in General Nakar, Quezon at 1:30 am.

The typhoon slightly weakened while crossing Central Luzon in part due to the presence of the Sierra Madre and Zambales Mountain Ranges. Typhoon Vamco will continue crossing the landmass of Central Luzon. On the forecast track, the typhoon may exit the Philippine Area of Responsibility (PAR) on Friday morning or afternoon.

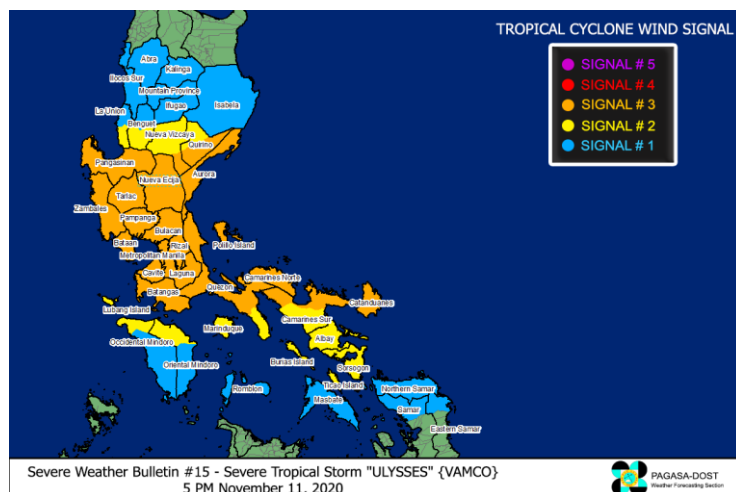
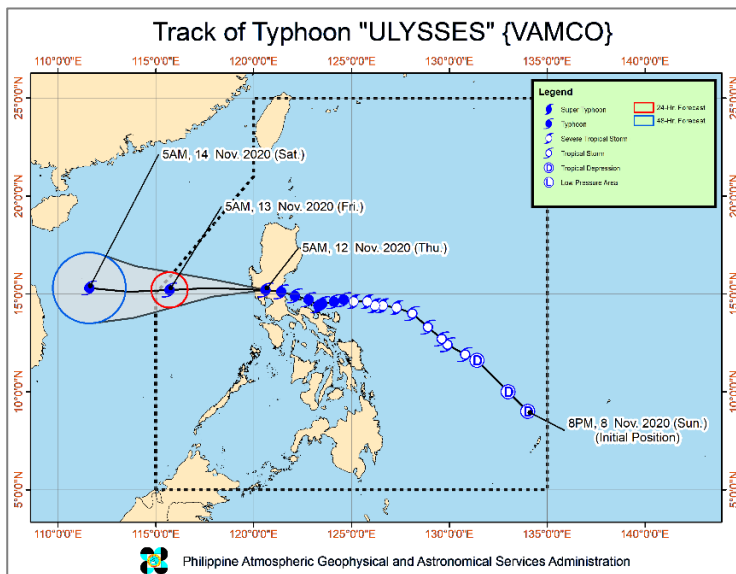
Throughout the passage of the typhoon, destructive typhoon-force winds were experienced in areas under Tropical Cyclone Wind Signal (TCWS) #3, damaging gale to storm-force winds in areas under TCWS #2, and strong breeze to near gale conditions in areas under TCWS #1.

Destructive winds and heavy to intense rainfall have been experienced over central and southern portions of Aurora, the northern portion of Quezon including Polillo Islands, Nueva Ecija, Bulacan, Tarlac, Pampanga, Pangasinan, Zambales, Bataan, Metro Manila, and Rizal.

PAGASA issued flood advisories for river basins in Pampanga, Cagayan, and Bicol region ahead of the anticipated landfall of the Typhoon Vamco. Flood advisory was issued for the Pampanga River Basin due to the slow to gradual rise of the upper main Pampanga River and its eastern major tributaries — Coronel, Digmala, Santor, Penaranda and Angat rivers. PAGASA warned of possible rain induced landslides and flash floods at the western slopes of Sierra Madre mountains particularly in the eastern part of Nueva Ecija, eastern part of Bulacan, and Pampanga-Tarlac area.

Typhoon Vamco is the Philippines' 21st tropical cyclone for 2020. Still suffering from Super Typhoon Goni, Bicol was the first to face Typhoon Vamco's winds and rain, as the typhoon triggered floods in parts of the region. The island province of Catanduanes and provinces of Albay, Camarines Norte and Camarines Sur, that bore the brunt of Typhoon Goni in late October, a Category 5 typhoon that killed 25 people and left six people missing were also affected by strong winds and rain.

However, the main impact of the typhoon was to Metro Manila and its adjacent provinces. The densely populated capital region of Metro Manila, though not directly hit by the center of the typhoon, is also affected with floods, fallen trees and power cables down leading to power outages across different cities. Nearby dams are closed to spilling, which could aggravate flooding. Airline flights and mass transit in the capital were suspended while the coast guard stopped port operations. Government work was suspended, and financial markets were shut. Hundreds of residents were forced to flee their homes on Thursday as water in Marikina River surpassed the peak level during the onslaught of Typhoon Vamco.



Track and potential impact of Typhoon Vamco. (Source: PAGASA)

The typhoon is seen to continue bringing torrential rains to Metro Manila and other parts of Luzon until Thursday afternoon. Thursday morning the water level rose to 21.7 meters — higher than the 21.5 meters reached when Ondoy that caused significant disruption to the country 11 years ago and left Marikina City submerged in floodwater for days. Residents near the river were forced to evacuate when the water rose to 18 meters due to nonstop rains. The local government is also deploying rescue boats to extricate stranded residents.

Residents in low-lying areas near the Angat, Caliraya, La Mesa, and Ipo dams have been warned by state weather bureau PAGASA for possible flooding due to its water release triggered by heavy rainfall from Typhoon Vamco. Angat Dam's reservoir water level is in critical range as of Thursday morning. Authorities said the dam will open its spillway gates with initial gate opening of 0.5 meters at 10.00 am to ensure its stability. The authorities are warning nearby residents that water in Angat River is expected to rise due to the opening of gates and have been alerted to watch out for possible floods. As of 11 November 2020, the [Office of Civil Defense](#) in the Bicol Region has recorded one death, while three others missing, and more than 170,000 displaced in Bicol due to Typhoon Vamco.

According to [report](#) released by AHA Centre on 11 November 2020, an estimated 19.1 million people, 3.61 million households, and 126 billion US dollars of infrastructure are potentially exposed to moderate to severe damaging winds.

Typhoon Vamco has affected the provinces already mentioned while authorities and partner organizations in the Philippines are already responding to public health emergencies (measles and polio, MDRPH032), earthquakes (Mindanao, MDRPH036), typhoons (Phanfone, December 2019 MDRPH038; Goni, October 2020 MDRPH041), returnees (Mindanao MDRPH040) and COVID-19 operations (MDR00005).







Rescue and evacuation response in Marikina City. (Photo: PRC)

Summary of the current response

Overview of host National Society

PRC's operations centre (OpCen) is working 24/7 to collect and compile data from chapters and the Red Cross 143 volunteers in the areas affected. Chapter Red Cross Action Teams (RCAT 143), National Disaster Response Teams (NDRT), PRC Emergency Response Units and other specialized PRC personnel in assessment, relief, shelter, WASH, health and welfare are deployed in the affected areas for rapid assessment and to follow on with distributions. Chapters are currently responding with relief, first aid, hot meals, search and rescue, psychosocial support, welfare and rapid assessments. PRC is now focused on search and rescue, support for the evacuated and cleanup activities. PRC is coordinating through their local chapters' with their municipal, city, provincial and regional DRRMOs.

Cash advances being processed for transfer to priority chapters and/or offices. In preparation for a larger response if needed, PRC regional warehouses have been activated for logistical and relief support, blood centers and blood stations have been alerted to ensure enough supply and National Disaster Response Teams are on standby for possible deployments to conduct assessments and deliver emergency relief. The National Society maintains close coordination with relevant National and local authorities and in-country Movement partners and continues to provide regular updates. WASH assets and personnel's in regional hubs are on standby for possible support Basic Health Care units and personnel's in are on standby for possible support. Followings are the summary of current responses by the National Society:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 25 shelter strengthening kits were distributed in barangay Sabang Vinzon, under Forecast Based Financing in Camarines Norte. • Dispatching sleeping kits for 2,000 families – (two blankets and two sleeping mats).
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 479 individuals were provided with hot meals.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Two individuals were provided with first aid management (first aid care provided to two individuals with lacerations). • Dispatching mosquito nets for 2,000 families (two nets each). • 40 individuals were reached through Psychosocial First Aid. • PRC Emergency Response Units for Rescue and evacuation operations were deployed in Rizal Province, Marikina City, Bulacan and Cavite. 267 individuals rescued and assisted.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dispatching 1,000 sets of hygiene kits.

COVID-19 safe operation

Details of COVID-19 operations in the Philippines can be accessed via [IFRC GO platform](#). PRC has incorporated COVID-19-safe programming steps into its operating procedures, to protect personnel and affected populations. In the Philippines, the COVID-19 pandemic has evolved into a major humanitarian disaster since the first case was recorded in February 2020. Based on the data from Philippines [Department of Health](#) as of 10 November 2020, there have been 398,449 confirmed cases of the disease in the country. Out of these cases, 361,784 have recovered and 7,647 deaths were recorded.

It is essential that this operation is COVID-19-safe for PRC personnel and affected communities. Considering the current COVID-19 situation in the country, PRC has incorporated COVID-19 guidelines into its response protocols. PRC's staff are always requested to use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), swab test prior to leaving to the field and vehicles will be disinfected regularly. These measures will limit the risks of spreading the virus and protect those who are involved in the operation (staff, volunteers and relief item recipients).

Duty of care

Teams will adhere and practice all precautionary measures outlined in Asia Pacific COVID-19-safe Best Practice Guide for Disaster response. Specifically, with regards to person-to-person transmission, the National Society will follow the four key actions - plan ahead; maintain physical distance; ensure hygiene (use surgical masks, practice handwashing or use 60 per cent alcohol-based hand sanitizers, carry personal hygiene kits at all times, clean and disinfect surfaces regularly especially transport vehicles during field assessments), identify and support vulnerable people, and immediate actions to be triggered as per guideline if contact with suspected/confirmed case of COVID during line of work. The Philippines Red Cross volunteers will be insured.

Overview of Red Cross Red Crescent Movement in country

PRC is leading the overall response operation. The IFRC Country Office will support PRC, ensuring a coordinated approach with the eight National Societies with presence in the Philippines: American Red Cross, Canadian Red Cross Society, Finnish Red Cross, German Red Cross, Japanese Red Cross Society, Netherlands Red Cross, Spanish Red Cross and Qatar Red Crescent Society. Where required, priority will be to consult with National Societies with a presence in-country whether they can second any of their existing personnel to support the response. Surge alerts for personnel from outside the Philippines will be sent via the IFRC Asia Pacific Regional Office only if none of the in-country partners has the requested profile locally.

Movement Coordination

The IFRC Country Office is supporting PRC in disseminating updates to the IFRC network in-country and coordinating with the IFRC Asia Pacific Regional Office (APRO) in Kuala Lumpur in accordance with the IFRC Secretariat's Emergency Response Framework. PRC hosts Movement coordination meetings and operational meetings to share information with partners. IFRC and PRC are also coordinating with the ICRC on security-related considerations for some affected areas as well as on potential complementarity of action where may be required.

Overview of non-RCRC actors in country

Coordinating with the authorities

As auxiliary to the public authorities, PRC maintains a strong relationship with government bodies through participation or collaboration with (i) the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC), (ii) the provincial, municipal and barangay (community) disaster risk reduction and management councils, and (iii) the local government units defined in the Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Act 2010. PRC participates in NDRRMC meetings and coordinates with the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD) and Department of Health. PRC headquarters and local chapters are coordinating with the national and provincial disaster risk reduction and management councils (NDRRMC and PDRRMCs) respectively.

The PRC was identified as a key humanitarian partner of government in fighting against COVID-19 under the landmark “Bayanihan to Heal as One” Act and the superseding “Bayanihan to Recover as One” Act which is effective until 19 December 2020. The latter law provides the resources to continue the testing and treatment of COVID-19 and grants a stimulus package to help households and businesses recover from the secondary socio-economic impacts.

Inter-agency coordination

IFRC is continuously coordinating with various government and non-government agencies, including members of the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT). At country level, PRC and IFRC are observers to, and participate in meetings of the HCT held both during disasters and non-emergency times. The IFRC is the co-lead of the Shelter Cluster with DSWD as the government lead agency and is now coordinating with cluster partners and the government lead agency. The Shelter Cluster is supporting a coordination platform, information management and is part of the deployments for inter cluster rapid assessments

Needs analysis, targeting, scenario planning and risk assessment

PRC NHQ is closely coordinating with its chapters in affected areas to collect information on the situation and needs on the ground. Furthermore, NHQ is mobilizing multi-sectoral assessment teams to augment the chapters’ assessment activities. Assessments will continue over the coming days and will serve as the basis for further adjustments to the strategy. Initial assessments have indicated immediate needs include food, household items, emergency shelter items, as well as for health and WASH interventions.

PRC has started interacting with different in-country Movement partners and has taken stock of household items in various warehouses. NFI distribution plans have been received from some of the chapters of affected provinces while the Disaster Management Service of PRC is closely working with the logistics department to coordinate transportation and distribution.

The IFRC DREF will contribute to the PRC Plan of Action supporting PRC with immediate health, WASH, search and rescue and assessment work; along with the provision of NFI and multi-purpose cash grants.



Hot meals distribution in Muntinlupa City Evacuation Center. (Photo: PRC)

Targeting

The overall target of evacuation centres and evacuees being supported under the DREF operation will be confirmed in discussion with the authorities. For the purposes of planning, it is being assumed that at least 4,000 families (20,000 people) will require general support in the evacuation centres and to return home to restable their houses and livelihoods. The plan will be revised based on rapid assessments.

The PRC always ensures that its emergency responses and programmes are aligned with its own as well as with the IFRC's commitment to take gender and diversity into account, for example, by focusing on and targeting women/child-headed households, pregnant or lactating women, and men, women and children made vulnerable by disasters, families with persons with disability, elderly, those suffering from chronic illnesses, families with children under five years old, families who have not received any or sufficient assistance from the government or other organizations, those who belong to socially vulnerable families and those who lack the resources to meet basic humanitarian needs on their own.

Once beneficiaries are identified and verified, each will be provided with a PRC beneficiary card with their and family members' names. The card will form the basis for official recognition of bearers as beneficiaries of the PRC and during implementation, PRC volunteers will again validate the beneficiaries' names on the cards where they are listed in distribution sheets. Upon receipt of any item or assistance, beneficiaries will sign award sheets or participating lists. With these records and validation process, cases of double-assistance or double-counting can be eliminated. As part of its standard operating procedure, the PRC ensures that communication with the affected population is facilitated through the communities' preferred communication channels.

Estimated disaggregated data for population targeted.

Category	Estimated % of target group	% female	% male
Young Children (under 5 years)	10%	5%	5%
Children (5-17 years)	30%	15%	15%
Adults (18-49 years)	43%	21%	22%
Elderly (>50 years)	17%	9%	8%
People with disabilities ¹	15%	7.5%	7.5%

Protection, gender and inclusion (PGI)

Following disasters, protection concerns, particularly regarding separated and unaccompanied children, and young women are known to increase. Vulnerable groups are at risk to exploitation, psychosocial trauma and gender-based violence (GBV). Housing units of host families may have limited access to basic facilities that are safe for women and children. Addressing such risks are to be incorporated in the response plans and in the messaging and community engagement of the PRC. There will be a need to ensure that mapping of local child protection services and GBV referral systems is carried out and information provided to affected households. Additionally, family tracing and reunification processes for unaccompanied, separated and orphaned children, provision of psychosocial support services (PSS) for children, as well as set up of child-friendly spaces where they have opportunities for safe play, recreation and non-formal education, have also been identified as a priority need.

PGI minimum standards will be used to ensure a "do no harm" approach, and elaborate on how the mitigation approach will (ideally) include establishment of protection referral pathways, training and sensitization of staff and volunteers to identify and refer protection concerns, and safeguarding in the operation (such as signing the Code of Conduct and Child Protection policy) for all staff and volunteers.

Community engagement and accountability (CEA)

As stated from the [IFRC World Disasters Report](#), information is a vital form of aid. Timely, accurate and appropriate information can save lives, livelihoods and resources. With various concerns arising after the typhoon, ensuring that information in the local language is immediately provided to the affected families is significant to lessen the possible negative impacts of being displaced, and ensure that the most vulnerable can access government and non-government assistance.

PRC has been strengthening its capacity in community engagement and accountability through a variety of community-based programmes and projects, as well as emergency operations nationwide. Community accountability mechanisms are integrated into relief and recovery programmes to ensure that affected populations have direct access to information on the nature and scope of services provided by PRC, as well as the mechanisms and processes that enable community participation and feedback. It is important to incorporate sustainable behaviors and practices within this operation. Actions taken should cause no harm to the communities being supported.

PRC uses trusted and preferred channels of communications, including radio, newspaper, telephone hotline, help desks, printed materials, SMS and social media. The preferred media for communication is validated through community consultations. These media are utilized to provide and receive information to and from beneficiaries. The

¹ Based on IFRC DREF Population Calculator.

“Virtual Volunteer” web app could also be utilized to exchange information, such as where affected families can receive assistance.

Scenario planning

Possible scenarios are:

Status	Likelihood	Effect/Needs	IFRC response
Situation stabilizes - storm passes, Dams stabilize, flooding subsides, evacuation centres empty, no significant recovery needs	Probable	Current situation	Current DREF sufficient
Prolonged evacuation due to floods and increased in emergency needs identified no significant recovery needs	Possible	Medium scale humanitarian needs	Request for additional allocation from DREF
More weather disturbances bring more rain. More floods to Manila and north of Manila. Dams overflow. Increased relief and recovery needs.	Possible	Large scale humanitarian needs	Launch emergency appeal to support relief activities for more households for a longer period and some early recovery activities
One or more weather disturbance makes landfall in the country, with additional areas impacted and more extensive damage in already affected communities	Possible	High humanitarian needs	An emergency appeal is launched to support relief and recovery activities for affected households

Operation Risk Assessment

Based on the current analysis:

- There is a risk to the safety of personnel due to COVID19. Appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) will be provided for personnel involved in the DREF operations (masks etc.). Advisory information will also be circulated in terms of precautionary measures to be taken to protect health during operations and working in evacuation centres (also in accordance with the authorities plans).
- There is low security risk posed by armed groups in the affected provinces. Security risk posed by armed non-state actors in the areas most likely to be affected is regarded as very low, and not expected to impact on the implementation of the operation under this DREF operation or hinder access by IFRC/PRC personnel.
- Very often, overcrowding is experienced at evacuation centres, which compels families to sharing spaces, which raises protection (no privacy and gender segregation) concerns.
- There is a risk in depletion of the disaster preparedness stocks – mainly hygiene kits. 7,000 new hygiene kits are currently being replenished and will be available first week of December. Should we require more in the interim period we will procure locally.
- There is increased risk of flooding due to continuous rain.
- There is a risk to safety of staff and volunteers due to landslides, flash flood and general bad weather.

B. Operational strategy

Overall Operational objective

This DREF allocation aims to deliver humanitarian assistance to 20,000 people affected by the floods brought by Typhoon Vamco. This DREF operation will support the Philippine Red Cross in conducting search and rescue, evacuations, first-aid, and psychosocial support, as well as in providing affected households with cash, food, water, essential household items (sleeping mats, mosquito nets, blankets, hygiene kit, and jerry cans – tarpaulins will be distributed where needed for evacuation centres) and emergency shelter materials. The DREF will also support PRC in health and hygiene promotion. Multipurpose cash grants will be used as help families to return home and purchase items to cover their basic needs. The DREF funds will support PRC in conducting assessments and deployment of emergency response units. The intervention will also ensure community engagement and accountability, as well as child protection and gender, diversity and disability inclusion. PRC activities will complement the actions from the government.

PRC will lead the response and this DREF operation directly contributes to the overall PRC plan of action for Vamco. Detailed geographical coverage, by province, municipality and barangay, will be provided at a later date, informed by and based on assessment recommendations as more information becomes available. However, at this time the main impact areas and areas for PRC response are within the Metro Manila (National Capital Region) (particularly Marikina City) and adjacent provinces (Rizal and Laguna) and Quezon province.

PRC, with the support from IFRC, will also ensure that lessons learned from this operation are gathered, recorded and analyzed to be used in future operations.

The operation will be underpinned by a commitment to quality programming that involves

- Continuous and in-depth assessments and analyses to inform the design and ongoing implementation of the programme.
- Ongoing process of adjustments based on these assessments.
- Adherence to protection, gender and inclusion (PGI) measures, with focus on disability inclusive development. This will include, amongst other activities, the collection of sex-age and disability disaggregated data, the application of Minimum Standards on PGI in Emergencies through the project cycle (including monitoring and reporting). There will be efforts made to ensure equitable balance of male and female staff and volunteers; as well as consideration made to promote the participation of women, men, girls and boys of all ages and backgrounds in the affected population, and of people with disabilities.
- Establishment of mechanisms to facilitate two-way communication with, and ensure transparency and accountability to, disaster-affected people, and highlighting the nature of communication and information as a life-saving mechanism.
- Management and delivery of the programme will be informed by appropriate monitoring and evaluation methods.
- Market assessments will be integrated with the in-depth assessment as cash-based interventions are being considered based on the needs and feasibility.
- Post distribution monitoring exercises will be conducted on the interventions, particularly related to the use of cash as a response option, to measure impact and timeliness of the assistance provided. A lesson learned workshop will be conducted to review the overall DREF operation; and generate recommendations for PRC to consider in future emergency response operations.



PRC's guidance on management of evacuation centers. (Photo: PRC)

The operation will be delivered in a manner that minimizes the risk of COVID-19 transmission for disaster-affected people. Guidance has been developed by PRC to identify actions needed to safeguard the community and volunteers.

As part of PRC welfare desks stationed at evacuation centres there will be a health screening capacity available. This will seek to identify those at risk and those with symptoms. PRC will provide COVID-19 testing when required via the PRC molecular laboratories. The Inter Agency Task Force for the Management of Emerging Infectious Diseases (IAFT) coordinates the Government's response to COVID-19. All activities carried out within this operation is being coordinated with Local Government Unit's (LGU) in compliances with the national protocols set by the IAFT.

Human resources

All relief activities will be implemented by utilizing existing staff and Red Cross 143 volunteers, RCAT143 and National Disaster Response Team (NDRT) members from other chapters, where needed. The DREF Operation will cover insurance, vaccination and visibility costs (bibs, caps, polo shirts, etc.) for volunteers supporting the response efforts. IFRC CO will support PRC in providing technical and support service staff as required to ensure accountability and compliance with regards to the operation.

In addition, a provision has been made for an IFRC rapid response personnel to provide surge support to the IFRC Country Office and PRC as required. The RDRT will be mobilized based on technical support requirements of the National Society. As noted, appropriate PPE will be provided for personnel involved in the DREF operation given the health risks generated.

Communication

PRC communications team will ensure that Red Cross response efforts are effectively communicated and visible amongst its key public audiences, in a timely manner. PRC staff and volunteers across the country are actively contributing to institutional communications through its own social media networks. A composite team of PRC and IFRC communications officers will work together to generate high quality photos, video clips and news stories for use across IFRC and PRC multimedia platforms. Mobile messaging groups (via Facebook Messenger) were set up between PRC's operations centre, DMS, deployed assessment teams, PRC and IFRC communications' focal persons to share real-time information and data from responders on the ground and vice versa.

Information technology and telecommunications

This DREF Operation will cover costs of mobile phone credits and internet cards for the chapters involved. PRC will ensure that staff and volunteers involved in the operation are accessible via mobile phones. Where necessary, satellite

phones will be made available. The chapter will have enough computer software and hardware capacity, and support for the operational requirements.

Security

The IFRC security plans will apply to all IFRC staff throughout. Area specific security risk assessment will be conducted for any operational area should any IFRC personnel deploy there; risk mitigation measures will be identified and implemented. Any field missions undertaken by IFRC personnel will be undertaken in accordance with the current IFRC travel approval process and following the current security advisories. The National Society's security framework will apply throughout the duration of the operation to their staff and volunteers. The areas of intervention are not high risk areas, therefore there are no major security issues. All IFRC must, and RC/RC staff and volunteers are encouraged, to complete the IFRC Stay Safe e-learning courses, i.e. Stay Safe Personal Security, Stay Safe Security Management and Stay Safe Volunteer Security online training. Staff and volunteers to be briefed before deployment in areas of operations, on situation and emergency actions. In terms of security during distributions, the National Society is working very closely with local government in the identification of appropriate distribution points considering aspects such as access and security as well as COVID-19 prevention measures such as handwashing, wearing face-masks and physical distancing.

Planning, monitoring, evaluation and reporting (PMER)

Reporting on the operation will be carried out in accordance with the IFRC reporting standards. Regular updates will be issued during the operation's timeframe with a final report issued within three months after the end of the operation. The operation team will have technical PMER capacity and additional technical support is provided through IFRC APRO PMER team. The operation monitoring teams will conduct field visits as needed. This will help identify and, where possible and necessary, resolve any issues. Necessary tools and templates for regular data collection and reporting will be adopted from existing PMER resources. A lessons' learned workshop will be conducted at the end of the DREF operation to capture recommendations for PRC to consider and/or incorporate in future emergency operations.

Administration and finance

The IFRC provides the necessary operational support for review, validation of budgets, bank transfers, and technical assistance to PRC on procedures for justification of expenditures, including the review and validation of invoices. PRC is accustomed to and competent in delivering these financial procedures to the required standards.

Logistics and supply chain management

Logistics activities aim to effectively manage the supply chain, including procurement, customs clearance, fleet, storage and transport to distribution sites in accordance with the operation's requirements and aligned to IFRC's logistics standards, processes and procedures. Logistics support for this operation is being provided through the strong capacity of the PRC logistics built over the last years, supported by an experienced IFRC CO logistics team. The main supply chain strategy to meet immediate operational needs is to relocate required relief items for 2,000 families, including blankets, sleeping mats, hygiene parcels, jerry cans, mosquito nets and tarpaulins from PRC existing prepositioned stocks. IFRC CO is supporting PRC to mobilize and transport needed equipment and relief items to the affected areas. The items released to meet immediate needs will be replenished by the IFRC following IFRC standard procurement procedures. Items with the local specification to meet local cultural context will be replenished locally by the IFRC CO logistics team whereas IFRC standard relief items, such as hygiene parcels, jerry cans and tarpaulins will be replenished internationally by IFRC APRO Operation Logistics, Procurement and supply Chain Management (OLPSCM) department based in Kuala Lumpur Malaysia. Existing warehouse capacity of the PRC is enough to meet planned operational needs and at this stage there is no need to rent additional warehouse space. Strong PRC fleet will be providing the primary transport support for this operation. IFRC CO will extend its fleet support by making its vehicles available for this operation as and if required.

C. Detailed Operational Plan



Shelter

People targeted: 10,000

Male: 5,025

Female: 4,975

Requirements (CHF): 65,095

Sector	Need analysis	Population to be assisted (the number, location etc.)
Essential household items and emergency shelter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PRC chapter reports estimated a total of 344 evacuation centres with 28,621 families or 117,757 individuals who are staying in evacuation centres from different areas of Luzon cities and municipalities. • Houses have been damaged due to floods and strong winds. • The cold temperature inside evacuation centres due to continuous rain may pose health risks. Provision of items to mitigate the risks for cold temperate are a priority within the evacuation shelter • Families are affected with damage of houses as well as loss of essential household items. • Evacuee families displaced to evacuation centres require essential protection and household items within this collective setting especially the most vulnerable families. . • There is a need to support the most vulnerable families cover their basic needs during the period of displacement as well as when they return to their homes and repair/ rebuild their shelters. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2,000 households (10,000 people) will be provided with non-food items such as sleeping kits (sleeping mats, blankets) and other items like mosquito nets, jerry cans and hygiene kits. • At this stage tarpaulins are being planned only for creating privacy and separation in evacuation centres. Tarpaulins will be issued to evacuation centres where needed as an initial response. • Assistance may also be through cash transfers, depending on the results of the assessments.

P&B Output Code	Shelter Outcome 1: Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas restore and strengthen their safety, well-being and longer-term recovery through shelter and settlement solutions	10,000 people targeted/reached with safe and adequate shelter and settlement.															
	Shelter Output 1.1: Short, medium and long-term shelter and settlement assistance is provided to affected households	2,000 households provided with sleeping kits (blankets and sleeping mats). 250 tarpaulins will be issued to evacuation centres															
Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP005	Assessment of shelter and households needs and identification and targeting of affected households	x	x	x	x												
AP005	Distribution of household items to the affected population	x	x	x	x												

AP005	Coordination with relevant sectors, the government and other stakeholders, including CCCM cluster – particular attention is given the COVID19	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x						
AP005	Monitoring of the situation and use of distributed household items	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x						
AP005	Evaluation of the support provided												x	x					
P&B Output Code	Shelter Output 1.2: Technical support, guidance and awareness raising in safe shelter design and settlement planning and improved building techniques are provided to affected households	<i>2,000 households provided with technical support and guidance, appropriate to the type of support they receive.</i>																	
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
AP006	Provision of technical guidance for the use of tarpaulins where required for evacuation centers and or houses.	x	x	x	x														
AP006	Monitoring of adoption of technical guidance	x	x	x	x	x	x												
AP006	Evaluation of adoption of technical guidance												x	x					



Livelihoods and basic needs

People targeted: 15,000

Male: 7,537

Female: 7,463

Requirements (CHF): 152,131

Sector	Need analysis	Population to be assisted (the number, location etc.)
Food assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evacuee families displaced to evacuation centres need hot meals, especially the more vulnerable groups. • Food is a priority for the displaced. There will be at least a short term need to support hot meals and longer-term need to provide families with food packs. • There is a need to support the most vulnerable families sustain themselves during this period of displacement and when they return to their homes and restart income-generating activities. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • At least 10,000 hot meals / ready-to-eat food rations will be provided to affected families who are staying in evacuation centres – this is also part of PRC Welfare Support. • At least 1,000 families will be provided with dry food packs.
Multipurpose cash grants	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In the immediate term, there is a need to support evacuee families who have been displaced and access to livelihoods disrupted with unrestricted cash so that they can meet immediate needs. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1,500 affected families will be provided with multi-purpose cash grants (CHF 70 per family in equivalent local currency – PHP) in one tranche. Grant value is calculated based on Minimum Expenditure Basket (MEB) of PHP 3,500² enabling affected families to prioritize their needs. This assistance will be aimed at supporting evacuee families; however, the need

² This is in line with the CWG guidance. It's based on calculations for family food basics and also wage for min wage – 14 days.

		<p>for additional support will be considered based on the findings of the rapid need assessment; and should there be longer term displacement. A pre-identified Financial Service Provider (FSP) will be used to make the cash transfers which will enable PRC to expedite their support to the affected families as soon as they have been selected.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Market conditions will be assessed and then continuously monitored; including any fluctuations in prices of basic commodities so that transfer values can be considered accordingly, and in line with the MEB.
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Programme standards/benchmarks: [Sphere standards.](#)

P&B Output Code	Livelihoods and basic needs Outcome 1: Communities, especially in disaster and crisis affected areas, restore and strengthen their livelihoods	At least 3,000 families able to meet their basic needs.																
	Livelihoods and basic needs Output 1.2: Basic needs assistance for livelihoods security including food is provided to the most affected communities	10,000 ready-to-eat / Hot meals provided, 1,000 families provided with dry food packs.																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP008	Basic livelihoods/food distributions may be in form of ready-to-eat / Hot Meals and food packs (as part of PRC Welfare Support)		x	x	x	x												
P&B Output Code	Livelihoods and basic needs Output 1.5: Households are provided with unconditional / multipurpose cash grants to address their basic needs	1,500 evacuee families provided with multipurpose cash grants to address their basic needs																
		Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
AP081	Conduct feasibility study on the use of cash and market analysis		x	x	x	x												
AP081	Identification of caseloads and verification of beneficiaries in different target groups – integrate gender, diversity and disability in the response					x	x	x										
AP081	Mobilize existing financial service provider who has access in the affected area					x	x	x	x	x								
AP081	Distribution of unconditional multipurpose cash grants to the targeted families					x	x	x	x	x								
AP081	Monitor market conditions during and after the distribution of the unconditional multipurpose cash grants					x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP081	Post distribution monitoring on the use of unconditional multipurpose cash grants												x	x				



Health

People targeted: 15,000

Male: 7,537

Female: 7,463

Requirements (CHF): 58,479

Sector	Need analysis	Population to be assisted
Health	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initial feedback indicates that the floods and subsequent evacuations have had a significant impact on the psychosocial well-being of the displaced people. There is a need for displaced persons to access psychosocial support. People need basic first aid services, stabilization support and personal protective equipment There is a risk of spread of diseases such as leptospirosis, dengue, acute respiratory infections and diarrhoea, especially among small children, which will necessitate the provision of medicine. There is also a need to provide treatment for post exposure prophylaxis to contain leptospirosis. Leptospirosis is a major concern in any flood operations and considering the current situation. Vector borne diseases, especially dengue may spread as floodwaters recede, and the risk of other acute respiratory infection including measles may also increase. There is a need to monitor these diseases inside the centres since risk of measles, polio and COVID-19 increase in densely populated areas. There is a need to mobilize Red Cross 143 community health volunteers for health awareness and community-based disease prevention and continue to disseminate key messages for COVID-19 and ensure a COVID-19-safe operation. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The awareness raising will reach out to all affected people across the targeted communities. A subset of this population will also receive first aid and psychosocial support services on demand. Health and hygiene promotion will cover basic prevention messages for prevention of COVID-19, dengue, polio and measles. Mobilize volunteers and ambulances to evacuation centres and affected areas to provide first aid, blood pressure readings and support referrals to public health facilities as needed. Provide rapid medical management of injuries and diseases through first aid stations established at PRC chapter and Welfare Desks. Provide people in the worst affected areas will be provided with immediate medical and PSS assistance; with targeting of the most vulnerable in the affected population, including children. Provision of appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) for volunteers and staff that will be deployed and will have access to prophylaxis for leptospirosis. Mobilize volunteers to community-based disease prevention, epidemic control and health promotion sessions in the evacuation centres and affected communities to sensitize communities on vulnerabilities and enable them to take the preventive measures. Families will be provided with insecticide treated mosquito nets which will be combined with sensitization on their use, and distribution of information, education and communication (IEC) materials. Distribution of mosquito nets will be linked with the essential household items package.

Programme standards/benchmarks: Sphere Standards, Psychosocial Support in Emergencies Guidelines, and UNICEF/WHO Standards as per local DOH guidelines.

P&B Output	Health Outcome 1: The immediate risks to the health of affected populations are reduced	<i>15,000 people were directly reached to lessen immediate risks to the health.</i>
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Code	Health Output 1.1: The health situation and immediate risks are assessed using agreed guidelines								2 health assessments carried (part of RDANA).									
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP022	In coordination with health authorities, undertake detailed assessments to identify health needs and medical service gaps in target communities and evacuation centers		x	x	x	x												
P&B Output Code	Health Outcome 2: The immediate risks to the health of the affected populations are reduced through improved access to medical treatment								500 people provided with first aid services.									
	Health Output 2.1: Improved access to health care and emergency health care for the targeted population and communities.								500 people provided with first aid. 50 volunteers mobilized to provide first aid to support immediate health related activities. 5 chapters provided with First Aid Jump kits.									
Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
AP022	Set up first aid stations in the evacuation centres and affected communities		x	x	x	x												
AP022	Mobilize existing first aid (FA) trained volunteers to provide FA as needed		x	x	x	x												
AP022	Provision of personal protective equipment (PPE) for volunteers and staff including community members depending on the need		x	x	x	x												
AP022	Replenish First Aid Jump kits (for Chapter level kits) in the affected areas							x	x	x	x							
P&B Output Code	Health Output 2.2: Clinical management of identified cases reduces the impact and spread of the disease/outbreak								50 of staff and volunteers received personal protective equipment.									
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP022	Standard PPE will be provided to all staff and volunteers mobilized on this operation. These measures will limit the risks of spreading the virus and protecting those involved (staff, volunteers and relief item recipients).		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP022	Provision of PPE as relevant such as mask and hand sanitizers for vulnerable people in evacuation centers, the sick, and provide referral to local health unit as needed		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
AP022	Provide treatment to contain leptospirosis to volunteers and target communities		x	x	x	x												
P&B Output Code	Health Output 2.3: Target population is reached with Search and Rescue activities								250 people supported with search and rescue.									
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP082	Mobilized search and rescue teams in affected areas		x															

P&B Output Code	Health Outcome 4: Transmission of diseases of epidemic potential is reduced	<i>15,000 people reached with activities around diseases transmission reduction.</i>																
	Health Output 4.1: Community-based disease control and health promotion is provided to the target population	<i>15,000 people directly reached with community-based disease prevention and health promotion programming.</i>																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP021	Mobilize Red Cross 143 community health volunteers for health promotion and community-based disease prevention (CBDP) activities focusing on priority diseases in target communities		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP021	Continue to disseminate key messages for COVID-19 and ensure a COVID-19-safe operation.		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
P&B Output Code	Health Output 4.2: Vector-borne diseases are prevented	<i>50 volunteers trained on ECV and conduct vector control activities. 2,000 families provided with mosquito nets</i>																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP021	Distribution of mosquito nets and awareness how to hang up, fit and maintain.		x	x	x													
AP021	Mobilize Red Cross 143 community health volunteers to initiate Vector control activities in the communities		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP021	Conduct one-day orientation for Red Cross 143 community health volunteers using Epidemic Control for Volunteers (ECV) Toolkit focusing on vector borne diseases			x														
AP021	Mobilize Red Cross 143 community health volunteers to disseminate key messages on epidemic prevention focusing on vector-borne diseases			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
P&B Output Code	Health Outcome 6: The psychosocial impacts of the emergency are lessened	<i>5,000 people provided with psychosocial support.</i>																
	Health Output 6.1: Psychosocial support provided to the target population as well as to RCRC volunteers and staff	<i>20 volunteers mobilized for PSS activity.</i>																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP023	Set up welfare desks in evacuation centres for (i) restoring family links; (ii) tracing; (iii) psychosocial support; (iv) critical incident stress management; (v) guidance and counselling; (vi) inquiry and communications; (vii) contact of relatives; and (viii) referral		x	x	x	x												
AP023	Conduct psychosocial support activities, i.e. psychological first aid		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x								
AP023	Monitor PSS activities conducted in the communities		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
AP023	Provide psychosocial support e.g. peer support sessions to staff and volunteers mobilized in the affected communities											x	x					



Water, sanitation and hygiene

People targeted: 20,000

Male: 10,049

Female: 9,951

Requirements (CHF): 58,270

Sector	Need analysis	Population to be assisted (the number, location etc.)
Water, sanitation and hygiene	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Access to safe drinking water is required, water purifying solution tablets and water for general use are also required. • An assessment of the situation in evacuation centres, particularly access to latrines, will be conducted during rapid assessments. • There is a need to provide hygiene kits to households and alongside other non-food relief items. • There is also a need to conduct hygiene promotion activities to improve hygiene behaviour and bridge knowledge and practice of safe water and food handling as well as hygiene practices such as handwashing to mitigate the risk of preventable diseases. • Clearing of debris and mud will need to be undertaken to prevent sanitation-related illnesses. This may be undertaken through a cash for work modality for beneficiaries. RC has mobilized its heavy payloaders to support some affected communities. • There is also a need to provide emergency latrines to households staying in evacuation centres. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mobilize water treatment units, bladders and water tankers to the affected areas; and provide at least safe water. Note that the water distributed will be based on demand; and carried out in accordance with relevant international and national cluster standards. • Mobilize RC143 WASH volunteers to support the operating of the water treatment unit, as well as: i) monitor use of water at household level water use, ii) conduct water quality testing iii) conduct sessions on water storage, treatment and utilization. • Install temporary latrines equipped with handwashing facilities; and bathing and/or shower facilities at selected evacuation centres to complement and increase the number of facilities available to those affected. • People will be reached in evacuation centres and affected areas, with emergency hygiene promotion (EHP) sessions focused on personal hygiene, solid waste management, and prevention of diarrhoea. Special sessions will be conducted on menstrual hygiene management (MHM). • Families of the most vulnerable families will be provided with water containers (jerry cans – two per family). • Families will be provided with hygiene kits (IFRC standard); which will be combined with sensitization on their use, and distribution of information, education and communication (IEC) materials.

Programme standards/benchmarks: Sphere Standards, [Global Water and Sanitation Initiative](#), [Household Water Treatment and Safe Storage in Emergencies Manual](#), [IFRC WASH guidelines for HP in emergency operations](#) (2018) and [IFRC MHM guidelines](#) (July 2019).

P&B Output Code	WASH Outcome 1: Immediate reduction in risk of waterborne and water related diseases in targeted communities	20,000 people provided with safe water services that meet agreed standards according to specific operational and programmatic context.																
	WASH Output 1.1: Continuous assessment of water, sanitation, and hygiene situation is carried out in targeted communities	3 assessments and monitoring visits undertaken.																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP026	Conduct initial assessments of the water, sanitation and hygiene situation in targeted communities		x	x														

AP026	Continuously monitor the water, sanitation and hygiene situation in targeted communities	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x						
P&B Output Code	WASH Output 1.2: Daily access to safe water which meets Sphere and WHO standards in terms of quantity and quality is provided to target population	<i>20,000 people provided with safe water (according to WHO standards). 1,500 households provided with water storage.</i>																	
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
AP026	Provide safe water to 20,000 people through mobilizing water treatment units, bladders and water tankers.	x	x	x	x														
AP026	Mobilize RC143 WASH volunteers to support the operating water treatment unit, monitor use of water at household level, conduct water quality testing and conduct sessions on water storage, treatment and utilization.	x	x	x	x														
AP026	Distribute 2 jerry cans (10 L capacity each) per household for 2,000 families for water storage	x	x	x	x														
P&B Output Code	WASH Output 1.3: Adequate sanitation which meets Sphere standards in terms of quantity and quality is provided to target population	<i>500 people supported for debris cleaning.</i>																	
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
AP028	Debris clearing and clean up (cash for work)	x	x	x	x														
AP029	Mobilize volunteers and community people for community cleanliness drive and provide adequate equipment	x	x	x	x														
AP029	Provide 20 emergency latrines (portalets) to evacuation centres	x	x	x	x														
P&B Output Code	WASH Output 1.4: Hygiene promotion activities which meet Sphere standards in terms of the identification and use of hygiene items provided to target population	<i>20 volunteers involved in hygiene promotion activities. 7,500 people reached with hygiene promotion.</i>																	
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
AP030	Conduct hygiene promotion activities including distribution of IEC materials	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x									
P&B Output Code	WASH Output 1.5: Hygiene-related goods (NFIs) which meet Sphere standards and training on how to use those goods is provided to the target population	<i>1,500 households provided with a set of essential hygiene items.</i>																	
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
AP030	Determine the needs for hygiene NFIs, including soap, water storage, and menstrual hygiene products for each community, based on health risks and user preference in targeted communities	x	x	x	x														
AP030	Provide hygiene kits to 2,000 families and inform families how to use distributed hygiene kits.	x	x	x	x														
AP030	Monitor use of hygiene kits through the volunteers' network	x	x	x	x	x	x												
AP030	Evaluation of the support provided												x	x					



Protection, Gender and Inclusion³

People targeted: 20,000

Male: 10,049

Female: 9,951

Requirements (CHF): 8,520

Sector	Need analysis	Population to be assisted (the number, location etc.)
Protection, Gender and Inclusion (PGI)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evacuation centres often become congested which can increase the risk for vulnerable people inside the centres. There is a need to ensure that facilities for men and women are separated from each other and with privacy. The facilities, alley ways and access points should be well lit, equipped with running water, friendly to people with disability and guarded. There will be a need to ensure that the support reaches all people without discrimination, addressing different needs and in consideration of gender, age, physical ability, culture and language Child protection activities including by implementing child friendly spaces and psychosocial support are also needed. A grievance mechanism/system to address cases of exclusion from registration and assistance distribution is also necessary to ensure order inside the centres, following the principle of non-discrimination in access to assistance and services. The DREF operation needs to integrate a 'do no harm' approach into all aspects of planning and programming. PRC will capture sex and age disaggregated data for the purpose of accountability to communities. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> All the people assisted in either relief phase and through any sectoral interventions, must include PGI lenses, especially in beneficiary selection, delivery of interventions, monitoring and reporting. As part of this operation people with either messages or interventions in relation to PGI (as part of PRC Welfare Support). Evacuation centres will be assessed against the Minimum Standards on Protection, Gender and Inclusion in Emergencies; and recommendations to enhance dignity, access, participation and safety will be incorporated into the EPoA.

Program standards/benchmarks: [IFRC minimum standards for protection, gender and inclusion in emergencies](#), SGBV guidelines of the Philippines Red Cross, [Child Protection Policy of IFRC](#), [Code of Conduct](#) etc.

P&B Output Code	Inclusion and Protection Outcome 1: Communities identify the needs of the most vulnerable and particularly disadvantaged and marginalised groups, as a result of inequality, discrimination and other non-respect of their human rights and address their distinct needs	<i>20,000 people provided with access to equitable access to disaster response.</i>
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³ This area of focus is a merge of what previously was Social Inclusion and Culture of Non-violence and peace. It is under development, so for now it represents the physical merge of three existing relevant outputs.

Inclusion and Protection Output 1.1: NS programmes improve equitable access to basic services, considering different needs based on gender and other diversity factors.		<i>1 NS (PRC) ensure improve equitable access to basic services, considering different needs based on gender and other diversity factors.</i>															
Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP031	Conduct an assessment of specific needs of the affected population based on criteria selected from the minimum standard commitments on gender and diversity	x	x														
AP031	Support sectoral teams to includes measures to address vulnerabilities specific to gender and diversity factors (including people with disabilities) in their planning	x	x	x	x												
AP031	Support sectoral teams to includes measures to address vulnerabilities specific to gender and diversity factors in their planning	x	x	x	x												
AP031	Support sectoral teams to ensure collection and analysis of sex-age and disability-disaggregated data (see guidance in (forthcoming) revised MSCs)	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP031	Provide orientation on PGI for volunteers		x	x	x												
P&B Output Code	Inclusion and Protection Output 1.2: Emergency response operations prevent and respond to sexual- and gender-based violence and all forms of violence against children.	<i>5,000 children with access to equitable services preventing sexual and gender-based violence.</i>															
Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP034	Use Minimum Standard Commitments as a guide to support sectoral teams to include measures to mitigate the risk of SGBV	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP034	Develop Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Protection/SGBV including mapping of referral pathway (in line with the forthcoming SOP template in the revised Minimum Standard Commitments)	x	x	x	x												
AP034	Include messages on preventing and responding to SGBV in all community outreach activities	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP034	Map and make accessible information on local referral systems for any child protection concerns	x	x	x	x												
AP034	Provide psychosocial support to children	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP034	Volunteers, staff and contractors sign, are screened for, and are briefed on child protection policy/guidelines	x	x	x	x												



Migration

People targeted: 20,000

Male: 10,049

Female: 9,951

Requirements (CHF): 3,110

Sector	Need analysis	Assistance planned and population to be assisted
Migration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Families have been displaced and are being accommodated in evacuation centres. The displaced population are facing challenges in accessing basic services, including health, safety, livelihoods and education. Power supply disruptions have been experienced making it difficult for people to initially connect with their families. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assistance and protection for those displaced people in both evacuation centres and outside of evacuation centres, including supporting access to basic services such as health, education, livelihoods, and protection. Effective and safe referral for assistance and protection needs that cannot be addressed. Monitoring, assessment and analysis of onward movement, and/or new displacement. Welfare desks will have RFL teams, who will work in close collaboration with ICRC (where present) in the affected areas to provide support to the affected population and linking them with other agencies for needed services. Activities will be covered in the PGI section (above).

Risk analysis: Beyond the immediate humanitarian needs of the currently displaced population, there are risks of further people being displaced, and those already displaced falling into prolonged or protracted displacement. There are particular risks for those displaced people who face barriers to return, and/or other durable solutions.

Program standards/benchmarks: [2009 Movement Policy on Internal Displacement](#); and [2009 IRC Policy on Migration](#). Forthcoming IFRC guidance on Planned Relocations will also be considered.

P&B Output Code	Migration Outcome 1: Communities support the needs of migrants and their families and those assisting migrants at all stages of migration (origin, transit and destination)	20,000 displaced people reached with information and services provided from welfare desks.																
	Migration Output 1.1: Assistance and protection services to migrants and their families are provided and promoted through engagement with local and national authorities as well as in partnership with other relevant organizations.	20,000 affected people have access to basic services.																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP036	Help affected population to ensure accessibility to basic services.		x	x	x	x												
AP036	Provide timely and accurate information through awareness raising activities aimed at providing information to would be migrants to reduce potential risk on journey and destination via the virtual volunteer and information drives		x	x	x	x												
AP036	Referral to other welfare agencies and established clear referral pathways		x	x	x	x												

AP036	Mapping and engaging with migrant organizations relevant for work.	x	x	x	x													
P&B Output Code	Migration Output 1.3: “Family links are restored for people separated from, or without news of, their loved ones as a result of the disaster”	5 Chapters will set up welfare desks providing RFL services in the affected areas.																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP083	Set up welfare desk and support trained volunteers for activities including RFL, tracing, inquiry, communication with their families and referral	x	x	x	x													

Strategies for Implementation

Requirements (CHF): 57,776

P&B Output Code	Outcome S1.1: National Society capacity building and organizational development objectives are facilitated to ensure that National Societies have the necessary legal, ethical and financial foundations, systems and structures, competences and capacities to plan and perform.	5 NS chapters that are well functioning (in the operation).																
	Output S1.1.4: National Societies have effective and motivated volunteers who are protected	100% of volunteers insured.																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP005	Visibility of the NS is ensured throughout the operation	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
AP040	All volunteers are insured	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
AP040	Provide complete briefings on volunteers' roles and the risks they face	x	x															
P&B Output Code	Outcome S2.1: Effective and coordinated international disaster response is ensured	NS coordinated international disaster response effectively.																
	Output S2.1.1: Effective and respected surge capacity mechanism is maintained	1 rapid response personnel support the operation.																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP046	Initial operational start up support implemented by IFRC for the host National Society	x	x	x	x													
AP046	Deployment of rapid response personnel to support the response	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x							
P&B Output Code	Output S2.1.3: NS compliance with Principles and Rules for Humanitarian Assistance is improved	DREF procedures are applied during the implementation of the operation. 80% target population satisfied with support received.																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

AP046	Communicate and engage with communities on social media (Facebook and Twitter)	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
AP084	CEA awareness sessions for the staff and volunteers are conducted	x	x															
AP054	Ensure that the Principles and Rules, Emergency Response Framework and Emergency Appeal and DREF procedures are well understood and applied	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
AP054	Develop or adapt, review, translate into local languages and disseminate targeted messages for media, volunteers, local and community leaders and other stakeholders to inform community dialogue and feedbacks	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
AP054	Design and set up multi-sectoral feedback mechanism and collect information on current interventions and focus group interests to improve services across all sectors (i.e. shelter, livelihoods, health, WASH, etc.)		x	x	x	x	x											
AP054	Community communication activities ensure people are kept informed of operational plans and progress and have information to make informed decision		x	x	x	x	x											
AP054	Client satisfaction survey									x	x							
P&B Output Code	Output S2.1.4: Supply chain and fleet services meet recognized quality and accountability standards	<i>Logistics department provides constant support to the National Society's logistics unit for replenishment and other procurements.</i>																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP050	IFRC country office's logistics department provides constant support to the National Society's logistics unit	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP050	Replenish all DP stocks and other procurements				x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
P&B Output Code	Output S2.1.6: Coordinating role of the IFRC within the international humanitarian system is enhanced	<i>(At least) 3 coordination meetings held with other stakeholders.</i>																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP049	IFRC CO supports PRC in coordination with other humanitarian actors and relevant clusters on a regular basis	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
P&B Output Code	Outcome S3.1: The IFRC secretariat, together with National Societies uses their unique position to influence decisions at local, national and international levels that affect the most vulnerable.	<i>IFRC and PRC participate in local, national and international dialogues/meetings.</i>																
	Output S3.1.1: IFRC and NS are visible, trusted and effective advocates on humanitarian issues	<i>10 communications materials produced/published.</i>																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP054	Communications work of PRC is supported by the IFRC CO and APRO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				

AP054	Support the positioning of the Philippine Red Cross as a credible and leading humanitarian responder with a strong network of volunteers and expertise in disaster management	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP054	PRC, IFRC Communications team to ensure Red Cross response efforts, challenges, and milestones are effectively communicated amongst its key public audiences and maintain active online media engagement throughout the emergency	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP054	A composite team of PRC and IFRC communications officers will work together to generate high quality photos, video clips, and news stories for use across IFRC and PRC multimedia platforms	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP054	Identify and maximize opportunities for regional and international media outreach (pitching to individual media, press releases, press conferences, setting up interviews, media trips, briefing documents for media, writing opinion pieces or blogs)	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP054	Align messaging with PRC communications and support them to use national media and wider IFRC positions e.g. on migration, PGI, DRR, WASH etc.	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP005	Lessons learnt workshop (included in the action review related to Shelter activities)												x	x			
P&B Output Code	Outcome S4.1: The IFRC enhances its effectiveness, credibility and accountability											<i>Effective performance of staff supported by HR procedures.</i>					
	Output S4.1.3: Financial resources are safeguarded; quality financial and administrative support is provided contributing to efficient operations and ensuring effective use of assets; timely quality financial reporting to stakeholders											<i>100% financial reporting respecting the IFRC procedures.</i>					
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
AP065	IFRC country office's finance department supports PRC finance unit to comply with finance procedures and reporting standards	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP065	IFRC country office's administration department supports PRC	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
P&B Output Code	Output S4.1.4: Staff security is prioritised in all IFRC activities											<i>100% operational staff for IFRC receive security briefing.</i>					
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
AP054	IFRC CO security focal person provides updates to PRC and coordinates with PNS and the ICRC	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				

Budget

International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent
Societies

*all amounts in
Swiss Francs
(CHF)*

DREF OPERATION

MDRPH042 – PHILIPPINES - TYPHOON VAMCO

12/11/2020

Budget by Resource

Budget Group	Budget
Shelter - Relief	3,313
Clothing & Textiles	33,520
Food	13,846
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	37,900
Medical & First Aid	19,000
Teaching Materials	4,750
Utensils & Tools	8,160
Other Supplies & Services	2,500
Cash Disbursement	106,500
Relief items, Construction, Supplies	229,489
Distribution & Monitoring	1,250
Transport & Vehicles Costs	16,300
Logistics Services	12,500
Logistics, Transport & Storage	30,050
National Staff	8,000
National Society Staff	8,850
Volunteers	68,324
Personnel	85,174
Workshops & Training	21,500
Workshops & Training	21,500
Travel	5,050
Office Costs	6,500
Communications	500
Financial Charges	500
General Expenditure	12,550
DIRECT COSTS	378,763
INDIRECT COSTS	24,620
TOTAL BUDGET	403,382

Reference documents



Click here for:

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How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the **Code of Conduct** for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO's) in Disaster Relief and the **Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere)** in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities by National Societies, with a view to preventing and alleviating human suffering, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

The IFRC's work is guided by Strategy 2020 which puts forward three strategic aims:



Save lives,
protect livelihoods,
and strengthen recovery
from disaster and crises.



Enable **healthy**
and **safe** living.



Promote **social inclusion**
and a culture of
non-violence and **peace**.