

Operation Update Report

Philippines: Floods and Typhoons 2020 (Typhoon Vamco)

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| Emergency appeal n° MDRPH041 | GLIDE n° TC-2020-000225-PHL |
| Operation update n° 4: 2 June 2021 | Timeframe covered by this update: 25 November 2020 – 31 March 2021 |
| Operation start date: 26 November 2020 | Operation timeframe: 24 months End date: 30 November 2022 |
| Funding requirements (CHF): CHF 2.34 million (Revised Emergency Appeal for Philippines: Floods and Typhoons CHF 10.8 million –Federation-wide appeal based on Philippine Red Cross plan CHF 17 million) | DREF amount initially allocated: N/A |
| N° of people being assisted: 21,792 | |
| Red Cross Red Crescent Movement partners currently actively involved in the operation: PRC is working with the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) in this operation. ICRC and eight National Societies are present in the Philippines: American Red Cross, Canadian Red Cross, Finnish Red Cross, German Red Cross, Japanese Red Cross Society, Netherlands Red Cross, Spanish Red Cross and Qatar Red Crescent Society. The Netherlands Red Cross and Qatar Red Crescent Society are also providing bilateral support to PRC for this operation. | |
| Other partner organizations actively involved in the operation: Government coordination is led by the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC). Government ministries and agencies involved include the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), Local Government Units, the Philippine Armed Forces, and the Philippine National Police Force. I/NGOs and UN agencies are monitoring the situation through the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) supported by OCHA. | |

A. SITUATION ANALYSIS

Description of the disaster

Typhoon Vamco, locally known as Ulysses, made landfall on 11 November 2020 in Patnanungan, Quezon south of the capital Manila. Maximum sustained winds recorded were 155 kilometers per hour and gusts of up to 255 kilometers per hour. It was the Philippines' 21st named storm for the year 2020 and a fifth storm to hit the country in a three-week period.

Heavy rains brought by typhoon Vamco caused severe flooding and landslides. Local authorities reported the floods as the worst in 45 years. Typhoon Vamco caused widespread damage to houses, in addition to massive displacement of people to evacuation centers or in makeshift shelters in roadside camps. The floods were up to five meters deep in places, causing significant damage to agriculture, shelter and infrastructure. Electrical power and communication services were severely disrupted. Northern Luzon, Provinces of Cagayan and Isabela experienced the most damage.



PRC volunteer conducts need assessment to families affected by typhoon Vamco. Most families whose shelters were made from light materials were severely affected (**Photo: PRC**).

On 18 November, the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC) declared a Luzon-wide “state of calamity” following the back-to-back typhoons. The declaration made it easier for local governments in Luzon to access quick response calamity funds to speed up relief and rehabilitation efforts, which for many localities have been depleted due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Landfall details of Typhoon Vamco are as follows:

| # | Date/Time (local time) | Location of landfall | | |
|---|------------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| | | Municipality | Province | Region |
| 1 | 11-Nov-2020 / 10:30 PM | Patnanungan | Quezon | Region IV – A - CALABARTZON |
| 2 | 11-Nov-2020 / 11:20 PM | Burdeos | Quezon | Region IV – A - CALABARTZON |
| 3 | 12-Nov-2020 / 1:40 AM | General Nakar | Quezon | Region IV – A - CALABARTZON |

The last reports from the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC) [Sitrep #29](#) as of 11 November 2020, and Department of Social Welfare and Development – Disaster Response Operations Monitoring and Information Center - (DSWD - DROMIC) [terminal report](#) as of 10 November 2020, are summarized below:

| Category | Typhoon Vamco |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Affected | 1,268,170 families or 5,205,724 persons were affected in 7,287 barangays in Regions NCR, I, II, III, CALABARZON, MIMAROPA, V and CAR |
| Casualties and injured | 101 people dead, 85 injured, 10 missing |
| Houses damaged | 209,170 damaged houses; of which, 26,510 totally damaged and 182,660 partially damaged |
| Damage to agriculture | Estimated PHP 7.32 billion worth of damage to crops, livestock, fisheries, and agricultural facilities. |
| Damage to infrastructure | Estimated PHP 12.9 billion worth of damage to roads, bridges, communication, ports, etc. |
| Social infrastructure | 252 roads sections and 122 bridges in Regions NCR, I, II, III, CALABARZON, MIMAROPA, V, VIII and CAR were affected of which 15 road sections and 29 bridges were not passable. 383 cities and municipalities in Regions NCR, I, II, III, CALABARZON, MIMAROPA, V, VIII and CAR experienced power outage. 71 cities and municipalities in Regions II, CALABARZON and V experienced water interruption. |

Summary of the current response

Overview of host National Society Response Action

PRC mobilized relief stocks from its disaster preparedness stocks and mobilized volunteers to assist pre-emptive evacuations. PRC released cash to each of the frontline Chapters and instructed them to prepare for response and coordinate with the local government units as per their standard operating procedures. All Red Cross 143volunteers in the affected areas were mobilized.

PRC’s operations centre (OpCen) that was working 24/7 collected and compiled data from chapters and the Red Cross 143volunteers in the areas affected. Chapter Red Cross Action Teams (RCAT 143), National Disaster Response Teams (NDRT), PRC Emergency Response Units and other specialized PRC personnel in assessment, relief, shelter, WASH, health and welfare were deployed in the affected areas for rapid assessment and to follow on with distributions. Chapters responded with relief, psychosocial support (PSS), welfare and multipurpose cash grants. PRC is coordinating through their local Chapters with their municipal, city, provincial and regional Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Officer (DRRMOs).























PRC and IFRC staff monitor situation in the ground and identify to what extent the flooding in Cagayan and Isabela. (Photo: PRC)

Chapters initially responded with live saving activities such as water search and rescue and first aid. At the same time, Chapters provided hot meals, relief, water and sanitation, psychosocial first aid and rapid assessments. PRC also responded with large scale cleanup campaigns. PRC deployed heavy equipment and trucks along with individual clean up.

As of 30 April 2021, PRC had been able to carry out the following activities under the typhoon Vamco operation:

PRC Actions Taken (Cagayan and Isabela):

| | | |
|---|---|--|
|  16,516 individuals served with hot meals; 50 individuals received bread |  1,930 families provided with mosquito nets |  6,475 face masks were distributed |
|  15,407 families served with standard and assorted Food Items and Noche Buena Package |  1,930 families provided with blankets |  3,418 individuals assisted with first aid and blood pressure taking |
|  101,740 liters of clean were water distributed |  1,407 families provided with plastic mats |  2 individuals were rescued and transported |
|  7,906 individuals served with bottled water and Energy Drink |  757 families provided with Pail |  965 individuals reached through Health Promotion |
|  21,792 individuals reached through hygiene promotion |  856 families provided with 3,500 PHP MPCG |  2,948 individuals reached through psychosocial support (PFA / CFS) |
|  1,405 families provided with Jerry Cans |  977 families provided with kitchen set |  161 individuals assisted through welfare referral |
|  3,013 families provided with hygiene kit standard |  2,000 pieces of Doxyline, and medicine | |

Partners: Australian Government, ICRC, IFRC, Netherlands Red Cross, Qatar Red Crescent, and International and Local Partners
** Affected, Displaced, and Damages - NDRRMC SitReps of 22 November 2020* ** PRC Actions - TY Ulysses 3W as of 30 April 2021*
Created by: E.Manzon / DMS

Overview of Red Cross Red Crescent Movement in country

PRC is leading the overall response operation. PRC works with the IFRC, ICRC and National Societies in-country: American Red Cross, Canadian Red Cross Society, Finnish Red Cross, German Red Cross, Japanese Red Cross Society, Netherlands Red Cross, Spanish Red Cross and Qatar Red Crescent Society.

Federation Wide finding situation

The operation has seen multilateral and bilateral supports from partners National Societies and governments. The operation has received multilateral funding from Canadian Red Cross/ Canadian Government, Finnish Red Cross, Japanese Red Cross, New Zealand Government, and Spanish Government. Furthermore, there are multilateral soft pledges from Austrian Red Cross, British Red Cross / Foreign, Commonwealth & Development Office (FCDO), Czech Government, Netherland Red Cross, Swedish Red Cross / Sweden's government agency for development (SIDA) and Swiss Red Cross / Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDA).

The Netherlands Red Cross, Qatar Red Crescent, American Red Cross, Spanish Red Cross and ICRC have provided various in-kind support to the operation. Singapore Red Cross, Qatari Red Crescent, Korean Embassy and Thai Red Cross are providing bilateral support to the Philippine Red Cross, informed at least in part, by the IFRC Emergency Appeal.

For Typhoon Vamco operation, Austrian Red Cross and Swedish Red Cross are partner National Societies who have provided their contributions thus far.

Overview of non-RCRC actors in country

As auxiliary to the public authorities, PRC maintains a strong relationship with government bodies through participation or collaboration with (i) the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC), (ii) the provincial, municipal and barangay (community) disaster risk reduction and management councils, and (iii) the local government units defined in the Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Act 2010. PRC participates in NDRRMC meetings and coordinates with the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD) and Department of Health. PRC headquarters and local chapters are coordinating with the national and provincial disaster risk reduction and management councils (NDRRMC and PDRRMCs) respectively.

Inter-agency coordination

IFRC is continuously coordinating with various government and non-government agencies, including members of the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT). At country level, PRC and IFRC are observers to, and participate in meetings of the HCT held both during disasters and non-emergency times. In supporting the government-led response to Typhoon Goni and Typhoon Vamco, the country-based humanitarian partners under the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) umbrella have revised the [appeal](#) from USD 45.5 million to USD 52.6 million to assist 278,100 who were severely affected by Super Typhoon Goni and Typhoon Vamco.

The IFRC leads the IASC Shelter Cluster in support of DSWD, the lead agency in the Government of the Philippines cluster structure. The Philippines country delegation maintains a full time IASC shelter cluster coordinator in country. A Shelter Cluster Information Management (IM) surge delegate from The Netherlands Red Cross is supporting the operation. The IM Manager is ensuring appropriate information management activities are in place to support the collection, analysis and dissemination of relevant information for the shelter cluster. With the support of The Netherlands Red Cross and REACH, the Shelter Cluster is providing maps based on available secondary and primary data. A [4W dashboard](#) has been created to monitor partner's presence and shelter activities. The Shelter Cluster is holding regular meetings with all partners, developing a Shelter Cluster Strategy for the response and have shared Information, Education and Communication (IEC) materials with partners in local languages and are translating them to other local languages for a more effective approach. The Shelter Cluster [website](#) has been set-up for the response including all the information, meeting minutes and IEC materials.

Needs analysis and scenario planning

Needs analysis

PRC carried out rapid assessments in the hardest hit areas by Typhoon Vamco. Needs analysis is based on the rapid assessments, chapter reports and secondary data – including updates from the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council, DSWD and IASC Clusters reports. PRC identified the needs of affected families as follows: essential household items, first aid (FA), psychosocial support (PSS), food assistance, health, livelihoods, water, sanitation and hygiene promotion, and protection.

For summaries of needs analysis by sectors, targeting, scenario planning and operation risk assessment, please refer to the [Emergency Plan of Action \(EPoA\)](#).

B. OPERATIONAL STRATEGY

Proposed strategy

Overall operational objective

This operation aims to meet the immediate and early-recovery needs of the most vulnerable of the affected population in Cagayan and Isabella Provinces. This Emergency Appeal contributes to the overall PRC plan of action for their response to the typhoon. The operation aims to meet the immediate and early recovery needs of 4,000 of the most vulnerable affected households (20,000 people). Targeted people will be assisted through shelter, livelihoods and basic needs, health, WASH, disaster risk reduction, community engagement and accountability as well as protection, gender and inclusion.

Emergency response

- Mobilization of personnel and assets to conduct first aid, search and rescue; as well as conduct rapid needs assessments.
- Provision of essential welfare services, including migration, protection, gender and inclusion (PGI), psychosocial support (PSS), ready-to-eat food hot meals, dry food packs and restoring family links (RFL).
- Distribution of essential household and emergency shelter items to affected families. Dissemination of key shelter messages on the adequate use of shelter materials and fixings to affected families.
- Distribution of multipurpose cash grants (MPCG) to affected families to meet their basic needs for a period of one month.
- Community-based disease prevention, epidemic control and health promotion sessions; as well as provision of psychosocial first aid (PFA) and PSS.
- Distribution of safe drinking water; installation of temporary sanitation (latrines, bathing and/or shower facilities, and handwashing facilities) as needed; provision of cleaning activities, provision of dignity and hygiene related items, and dissemination of key health promotion messages to affected families.

Early recovery assistance

- Livelihoods assistance aimed at supporting affected families whose livelihoods have been disrupted, to restore their means of income generation or establish new ventures/projects including small and micro enterprises. This

will be accomplished through a combination of conditional cash grants, distribution of productive inputs, and awareness raising/trainings. Furthermore, provision of agriculture equipment to restart livelihood activities will be linked to community-based organizations (CBOs) or farm organizations (FOs) for sustainability.

- Disaster risk reduction activities aimed to link the relief and recovery and to 'build back better' by identifying the local hazards and vulnerabilities and undertaking measures to enhance the coping capacity of affected communities, through the establishment of Red Cross 143 volunteers and communities-based disaster preparedness initiatives in communities; the development of disaster risk management plans, contingency plans, awareness raising/trainings on participatory and build back better approaches. Climate Change Adaptation and the concept of green response will also be integrated, which is explained in more detail below.
- National Society Development (NSD) and NS Preparedness activities intended to strengthen the capacity of the PRC to respond to future emergencies in headquarters and chapters.

The operation will be underpinned by a commitment to quality programming that involves

- Continuous and in-depth assessments and analyses to inform the design and ongoing implementation of the programme.
- Ongoing process of adjustments based on these assessments.
- Adherence to protection, gender and inclusion (PGI) standards, with focus on disability inclusive development. This will include, amongst other activities, the collection of sex, age and disability disaggregated data, the application of Minimum Standards on PGI in Emergencies through the project cycle (including monitoring and reporting). There will be efforts made to ensure equitable balance of male and female staff and volunteers; as well as consideration made to promote the participation of women, men, girls and boys of all ages and backgrounds in the affected population, and of people with disabilities.
- Awareness of the impact of climate change and promotion of climate smart solutions as part of the operations (where appropriate).
- Establishment of mechanisms to facilitate two-way communication with, and ensure transparency and accountability to, disaster-affected people, and highlighting the nature of communication and information as a life-saving mechanism. A Barangay Committee (BarCoM) will be formed to support community engagement as they are direct representatives from their own communities.
- Management and delivery of the programme will be informed by appropriate monitoring and evaluation.
- Market assessments will be integrated with the in-depth assessment as cash-based interventions are being considered based on the needs and feasibility.
- Post distribution monitoring exercises will be conducted on the interventions, particularly related to the use of cash as a response option, to measure impact and timeliness of the assistance provided. An overall review of the EA will be conducted to identify lessons learnt and present recommendations to PRC for consideration in future emergency response operations.
- Integration of activities related to Chapter development with ongoing project such as Red Ready.

C. DETAILED OPERATIONAL PLAN



Shelter

People reached: 2,500

Male: 1,250

Female: 1,250

Outcome 1: Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas restore and strengthen their safety, well-being and longer-term recovery through shelter and settlement solutions

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|--------|
| Number of affected people's safety, well-being and settlement recovery are restored/strengthened. | 5,000 | 2,500 |

Output 1.1: Shelter and settlements and basic household items assistance is provided to the affected families.

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|--------|---------------|
| Number of affected families provided with essential household items | 1,000 | 500 |
| Number of affected families provided with tarpaulins (emergency shelter) | 1,000 | deprioritized |

Progress towards outcomes

More than 900 evacuation centers were opened, starting from the pre-emptive evacuation and forced evacuation of the Local Government Units (LGU).

To assist the families affected by the typhoon, sleeping kits (which includes two sleeping mats, two mosquito nets and two blankets) have been provided. Overall, PRC was able to provide the following:

| Items | Families reached by PRC | Families reached with IFRC support |
|---------------|-------------------------|---|
| Blankets | 1,930 | 500 (25 per cent of the overall distribution) |
| Sleeping Mats | 1,047 | 500 (48 per cent of the overall distribution) |
| Mosquito Nets | 1,930 | 500 (25 per cent of the overall distribution) |

Australian Government Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (AUSDFAT) supported 500 families and Qatar Red Crescent Society supported 757 families with Non-Food Items (NFI).

LGU protocols on the prevention of COVID-19 are always observed in all activities. The mass distribution scheme of PRC has changed during COVID-19. Distributions are now being held in batches, with limitations on the number of people allowed in the distribution site at the one time. It also ensures no direct contact between PRC volunteers and recipients. Relief distribution is often being done in large open space where items are laid down and recipients can claim the items without encountering anyone.

Based on the actual situation on the ground, provision of tarpaulin was deprioritized as there was no significant need, however if, a need arises within the implementation, then this will be considered.

PRC used its preposition stocks for the distributions, which were replenished through local and international procurement. The sleeping mats and blankets were procured locally. The mosquito nets and jerry cans were procured internally. The hygiene kits to be replenished during the coming months.



Livelihoods and basic needs

People reached: 4,280

Male: 2,140

Female: 2,140

Outcome 1: Communities, especially in disaster and crisis affected areas, restore and strengthen their livelihoods

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|--------|-----------------|
| Number of affected families able to meet their basic needs | 30,000 | 856 |
| Number of affected families whose livelihoods are restored to pre-disaster level | 2,600 | to be conducted |

Output 1.2: Basic needs assistance for livelihoods security including food is provided to the most affected communities

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|--------|--------|
| Number of Ready to Eat Food / Hot Meals provided | 20,000 | 16,516 |
| Number of dry food packs provided | 1,000 | TBC |

Progress towards outcomes

Displaced families from different evacuation centres were provided with ready to eat food / hot meals. A total of 16,516 ready to eat hot meals were served with IFRC funding. PRC additionally distributed 15,407 food items to affected people.

Some of the affected families' houses were totally submerged by flood waters and the kitchen utensils were swept away. PRC with the support from Netherland Red Cross distributed kitchen sets to 977 families.



Hot meal distribution in Cagayan. (Photo: PRC)

| Province | # of ready to eat food / hot meals provided |
|--------------|---|
| Cagayan | 4,610 |
| Isabela | 11,906 |
| Total | 16,516 |

Output 1.3: Household livelihoods security is enhanced through food production, increased productivity and post-harvest management (agriculture-based livelihoods)

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|-----------------|
| Number of affected families reached with awareness raising/training on sustainable livelihoods through CMLP and HLA | 1,000 | to be conducted |
| Number of affected families provided with conditional cash grants through HLA | 1,000 | to be conducted |
| Number of affected families provided with agricultural and fisheries HLA | 1,600 | to be conducted |
| Number of plows to be procured and handed over to CBOs / FO | 50 | to be conducted |
| Number of communities receive support through the CMLP that report improved net income through skill building | 4 | to be conducted |

Progress towards outcomes

PRC deployed teams composed of both PRC / IFRC technical persons to conduct detailed assessments to determine early recovery support needed by the affected and most vulnerable population. Based on the assessment, most of the economic vulnerable households are still battling to cope with economic losses and at a risk of facing repeated cycle of indebtedness. To support affected corn and rice farmers, PRC has prioritised to provide Household Livelihood Assistance (HLA) through conditional cash grant which aims to replace assets lost, re-start livelihood activities or diversify livelihood opportunities. The assistance will be restricted to livelihood activities and will be given in two instalments to ensure right usage of the cash grant.

Furthermore, PRC will provide support to Community Based Organization through Community Managed-Livelihood Project (CMLP) which aims to help set up and support groups within communities to design and manage their own livelihood project. The intervention supports the enhancement of existing livelihood ventures or diversification and seeks to directly benefit a group of vulnerable households and indirectly, a larger section of the community.



Severely destroyed corn fields in Tuguegarao, Cagayan. (Photo: PRC)

Community Engagement and Accountability is being emphasized in all activities. A dedicated mobile phone is being used to accept inquiries and feedback from both recipients and any other community members. A feedback box is established in all communities and is checked regularly to provide response.

Further, Barangay Committee (BarCom) formation will be done. BarCom members will be composed of local leaders from different groups who will act as a bridge between community members and the Philippine Red Cross. They will also receive the feedbacks and support on queries and clarifications to be brought up by community members.

Output 1.5: Households are provided with unconditional/multipurpose cash grants to address their basic needs

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|--------|
| Number of affected families provided with multipurpose cash grants to address their basic needs | 5,000 | 856 |

Progress towards outcomes

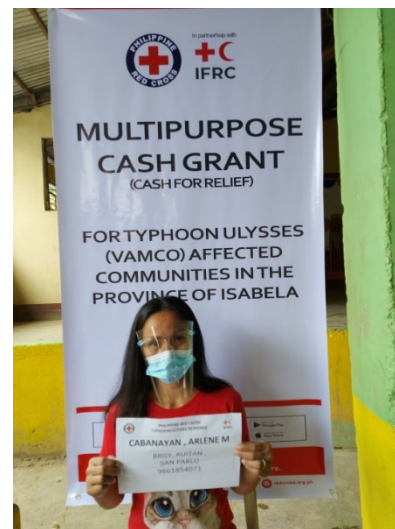
PRC deployed teams to conduct rapid disaster assessment and needs analysis (RDANA). Based on the needs assessment and available funding, PRC has prioritised to provide multipurpose cash grants to 1,500 families with IFRC support. Furthermore, Netherland Red Cross will support additional 2,500 families with multipurpose cash grants.

To date, 856 households have received multipurpose cash grant through the IFRC appeal. Each family is provided CHF 70 (PHP 3,500) as a one-time transfer via Philpost. This is based on the calculated Minimum Expenditure Basket (MEB) enabling affected families to prioritize their needs.

The remaining cash distribution to 643 families is planned in the month of May in Cagayan.

The IM surge form the Spanish Red Cross is supporting the PRC with recipient data cleaning and database management.

PRC planned to complete all cash disbursements by 31 March 2021, however, was postponed due to COVID-19 related restrictions imposed by the LGUs and to ensure safety of the selected families, community leaders, partners, staff and volunteers.



Arlene from Isabela prepares to receive the multipurpose cash grant after she qualifies for the support. (Photo: PRC).

| Province | Municipality/City | Barangay | No of household reached |
|--------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| Cagayan | Tuguegarao City | Centro 11 | 364 |
| Isabela | San Pablo | Auitan | 239 |
| | | Caralucud | 132 |
| | | Guminga | 121 |
| Grand Total | | | 856 |



Health

People reached: 6,475

Male: 3,238

Female: 3,237

Outcome 1: The immediate risks to the health of affected populations are reduced

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|--------|--------|
| Number of people reached through NS emergency health management programmes | 20,000 | 6,475 |

Output 1.1: The health situation and immediate risks are assessed using agreed guidelines

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|--------|
| Initial assessment of health situation carried out (as part of RDANA) | Yes | Yes |

Progress towards outcomes

Health needs were assessed during the initial assessment conducted by chapter, based on secondary and historical data. Government and private hospitals were all operational, although there was limited access from the community to the hospital due to the thick mud that covered the roads. Damaged Barangay Health Units lack medicine for disposal. The most urgent need was immediate first aid (FA) and PSS to the affected families, especially children, senior citizens, pregnant women and persons with disability. Due to water-lagging, there was a risk of increase in diseases, mainly leptospirosis. Other water-, food- and vector-borne diseases may impact numerous people because of lack of potable water and sanitation facilities. Also, a need for disease prevention and health promotion activities, and epidemic control for volunteers (ECV) was identified.

It is essential that this operation is COVID-19 safe for personnel and affected communities. Considering the current COVID-19 situation in the country, PRC has incorporated COVID-19 guidelines into its response protocols. PRC's staff are always requested to use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), swab test prior to going to the field and vehicles will be disinfected regularly. These measures will limit the risks for spreading the virus and protect those who are involved in the operation (staff, volunteers and relief item recipients). In regard to prevention measures, PRC has distributed 17,898 face masks, of which 17,431 (97 per cent of the overall distribution) were with IFRC funding. These face masks were distributed to 6,475 people.

Output 1.8: Minimum initial maternal and neonatal health services provided to target population

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|--------|
| Number of health and hygiene promotion activities conducted | 4 | 1 |
| Number of health centres provided with screening kits | 4 | TBC |

Progress towards outcomes


Health and hygiene promotion sessions have been conducted in communities focusing on personal hygiene, solid waste management as well as prevention of diarrhea. The need to do frequent hand washing has been emphasized to help prevent the spread of COVID-19. PRC was able to reach 211 people through health sessions conducted in Saii Barangay in Isabella Province. Refer total reached with hygiene promotion in WASH section.



Health session in Isabella. (Photo: PRC)

At present, PRC is yet to determine if screening kits will be provided to health centres. For full content of the screening kit, please refer to [Emergency Plan of Action \(EPoA\) Annex II](#).

To enable health checks through PRC health missions at first aid stations, essential medical devices were provided. These devices include thermal scanners, sphygmomanometers, portable nebulizers, and pulse oximeters.

| Outcome 2: The immediate risks to the health of affected populations are reduced through improved access to medical treatment | | |
|--|----------------------|------------------|
| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
| Number of people provided with medical treatment (based on need) | <i>based on need</i> | 3,418 |
| Output 2.3: Target population is reached with Search and Rescue activities | | |
| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
| Number of ambulances mobilized to provide immediate transportation services (based on need) | <i>based on need</i> | 2 |
| Number of people provided with first aid (based on need) | <i>based on need</i> | 77 |
| Number of people provided with blood pressure readings (based on need) | <i>based on need</i> | 3,341 |
| Number of volunteers trained on basic life support and first aid | 50 | to be identified |
| Number of volunteers mobilized to provide first aid and blood pressure reading services in the affected areas | 50 | to be identified |
| Progress towards outcomes | | |
| <p>PRC mobilized its staff, volunteers, and assets to provide first aid support and search and rescue operations. PRC established 171 first aid stations across the affected areas. Total of 3,148 people were assisted at the first aid stations through the IFRC Appeal. 77 people were provided with first aid and 3,341 people were supported with blood pressure readings.</p> <p>Furthermore, PRC mobilized two ambulances to transport affected people to medical facilities.</p> | | |
|  | | |
| <p>Members of PRC emergency response unit are taking the blood pressures at a first aid stations established to support health needs of people. (Photo: PRC)</p> | | |
| Outcome 4: Transmission of diseases of epidemic potential is reduced | | |
| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
| Number of people reached with community-based disease prevention, epidemic control and health promotion programming in the affected areas | 20,000 | to be conducted |
| Output 4.1: Community-based disease control and health promotion is provided to the target population | | |
| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
| Number of volunteers trained on Epidemic Control for Volunteers (ECV) Toolkit | 100 | to be conducted |
| Number of volunteers mobilized to disseminate epidemic prevention messages | 100 | to be conducted |
| Number of volunteers continuously monitor the outbreak situations and report back to the OPCEN for immediate response | 100 | to be conducted |
| Progress towards outcomes | | |
| No update as of reporting period. | | |
| Output 4.2: Vector-borne diseases are prevented | | |
| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
| Number of affected families provided with insecticide treated mosquito nets | 5,000 | 500 |
| Number of people reached through provision of doxycycline, antifungal ointment and soap | <i>based on need</i> | 300 |

Progress towards outcomes

Total of 500 families were provided with insecticide treated mosquito nets. These nets are part of the standard package distributed in the relief phase. Please see shelter section for details.

PRC distributed 100 doxycycline as post-exposure prophylaxis to contain leptospirosis for staff and volunteers who may have exposed to contaminated water. In addition, PRC provided staff and volunteers 200 antifungal ointment and soap for prevention of skin diseases. Furthermore, basic medicine¹ was provided to 1,900 individuals based on the need. All these were provided in coordination with local health units.

Distribution of doxycycline as prophylaxis to the frontline responders of Isabella Chapter. *(Photo: PRC)*

Outcome 6: The psychosocial impacts of the emergency are lessened

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|--------|--------|
| Number of people provided with direct psychosocial support | 500 | 1,636 |

Output 6.1: Psychosocial support provided to the target population as well as to RCRC volunteers and staff

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|-----------------|
| Number of staff receive orientation on psychosocial support | 10 | to be conducted |
| Number of volunteers trained on psychosocial support | 10 | to be conducted |

Progress towards outcomes

After a disaster people in the affected communities are dealing with psychological distress due to social disruption and impact of the event on the home and family. The PRC, through its well-trained Red Cross 143 volunteers provided Psychosocial Support (PSS) and Psychological First Aid (PFA) to 1,636 individuals through the IFRC Appeal.



Water, sanitation and hygiene

People reached: 21,792
 Male: 10,896
 Female: 10,896

Outcome 1: Immediate reduction in risk of waterborne and water related diseases in targeted communities

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|--------|
| Number of people provided with water, sanitation and hygiene-related services that meet agreed standards according to specific operational and programmatic context | 20,000 | 21,792 |

Output 1.1: Continuous assessment of water, sanitation and hygiene situation is carried out in targeted communities

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|--------|------------------|
| Initial assessment of water, sanitation and hygiene situation carried out (as part of RDANA) | 4 | to be identified |

Progress towards outcomes

Assessment Team were deployed in Cagayan and Isabela. Initial assessment and RDANA results have identified needs for water supply. There have been water interruptions in the affected areas due to damage to the pipelines and the absence of electricity.

Output 1.2: Daily access to safe water which meets Sphere and WHO standards in terms of quantity and quality is provided to target population

¹ Paracetamol, vitamin C, losartan, ORS, PNSS, Salbutamol and ferrous sulfate.

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|-----------|---------|
| Number of litres of water distributed (according to WHO standards) | 2,000,000 | 101,740 |
| Number of families provided with jerry cans | 1,000 | 500 |

Progress towards outcomes

To meet the water needs, PRC deployed one water tanker each to Isabella and Cagayan. Furthermore, installed 5,000 litres and 10,000 litres water bladder with tap stand in Cagayan. PRC distributed total of 101,740 litres of clean water to affected people. PRC has also distributed bottled water to 7,906 people.



Fully installed 5,000 liters water bladder with tap stand in Cagayan. (Photo: PRC)

Total of 2,892 families were provided with jerry cans by PRC of which 500 families were supported by IFRC funding, 290 families were supported by Qatar Red Crescent Society and 500 families were supported by AUSDFAT.

Output 1.3: Adequate sanitation which meets Sphere standards in terms of quantity and quality is provided to target population

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|--------|-----------------|
| Number of temporary latrines including handwashing facilities and bathing and/or shower facilities installed | 400 | to be conducted |
| Number of sanitation facilities / evacuation centres are cleaned via cash for work modality | 12 | to be conducted |
| Number of cleaning activities conducted | 4 | to be conducted |

Progress towards outcomes

No update as of reporting period.

Output 1.4: Hygiene promotion activities which meet Sphere standards in terms of the identification and use of hygiene items provided to target population

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|--------|
| Number of people reached by hygiene promotion | 20,000 | 21,792 |

Progress towards outcomes

PRC has reached 21,792 individuals with hygiene promotion activities with IFRC funding. There were total of 81 hygiene promotion activities conducted in 59 barangays. These hygiene promotion activities included messaging on handwashing, menstrual hygiene management, solid waste disposal and safe water storage and treatment. Furthermore, PRC has incorporated COVID-19 related messaging in the hygiene promotion activities. These awareness sessions will be conducted throughout the whole program timeline. Furthermore, PRC printed and distributed IEC materials during these hygiene promotion sessions.



Hygiene promotion sessions conducted at an evacuation center and PRC used IEC materials for awareness raising. (Photo: PRC)

Output 1.5: Hygiene-related goods which meet Sphere standards and training on how to use those goods is provided to the target population

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|--------|
| Number of families provided with hygiene kits | 1,000 | 500 |

Progress towards outcomes

| Hygiene kit items | |
|------------------------|----------|
| Body soap - 100 g | (12 pcs) |
| laundry soap - 200 g | (5 pcs) |
| Sanitary pads | (40 pcs) |
| Hand towel | (3 pcs) |
| Toilet paper | (6 pcs) |
| Bath towel | (2 pcs) |
| Toothpaste – 75ml tube | (2 pcs) |
| Toothbrush | (5 pcs) |
| Razor | (4 pcs) |

PRC has distributed 3,057 affected families with standard and assorted hygiene kits of which 500 standard hygiene kits were provided with IFRC funding. 500 kits were provided by AUSDFAT funding. The distributions were combined with sensitization on their use and dissemination of key hygiene messages.



Protection, Gender and Inclusion

People reached: 21,792

Male: 10,896

Female: 10,896

Outcome 1: Communities identify the needs of the most vulnerable and particularly disadvantaged and marginalised groups, as a result of inequality, discrimination and other non-respect of their human rights and address their distinct needs

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|--------|
| Number of people provided with PGI services | 20,000 | 21,792 |

Output 1.1: Programmes and operations ensure safe and equitable provision of basic services, considering different needs based on gender and other diversity factors

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|-----------------|
| Initial assessments focus on key PGI areas is carried out (as part of RDANA) | Yes | Yes |
| Number of staff and volunteers are trained on IFRC PGI minimum standards in emergencies | 40 | to be conducted |
| Sex-age and disability disaggregated data is collected | Yes | Yes |

Progress towards outcomes

PRC established welfare desks in evacuation centres. These welfare desks receive and deal with protection issues and, if necessary, refers cases to the relevant government authorities.

Overall, all activities in this operation have been carried out with protection, gender and inclusion consideration, reaching at least 21,792 individuals so far. PRC will capture sex and age disaggregated data for the purpose of accountability to communities, to analyse who is directly benefitting and who is not benefitting from services; and to understanding the number and specific vulnerabilities of females to males based on their gender roles and age.

Output 1.2: Emergency response operations prevent and respond to sexual- and gender-based violence and all forms of violence against children.

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|--------|-----------------|
| Percentage of staff and volunteers sign the code of conduct | 100 | 100 |
| Number of temporary learning centres are established | 2 | Deprioritised |
| Number of children reached with Department of Education approved school kits | 400 | To be conducted |

Progress towards outcomes

IFRC has zero tolerance for any form of violence against children. Child protection policy is part of the mandatory orientation provided to volunteers mobilized in this operation where all staff and volunteers signed a document that

they have read, understood and would abide by the policy. Careful programming across all the sectors and operational areas of IFRC ensured that children are protected from exploitation and abuse regardless of their nationality, culture, ethnicity, gender, religious or political beliefs, socio-economic status, family or criminal background, physical or mental health or any other factors for discrimination. Part of the volunteer and staff recruitment process is to sign a document that they have read, understood and would abide by the PRC code of conduct. PRC assisted 1,312 children in 29 Child Friendly Spaces established in 24 Barangays.

Through PRC's welfare services, traumatized individuals receive psychosocial support. Psychosocial support helps individuals cope with fear and anxiety due to the trauma caused by the typhoon, especially for children.



Migration

People reached: 21,792

Male: 10,892

Female: 10,892

Outcome 1: Communities support the needs of migrants and their families and those assisting migrants at all stages of migration (origin, transit and destination)

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|--------|--------|
| Number of displaced people reached with information and services provided from welfare desks | 12,000 | 21,792 |

Output 1.1: Assistance and protection services to migrants and their families are provided and promoted through engagement with local and national authorities as well as in partnership with other relevant organizations.

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|--------|
| Number of affected people have access to basic services | 12,000 | 21,792 |

Progress towards outcomes

Displaced population who are staying in different evacuation centres have been supported with psychosocial support, food water and household items. Through welfare desks, displaced population are being provided with PRC services such as: (i) restoring family links (RFL); (ii) tracing; (iii) inquiry and communications; (iv) contact of relatives; and (v) referral.

At least, 21 792 people, who are either displaced in evacuation centres or were staying with friends and families were provided with services appropriate to their needs within the welfare desks. Further, 161 individuals were provided with referral services.

Output 1.3: Family links are restored for people separated from, or without news of, their loved ones as a result of the disaster

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|--------|
| Number of welfare desks providing RFL services in the affected areas. | 4 | 80 |

Progress towards outcomes

Part of the standard services provided under the welfare desk set up by PRC are (i) restoring family links; (ii) tracing; and (iii) referral. There were 80 welfare desks in 60 barangays of Cagayan and Isabela were established where people can ask support around Restoring Family Links (RFL) services (I Am Live), tracing and free calls. So far, no people have come to ask support around any of these services.



Disaster Risk Reduction

People reached: (targeted 12,000)

Male: (targeted 6,000)

Female: (targeted 6,000)

Outcome 1: Communities in high-risk areas are prepared for and able to respond to disaster

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|-----------------|
| Number of communities reached through RCRC programmes for DRR and community resilience (excluding public awareness and education campaigns) | 4 | to be conducted |

Output 1.1: Communities take active steps to strengthen their preparedness for timely and effective response to disasters.

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|-----------------|
| Number of communities DRRM plans updated/reviewed | 4 | to be conducted |
| Number of Red Cross 143 recruited | 16 | to be conducted |

Progress towards outcomes

No update as of reporting period.

Outcome 2: Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas adopt climate risk informed and environmentally responsible values and practices

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|--------|-----------------|
| Number of communities adopt climate risk informed and environmentally responsible approaches | 4 | to be conducted |

Output 2.1: Contributions to climate change mitigation are made by implementing green solutions

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|-----------------|
| Number of green response activities supported | 4 | to be conducted |

Progress towards outcomes

No update as of reporting period.

Output 2.2: Community awareness raising programmes on climate changing risks and environmentally responsible practices are conducted in target communities

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|--------|-----------------|
| Number of communities that have implemented activities that contribute to climate change adaptation | 6 | to be conducted |
| Number of people reached by climate change mitigation and environmental sustainability awareness and raising campaigns | 12,000 | to be conducted |

Progress towards outcomes

No update as of reporting period.

Strengthen National Society

Outcome 1: National Society capacity building and organizational development objectives are facilitated to ensure that National Societies have the necessary legal, ethical and financial foundations, systems and structures, competences and capacities to plan and perform.

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|--------|--------|
| Number of National Society's branches that are well functioning (in the operation) | 2 | 2 |

Output 1.1.4: National Societies have effective and motivated volunteers who are protected

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|------------------|
| Percentage of volunteers insured | 100 | to be identified |
| Progress towards outcomes | | |
| <p>PRC has prioritised two chapters to assist with early-recovery assistance namely Cagayan and Isabela. All the volunteers involved in the operation are insured under the Membership and Accident Assistance Benefit (MAAB) of PRC.</p> | | |
| Output 1.1.6: National Societies have the necessary corporate infrastructure and systems in place | | |
| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
| Number of chapter buildings are reconstructed and equipped | 1 | to be identified |
| Progress towards outcomes | | |
| No update as of reporting. | | |

| International Disaster Response | | |
|---|--------|-----------------|
| Outcome 2.1: Effective and coordinated international disaster response is ensured | | |
| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
| Effective and coordinated international disaster response ensured. | Yes | Yes |
| Output 2.1.1: Effective and respected surge capacity mechanism is maintained | | |
| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
| Number of Surge persons deployed for the operation | 2 | 4 |
| Progress towards outcomes | | |
| <p>Total of four surge persons were deployed to support the Typhoons and Floods 2020 operations. An overarching support has been provided by surge personnel both in Typhoon Goni and Typhoon Vamco. The cost of the surge positions was covered by the respective National Society. Finnish Red Cross seconded a PRD surge and a communication surge person. Netherlands Red Cross seconded a Shelter Cluster Information Manager (IM) surge person. Spanish Red Cross seconded a surge IM Coordinator.</p> | | |
| Output 2.1.3: NS compliance with Principles and Rules for Humanitarian Assistance is improved | | |
| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
| Number of methods established to share information with communities about what is happening in the operation based on community preference. | 2 | Yes |
| % of complaints and feedback received responded to by the NS. | 100 | ongoing |
| % of people using the feedback mechanism are satisfied with the result of sharing their feedback with PRC | 80 | to be conducted |
| Progress towards outcomes | | |
| <p>The IFRC Philippine Delegation is providing support to PRC to ensure accountability and compliance with regards to the emergency response procedures. For this operation, this has included the preparation of an Information Bulletin, an imminent DREF, a preliminary emergency appeal, a revised emergency appeal for Philippines: Floods and Typhoons, an emergency plan of action and this operations update are published on the public IFRC Appeals Database.</p> <p>Information is a vital form of aid, timely, accurate and appropriate information can save lives, livelihoods and resources. Community Engagement and Accountability (CEA) will be integrated into all planned activities to ensure that affected families have access to information on the services being provided by PRC; as well as participate and</p> | | |

feedback to PRC. At the time of this publication, PRC welfare desks have been established which allow concerns to be shared with PRC and give an opportunity for community members to receive answers to their questions.

Output 2.1.4: Supply chain and fleet services meet recognized quality and accountability standards

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|--------|--------|
| Logistics department provides constant support to the National Society's logistics unit for replenishment and other procurements | Yes | Yes |

Progress towards outcomes

Logistics activities aim to efficiently manage the supply chain of relief items, including procurement, fleet, storage and transportation to distribution sites in accordance with the requirements and aligned with standards, processes and procedures of the IFRC. The logistical support for this operation is provided by the strong logistics capacity of the PRC built in recent years, supported by an experienced IFRC Philippines Delegation logistics team including the logistics delegate.

PRC mobilized its preparedness stocks for the relief distributions. IFRC Logistics Unit initiated the procurement process to replenish the items distributed to people affected. Jerry cans and mosquito nets were procured via Logistics Unit in Asia Pacific Regional Office (APRO) and have been delivered to warehouse. Hygiene kits to be procured via LPSCM APRO in the coming months. Blankets and sleeping mats were procured locally and have been delivered to warehouse. Due to the current COVID-19 pandemic situation, there are many challenges in the supply chain such as delay in shipments, delay in clearance processes, transportation issues due to travel restrictions and increase in price due to high demand and low supply.

Output 2.1.6: Coordinating role of the IFRC within the international humanitarian system is enhanced

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|--------|
| A coordinated and strategic response plan according to humanitarian minimum standards is adopted by actors in support of Government | Yes | Yes |
| Shelter actors working together without duplication of services | Yes | Yes |
| % of shelter actors incorporating build back safer (BBS) messaging and technical assistance elements into their shelter programming | 100 | 100 |

Progress towards outcomes

IFRC, as part of global shelter commitment is leading the Shelter Cluster in the Philippines in support of DSWD, the lead agency in the Government of the Philippines cluster structure. The Philippines delegation maintains a full-time Inter-Agency Standing Committee (IASC) shelter cluster coordinator. Furthermore, an Information Manager was deployed as surge support via Netherland Red Cross.

The Humanitarian Needs and Priorities (HNP) developed for typhoon Goni and typhoon Vamco is until the end of April 2021 targeting 60,000 people (12,000 HH). To date, the shelter cluster partners have assisted a total of 30,360 households with emergency and early recovery shelter support across the provinces of Region V. A 4w dashboard and gap analysis has been created to monitor partner's presence and shelter activities. The shelter cluster website has been set up and maintained for the response including all the information, meeting minutes and Information Education and Communication (IEC) materials.

To date, there are 15 shelter clusters, including Philippine Red Cross, supporting in the needs brought both by Typhoon Goni and Typhoon Ulysses, these includes: Action Against Hunger, Adventist Development and Relief Agency, Agency for Technical Cooperation and Development, Catholic Relief Services, Good, Neighbors International Philippines, Habitat for Humanity Philippines, IOM, Oxfam, Plan International, Samaritan's Purse, Save the Children Philippines, ShelterBox, Relief International and World Vision

Outcome 2.2: The complementarity and strengths of the Movement are enhanced

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|--------|--------|
| Complementarity and strengths of the Movement enhanced | Yes | Yes |

Output 2.2.1: In the context of emergencies, the IFRC, ICRC and NS enhance their operational reach and effectiveness through new means of coordination.

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|--------|
| Movement coordination is well-established | Yes | Yes |

Progress towards outcomes

The PRC leads the Movement's overall response for this operation, maintaining close coordination with Movement partners in the country and providing updates. The PRC works with the IFRC, the ICRC and eight National Societies are present in the Philippines: American Red Cross, Canadian Red Cross, Finnish Red Cross, German Red Cross, Japanese Red Cross Society, Netherlands Red Cross, Spanish Red Cross and Qatar Red Crescent Society.

Influence others as leading strategic partner

Outcome 3.1: The IFRC secretariat, together with National Societies uses their unique position to influence decisions at local, national and international levels that affect the most vulnerable.

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|--------|--------|
| IFRC and NS are visible, trusted and effective advocates on humanitarian issues. | Yes | Yes |

Output 3.1.1: IFRC and NS are visible, trusted and effective advocates on humanitarian issues

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|------------------|
| Number of communications materials produced/published | 60 | to be identified |

Progress towards outcomes

A composite team of PRC and IFRC communications officers are working together to generate further international and national media coverage in high value outlets building on the successful coverage profiling the work of PRC that was achieved when Typhoon Ulysses struck.

There are 17,718 reaches recorded through the Delegation and Regional Office communications platforms. Further, there are 86 media coverage monitored on TV, radio, print and other online publications. Some of these includes:

- BBC NEWS: Vamco's flooding was described as being like the 'Pacific Ocean', now in parts of the Cagayan Valley it resembles a sea of mud. Livelihoods have been destroyed, agriculture has been wrecked, thousands are still in need of help. <https://twitter.com/Howardrjohnson/status/1329579653212762112> BBC NEWS: More than a million people in the Cagayan Valley affected by typhoon, agricultural damage a major concern <https://twitter.com/Howardrjohnson/status/1329309206965411840> Agence France Presse: Live Zoom Interview to PRC chairman Gordon by Allison Jackson
- CNN Philippines News Night: "Red Cross volunteers is on the ground distributing medicines and masks" by Lois Calderon
- ORMN-DZXL: "Philippine Red Cross Cagayan chapter namahagi ng mga pagkain sa mga bakwit sa Cagayan"
- Daily Tribune p.2: "PRC comes to Cagayan's aid" by Gabriel Parlade (November 14, 2020)
- GMANewsTV Special Coverage: Photo of PRC Cagayan chapter volunteers carrying hot meals for evacuees
- Philippine News Agency: "Red Cross send humanitarian augmentation to Cagayan Valley"
- Business Mirror p.A9: "Red Cross steps up rescue, efforts in flood-stricken Cagayan and Isabela towns"

Output S3.1.2: IFRC produces high-quality research and evaluation that informs advocacy, resource mobilization and programming.

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|-----------------|
| Number of post-distribution visits to affected communities. | 2 | to be conducted |
| Number of Evaluation conducted. | 1 | to be conducted |

Progress towards outcomes

No update as of reporting period.

Effective, credible and accountable IFRC

Outcome 4.1: The IFRC enhances its effectiveness, credibility and accountability

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|--------|
| Effective performance of staff supported by HR procedures | Yes | Yes |

Output 4.1.2: IFRC staff shows good level of engagement and performance

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|--------|--------|
| Percentage compliance with PRC HR procedures | 100% | 100% |

Progress towards outcomes

PRC has been mobilizing NHQ and Chapters existing staff, Red Cross 143 volunteers, Red Cross Action Teams (RCAT134) and National Disaster Response Team's members from other Chapters as required. PRC Human Resources (HR) procedures are being applied for all deployments. PRC has recruited one staff at NHQ and one project staff in the field to support the operation. Furthermore, to support the recovery operation PRC will recruit two more staff for NHQ and two staff for chapter.

Output 4.1.3: Financial resources are safeguarded; quality financial and administrative support is provided contributing to efficient operations and ensuring effective use of assets; timely quality financial reporting to stakeholders

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|--|--------|--------|
| Percentage of financial reporting respecting the IFRC procedures | 100% | 100% |

Progress towards outcomes

The IFRC Philippines Delegation, through the finance and administration team, provides operational support for review, budget validation and cash transferred to PRC in-line with the project agreement to support the relief activities.

Output 4.1.4: Staff security is prioritized in all IFRC activities

| Indicators: | Target | Actual |
|---|--------|--------|
| Staff security is prioritized in all IFRC activities. | Yes | Yes |

Progress towards outcomes

The IFRC security framework is applicable to this operation. For PRC staff and volunteers, the National Society's security framework is applied. Regular and close coordination is maintained with the ICRC in accordance with the existing security framework and Movement's coordination agreement. Regular information sharing is maintained and specific security protocols for each level of security. In the country, all staff members and volunteers are required to take the IFRC online courses: Stay Safe Personal Security, Stay Safe Security Management and Stay Safe Volunteer Security.

D. Financial Report

As of reporting date, this appeal is 39.47 per cent covered (CHF 4,270,636) out of CHF 10,820,000 funding requirements. CHF 1,114,179 has been utilized (26 per cent). Detailed expenditure is [outlined](#) at the end of this update.

Reference documents



Click for:

- [Revised emergency appeal](#)
- [All documents related to the operation](#)

For further information, specifically related to this operation please contact:

In Philippine Red Cross

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- Leonardo Ebajo, director for disaster management services; email: leonardo.ebajo@redcross.org.ph

In IFRC Philippines Country Delegation

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In IFRC Regional Office for Asia Pacific, Kuala Lumpur

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In IFRC Geneva

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- Karla Morizzo, senior DREF officer; email: karla.morizzo@ifrc.org
- Eszter Matyeka, senior officer, DREF; email: eszter.matyeka@ifrc.org

For IFRC Resource Mobilization and Pledges support

- Alice Ho, partnership in emergencies coordinator; email: partnershipsEA.AP@ifrc.org

For Performance and Accountability support (planning, monitoring, evaluation and reporting enquiries)

- Audrey See Tho, interim PMER manager; email: audrey.seetho@ifrc.org

How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the **Code of Conduct** for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO's) in Disaster Relief and the **Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere)** in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, **encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities** by National Societies, with a view to **preventing and alleviating human suffering**, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

The IFRC's work is guided by Strategy 2020 which puts forward three strategic aims:



Save lives.
protect livelihoods,
and strengthen recovery
from disaster and crises.



Enable **healthy**
and **safe** living.



Promote **social inclusion**
and a culture of
non-violence and **peace**.

Emergency Appeal

INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

| Selected Parameters | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|-----------|----------|
| Reporting Timeframe | 2020/11-2021/3 | Operation | MDRPH041 |
| Budget Timeframe | 2020-2021 | Budget | APPROVED |

Prepared on 30 Apr 2021

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

MDRPH041 - Philippines - Floods and Typhoons 2020

Operating Timeframe: 30 Oct 2020 to 30 Nov 2022; appeal launch date: 02 Nov 2020

I. Emergency Appeal Funding Requirements

| Thematic Area Code | Requirements CHF |
|---|-------------------|
| AOF1 - Disaster risk reduction | 547,000 |
| AOF2 - Shelter | 4,922,000 |
| AOF3 - Livelihoods and basic needs | 3,267,000 |
| AOF4 - Health | 295,000 |
| AOF5 - Water, sanitation and hygiene | 403,000 |
| AOF6 - Protection, Gender & Inclusion | 59,000 |
| AOF7 - Migration | 38,000 |
| SFI1 - Strengthen National Societies | 229,000 |
| SFI2 - Effective international disaster management | 187,000 |
| SFI3 - Influence others as leading strategic partners | 59,000 |
| SFI4 - Ensure a strong IFRC | 814,000 |
| Total Funding Requirements | 10,820,000 |
| Donor Response* as per 30 Apr 2021 | 4,270,636 |
| Appeal Coverage | 39.47% |

II. IFRC Operating Budget Implementation

| Thematic Area Code | Budget | Expenditure | Variance |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| AOF1 - Disaster risk reduction | 68,926 | 0 | 68,926 |
| AOF2 - Shelter | 1,316,799 | 518,854 | 797,944 |
| AOF3 - Livelihoods and basic needs | 1,106,699 | 313,351 | 793,348 |
| AOF4 - Health | 79,703 | 29,268 | 50,435 |
| AOF5 - Water, sanitation and hygiene | 92,437 | 78,947 | 13,490 |
| AOF6 - Protection, Gender & Inclusion | 32,520 | 0 | 32,520 |
| AOF7 - Migration | 17,139 | 2,678 | 14,461 |
| SFI1 - Strengthen National Societies | 247,202 | 194 | 247,008 |
| SFI2 - Effective international disaster management | 56,070 | 9,323 | 46,746 |
| SFI3 - Influence others as leading strategic partners | 26,625 | 6,481 | 20,144 |
| SFI4 - Ensure a strong IFRC | 663,715 | 155,083 | 508,632 |
| Grand Total | 3,707,836 | 1,114,179 | 2,593,656 |

III. Operating Movement & Closing Balance per 2021/03

| | |
|---|------------------|
| Opening Balance | 44,145 |
| Income (includes outstanding DREF Loan per IV.) | 4,209,390 |
| Expenditure | -1,114,179 |
| Closing Balance | 3,139,355 |
| Deferred Income | 0 |
| Funds Available | 3,139,355 |

IV. DREF Loan

| | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------|---------|--------------|---------|----------------------|----------|
| * not included in Donor Response | Loan : | 749,974 | Reimbursed : | 749,974 | Outstanding : | 0 |
|----------------------------------|--------|---------|--------------|---------|----------------------|----------|

Emergency Appeal

INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

| Selected Parameters | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|-----------|----------|
| Reporting Timeframe | 2020/11-2021/3 | Operation | MDRPH041 |
| Budget Timeframe | 2020-2021 | Budget | APPROVED |

Prepared on 30 Apr 2021

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

MDRPH041 - Philippines - Floods and Typhoons 2020

Operating Timeframe: 30 Oct 2020 to 30 Nov 2022; appeal launch date: 02 Nov 2020

V. Contributions by Donor and Other Income

| Opening Balance | | | | | | | 44,145 |
|--|------------------|--------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------|
| Income Type | Cash | InKind Goods | InKind Personnel | Other Income | TOTAL | Deferred Income | |
| Austrian Red Cross | 108,080 | | | | 108,080 | | |
| British Red Cross (from British Government*) | 884,679 | | | | 884,679 | | |
| China Red Cross, Hong Kong branch | 25,510 | | | | 25,510 | | |
| China Red Cross, Hong Kong branch (from Governmei | 206,401 | | | | 206,401 | | |
| Czech Government | 50,450 | | | | 50,450 | | |
| DREF Allocations | | | | -51,174 | -51,174 | | |
| Finnish Red Cross | 107,571 | | | | 107,571 | | |
| Japanese Red Cross Society | 120,215 | | | | 120,215 | | |
| New Zealand Government | 138,037 | | | | 138,037 | | |
| On Line donations | 559 | | | | 559 | | |
| Red Cross of Monaco | 48,772 | | | | 48,772 | | |
| Spanish Government | 176,605 | | | | 176,605 | | |
| Swedish Red Cross | 1,083,786 | | | | 1,083,786 | | |
| Swiss Government | 500,000 | | | | 500,000 | | |
| The Canadian Red Cross Society (from Canadian Gov | 172,555 | | | | 172,555 | | |
| The Netherlands Red Cross (from Netherlands Govern | 637,346 | | | | 637,346 | | |
| Total Contributions and Other Income | 4,260,564 | 0 | 0 | -51,174 | 4,209,390 | 0 | |
| Total Income and Deferred Income | | | | | 4,253,534 | 0 | |