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Operation Update Report

Indonesia: West Kalimantan Floods

 International Federation
of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

DREF n°: MDRID022	GLIDE n°: FL-2021-000173-IDN
Operation update n° 1: 26/01/2022	Timeframe covered by this update: 13/11/2021 – 07/01/2022
Operation start date: 13/11/2021	Revised operation timeframe: 6 months (extended from 4 months) Revised end date: 31/05/2022 (extended from 31/03/2022)
Funding requirements (CHF): 244 375	
N° of people being assisted: 27,175 (16,775 people in West Kalimantan province and 10,400 people in Central Kalimantan province).	
Red Cross Red Crescent Movement partners currently actively involved in the operation: Indonesian Red Cross Society (Palang Merah Indonesia or PMI) with support from International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) have been supporting this operation.	
Other partner organizations actively involved in the operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) <u>Public Departments:</u> Indonesian Disaster Management Authority (<i>Badan Penanggulangan Bencana Daerah</i> (BPBD), Indonesian Search and Rescue Authority (BASARNAS), Regional Water Authority (<i>Perusahaan Daerah Air Minum</i> or PDAM), and Community Health Centre.(ii) NGOs: Rumah Zakat, BAZNAS, World Vision Indonesia, local youth organizations and various community-based organization.	

Summary of major revisions made to emergency plan of action:

- Expansion of target locations: Since the commencement of this DREF operation, in addition to West Kalimantan province, initially covered by this operation, the Central Kalimantan province also affected by flash floods due to heavy rains in November 2021. Around 113,998 people in five districts were affected. Hence, the target locations will be expanded to include Central Kalimantan province and provide humanitarian assistance to affected households in that province as well.
- Extension of operation timeframe: Implementation of activities in expanded target locations will require more time than originally planned for this operation. Hence, the timeframe of this operation will be extended by two months at no additional costs.

A. SITUATION ANALYSIS

Description of the disaster

Floods in West Kalimantan Province

Prolonged and heavy rainfall along with strong winds from October to early November caused Kapuas River to overflow and flood five districts in West Kalimantan province. As of this Operation Update (OU) report, the floods in the impacted

districts have receded. There have been further heavy rains but did not lead to severe floods so far. The table below summarizes details of the location and population affected by floods since early November 2021.

Province	Details of Affected Locations		Max. Flood Level (cm)	Fatalities	Affected	
	District	Sub-District			Household	Individual
West Kalimantan	Sekadau	7	0-45	2	7,795	46,440
	Melawi	11	0-40	1	17,000	69,987
	Sanggau	6	0-45	-	20,586	26,184
	Sintang	12	0-100	4	35,677	123,537
	Ketapang	2	100-150	-	400	1,508

Source: PMI West Kalimantan Situation Report

Floods in Central Kalimantan Province

Heavy-rainfall in early-November across Central Kalimantan province caused floods in five districts namely Kapuas Raya, Katingan, Kotawaringin, Palangkaraya, and Pulang Pisau. Flood level reported ranging from 10-200 cm affecting homes and damaging infrastructures such as bridges and roads. Katingan district is the worst affected district. Responding to the situation, Sanggau and Sintang districts declared “emergency response” between 12 Nov and 25 Nov 2021. The table below provides information on impacts disaggregated by district.

Province	District	Impacts
Central Kalimantan	Kapuas Raya	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2,678 households (8,112 individuals) were reportedly affected in 20 villages. The flood level was reported to be between 20 and 110 cm.
	Katingan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 16,184 households (55,686 individuals) affected across 62 villages. 158 households were also displaced and have been residing in temporary evacuation centres.
	Kotawaringin	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3,626 households (11,272 individuals) were affected across 22 villages. 2,306 residential houses, 15 schools, 16 praying houses, and health facilities were also badly affected.
	Palangkaraya	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 8,858 households (31,047 individuals) were affected across 21 villages. The flood level was reported to be between 10 and 200 cm. Emergency response phase was declared by local authorities between 12 Nov and 25 Nov 2021.
	Pulang Pisau	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1,981 households (7,881 individuals) were affected in 13 villages. The flood level was reported to be between 45 and 100 cm.

Source: PMI Central Kalimantan Situation Report

PMI, in coordination with the public departments and other available humanitarian organizations, have been providing humanitarian assistance (1,000 hygiene kits, 500 cleaning kit, 100 kitchen set, and 250 kits for children) to some of the affected people. PMI did this distribution using the relief items prepositioned in its regional warehouse. PMI provincial response team will continue conducting needs assessment to provide assistance to additional 10,400 flood affected people in Central Kalimantan province under this DREF operation.

Summary of current response

Overview of Host National Society

West Kalimantan Province Response

As soon as the floods started to inundate the area, PMI districts and Province established emergency response unit to conduct an impact assessment, started to receive in-kind and food donations. All food donations were distributed and processed on PMI field kitchen and then distributed door-to-door to the affected community. PMI branches coordinated with relevant stakeholders present in the field to ensure all services were aligned with the response plan and to avoid any duplication. With the support from PMI West Kalimantan provincial level, PMI mobilized 145 personnel to the affected areas in the emergency phase.

As of 22 December 2021, PMI has been providing support and implementing activities such as evacuation, setting-up field kitchen, food distribution, household items distribution, basic health services, PSS activities, cleaning up post flood debris and mud, distributed 47,7600 litres of clean water to affected households.

To cope with the needs, PMI NHQ has dispatched additional household items including blanket, family kits (consist of bath soap, washing soap, shampoo, toothpaste, toothbrush, towel, plastic plate and glass, eating utensil, candle, flip flops, and garbage bag), baby kits, hygiene kits and tarpaulins. In the emergency phase, PMI NHQ transferred emergency operational funds of IDR 100 million (CHF 7,000) to the branches to facilitate their response efforts. Top up operational funds will be transferred in January 2022 to continue the activity until May 2022.

Central Kalimantan Province Response

In Central Kalimantan, in the initial phase of the response, PMI deployed 24 personnel to respond to the emergency. In total there are 31 personnel deployed. Personnel have been divided into teams to conduct impact assessment, search and rescue, emergency health services and establishing emergency shelter. In addition to deploying human resources, PMI Central Kalimantan also deployed two water trucks, operational vehicles and a truck to support the transportation of relief items to affected areas, two ambulances and deployed field kitchen unit.

As of 22 December 2021, PMI branches in Central Kalimantan have been providing support and implementing activities such as evacuation, provide basic health services, PSS session, distributing food and household items, providing and distributing water and establishing 1 emergency tent.

In addition, PMI NHQ dispatched 100 sets of family kits, 1000 sets of hygiene kits, 500 cleaning kits, 100 kitchen kit and 250 baby kit from Serang Regional Warehouse. PMI NHQ Head of Office and PMI NHQ Head Disaster Management Unit went to visit the affected area in both provinces and coordinated with both PMI province in November.

Overview of Red Cross Red Crescent Movement in country

IFRC has a country cluster delegation (CCD) for Indonesia and Timor-Leste consisting of a head of office and technical capacities in disaster management, health, water, sanitation and hygiene, National Society development, communication, protection gender and inclusion (PGI), community engagement and accountability (CEA) and support services in finance, human resources and administration.

In-country partner National Societies present include American Red Cross, Japanese Red Cross Society, and Qatari Red Crescent. Besides partner National Societies, the ICRC is also present in the country. The CCD is also set to provide financial support to enable the mobilization of personnel and supplies by PMI.

Overview of non-RCRC actors in country

In both affected provinces, PMI branches are working closely with BNPB and BPBD. The Indonesian Search and Rescue Agency or 'Badan SAR Nasional' (BASARNAS) is leading and coordinating search and rescue efforts in the affected area. Ministry of Public Work and Housing or 'Kementerian Pekerjaan Umum dan Perumahan Rakyat' (PUPR) with the support from the Indonesian National Armed Forces or 'Tentara Nasional Indonesia' (TNI) personnel have deployed heavy equipment to speed up the removal of flood debris and mud. Ministry of Social Affairs (MOSA) is also conducting trauma healing session at the evacuation centre.

PMI is also in close coordination with the District Health Office (DHO) to obtain updated information on the immediate medical needs of injured people. As PMI mobilized their trained volunteers to provide health services to the affected community, DHO supplying the medicine and health equipment to the team. As the situation kept on improving and access to affected area are now regained, PMI won't distribute bottled water as mentioned in the EPoA. In the meantime, PMI is responding to the needs by deploying water trucks and set up water tanks to the affected area.

Needs analysis and scenario planning

Needs analysis

Needs analysis findings/situation		
Sector	Initial assessment	1 months after ¹
Shelter and displacement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In West Kalimantan most displaced households moved directly to evacuation centres established by Government in community centres, government offices and schools. Some of the displaced household also moved to their relatives houses. On the otherhand, affected community who owns 2 storories houses were reluctant to leave their houses and would rather stay at higher part of their houses. In Central Kalimantan, most of the affected household moved directly to their relatives house or stays in their houses. However, most of the affected household were also reluctant to leave their houses. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Situation kept on improving in both provinces. Flood has receded completely in West Kalimantan and in Central Kalimantan, only 1 or 2 villages still inundates by the flood. All evacuation centers in West Kalimantan and Central Kalimantan are now empty. All displaced community are back to their houses or moved to their relatives or renting accommodation. Most IDP camp are now empty Household cleaning kit are needed to clean up post-flood debris or mud The government has no plant to construct temporary or permanent shelter for community with damaged houses. However, the government plan to give

¹ Needs analyses are based on reports from staff and volunteers from PMI provincial branches and direct communications with IFRC support staff.

		support to community with damaged houses. However, no clear information on when will the support distributed to the community.
WASH	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water supply lines have been disrupted and wells are contaminated in both areas, so the communities need a temporary solution to access clean water. Due to the flood level in the affected area, water truck could not reach the most affected and remote areas in West Kalimantan and Central Kalimantan. PMI provided bottled water, door-to-door, to cater needs at the affected area. PMI provided water to evacuation centres by water trucking activities. A lack of hygiene items could possibly increase the risk of illness. There is also a need for reminders of good hygiene practices . 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As flood has receded, PMI continues providing clean water by water trucking and distribution of water tank at the affected villages. PMI will continue deploying volunteers to help and support the community to clean debris and mud in their houses. This will be complemented with distribution of cleaning kits and water trucking activities. Hygiene promotion will be conducted directly to the communities through door-to-door session to prevent mass gathering and also to complement Hygiene kit distribution. To reach wider number of beneficiaries whilst adhering to COVID-19 prevention policy, hygiene promotion messages will also broadcasted through the radio.
Health	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> People were still mentally-affected by the event, especially kids. Not only forced them to live in evacuation centre, the flood also took their daily activities and routine. PSS is essential. Eventhough several health facilities inundated by the flood in Central Kalimantan and West Kalimantan, but health capacity could coped with the needs. PMI capacity to respond with immediate evacuation and first aid was very appreciated, but not available throughout the affected area due to limited access. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> After flood has receded and access to the affected area are clear, more and more affected community in remote area are now have access to health services. In both of the provinces, PMI will continue mobile health services and health treatment for all households in affected villages with regular and scheduled activity per village. Local Health Authority will support PMI by providing medicine, health equipment and stocks. Psychosocial support are still needed for affected communities especially children. PMI will focus PSS activities in affected village. This will be combined with door-to-door hygiene and health promotion.
Livelihood and basic needs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Affected household lost or had their assets damaged by the flood and flash flood. Some farmers saw crops which failed due to contamination, debris and erosion. Due to the flood-level in the area, markets activity were stopped. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> As the situation improved, markets are now operating and accessible.
PGI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Opportunities to strengthen the integration of PGI into all aspects of programming and the within the PMI structure. 	The needs remain the same.

Operation Risk Assessment

- Floods reoccurring in certain sub-district area of Melawi, Sintang and Sekadau in West Kalimantan province. On the other hand, several sub-districts in Kapuas Raya are still inundated by flood in Central Kalimantan province. This may hamper some of the activities or may escalate needs in the area especially with additional risk or effect from the rainy season.
- Based on PMI's report, to reach affected communities, relief items may need to be transported to the affected area by passing through several unaffected villages. Some of these unaffected communities may try to take advantage by denying or limiting access to affected areas without some form of financial reparation. PMI will work closely with local governments to try and reduce this risk to allow free access to affected communities.
- Due to COVID - 19, PMI NHQ and IFRC staff movement are limited, making close monitoring and technical support to the operation more challenging. This may potentially affect the quality-of-service delivery. PMI has hired temporary and deploying staff to support the branches implementing the EPoA.

B. OPERATIONAL STRATEGY

Proposed strategy

This operation will provide support to PMI branches in West Kalimantan to assist 16,775 people and in Central Kalimantan to assist 10,400 people by meeting their immediate needs through ongoing distributions of essential household items, the provision of drinking water, post-flood debris and mud cleaning activities, the provision of first aid and PSS as well as door-to-door and radio show health and hygiene promotion dissemination.

The proposed operation is based on the short-term needs of the affected population and aligned with the government's response plan. PMI in West Kalimantan aims to support shelter needs through the distribution of essential household items such as blankets and baby kits to 400 households or approximately 1,600 displaced people in evacuation centres across 5 affected districts. In Central Kalimantan, PMI aims to support household needs by distributing baby kits and kitchen kits to 250 household or approximately 1000 people across 5 affected districts and cities

Besides providing support at the evacuation centre, PMI are also providing essential household items such as hygiene kits, baby kits (consisting of baby soap, baby shampoo, baby lotion, diapers, towel, blankets, eucalyptus oil, baby oil and container box) and cleaning kit (consisting of broom stick, mop, dustpan, plastic bucket, hand gloves, hand brush, sack, door mat and floor cleaner) to 2,000 households or approximately 8,000 people in West Kalimantan province with additional 1,000 households or approximately 4,000 people in Central Kalimantan province. The ongoing COVID-19 emergency operation will cover some of the needs of the activities including rapid antigen testing, Covid-19 Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) including distribution of facemask and replenishment of mobilized hygiene kits. In addition to that it is estimated that a further 7,175 people in West Kalimantan and 6,000 people in Central Kalimantan will be reached through health and hygiene promotion activities in the wider affected population.

As the emergency phase ended in early December and all evacuation centres are now empty, PMI will continue provide services to the affected community in affected villages. PMI will provide basic health service, deploy regular and scheduled mobile clinic to provide first aid and basic medical services to each sub-district that can be accessed by the community in the area. This is to ensure health services available to the affected community while supporting the local health capacity to cope with the needs. Community health centre is providing the medical supplies whilst PMI providing additional trained and qualified human resources. PSS sessions held at the evacuation targeting children and elderly people and will be continued in the affected villages. Health awareness sessions will be conducted through door-to-door dissemination whilst ensuring all the displaced community is practicing 3M Covid-19 prevention. PMI also target affected people around the evacuation camp with PSS activity, health awareness session and promotion activity. To limit face-to-face or gathering activity, PMI planned to use radio and local tv stations to conduct the health awareness and promotion session. Health and hygiene promotion will be implemented in a coordinated and integrated way, by conducting Community Engagement and Accountability (CEA) assessments to identify relevant community questions and concerns determine the most appropriate and trusted channels, sources and preferred formats of communication, which will feed into a consolidated strategy on RC/CEA for the operation and form the basis to providing actionable information in appropriate formats.

To ensure that the communities have access to water in the emergency response phase, the local government through its water supply agency (PDAM) provided water thorough water trucking activities to the evacuation centres. Initial PMI needs assessment identified that to cater to the needs of the affected areas, instead of using water truck, PMI distributed bottled water to the affected community. However, as flood has receded and the affected areas are now able to be accessed, PMI started to distribute water through water trucking activities. In addition, PMI has been distributing hygiene kits at the evacuation centres and will continue the distribution activities to the affected families who have returned to their homes. PMI also distributed cleaning kits to assist the affected communities in debris removal and cleaning their surroundings.

With support from IFRC, PMI will adjust the response to COVID-19 context and safety guidance. Following MoH's data on pandemic situation in West Kalimantan, it is identified that all affected districts are categorised as low-risk zone. As required by MoH, all personnel who being mobilized to these areas should take health screening with at least rapid antigen and applied strict COVID-19 protocols.

IFRC staff will monitor progress and may deploy to the field to support PMI with monitoring, as necessary. For personnel under IFRC security's responsibility, including surge support and integrated PNS deployed to the area, the existing IFRC country security plan, including security regulations, contingency plans for medical emergencies, relocation and critical incident management will apply. All IFRC must, and RC/RC staff and volunteers are encouraged, to complete the IFRC Stay Safe e-learning courses, i.e. Stay Safe Personal Security, Stay Safe Security Management and Stay Safe Volunteer Security online training. The IFRC CCD Jakarta security focal point will work closely with IFRC staff and PMI NHQ and provincial branch to provide advice as required. The operation will follow the existing security regulations of the IFRC.

C. DETAILED OPERATIONAL PLAN



Shelter

People reached: 1,028

Male: 524

Female: 504

Outcome 1: Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas restore and strengthen their safety, well-being and longer-term recovery through shelter and settlement solutions

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people reached with safe and adequate shelter and settlement assistance	1,400	1,028

Output 1.1: Shelter and settlements and basic household items assistance is provided to the affected families.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of household receiving essential household items	350	257

Progress towards outcomes

Responding to the flood situation in West Kalimantan, PMI deployed their evacuation team to help the community evacuated from their inundated houses. PMI managed to evacuate 13 people (5 male and 8 female) where all of them are elderly people (>60 y.o) and with no family support and live alone. PMI evacuated them to their relatives houses as evacuation centre were not ideal for elderly people living alone. PMI NHQ dispatched 200 Family kit, 200 Baby kit, 862 blankets, 28 tarpaulins and 3,257 sarong.



PMI Sekadau Distict mobilize household items to be distributed. (Photo: PMI West Kalimantan)

Responding to the flood situation in Central Kalimantan, PMI deployed personnel to conduct assessment and evacuation process. PMI Central Kalimantan constructed 1 emergency tents in one of the evacuation centre in Pahndut sub-district in Palangkaraya city. The emergency tent occupied by 40 people (25 female and 15 male). PMI NHQ dispatched additional logistics such as 500 cleaning kits, 100 kitchen sets and 250 baby kits. As of the reporting period, PMI Central Kalimantan managed to distribute 57 baby kits, 10 blankets and 3 tarpaulins.

Table 1: List of distributed items per Provinces as of 22 December 2022

Items	West Kalimantan		Central Kalimantan		Total	
	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual
Blankets	500	862	-	10	500	872
Baby kit	200	179	250	57	450	236
Family kit	200	655	-	-	200	655
Kitchen sets	-	-	100	0	100	0
Cleaning kits	500	0	500	85	1000	85

Currently, PMI in West Kalimantan and Central Kalimantan are still distributing logistics and household items to the affected community and as reporting period, PMI managed to reach 1,028 people from the combination of evacuation activities, relief items distribution and temporary shelter construction. Distribution activities will continue throughout December until mid- January 2022 focussing on communities at the affected area rather than in the evacuation centres as people has started moving back to their houses. At the moment, there are 30 volunteers actively supporting the activities across 10 affected districts.

This DREF will also replenish all stocks dispatched to West Kalimantan and Central Kalimantan provinces from PMI regional warehouse. The procurement process to replenishment West Kalimantan response is led by IFRC CCD Jakarta and still ongoing at the moment. On the other hand, procurement process to replenishment Central Kalimantan is led by PMI NHQ locally in Kalimantan. IFRC CCD will provide close monitoring and technical inputs to

the procurement process. All stock is estimated to be delivered to PMI Regional warehouse by January. All procurement process in these operations will align with IFRC procurement procedures and regulations



Health

People reached: 4,583

Male: n/a

Female: n/a

Outcome 1: The immediate risks to the health of affected populations are reduced

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people who are directly reached to lessen immediate risk to the health	2000	00

Output 1.1: The health situation and immediate risks are assessed using agreed guidelines

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people reached with health promotion activities	16,775	1,404

Outcome 2: The immediate risks to the health of the affected populations are reduced through improved access to medical treatment

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people who receive first aid support through mobile clinics	2,000	2,218

Output 2.3: Target population is reached with Search and Rescue activities

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people who are assisted to reach safety through evacuation	2,000	13

Outcome 6: The psychosocial impacts of the emergency are lessened

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people reached through psychosocial support activities	2,000	948

Output 6.1: Psychosocial support provided to the target population as well as to RCRC volunteers and staff

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people reached through psychosocial support activities	2,000	948

As mentioned in the earlier section, when the flood-level started to reach 100 cm and above, the floods forced the community to evacuate their houses to seek shelter at the evacuation centre to their relatives. PMI supported the community by deploying evacuation team, consist of two to three people per boat to help the community move their belonging and their families to safer place. In West Kalimantan, PMI managed to evacuate 13 elderly people (5 male and 8 female) who are live by themselves and without supervision to their relatives' houses.

At the evacuation centre, PMI held PSS session to help ease the discomfort of the displaced community. PMI targeted children in the evacuation centre with activities such as learning and playing activities, drawing, storytelling and prayers. As of the reporting period PMI Central Kalimantan branch conducted 5 PSS session with 22 children attended the session. In additions, PMI West Kalimantan managed to reach 765 beneficiaries throughout the reporting period. In total, PMI managed to reach 948 people through PSS activities in West and Central Kalimantan. As evacuation centres are now empty, PMI will continue to conduct the PSS session at the affected village whilst combining the activity with Health and Hygiene Promotion.



PMI providing basic health service in Palangka Raya City.
(Photo: PMI Central Kalimantan)

Responding to the immediate and basic health needs, PMI deployed their ambulances team and mobile clinic. As the ambulance could not reached the affected or remote area due to the limited access, Ambulance was put on standby at the pickup area where it can be easily reached by the evacuation team. At the evacuation centre, PMI deployed their trained and specialized health team (consist of 1 doctor, 2 nurses and 3 volunteers) to set up mobile clinic. In

total, there are 2,218 people accessed and benefitted from combined health services such as First-aid, ambulance services, and basic health services in West and Central.

Mobile clinic will be continued to operate until March 2022 with scheduled visit to avoid any mass-gathering activities. PSS and health promotions will also continue targeting communities at the affected area and nearby locations. The activities will be implemented through scheduled visit to the village, and to reach broader audience, PMI will disseminate promotion material by using radio and local TV station. Based on previous DREF implementation in West Kalimantan, radio and tv stations could reach wider and received by community outside of the province as well. By using Radio and TV, PMI aim to reach more beneficiaries whilst adhering social/mass-gathering restrictions.



Water, sanitation and hygiene

People reached: 9,440

Male: 4,814

Female: 4,626

Outcome 1: Immediate reduction in risk of waterborne and water related diseases in targeted communities

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people provided with WASH services that meet agreed standards according to specific operational and programmatic context	16,775	tbc

Output 1.1: Continuous assessment of water, sanitation, and hygiene situation is carried out in targeted communities

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of assessments/monitoring visits undertaken and shared (assessment reports/monitoring reports)	5	2

Output 1.2: Daily access to safe water which meets Sphere and WHO standards in terms of quantity and quality is provided to target population

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people have access to safe water	8,000	4,156

Output 1.3: Adequate sanitation which meets Sphere standards in terms of quantity and quality is provided to target population

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# Environmental sanitation event conducted together with the affected community		tbc

Output 1.4: Hygiene promotion activities which meet Sphere standards in terms of the identification and use of hygiene items provided to target population

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of people reached by hygiene promotion activities	16,775	9,440

Output 1.5: Hygiene-related goods (NFIs) which meet Sphere standards and training on how to use those goods is provided to the target population

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of households provided with hygiene kits	2,000	1,683

Progress towards outcomes

In the early stage of response, affected families started to occupy the evacuation centres. BPBD turned several public facilities such as schools, community halls, mosques and government office buildings into evacuation centres and posts. Even though the evacuation centres were not designed to house a large number of people, these locations were equipped with sufficient space for the affected families, space for field kitchen and to store belongings as well as facilities such as toilets and water supply. The local water company is responsible to ensure the availability of sufficient water at the evacuation centres and providing additional temporary latrines as needed.

As water and hygiene needs at the evacuation centre are covered by the local water company, PMI decided not to provide additional water or latrines at the evacuation centres, rather to provide water to households who stayed at their inundated houses. At the time, road access was a challenge, and many were submerged by the flood, hence, water trucking could not reach the affected areas in West Kalimantan and Central Kalimantan. The only access PMI had was to transfer the water by boat and distribute the water door-to-door whilst the water truck acted as a temporary water resource at the nearest accessible locations. Within the reporting period, PMI in West Kalimantan distributed 47,760 litres of water to 2,237 people and PMI in Central Kalimantan distributed 29,500 litres of water to 1,919 people through water trucking and bottled water distribution. Water trucking will continue along with the water tank distribution

throughout January to March 2022 whilst the local water company rehabilitate damaged water pipes in the area. However, as affected areas are now accessible by water truck, clean water will be distributed through water trucking activities instead of door-to-door bottled water distribution. Along with the distribution activity, PMI in Central and West Kalimantan will monitor the use of water by conducting household survey.

In addition to clean water distribution, PMI West Kalimantan distributed 1,441 hygiene kits (consisting of bathing soap, washing soap, shampoo, toothpaste, toothbrush, tampons, blankets and container box) to 1,441 households or 8,913 people and PMI Central Kalimantan distributed 242 hygiene kits to 242 households or 527 people. PMI complement the distribution activities along with hygiene promotion activities at the distribution site. PMI Central Kalimantan distributed 85 cleaning kits to the affected communities after the flood has receded to support the community in their cleaning efforts. PMI West Kalimantan is in the midst of distributing cleaning kits and is supporting the community to clean their houses and environment.



PMI distributing water to the water tank connected to BNPB's Emergency latrines in Palangka Raya City. (Photo: PMI Central Kalimantan)

Post-distribution monitoring will be conducted in February 2022 to evaluate and monitor the use of hygiene kits in the community. Lastly, with the technical support from PMI NHQ, PMI West Kalimantan and PMI Central Kalimantan are now developing their own hygiene and health promotion materials that will be used and aired from local radio stations. PMI will try to link between personal hygiene, environmental hygiene and COVID-19 situation. PMI aims to start the activities from March to May 2022.



Protection, Gender and Inclusion

People reached: 00

Male: 00

Female: 00

Outcome 1: Communities become more peaceful, safe and inclusive through meeting the needs and rights of the most vulnerable.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
The operation demonstrates evidence of addressing the specific needs to ensure equitable access to disaster response services.	Yes	Ongoing

Output 1.1: Programmes and operations ensure safe and equitable provision of basic services, considering different needs based on gender and other diversity factors.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
The operation demonstrates evidence of compliance with IFRC minimum standard commitment to gender and diversity in emergency programming	Yes	Ongoing

Progress towards outcomes

The operation was designed taking into account the Protection, Gender, and Inclusion (PGI) aspect, for example the intervention considered the needs of elderlies who are living alone to receive assistance, while the reporting considers the SADD.

As of this reporting period, the PGI elements are fully mainstreamed in activities that implemented so far. For instance, the PMI response team (staff and volunteers) has ensured that distribution of clean water, hygiene kits, and household items are gender sensitive and protection matters are fully considered.

Further progress against this outcome and output will be provided in next reporting period.

Strengthen National Society

Outcome 1: National Society capacity building and organizational development objectives are facilitated to ensure that National Societies have the necessary legal, ethical and financial foundations, systems and structures, competences and capacities to plan and perform

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of volunteers safely mobilized under the operation	200	Ongoing

Output 1.1: National Societies have effective and motivated volunteers who are protected

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# of volunteers insured under the operation	200	Ongoing

Outcome 2.1: Effective and coordinated international disaster response is ensured

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Lessons learned are undertaken on the start-up of the operation and considered in revision process	Yes	Ongoing
Lessons learned are documented after the operation	Yes	Ongoing

Output 2.1: Effective and respected surge capacity mechanism is maintained.

Indicators:	Target	Actual
# surge capacity deployed/assisted the response from PMI NHQ/IFRC	1	Ongoing

Outcome 2.2: The complementarity and strengths of the Movement are enhanced

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Complementarity and strengths of the Movement enhanced	Yes	Ongoing

Output 2.2.5: Shared services in areas such as IT, logistics and information management are provided

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Operation is 100% compliant with IFRC procurement procedures	Yes	Ongoing

Output 4.1.3: Financial resources are safeguarded; quality financial and administrative support is provided contributing to efficient operations and ensuring effective use of assets; timely quality financial reporting to stakeholders

Indicators:	Target	Actual
Operation is 100% compliant with IFRC financial procedures	Yes	Ongoing

Progress towards outcomes

Initially, the DREF will cover insurance for 200 staff and volunteers from West Kalimantan. Since the DREF support is now proposed to include Central Kalimantan, an additional 200 staff and volunteers in Central Kalimantan will be insured. PMI NHQ is coordinating with both provinces to gather all the supporting information for the insurance application.

Align with the extension of timeframe, lesson learned workshop will be held in May 2022. PMI is planning to conduct 1 lesson learn workshop for each of the province and PMI NHQ will facilitate the workshop. To ensure the quality and smooth implementation on the field, PMI NHQ is in the midst of recruitment process to hire dedicated staffs that will be based in West Kalimantan and Central Kalimantan Provinces. A team of Field coordinator, Finance and PMER will be deployed to provide technical support to the team on the field.

Lastly, procurement for replenishment is ongoing at the moment. CCD office is leading the process to replenish stocks dispatched to West Kalimantan since items were dispatched from Serang Regional warehouse located in Banten Province. On the other hand, PMI NHQ is leading the procurement process to replenish dispatched stocks to Central Kalimantan. Items dispatched to Central Kalimantan were sent from Banjarmasin regional warehouse which located in South Kalimantan province. To ensure cost efficiency, Banjarmasin regional warehouse replenishment process will be done locally. IFRC CCD Procurement unit will provide technical support and supervision to PMI NHQ.

D. Financial Report

The following operating budget, published at the start of the DREF operation, remains unchanged.

International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent
Societies

*all amounts in
Swiss Francs
(CHF)*

DREF OPERATION

MDRID022 - INDONESIA - WEST KALIMANTAN FLOODS

13/01/2022

Budget by Resource

Budget Group	Budget
Clothing & Textiles	1,750
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	19,500
Medical & First Aid	46,000
Teaching Materials	20,000
Other Supplies & Services	12,500
Relief items, Construction, Supplies	99,750
Distribution & Monitoring	19,300
Transport & Vehicles Costs	18,750
Logistics, Transport & Storage	38,050
National Society Staff	26,200
Volunteers	40,500
Personnel	66,700
Workshops & Training	7,000
Workshops & Training	7,000
Travel	450
Office Costs	16,500
Communications	210
Financial Charges	800
General Expenditure	17,960
DIRECT COSTS	229,460
INDIRECT COSTS	14,915
TOTAL BUDGET	244,375

Reference documents



Click here for:

- [Previous Appeals and updates](#)
- [Emergency Plan of Action \(EPoA\)](#)

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How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the **Code of Conduct** for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO's) in Disaster Relief and the **Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere)** in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, **encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities** by National Societies, with a view to **preventing and alleviating human suffering**, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.