

OPERATION UPDATE

Philippines, Asia Pacific | Typhoon Rai (Odette)

<p>Emergency appeal №: MDRPH045 Emergency appeal launched: 18/12/2021 Operational Strategy published: 25/12/2021</p>	<p>Glide №: TC-2021-000202-PHL</p>
<p>Operation update #3 Date of issue: 31/07/2022</p>	<p>The timeframe covered by this update: From 13/12/2021 to 13/6/2022</p>
<p>Operation timeframe: 24 months (13/12/2021 – 31/12/2023)</p>	<p>Number of people being assisted: 400,000 people¹</p>
<p>Funding requirements (CHF): CHF 20 million through the IFRC Emergency Appeal CHF 26 million Federation-wide</p>	<p>DREF amount initially allocated: CHF 750,000</p>



Philippine Red Cross distribute cash grant to families affected by Typhoon Odette at Barangay Jagobiao, Cebu. (Photo: PRC)

¹ [Revised Operational Strategy](#), Philippines, Asia Pacific, Typhoon Rai (Odette), 13 December 2021 – 31 December 2023

A. SITUATION ANALYSIS

Description of the crisis

Super Typhoon Rai (locally known as Odette) made its first landfall on 16 December 2021. It brought torrential rains, violent winds, floods, and storm surges to the Visayas and Mindanao Islands. It had a maximum sustained winds of 100km/hr near the center, gustiness of up to 125km/hr and central pressure of 985 HPa, moving West and Northwestward at 15 km/hr. It is the 15th tropical storm that hit the country in 2021.

The tropical cyclone brought strong wind and heavy rain as it traversed the Philippine archipelago. Its effect was felt over other regions of Visayas, Mindanao and Southern Luzon causing a mass evacuation and internal displacement of the affected population, and severe damages to shelter, infrastructure, and livelihood, together with other water and health infrastructures in affected provinces. Typhoon Rai intensified further and made nine (9) landfalls. Provinces from (5) regions that are identified by NDRRMC the hardest hit by the Typhoon are Palawan, Negros Occidental, Bohol, Cebu, Negros Oriental, Southern Leyte, Leyte, Dinagat Islands and Surigao Del Norte.



After Typhoon Rai depicts the plight of the storm victim in Barangay Alegria, Surigao City.
(Photo: PRC)

More than five months after the Typhoon Rai, the affected population is slowly coping. In its aftermath, there are significant decrease on the number of displaced people from 20,918 families ²(NDRRMC) reported last February 21 to a total of 1,680 families remain displaced across the typhoon affected areas. Out of this total displaced population 1,030 families ³(4,063 individuals) are currently taking temporary shelter in evacuation areas and 650 families (2,388 individuals) are outside the evacuation areas or temporarily staying with relatives or friends. Affected communities in the Philippines struggle to meet their basic needs. A total of 12 million have been affected in 10, 179 barangays in Regions V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, MIMAROPA and Caraga. There are 405 deaths 52 missing and 1,371 injured. 2,108,858 damaged houses of which 404,653 are destroyed and 1,704,205 partially damaged. Estimated PHP 17.8 billion ⁴worth of damage to crops, livestock poultry, fisheries, and agricultural facilities. In addition, estimated PHP 30 billion worth of damaged infrastructure.

The last reports from National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council ([NDRRMC](#)), Final Report as of 30 March 2022 and Department of Social Welfare and Development – Disaster Response Operations Monitoring and Information Center ([DSWD-DROMIC](#)) Reports #47 as of 3 June 2022.

² National Disaster Risk Reduction Management Council, Situational Report #46 for TC Odette, February 21, 2022 ([NDRRMC](#))

³ Disaster Response Operations Monitoring and Information Center of the Department of Social Welfare and Development ([DSWD DROMIC](#)) Report#147 on Typhoon Odette as of June 3, 2022.

Summary of response

Auxiliary to the public authorities, Philippine Red Cross (PRC) is the nation's largest humanitarian organization, and it operates through its 104 chapters covering all administrative districts and major cities in the country. PRC has more than 1,700 staff at national headquarters and chapter levels, and approximately one million volunteers and supporters, of whom some 500,000 are active volunteers. At the chapter level, a programme called Red Cross 143 is established that sees volunteers trained, equipped and in place at the community (barangay) level - enhancing the overall capacity of the National Society to prepare for and respond to disaster situations. PRC is working closely with the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC), and early financial resources have been made available through the DREF for this operation. IFRC Philippine Delegation is supporting the PRC in disseminating updates to the IFRC network in-country. Seven National Societies are present in the Philippines: American Red Cross, Canadian Red Cross, Finnish Red Cross, German Red Cross, Netherlands Red Cross, Spanish Red Cross, and Qatar Red Crescent Society.



Hotmeals on Wheels during relief distribution at Ubay, Bohol. PRC volunteers set up food trucks in many affected areas, where they are providing hotmeals to people in need. (Photo:PRC)

PRC received an initial DREF support of CHF 750,000 to kickstart the operation and meet the immediate needs on the ground by undertaking rapid assessments, mobilizing relief items such as sleeping kits, tarpaulins, jerry cans, hygiene kits, mobilizing volunteers, and providing immediate lifesaving assistance in relation to search and rescue, providing access to clean water, basic health services, etc.

PRC leads the overall response and coordinates with the seven Partner National Societies who are present in the Philippines and supporting the operation. PRC and the IFRC continuously coordinate with various government and non-government agencies, and as observer in the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT). IFRC continues to participate in various clusters and working groups and leads the Shelter Cluster in support of Government Lead Agency Department of Human Settlements and Urban Development (DHSUD). As part of Strengthening Movement Coordination and Cooperation (SMCC), PRC, IFRC, ICRC, and participating National Societies continue to coordinate via established platforms such as Movement Coordination meetings hosted by PRC.





























Subsequently, PRC, ICRC, IFRC and PNSs are also coordinating on potential complementarity of action where may be required.

Local government units (barangay, municipal, and provincial) and other relevant government agencies are engaged in evacuation management, provision of hot meals, food relief items distribution, and rapid disaster assessments. Most relief provisions from civil society and private organizations were estimated to be food and logistical support in moving relief goods to affected areas.

As of 9 June 2022, PRC has been able to carry out the following activities to support the needs of the most vulnerable population affected.

PHILIPPINE RED CROSS SUMMARY OF ACTIONS TAKEN

*PRC Actions Taken:

 124,643 individuals served with hot meals; 9,917 provided with ready-to-eat meals	 8,148 families provided with mosquito nets	 73,767 individuals reached through Health Promotion
 14,480 families served with standard and assorted Food Items; 670 rice sacks were provided	 8,822 families provided with blankets	 22,561 individuals reached through psychosocial support (PFA / CFS); established, 160 Welfare Desk 23 Welfare requests receive
 16,735,096 liters of clean water distributed	 8,307 families provided with plastic mats	 438 individuals assisted through Basic Health Care Consultation; 1 individuals reached through BHCU
 349,750 individuals reached through hygiene promotion	 9,130 families provided with Tarpaulins	 2,339 individuals trained in first aid
 8,623 families provided with hygiene kit	 2,895 families provided with Shelter Tool Kit; 1,854 families provided with CGI; 967 families Provided with Plain GI Sheet	 4,769 individuals assisted with blood pressure taking and first aid management in 244 first aid station
 2,859 liters of bottled water distributed	 7,099 families provided with MPCG: 1,234 families w/ PHP 3,500; 5,865 families w/ PHP 5,000	 73 individuals were rescued and transported
 9,695 families provided with Jerry Cans	 3,593 families provided with Kitchen Set	 347 individuals assisted through RFL, tracing and referral
 1,291 individuals provided with hand sanitizers	 152 families provided with Family Tent	 113 units of blood were pre-positioned
 8,497 individuals provided with face masks	 55 units cadaver bags provided	
 6,317 pieces of medicines were provided	 3,581 cu.m of debris cleared during clearing operations	

**Data for validation and verification.*

Partners: IFRC, ICRC, Canadian Red Cross, German Red Cross, Korean Red Cross, Netherlands Red Cross, Spanish Red Cross, Singapore Red Cross, Australian Government, Chinese Embassy
Local Partners: Makati Medical Center, CDP, Geo Transport and Construction, Readycon, DMCI, We are IT Philippines

PRC Actions - TY Odette 3W as of 9 June 2022
Created by: E.Manzon / DMS

Needs analysis

Philippine Red Cross (PRC) has carried out rapid assessments in the hardest hit areas by Typhoon Rai. PRC based its analysis on rapid assessments, chapter reports and secondary data- including National Disaster Risk Reduction Management Council, DSWD and IASC Clusters reports. Based on the initial assessment reports and analysis of other data, PRC has identified the need of affected families for recovery assistance as follows shelter, livelihoods, food assistance, health and water sanitation and hygiene (WASH).

Information related to the impact on shelter was confirmed by the detailed assessment that indicated significant damages, recovery progress, capacities, vulnerabilities and current needs of the people affected.

Shelter Settlement

In a recovery situation, most of the affected families are gradually repairing/building their homes using the assistance of government and other humanitarian actors but then the assistance is not enough to fully repair their houses and to hire a worker. There are some families who are residing still in their damaged houses who have used salvaged materials to rebuild their homes and opted to loan to cover the cost of repaired houses.

Aside from temporary built shelter from salvaged and donated materials, there are some affected families that are being hosted by families, friends or in temporary rental accommodation. Unable to repair their damaged or destroyed houses that would requires shelter recovery assistance and further full shelter recovery support. There is an urgent need to further support Build Back Safer initiatives as part of pathways to recovery.

Livelihood and basic needs

Typhoon Rai caused damage to livelihood. Affected families whose livelihood was disrupted by disaster are still striving to restore their means of income generation or establishing new ventures/projects for small and micro enterprises. Based on the 2018 and 2021 Poverty Threshold Statistics where family of five

needs at least P12, 082⁵ to cover their basic food and non-food needs. Also, considering the inflation rate which is 3.8 percent⁶ and transportation cost they need to purchase the items. Some families have reduced daily food consumption from three to two meals due to these reasons. Markets are available and accessible, however, there is an increase of around 20% to 25% from the regular price.

Livelihood have been lost particularly of those who depend on farming or fishing to make a living. There are severe damages to agriculture and fishing sectors like for instance in Bohol where in a total of value damage amounting to 357,946,164.75 for livestock, poultry, and crops. Moreover, Typhoon Rai shattered livelihood of 82,370 coconut farmers in Southern Leyte. While they are coping from the aftermath of typhoon, fertilizers and seeds have become more expensive. Due to the high price of petroleum gas and the scarcity of raw materials, agricultural and non-agricultural items, construction materials and hardware suppliers have caused major price hikes.

To cover their basic needs, some farmers work as laborers and carpenters, while others borrow money from local lending and financial institutions. Others are working with a little that have left from repairing and gathering materials for their damaged crops. Women are engaged in micro trade business like sari-sari stores, karinderya (small canteen), food stalls and squid drying activities.

Many areas in Bohol, Cebu, Lapu-Lapu, Southern Leyte, Surigao Del Norte, Siargao, Dinagat and Palawan have lost and damaged their small craft boats and fishing equipment's. A substantial number of loss and damages on their boat and other fishing assets that have gone missing, submerge and blown away to the sea has resulted to revenue loss of small fishermen. For instance, there are 7,265 damaged fishing boats in Southern Leyte while there are 1,039 motorized boats and 215- non-motorized boats in Bohol that are totally damaged.



PRC through local chapters distributed CGI ang STK in Barangay San Pedro, Suirigao City, Surigao Del Norte. (Photo: PRC)

⁵ Philippines Statistics Authority, Poverty Press Release, December 17, 2021

<https://psa.gov.ph/content/proportion-poor-filipinos-registered-237-percent-first-semester-2021>

⁶ Philippine Statistics Authority, Summary of Inflation Report Consumer Price Index for the Bottom 30% Income Households, April 2022 (PSA-Inflation Rate) [Inflation Rate \(CPI\) for the bottom 30% Income households in the Philippines.gif](https://psa.gov.ph/content/inflation-rate-cpi-for-the-bottom-30-income-households-in-the-philippines-gif)

Several fishermen are already resuming their livelihood by obtaining assistance of motorized/non-motorized boats to meet their daily food needs. In addition to government assistance, fishermen continue to rely to external agencies/organizations. To cover their basic needs, fishermen work as a laborer also, earning 500-600 per day as sikad driver, carpenter, and laborer. Some also work as a tricycle driver or maid with a monthly wage ranging from P4,000 to 7,000 depending on the position.

Damaged Livelihood and LLH assets of vulnerable households require restoration through household livelihood assistance – conditional cash grants.

Health

The impact of Typhoon Odette in terms of health was mainly on the physical structures and equipment. There are varying damages on barangay health center/stations. Those who had minor damages, their respective BLGUs were able to address and repair the damages. Those who had major infrastructure problems, they had to put up temporary facilities to continue the regular health programs. Noting that, all barangays have active barangay health workforce including barangay health workers, barangay nutrition scholar, and a nurse assigned by the RHU. Most of the regular programs were continued with sufficient supplies from the rural health units and government.

Health is not that identified as a priority from respondents since the DOH and the RHU provide continued support for their operations. Further, there is a continuing vaccination activity against COVID-19.

Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH)

Water

Damages to local water system were seen in most, if not all, of the areas visited. Damages vary from broken water tanks, cut or open pipelines, lost water containers, broken water meter, and damaged electric pumps. There are still municipalities who have water interruption and damages in their water systems and community members resorted to alternative sources. Some households used electric pump to access water from the ground pre-typhoon.

Since most of the affected areas in the island had lost electricity for the next couple of months' post-typhoon, accessing water through their primary source was a challenge. As expected, few days after the landfall of the typhoon, quality of the water coming from their main water line changed – water became turbid due to landslides, heavy rain, and storm surges. There were reported diarrhea incidents but was managed by the barangay and municipal health units.



*Water Production Site in Barangay Rizal, Surigao City (40,000 liters) per day.
(Photo: PRC)*

Price hike and limited supplies were also experienced. Since residents lost their source of income, it was difficult for everyone to buy gallons of water priced at Php 100.00 per gallon during the within the first week of emergency.

Water collection in some areas had not resumed as of this time, due to damaged trucks or other response-related tasks assigned to the personnel and/or vehicle. To ensure safe drinking water, there is a need to distribute water and water containers (jerry cans) to ensure safe keeping of the distributed water and conduct sensitization on water treatment, handling and storage.

Hygiene promotion and awareness campaigns as well as hygiene materials are required. Displaced families need basic hygiene kits to maintain good hygiene practices and reduce risk of hygiene-related illnesses.

Sanitation

In terms of sanitation, several communities in the islands and coastal areas lost their houses because of this it is expected that their toilets were also damaged or lost. Although there are household toilets that remained intact, most of the units that survived lacked the superstructure. There are still houses that were washed out and the septic tanks were emptied out. Several barangays were also certified ZOD barangays before the typhoon hit. Then, due to TY Odette, the ratio of users to toilet bowls or facilities changed. Possible relocation due to land ownership problems and identified no-build zones, also contributed to the decreased interest of several households to put up semi-permanent structures including their toilets.

Moreover, provision of HH or communal toilets for residents (may be part of the shelter interventions or separate component) should be taken into consideration. For awareness, reinforcing information dissemination on the use of toilets and proper waste management. There's a need for alternative waste management technique, restoration of barangay water system) and establishment of BWASA.

Solid Waste Management

In the matter of solid waste management, there are increased, and sustained volume of debris and garbage seen along the roadsides, undeclared dumping areas. Some communities who practiced waste segregation and managed their waste better than the others, resorted to burning and illegal dumping.



*Continuous clearing operations activity by PRC-Southern Leyte in Municipality of Libagon, Southern Leyte
(Photo: PRC)*

Operational risk assessment

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Government of the Philippines raised a Code Red sublevel 2 as recommended by the Inter-Agency Task Force on Emerging Infectious Diseases (IATF-EID). This includes rules on physical distancing, enhanced community quarantines (ECQ), and limitation of movement within the entire country. The operation will be carried out in a manner that reduces the risk of COVID-19 transmission for disaster-affected people. Guidance has been developed by PRC to identify actions needed to safeguard the community and volunteers. PRC will provide necessary COVID-19 testing via the PRC molecular laboratories. All activities under this operation are being coordinated with Local Government Units in compliance with the national protocols.

Market access can at times be limited with a scarcity of supplies, resulting in escalating prices of necessities. This is limiting the overall purchasing capacity of affected people. Despite the multi-purpose cash assistance and support for the cost of labour and local materials, the amount provided may not be sufficient. The impact of price increases may differ between the impacted cities and islands where the cost of transporting materials may be greater.

Some risk factors encountered during the implementation are post-election which has resulted to transition of new administration (local and barangay staff) in the covered areas, weather disturbances in some isolated areas that holds travel from mainland to place and road conditions safety.

B. OPERATIONAL STRATEGY

Revised Operational Strategy

To enable people (80,000 families) affected by Typhoon Rai (Odette) to meet their essential needs in a safe and dignified manner, to self-recover from the crisis in a sustainable way and to strengthen their resilience to shocks remains the vision of this operation.

Based on the assessment, the IFRC, in consultation with PRC, has revised the operational strategy to focus significantly on shelter assistance. Damage to homes and vital infrastructure is enormous across the affected areas, reflecting the emergency shelter support needs of the affected people. Changes to the operational strategy are made with thorough consideration for the most immediate needs of the affected people.

The last Operation- Update published in IFRC Go Platform [Update #2](#) on 31 January 2022 and [Operational Strategy](#) on 31 December 2021. The latest [Revised Operational Strategy](#) was published on 22 April 2022.

More information on the operation can be found on IFRC [GO platform - Typhoon Rai \(Odette\)](#).

C. DETAILED OPERATIONAL REPORT

STRATEGIC SECTORS OF INTERVENTION

	Shelter, Housing and Settlements	Female > 18: 31,910	Female < 18: 24,045
		Male > 18: 31,645	Male < 18: 25,450

Objective: *Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas restore and strengthen their safety, wellbeing and longer-term recovery through shelter and settlement solutions*

Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
		Number of households provided with essential household items (2 blankets, 2 sleeping mats, mosquito nets, 1 kitchen set)	4,621 HH
	Number of households provided with tarpaulins (emergency shelter)	4,363 HH	5,000 HH
	Number of households provided with emergency shelter assistance (shelter tool kits, galvanized iron roofing and plain sheet)	4,806 HH	15,300 HH
	Number of Household provided with Shelter Repair Assistance (SRA) (conditional cash in tranches and materials)	0	2,000 HH
	Number of households provided with Full Shelter Assistance (FSA) (conditional cash in tranches and materials)	0	250 HH

IFRC Support

Federation budget for shelter, housing and settlements are CHF 7,795,000. 113,050 people are being targeted with shelter interventions as part of the secretariat plan. Actual figures reported against indicators reflect the part of the PRC response that was funded by the IFRC.

To assist the families that lost their belongings during the typhoon, there are 4,621 households or 92 per cent of the 5,000 targets were assisted through IFRC support with essential household items. It includes 2 blankets, 2 sleeping mats, 1 kitchen set, jerry cans and hygiene kits. Breakdown of distribution for hygiene kits and jerry cans is reported under WASH section. IFRC supported 4,363 households with the provision of tarpaulins (87 percent of the target).

In addition, IFRC supported 4,806 households with emergency shelter assistance (31.4 percent of the target). The distribution includes ten (10) corrugated galvanized roofing panels and one (1) plain sheet with a tool kit to provide immediate support for the repair or construction of shelter construction of a shelter solution.

This has made the targeted population better able to restore and strengthen their safety, wellbeing, and work towards longer-term recovery. Further contributions to the appeal are greatly needed to allow for full implementation of all the planned activities

PRC Response

The table lists items related to shelter, housing, and settlements that had been distributed until 9 June 2022 by PRC to people affected by the disaster. This includes parts of the operation supported by the IFRC, but also efforts supported with PRC and PNS funds.

IFRC Priority Actions:

Federation-supported priority includes:

1. Distribution of emergency shelter material and essential household items for 5,000 households.
2. Distribution of emergency shelter material and essential household items for 5,000 households.
3. Emergency Shelter Assistance (ESA) package to 15,300 households.

Shelter (PRC and IFRC support until 9 June 2022)				
Type of Assistance	PRC		IFRC	
	Persons	Families	Persons	Families
Kitchen sets		3,593		1,830
Sleeping mats	40,185	8,307	22,475	4,495
Shelter tool kits		2,895		2,095
CGI (10 per family)***		1,854		1,744
Plain Gi Sheet	967	967	967	967
Tarpaulins (2 pcs)		9,130		4,363
Blankets		8,822		4,987
Family Tents		152		152

*Est. family size is five people. Consolidated beneficiary numbers will be available at a later point in the operation **As of December 15, 2021, to June 09, 2022.



PRC distributed Corrugated Galvanised Iron and Shelter Tool Kits in Brgy. Sta.Monica, Siargao (Photo:PRC)



Three (3) days after distribution, some houses in Siargao started repairing their roofs (Photo:PRC)



Livelihoods

Female > 18: **36,695**

Female < 18: **27,650**

Male > 18: **36,390**

Male < 18: **29,265**

Objective:

Communities, especially in disaster and crisis affected areas, restore and strengthen their livelihoods

Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
	Number of ready-to-eat food/hot meals provided	88,016	20,000 individuals
	Number of families received dry foods packs	2,592	2,500 families
	Number of affected families provided with conditional cash grants through HLA	0	5,000 HH
	Number of communities receiving support through Community-managed Livelihoods projects (CMLP) that report improved net income through skill-building	0	50 communities (75,000 individuals)
	Number of people provided with skills training	0	750 people

IFRC Support

Federation budget for livelihood is CHF 1,556,436. As part of the secretariat plan 130,000 people are being targeted with livelihoods interventions. Actual figures reported against indicators reflect the part of the PRC response that was funded by the IFRC. Through support from the IFRC, 88,016 meals provided, and 2,592 food packs were distributed to the population in the disaster-stricken areas. Until now, PRC still wrapping up emergency phase and more to recovery on the next months.

PRC Response

The table lists the types of assistance provided by the PRC until 9 June 2022 to people affected by the disaster. This includes mainly provision of hot meals to families in evacuation centers, as well as distribution of other food items and ready-to-eat meals. The table includes parts of the operation supported by the IFRC, but also efforts supported with PRC and PNS funds




PRC volunteers served hot meals to affected people in Inayawan, Cebu City (Photo: PRC)

Shelter (PRC and IFRC support until 09 June 2022)						
Type of Assistance	PRC			IFRC		
	Quantity	Persons	Families	Quantity	Persons	Families
Hot meals	140,775	140,775	28,000	88,016	440,080	88,016
Bread	883	4,415	883	160	800	160
Standard and assorted food items	14,978	74,890	14,978	3,670	18,355	3,671
Sacks of rice	670	3,350	670	-	-	-

IFRC Priority Actions:

Federation-supported priority actions include the provision of hot meals for 20,000 people, household livelihood assistance (HLA) to 5,000 households, community-managed livelihood projects in 50 communities, and skills training to displaced families without access to their source of livelihood

	Multi-purpose Cash		Female > 18: 14,113	Female < 18: 10,635
			Male > 18: 13,996	Male < 18: 11,256
Objective:	<i>Households are provided with unconditional/multipurpose cash grants to address their basic needs</i>			
Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target	
	Number of affected families provided with multi-purpose cash grants to address their basic needs	26,220	50,000 individuals	

IFRC Support

Federation budget for multi-purpose cash is CHF 1,074,564. 50,000 people are being targeted with multipurpose cash interventions as part of the secretariat plan. Actual figures reported against indicators reflect the part of the PRC response that was funded by the IFRC. Through support from the IFRC, 5,244 families were provided with multipurpose cash grants to address their basic needs. This is 52 percent of the 10,000 families that are targeted through the emergency appeal for this operation.

Multi-Purpose Cash (PRC support until 9 June 2022)				
Type of Assistance	PRC		IFRC	
	Persons	Families	Persons	Families
Multi Purpose Cash grants P5,000/family	29,325	5,865	26,195	5,239
Multi Purpose Cash grants P3,000/family	4,750	950	15	3

PRC Response

The table shows the number of persons that have been reached with multi-purpose cash assistance (MPCA) by the PRC until 9 June 2022. PRC has plans to reach 10,000 families (50,000 people). This includes parts of the operation supported by the IFRC, but also efforts supported with PRC and PNS funds.

IFRC Priority Actions

Federation-supported priority actions include the provision of multi-purpose cash grants to 10,000 households. Provision of Multi-purpose Cash Grant (MPCG) worth 5,000 PHP (93 CHF) to meet immediate basic needs.



Identified household representative for the multi-purpose cash grant queued and received his cash assistance in the Brgy. Jagobiao, Cebu City. Cash Grant distribution in partnership with the Australian Government Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade. (Photo:PRC)



Health & Care

(Mental Health and psychosocial support / Community Health / Medical Services)

Female > 18:

28,227

Female < 18:

21,269

Male > 18: **27,992**

Male < 18: **22,512**

Objective:

Strengthening holistic individual and community health of the population impacted through community level interventions and health system strengthening

Key indicators:

Indicator	Actual	Target
Number of healthcare facilities receiving support in reconstruction or in equipping the facilities	1	2
Number of ambulances mobilized to provide immediate transportation services	15	30
Number of people provided with first aid	111	Based on need
Number of volunteers trained on basic life support and first aid	955	1,500
Number of chapters' first aid kits provided (First Aid Jump Kits)		50
Number of persons received PPE		3,800
Number of pregnant and lactating women received new-born kits		3,000
Number of volunteers trained on Epidemic Control for Volunteers		1,500

Number of affected families provided with insecticide- treated mosquito nets	4,621	10,000
Number of people provided with direct psychosocial support	12,240	20,000

IFRC Support

Federation budget for health and care is CHF 2,352,000. As part of the secretariat plan 100,000 people are being targeted with health and care interventions. Actual figures reported against indicators reflect the part of the PRC response that was funded by the IFRC

The operation has achieved multiple results which strengthen the health system and the health of the population impacted by the disaster. One healthcare facility has received equipment support which is 50 percent of the EA target. 15 ambulances were mobilized through IFRC support, which is 50 percent of the EA target. Total of 4,621 affected families were provided with insecticide-treated mosquito nets as part of the IFRC support which is 46 percent of the EA target. 12,240 people have been provided with direct psychosocial support, which is 61 percent of the number of people targeted in the emergency appeal.

Health and care (PRC and IFRC support until 9 June 2022)						
Type of assistance	PRC			IFRC		
	Quantity	People	Families	Quantity	People	Families
Medical tents	152 units	760	152			
Health promotion		73,767			65,684	
Medicines		458		957	148	
Basic health consultation		438			381	
FA management and blood pressure taking		4,546			111	
FA trained		2,239			955	
First aid stations established	241				255	
Face masks		8,289			5,961	
Psychosocial support		14,610			12,240	
Blood (blood bags deployed)/units	113 units			88 units		
Mosquito nets	15,818	39,730	7946	9,238	4,621	

PRC Response

The table shows PRC activities related to health and care as part of the operation until 9 June 2022. This includes parts of the operation supported by the IFRC, but also efforts supported with PRC and PNS funds. PRC is scaling up critical healthcare on islands devastated by the typhoon to prevent further spread of COVID-19 and deadly waterborne diseases including gastroenteritis and acute watery diarrhea.

PRC health teams continue to provide vital care in three emergency medical tents on Siargao Island. The PRC health teams also provide hygiene kits and other resources, including safe water supplies and water filtration systems to Siargao Island, Cebu, Palawan, and Bohol, to prevent the spread of diseases.

IFRC Priority Actions

Federation-supported priority actions include mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS) to volunteers and the affected population. Also, part of the operation is the establishment of safe spaces for women and children and counselling services.

Health activities also include community health in 15 communities and the provision of medical services.

First aid training services, strategic pre-positioning of first aid kits, deployment of ambulances, emergency medical services (EMS) and mobile health teams during the immediate relief phase.



Chairman Gordon visited the PRC Medical Tent and led the turnover of Intravenous (IV) Fluid and Cannula in Siargao District Hospital, Municipal of Dapa, Siargao Island, Surigao del Norte Province. (Photo: PRC)



Water, Sanitation and Hygiene

Female > 18:
50,809

Female < 18:
38,285

Male > 18: **50,385**

Male < 18: **40,521**

Objective:

Ensure safe drinking water, proper sanitation, and adequate hygiene awareness of the communities during relief and recovery phases of the Emergency Operation, through community and organizational interventions

Key indicators:

Indicator	Actual	Target
Number of liters of water distributed (according to WHO standards)	10,277,372 liters	1,500,000 liters
Number of families provided with jerry cans	4,436 HH	5,000
Number of latrines built as part of the shelter project	0	500
Number of people provided with excreta disposal facilities	0	2,500
Number of people reached through hygiene promotion	54,874 individuals	50,000 individuals
Number of families provided with hygiene kits	3,854 HH	5,000 HH

IFRC Support

Federation budget for water, sanitation and hygiene sector is CHF 741,000. 180,000 people are being targeted with water, sanitation and hygiene interventions as part of the secretariat plan. Actual figures reported against indicators reflect the part of the PRC response that was funded by the IFRC.

Through support from the IFRC to ensure safe drinking water to the population in many of the worst affected communities, the operation has distributed 10,277,372 liters of water, which is beyond the target. There are 4,436 families were provided with jerry cans through IFRC support, which is 89 percent of the number of families that are targeted in the EA. 54,874 persons were reached through hygiene promotion, which is beyond of the number of people targeted in the EA. 3,854 families were provided with hygiene kits, which is 77 percent of the EA target.

Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) (PRC support until 9 June 2022)						
Type of assistance	PRC			IFRC		
	Quantity	People	Families	Quantity	People	Families
Hygiene Promotion		345,228			274,368	
Water Distributed (liters)	14,104,696			10,277,372		
Bottled Water	3,362	1,862	1,500			
Operational Water Production Sites	5					
WASH Hub Mobilization (tankers)	11					
Water Treatment Units	12					
Detergent Soaps	36					
Hygiene Kits	8,401	38,125	7,265			4,646
Jerry Cans	2,959	13,325	2,665	7,882		3,941
Body Bags	55					

PRC Response

The table shows water, sanitation and hygiene assistance provided by PRC until June 2022. This includes parts of the operation supported by the IFRC, but also efforts supported with PRC and PNS funds.

Through community and organizational interventions, the IFRC supported operation aims at providing safe drinking water, proper sanitation, and adequate hygiene awareness of the communities during relief and recovery phases of the emergency operation.



Water Production Site in Brgy. Mayakabac, Dauis, Bohol (Photo: PRC)



Distribution of water in Brgy. Mayakabac, Dauis, Bohol (Photo: PRC)

IFRC Priority Actions

Priority actions include serving people in 15 chapters who need safe drinking water. This is done through adequate water supply (trucking, maintenance, operations) and items to support safe water distribution, handling and storage.

Through the IFRC appeal, 5, 000 families are targeted with hygiene kits and two 10 liters jerry cans.

Activities are complemented with hygiene promotion to ensure proper and safe utilization of water and for preventing hand, foot, and mouth diseases and water borne diseases, including diarrhea. Through these activities, the objective is to ensure safe drinking water, proper sanitation, and adequate hygiene awareness of the communities during relief operations and re-covery phases of the Emergency Operations.



Conducted Hygiene Promotion at Regino National Higschool, Cebu
(Photo:PRC)



Protection, Gender and Inclusion

Female > 18: **112,908**

Female < 18: **85,077**

Male > 18: **111,967**

Male < 18: **90,048**

Objective:

Communities identify the needs of the most at risk and particularly disadvantaged and marginalized groups, due to inequality, discrimination and other non-respect of their human rights and address their distinct needs

Key indicators:

Indicator

Actual

Target

Number of child-friendly spaces established

3,384 people

74 spaces

Number of students reached with school kits

TBC

2,500

Number of schools supported with equipment

TBC

10

IFRC Support

Federation budget for protection, gender and inclusion is CHF 424,000. 400,000 people are being targeted with PGI interventions and education as part of the secretariat plan. Actual figures reported against indicators reflect the part of the PRC response that was funded by the IFRC.

The operation has supported the needs of the most at risk and particularly disadvantaged and marginalized group through the establishment of child friendly spaces. Through IFRC support, the operation has reached 3,384 people through its child-friendly spaces. PGI is mainstreamed across all PRC interventions

PRC Response

The table shows the number of people reached by PRC with activities related to protection, gender, and inclusion until 9 June 2022 as part of the operation. This includes parts of the operation supported by the IFRC, but also efforts supported with PRC and PNS funds.

Protection, Gender and Inclusion (PRC and IFRC Supports until 9 June)		
Type of Assistance	PRC	IFRC
	People	People
Child-Friendly Spaces (CFS)	7,849	3,384

IFRC priority actions

The operation aims to assist those among the affected population that are most at risk, particularly people who are disadvantaged and marginalized due to inequality, discrimination and lack of human rights. IFRC aims to support the activities of the PRC welfare desks, including psychosocial support, critical incident stress management, guidance and counselling, and referral pathways. Sectoral teams will be supported to ensure the inclusion of different groups throughout all operations. Psychosocial support will be provided to survivors of sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV).

Child-friendly spaces will be set up to provide essential services (including reception facilities, RFL, and access to education, health, shelter, and legal services) to unaccompanied and separated children and other children on their own School kits will be provided to 2,500 students whose school materials were destroyed by the typhoon. 10 schools will be supported in replacing damaged equipment (e.g., computers, printers, teaching materials).

As part of IFRC support in the activities of PRC welfare desk including psychosocial support and stress management, PRC volunteers conducted Play Therapy with the children in Brgy. Talibon, Municipality of Ubay, Bohol Province. The approach of integrating child-centered play therapy is one treatment for children who have experienced disasters.



Play Therapy conducted in Brgy. Talibon, Municipality of Ubay, Bohol Province (Photo: PRC)

Child-friendly spaces was set up to provide essential services. Play therapy is needed to help children feel less anxious and for them to learn and thrive developmentally.



Community Engagement and Accountability

Objective:	<i>Communities in high-risk areas are prepared for and able to respond to disaster</i>		
Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
	Percentage of targeted families satisfied that they have access to information, feedback mechanisms and can influence the program/response	681 or 100% of individuals interviewed were satisfied	90%

Federation budget for community engagement and accountability is CHF 32,000. Total of 681 people were interviewed, and 100 percent were satisfied with the access to information, feedback mechanism and can influence the program/response. Actual number exceeded the target of 90 percent as part of the secretariat plan.

FRC support includes the integration of CEA in various sectors, ensuring the involvement of communities in needs assessments, program planning, implementation and evaluation. Regular communication activities are being conducted, ensuring that people are being kept informed of operational plans and progress and have information on how to make suggestions about the operation. Also, IFRC will support PRC chapters in setting up community feedback mechanisms and provide staff and volunteers with CEA orientation/training⁷. PRC works closely with community (barangay) committees who are essential for continuous improvement of the implementation of activities. There are channels for community members to provide direct feedback to members of the committees.

CEA is integrated into all PRC activities in line with the movement-wide commitments and minimum actions for CEA to ensure that affected families have access to information on the services being provided, as well as participation and feedback to PRC.

	Migration	Female > 18: 4,234	Female < 18: 3,190
		Male > 18: 4,200	Male < 18: 3,376

Objective:	Communities support the needs of migrants and their families and those assisting migrants at all stages of migration (origin, transit and destination)		
Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
	Number of chapters equipped with Restoring family links (RFL) kits	TBC	15 chapters
	Number of welfare desks providing RFL services in the affected areas	146	150

⁷ [PDF version of the questionnaire for your reference & Final exit survey form](#)

IFRC Support

Federation budget for migration is CHF 38,000. 15,000 people are being targeted with migration interventions as part of the secretariat plan. Through the support from IFRC to provide RFL services in the affected areas, there are 146 number of welfare desk provided RFL services of which 97 percent of target.

Migration (PRC and IFRC support until 9 June 2022)				
Type of assistance	PRC		IFRC	
	Quantity	People	Quantity	People
RFL (tracing, including free calls)		347		176
Welfare desk stations	162		146	
Rescue				
ERU (pay-loaders)				
Debris cleared (m ³)	3,461 cu.m		185 cu.m	

PRC Response

The table shows the number of people reached until 9 June 2022 by the PRC with assistance related to the migration sector.

IFRC Priority Actions

Federation supported priority actions include support activities of the PRC welfare desk such restoring family link (RFL) referral.



The Restoring Family Links (RFL) Team part of the National Disaster Response Team in Siargao, is conducting tracing and is providing emergency communication using satellite phones, to reconnect family members (Photo: PRC)



Risk Reduction, climate adaptation and Recovery

Female > 18: **16,936**

Female < 18: **12,762**

Male > 18: **16,795**

Male < 18: **13,507**

Objective:

Communities in high-risk areas are prepared for and able to respond to disaster

Key indicators:

Indicator	Actual	Target
Number of RC143 volunteers trained and mobilized	TBC	143 volunteers
Number of communities provided with PASSA training of trainers	0	4 chapters
Number of tree planting / mangrove activities supported	0	60 communities
Number of people reached by climate change mitigation and environmental sustainability awareness-raising campaigns	0	60,000

IFRC Support

Federation budget for risk reduction, climate adaptation and recovery are CHF 415,000. Total of 60,000 people are being targeted with risk reduction, climate adaptation and recovery interventions as part of the secretariat plan.

IFRC Priority Actions

Federation-supported priority actions include pre-disaster response and relief in 15 chapters, disaster risk reduction in 60 communities, and safe shelter and settlements awareness (PASSA) trainings in 4 chapters. Information on PRC activities related to this sector will become available later in this operation.

Enabling approaches



National Society Strengthening

Objective:

Communities in high-risk areas are prepared for and able to respond to disaster

Key indicators:

Indicator	Actual	Target
Number of chapter's building reconstructed and equipped	TBC	5

Federation budget for National Society Strengthening is CHF 2,193,000

There will be a need to support reconstruction because the typhoon-force winds damaged PRC Chapters' structures and assets. PRC Chapter buildings and offices sustained damage, mainly to roof structures, in Cebu,

Bohol, Southern Leyte, Passi warehouse and Hilongos. Information on PRC activities related to this sector will become available later in this operation.

Information on PRC activities related to this sector will become available later in this operation.



Coordination and Partnerships

Objective: *Communities in high-risk areas are prepared for and able to respond to disaster*

Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
	Number of shelter cluster partners supported with coordination, BBS messaging, 4W reporting, and technical assistance	40	n/a

Federation budget for coordination and partnerships is CHF 263,000. Federation-supported priority actions related to this sector include membership coordination, engagement with external partners, and Movement cooperation.

The IFRC coordinates closely with PRC, PNS and ICRC and participated in coordination meetings and clusters together with other humanitarian actors in the country. (Coordination efforts are also covered in the summary of the response in this operations update).

IFRC continues to lead the Shelter Cluster in support of Government Lead Agency Department of Human Settlements and Urban Development (DHSUD)

More than 40 Shelter Cluster partners including national and international NGOs, civil society organisations, UN agencies, Red Cross Red Crescent Movement partners, government agencies and donors have been supported with coordination services, build back safer messaging, 4W reporting, and technical assistance. IFRC has provided these services through the Focal Point for Shelter Cluster Coordination for Asia Pacific, surge members from the Global Shelter Cluster surge roster, and the Philippine Shelter Cluster Coordinator in support of Government Lead Agency for the Shelter Cluster, Department of Human Settlements and Urban Development (DHSUD). Furthermore, IFRC has facilitated coordination at sub-national (hub) level through Shelter Cluster partners including Catholic Relief Services in Southern Leyte region and International Organisation for Migration in Caraga region.



Objective: <i>Communities in high-risk areas are prepared for and able to respond to disaster</i>			
Key indicators:	Indicator	Actual	Target
	Logistics department provides constant support to the National Society's logistics unit for replenishment and other procurement	Yes	Yes
	Number of rapid response members deployed for the operation	TBC	13
	Number of communications materials produced/published		TBC

Federation budget for secretariat services is CHF 3,385,000. Federation-supported priority actions related to this sector include human resources, PMER, logistics, finance and administration, communications and advocacy, security, and civil-military relations.

A mobilization table was launched to seek partner support; the relief item needs to be highlighted in the mobilization table have been fully covered, and at the current stage there is no further in-kind support requested from partners. The IFRC Asia Pacific Regional Office (APRO) is providing technical support, cash and logistics services and has been supporting the ongoing tender process for a financial service provider.

For the procurement of NFI replenishment, a total of CHF 315,877.19 has been procured. We still have in the pipeline (incoming shipments) CHF 110,000 for 5,000 kitchen sets. Shipment and handling cost not included in the in the figures. On the warehouse management system – the sourcing and the implementation of the WMS is completed. Staff are trained to use the new system. We will report the progress under the annual operation plan report.

There has been comprehensive and ongoing international news media coverage and social media engagement on IFRC Asia Pacific and global channels, including thousands of high-value media mentions of Red Cross humanitarian activities in response to Typhoon Rai/Odette. Coverage included BBC, CNN, Reuters, AP - Associated Press, New York Times, France 24, The Guardian (UK), ABC (Australia), Agence France Presse, Al Jazeera, and many more. An opinion article by IFRC Head of Delegation Alberto Bocanegra, “As the Philippines faces a rise in deadly super typhoons, Southeast Asia is bearing the burden of climate change”, was published in the South China Morning Post on 15 January. A photo story, “Picking up the Pieces”, highlighting the Red Cross response after Typhoon Rai scored strong engagement via social media and globally after being published on IFRC’s Exposure platform on 31 December

D.FUNDING

The overall Federation-wide funding required to support PRC is 20.3 million Swiss francs (USD 21.2 million/EUR 20.2 million). This Operational Strategy details the targets and budget allocation of the IFRC Secretariat’s support to the PRC plan for 20 million Swiss francs, for which the Secretariat has launched an Emergency Appeal.

To date, this Emergency Appeal, which seeks 20 million Swiss francs is 39 per cent funded (7,812,541 CHF). For reference document, click here for details [IFRC Go-Philippines](#) and [funding coverage details](#).

Contact informations

For further information, specifically related to this operation please contact:

In the Philippine Red Cross

- Elizabeth Zavalla, Secretary-General; email: elizabeth.zavalla@redcross.org.ph
- Leonardo Ebajo, Director for Disaster Management Services; email: leonardo.ebajo@redcross.org.ph

In the IFRC Philippines Country Delegation

- Alberto Bocanegra, Head of Delegation, phone: +63 998 585 0794, email: alberto.bocanegra@ifrc.org
- Gopal Mukherjee, Programme Coordinator; phone: +63 998 960 6286; email: gopal.mukherjee@ifrc.org

In the IFRC Asia Pacific Regional Office, Kuala Lumpur

- Alexander Matheou, Regional Director; email: alexander.matheou@ifrc.org
- Juja Kim, Deputy Regional Director; email: juja.kim@ifrc.org
- Joy Singhal, Head of Health Disaster, Climate and Crisis; email: joy.singhal@ifrc.org
- Ahmad Ali Rezaie, Operations Coordinator; email: OpsCoord.SouthEastAsia@ifrc.org
- Siokkun Jang, Logistics Manager, Regional Logistics Unit; email: siokkun.jang@ifrc.org
- Antony Balmain, Regional Communications Manager; email: antony.balmain@ifrc.org

In IFRC Geneva

- Christina Duschl, Senior Officer, Operations Coordination; email: christina.duschl@ifrc.org
- Karla Morizzo, Senior DREF Officer; email: karla.morizzo@ifrc.org
- Eszter Matyeka, Senior Officer, DREF; email: eszter.matyeka@ifrc.org

For IFRC Resource Mobilization and Pledges Support

- In IFRC Asia Pacific Regional Office: Alice Ho, partnership in emergencies coordinator; email: partnershipsEA.AP@ifrc.org

For Performance and Accountability support (planning, monitoring, evaluation and reporting enquiries)

- In IFRC Asia Pacific Regional Office: Alice Ho, Head of PMER And Quality Assurance.; email: alice.ho@ifrc.org

Reference documents



Click here for:

- [Link to IFRC Emergency Landing Page](#)
- [Go-Typhoon Rai \(Odette\)](#)

How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere the **Code of Conduct** for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO's) in Disaster Relief, the **Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere)** in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable, to **Principles of Humanitarian Action** and **IFRC policies and procedures**. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities by National Societies, with a view to preventing and alleviating human suffering, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

Emergency Appeal

INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

Selected Parameters			
Reporting Timeframe	2021/12-2022/6	Operation	MDRPH045
Budget Timeframe	2021-2023	Budget	APPROVED

Prepared on 27 Jul 2022

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

MDRPH045 - Philippines - Typhoon Rai (Odette)

Operating Timeframe: 18 Dec 2021 to 31 Dec 2023; appeal launch date: 18 Dec 2021

I. Emergency Appeal Funding Requirements

Thematic Area Code	Requirements CHF
AOF1 - Disaster risk reduction	415,000
AOF2 - Shelter	7,795,000
AOF3 - Livelihoods and basic needs	2,631,000
AOF4 - Health	2,352,000
AOF5 - Water, sanitation and hygiene	741,000
AOF6 - Protection, Gender & Inclusion	424,000
AOF7 - Migration	38,000
SFI1 - Strengthen National Societies	2,225,000
SFI2 - Effective international disaster management	448,000
SFI3 - Influence others as leading strategic partners	263,000
SFI4 - Ensure a strong IFRC	2,937,000
Total Funding Requirements	20,269,000
Donor Response* as per 27 Jul 2022	7,812,541
Appeal Coverage	38.54%

II. IFRC Operating Budget Implementation

Thematic Area Code	Budget	Expenditure	Variance
AOF1 - Disaster risk reduction	0	0	0
AOF2 - Shelter	2,585,254	1,343,116	1,242,138
AOF3 - Livelihoods and basic needs	1,447,789	464,957	982,831
AOF4 - Health	184,255	34,117	150,138
AOF5 - Water, sanitation and hygiene	469,828	119,837	349,991
AOF6 - Protection, Gender & Inclusion	0	0	0
AOF7 - Migration	60,350	1,916	58,434
SFI1 - Strengthen National Societies	384,157	13,341	370,816
SFI2 - Effective international disaster management	0	38,295	-38,295
SFI3 - Influence others as leading strategic partners	0	2,079	-2,079
SFI4 - Ensure a strong IFRC	743,025	120,150	622,874
Grand Total	5,874,656	2,137,808	3,736,848

III. Operating Movement & Closing Balance per 2022/06

Opening Balance	0
Income (includes outstanding DREF Loan per IV.)	6,645,758
Expenditure	-2,137,808
Closing Balance	4,507,950
Deferred Income	1,162,157
Funds Available	5,670,107

IV. DREF Loan

* not included in Donor Response	Loan :	750,000	Reimbursed :	750,000	Outstanding :	0
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Emergency Appeal

INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

Selected Parameters			
Reporting Timeframe	2021/12-2022/6	Operation	MDRPH045
Budget Timeframe	2021-2023	Budget	APPROVED

Prepared on 27 Jul 2022

All figures are in Swiss Francs (CHF)

MDRPH045 - Philippines - Typhoon Rai (Odette)

Operating Timeframe: 18 Dec 2021 to 31 Dec 2023; appeal launch date: 18 Dec 2021

V. Contributions by Donor and Other Income

Opening Balance							0
Income Type	Cash	InKind Goods	InKind Personnel	Other Income	TOTAL	Deferred Income	
American Red Cross	1,698,352				1,698,352		
Australian Red Cross	36,666				36,666		
British Red Cross (from British Government*)	1,191,691				1,191,691		
China Red Cross, Hong Kong branch	23,460				23,460		
Corsearch Inc	14,912				14,912		
Finnish Red Cross	103,733				103,733		
French Red Cross (from French Government*)	494,970				494,970		
Germany - Private Donors	13				13		
Great Britain - Private Donors	193				193		
Italian Government Bilateral Emergency Fund	311,489				311,489		
Japanese Government	526,512				526,512	1,162,157	
Japanese Red Cross Society	100,243				100,243		
New Zealand Government	308,850				308,850		
Norwegian Red Cross	106,825				106,825		
On Line donations	3,926				3,926		
Red Cross of Monaco	25,842				25,842		
Romanian Government	15,402				15,402		
Spanish Government	259,690				259,690		
Swedish Red Cross	285,132				285,132		
Swiss Government	600,000				600,000		
Taiwan Red Cross Organisation	4,815				4,815		
The Canadian Red Cross Society	72,250				72,250		
The Canadian Red Cross Society (from Canadian Gov	360,747				360,747		
The Republic of Korea National Red Cross	100,000				100,000		
United States - Private Donors	46				46		
Total Contributions and Other Income	6,645,758	0	0	0	6,645,758	1,162,157	
Total Income and Deferred Income					6,645,758	1,162,157	