

Emergency Plan of Action (EPoA) Philippines: Tayum, Abra Earthquake

DREF Operation n°	MDRPH047	Glide n°:	EQ-2022-000273-PHL
Date of issue:	03 Aug 2022	Expected timeframe:	4 months
		Expected end date:	31 December 2022
Category allocated to the of the disaster or crisis: Yellow			
DREF Allocated: 241,921			
Total number of people affected:	228,238	Number of people to be assisted:	10,000 people (2,000 families)
Provinces affected:	Abra, Ilocos Sur, Kalinga, Mountain Province, Benguet, La Union	Provinces/Regions targeted:	Abra and Ilocos Sur
Host National Society presence (n° of volunteers, staff, branches): Philippine Red Cross (PRC) is the nation's largest humanitarian organization and works through 104 chapters covering all administrative districts and major cities in the country. PRC has more than 1,700 staff at national headquarters and chapter levels, and approximately two million volunteers and supporters, of whom some 500,000 are active volunteers. At the chapter level a programme called Red Cross 143 is established that sees volunteers trained, equipped and in place at the community (barangay) level - enhancing the overall capacity of the National Society to prepare for and respond to disaster situations. At present 96 staff and volunteers are being deployed for the operation.			
Red Cross Red Crescent Movement partners actively involved in the operation: PRC is working with the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) in this operation. The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) and six National Societies are also present in the Philippines: American Red Cross, Canadian Red Cross, Finnish Red Cross, German Red Cross, Netherlands Red Cross and Spanish Red Cross.			
Other partner organizations actively involved in the operation: Government of Philippines such as Philippine Institute of Volcanology and Seismology (PHILVOCS), National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC), Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), Department of Health (DOH), Department of Education (DepEd), Department of Energy (DOE), Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP).			

A. Situation analysis

Description of the disaster

A magnitude 7.0 earthquake struck on 27 July 2022, with the epicentre located in the municipality of Tayum, province of Abra in Cordillera Administrative Region (CAR) Region.

The Philippine Institute of Volcanology and Seismology ([Phivolcs](#)) said the earthquake struck at 8:43 am, with a tectonic origin and at a depth of 17 kilometres. The agency warned of damage and aftershocks. There were no tsunami warnings issued, as it was detected inland. Abra is a landlocked region known for deep valleys and mountainous terrain. As of the reporting period, there are 11 provinces in Region I, II and CAR that are affected. Furthermore, there are reported landslides in Mt. Province and Abra. A total of 1,315 aftershocks were recorded, of which 369 were plotted and 33 were felt by the population, with a magnitude ranging from 1.4 to 5.0.



Several houses and infrastructures in different locations were severely damaged after the 7.0 magnitude earthquake in Tayum, Abra. PRC volunteers were mobilized to provide assistance (Photo: PRC).

Reported intensities are:

Intensity VII - Bucloc and Manabo, Abra
Intensity VI - Vigan City, Sinait, Bantay, San Esteban, Ilocos Sur; Laoac, Pangasinan; Baguio City;
Intensity V - Magsingal and San Juan, Ilocos Sur, Alaminos City and Labrador, Pangasinan; Bambang, Nueva Vizcaya; Mexico, Pampanga; Concepcion, and Tarlac City, Tarlac; City of Manila; City of Malabon
Intensity IV - City of Marikina; Quezon City; City of Pasig; City of Valenzuela; City of Tabuk, Kalinga; Bautista and Malasiqui, Pangasinan; Bayombong and Diadi, Nueva Vizcaya; Guiguinto, Obando, and San Rafael, Bulacan; San Mateo, Rizal
Intensity III - Bolinao, Pangasinan; Bulakan, Bulacan; Tanay, Rizal
Intensity II - General Trias City, Cavite; Santa Rosa City, Laguna



Map of the aftershocks plotted

Assessments in the area, both by PRC and government agencies are still ongoing, and the number of affected population and damages is likely to change soon. In the meantime, the latest figures reported by the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council ([NDRRMC](#)) and Department of Social Welfare and Development - Disaster Response Operations Monitoring and Information Center ([DSWD-DROMIC](#)) are summarized in the table below:

Category	Effects
Affected population	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1,748,258 population in the provinces reported intensity VI / VII and where people staying in evacuation centers (Abra, Ilocos Sur, Kalinga, Mountain Province, Benguet and La Union). 228,238 individuals or 62,024 families were directly affected in 639 barangays, in Region I, II and CAR.
Casualties and injured	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Four people have died and 298 have been injured due to the earthquake effects.
Displaced – inside evacuation centres	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 6,176 individuals or 1,910 families are displaced in 46 evacuation centres, according to PRC assessment.
Displaced – outside evacuation centres	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 27,207 individuals or 6,490 families are displaced outside evacuation centers in CAR.
Houses damaged	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A total of 12,802 houses were damaged, of which 157 were totally damaged.
Damage to infrastructure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 524 infrastructures were damaged
Work or class interruption	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 157 workplaces and 54 classes have been suspended
Social infrastructure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4 municipalities suffered water system damages; 8 roads are closed due to rock falling. 1 Hospital was damaged and transferred the patients to nearby facilities.

Summary of the current response

Overview of Host National Society Response Action

The operations centre (OpCen) at the PRC national headquarters (NHQ) continues to collect information, from the Chapters and Red Cross 143 volunteers in the areas, and issues disaster incident updates PRC Chapters activated their initial response, such as, first aid and welfares services, coordination and rapid assessment. PRC is coordinating with the NDRRMC OpCen for possible response cluster activation. Local chapters are also coordinating with their Municipal, and Provincial DRRMCs.



PRC Abra Emergency Medical Services (EMS) assisting evacuation of patients from Abra Provincial Hospital to District Hospital (Photo: PRC).



Providing safe drinking water to the people affected by the earthquake (Photo: PRC).

Following is the summary of current response by the National Society as of 30 July 2022:

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SUPPORT ON EVACUATION OF PEOPLE IN ABRA, ILOCOS SUR, LA UNION AND NORTHERN/ CENTRAL LUZON PROVINCES AND METRO MANILA CITIES
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mobilized Manpower: 96 (Abra-10, Ilocos Sur-39, Benguet-17, Baguio-5, La Union-19, Kalinga-6)Welfare Desk: 2 (Abra Prov'l Hosp & Bangued Plaza)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Welfare Desk: 3 (Abra 2, ilocos Sur: 1) Psychosocial Support : 42 (Abra: 22, Ilocos Sur: 20) Hotmeals: 790 (Abra-703, Ilocos Sur-87)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transported: 12 (Benguet-1, Abra-10, Rizal-Makati-1) Ambulances Mobilized : 7 (Abra-1, Ilocos Sur-2, Baguio-1, Rizal-Makati-1, Quezon City -2)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Treated: 3 (Abra) Blood Monitoring : 47 (Abra)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bottled Water: 1,200pcs (Abra) Face Mask: 720 (Ilocos Sur) Hygiene kits: 741 (Abra-611, Ilocos Sur-130) Maternity kits: 6 (Abra) Sleeping Kit (Mos Net, Blanket and Mat): 46 families Food Items (5kls rice, 5 canned goods, 5 noodles): 176 families

As an auxiliary to the public authorities, PRC maintains a strong relationship with government bodies through participation or collaboration with (i) the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC), (ii) the provincial, municipal, and barangay (community) disaster risk reduction and management councils, and (iii) the local government units defined in the Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Act 2010. The PRC participates in NDRRMC meetings and coordinates with the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD) and the Department of Health. PRC headquarters and local chapters coordinate with the national and provincial disaster risk reduction and management councils (NDRRMC and PDRRMCs).

PRC was identified as a key humanitarian partner of the government in fighting against COVID-19 under the landmark "Bayanihan to Heal as One" Act (Bayanihan I) and the superseding "Bayanihan to Recover as One" Act (Bayanihan II). The latter provided resources to continue the testing and treatment of COVID-19 and granted a stimulus package to help households and businesses to recover from the secondary socio-economic impacts. Moreover, a 'Bayanihan to Arise as One' Act (Bayanihan III) is under consideration, which would provide further assistance for households in crisis, micro, small and medium enterprises, as well as support to vulnerable people such as indigenous, unemployed, and displaced

Overview of Red Cross Red Crescent Movement Actions in country

The IFRC Philippines Delegation supports the PRC in disseminating updates to the IFRC network in-country and coordinating with the IFRC Asia Pacific Regional Office (APRO) in Kuala Lumpur under the IFRC Secretariat's Emergency Response Framework. The PRC also hosts broader Movement coordination meetings involving the ICRC and operational meetings to share information with partners. IFRC and PRC are also coordinating with ICRC on security-related considerations as well as on potential complementarity of action where this may be required.

A Regional Task Force meeting was held on 27 July with IFRC Country Delegation (CD) and APRO, to discuss the current situation on the ground, the current response of PRC and possible assistance from IFRC. There are six National Societies present in the Philippines: American Red Cross, Canadian Red Cross, Finnish Red Cross, German Red Cross, Netherlands Red Cross and Spanish Red Cross. IFRC CD is having close coordination with the in country PNSs. Information is still being gathered on possible PNS support for the operation.

IFRC is leading the Philippine Shelter Cluster in support of the government lead agency – Department of Human Settlements and Urban Development (DHSUD). The in-country shelter cluster coordinator has been active with providing coordination support and technical assistance with the lead government agency. Currently, there are over 40 plus Shelter Cluster members composed of UN Agencies, INGOs, National and Local NGOs, Civic Society Organizations and the Academes. Shelter Cluster is coordinating with its partners on the response operations. Furthermore, 4w has been circulated for collate planned interventions/actions. Below is further on current response activities.

Overview of other actors' actions in-country

According to [Situational Report No. 4 of NDRRMC](#), the estimated cost of assistance provided by LGU and other stakeholders is PHP 5,442,226.73. Majority of which are food packs coming from the Department of Social Welfare and Development amounting to PHP 3,520,297.80.

In addition, the government support and commitment are as follows:

- **DSWD:** distribution of PHP 5,000 (CHF 88) to PHP 10,000 (CHF 175) cash aid, depending on the severity of the damages.
- **Office of Civil Defense (OCD):** provision of 30,000 bottles of drinking water as an initial intervention.
- **Department of Public Works and Highways (DPWH):** initial focus on clearing roads and fixing water sources to follow.
- **Regional Disaster Risk Reduction and Management (DRRM):** provision of 2,000 modular tents.
- **Ilocos and Cordillera Administrative Regions:** provision of 230 modular tents, 57 hygiene kits, kitchen sets and 4 family tents.
- **LGU/ PLGU Abra:** mobilizing portable solar purifier for 10 barangays.

Information available through Shelter Cluster on other actors' response: Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA), Catholic Relief Services (CRS) and CARITAS Philippines, Habitat for Humanity, IOM, Philippines, Philippine Red Cross, OXFAM, and World Vision have deployed teams to conduct assessments on the ground. In coordination with DSWD and the Department of Housing and Urban Development, IOM will be deploying 3,000 USAID shelter-grade tarpaulins and an eight-person Quick Response Team composed of CCCM, Shelter, WASH, Health/MHPSS to CAR.

The IFRC continuously coordinates with various government and non-government agencies, including members of the Humanitarian Country Team (HCT). At the country level, PRC and IFRC participate in HCT meetings, both during disasters and non-emergency times.

Duty of care

Teams will adhere to and practice all precautionary measures outlined in the Asia Pacific COVID-19-safe Best Practice Guide for Disaster response. Specifically, regarding person-to-person transmission, the National Society will follow the four key actions: plan, maintain physical distance, ensure hygiene¹, and identify and support vulnerable people. Immediate actions will be triggered as per guidelines if there is contact with a suspected/confirmed case of COVID-19 during the line of work. The PRC volunteers will be insured and provided access to psychosocial support, and the security of the volunteers will always be a priority throughout the operation.

The operation will be delivered to minimize the risk of COVID-19 transmission to disaster-affected people. The PRC has developed guidance to identify actions needed to safeguard the community and volunteers. WHEN REQUIRED, the PRC will provide COVID-19 testing before deployment to the field and upon returning to the office via the PRC molecular laboratories. The Inter-Agency Task Force for the Management of Emerging Infectious Diseases (IAFT) coordinates the government response to COVID-19. All activities carried out within this operation are coordinated with LGUs in compliance with the national protocols set by the IAFT.

¹ Use surgical masks, practice handwashing or use 60 per cent alcohol-based hand sanitizers, carry personal hygiene kits at all times, clean and disinfect surfaces regularly especially transport vehicles during field assessments.

Needs analysis, targeting, scenario planning and risk assessment

Needs analysis

Rapid needs assessments continue and will provide more information on the impact of the earthquake. The preliminary analysis indicates that this was a very strong earthquake and was very shallow where it is believed that shallower quakes tend to be more damaging than deeper quakes. In terms of exposure, total of 1,748,258 population living in the provinces reported intensity VI / VII and where people are staying in evacuation centers (Abra, Ilicos Sur, Kalinga, Mountain Province, Benguet and La Union). According to NDRRMC report total of 228,238 people or 62,024 families are affected by the earthquake. According to [flash report no.3](#) of AHA Center \$872k (USD) worth of infrastructure (total replacement cost) are concentrated within 245km of the epicenter. The likelihood of impact to lifelines (power, communication, transportation) is moderate. Based on secondary data and information from PRC chapters, immediate needs have been identified to include food, emergency shelter, health (including PSS), essential household items, water, sanitation and hygiene. Summary of immediate needs are outlined below:

- **Shelter:** The earthquake has damaged or destroyed infrastructure, and there will be a need to support those families whose houses have been displaced with immediate shelter solutions. A total of 12,802 damaged houses have been reported: 12,645 partially damaged and 157 fully damaged. Many are currently staying in open areas exposed to the monsoon rains, in evacuation centres, or with host families as their houses are not habitable or are in unsafe areas. Depending on the results of the assessments, there might be a need to consider medium-term shelter solutions such as the distribution of conditional cash, materials and technical assistance. Furthermore, those displaced have not brought their belongings during evacuations, hence there is a need to provide essential household items.
- **Livelihoods and basic needs:** There is a need to provide ready-to-eat meals for displaced families as many of them are apprehensive about returning to their houses and unable to prepare meals. The earthquake has disrupted the daily lives of the affected population, and there will be a need for multipurpose cash grants to support the survival threshold for meeting other immediate household and food needs. The Government of the Philippines will be addressing the cash need.
- **Health:** The earthquake has put pressure on already stretched public health systems. Damages to the Abra Provincial Hospital were reported, which required transportation of patients to nearby hospitals. There will be hospitals and health facilities without adequate supplies and human resources to cater to all the patients in need of services, and a risk that facilities could become overwhelmed. Immediate First Aid (FA) and Psychosocial Support (PSS) including Psychological First Aid (PFA) to the affected population is the most needed service at this point of time; with many already traumatized from the earthquake and the continuous threats of disease, including COVID-19. It has been reported that families are sleeping in open areas due to the fear of aftershocks, and not feeling safe to return to their homes. There will be a pivotal need to provide the affected population and the volunteers deployed with holistic PSS. Furthermore, there will be a need to deploy chapter medical teams. Furthermore, there is a need to provide mosquito nets as part of the essential household items kit as there is a threat of vector-borne diseases, such as dengue due to the monsoon season.
- **Water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH):** Based on a previous similar disaster situation, an earthquake can damage the water system and can disrupt access to water supply and sanitation facilities. There will be a need to mobilize water treatment units to provide safe drinking water to families that have been displaced and are staying in evacuation centres; as well as temporary sanitation facilities. Due to the sudden nature of the earthquake, families at evacuation centres can be expected to require basic hygiene items and key hygiene messages.
- **Protection, Gender, and Inclusion (PGI):** Following disasters, protection concerns particularly regarding separated and unaccompanied children, and young women are known to increase. Vulnerable groups are at risk to exploitation, psychosocial trauma and gender-based violence (GBV). Housing units of host families may have limited access to basic facilities that are safe for women and children. Addressing such risk should be incorporated in the response plans and in the messaging and community engagement of the PRC. Additionally, the provision of PSS services for children, as well as the setting up of child-friendly spaces where they have opportunities for safe play, recreation and non-formal education, have also been identified as a priority need.

PRC will conduct the detailed needs assessments in the coming weeks, in close coordination with the other stakeholders. Findings of the detailed assessments might change the overall operational strategy. If there are changes it will be timely communicated in an Operations Update.

Targeting

For this DREF operation, PRC will focus on targeting the most vulnerable families who are staying at the evacuation centres and displaced families staying outside evacuation centres. These groups will be considered according to the level of impact. For the essential household item distribution, PRC will target 30 per cent of the families inside evacuation centres. Other services will be provided in the vulnerable communities based on the need. Safe drinking water assistance will reach a wider audience. Furthermore, CAR including Abra is home to 33% of Indigenous people of the Philippines, during targeting PRC will be sensitive to the cultural needs especially in engaging community/tribal leaders in selecting households. In case more needs are identified from the continuous assessment, PRC might consider changing its targeting and would include people who are not displaced.

The PRC always ensures that its emergency responses and programmes are aligned with its own as well as with the IFRC's commitment to take gender and diversity into account, for example, by focusing on and targeting women/child-headed households, pregnant or lactating women, and men, women and children made vulnerable by disasters; families with persons with disability, elderly, those suffering from chronic illnesses, families with children under five years old, families who have not received any or sufficient assistance from the government or other organizations, those who belong to socially vulnerable families and those who lack the resources to meet basic humanitarian needs on their own.

Once beneficiaries are identified and verified, each will be provided with a PRC beneficiary card with their and family members' names. The card will form the basis for official recognition of bearers as beneficiaries of the PRC and during implementation, PRC volunteers will again validate the beneficiaries' names on the cards where they are listed in distribution sheets. Upon receipt of any item or assistance, beneficiaries will sign award sheets or participating lists. With these records and validation process, cases of double-assistance or double-counting can be eliminated. Furthermore, PRC will closely coordinate with the LGUs and other stakeholders on the ground to ensure coordinated response, while avoiding duplication of assistance.

Estimated disaggregated data for population targeted.

The province of Abra, the epicentre of the earthquake, is found in Cordillera Administrative Region. CAR is the most affected region and has an estimated population of 1.7 million, with 395,881 households. Estimated disaggregated data for the population targeted can be found in the Philippine [Pre-Disaster Indicator Dashboard](#) of OCHA.

Category	Estimated % of target group	% Female	% Male
Infant (under 2 years)	6.17%	3.00%	3.17%
Young Children (3-12 yrs)	20.89%	10.16%	10.73%
Children (13-18 yrs)	12.44%	6.13%	6.31%
Adults (19-59 yrs)	52.78%	25.44%	27.34%
Elderly (>60 yrs)	7.73%	4.21%	3.52%
People with disabilities	0.33%		

Scenario planning

Scenario	Humanitarian consequence	Potential Response
Limited damage and response remain within local government capacity		No further action
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Increased damage reports confirmed.Families are displaced for a protracted period with a corresponding increase in needs requiring an increase in the DREF allocation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Higher number of families.Short term displacement.Short term impacts on sectors.	Scale up DREF
Further increased damage reports with longer terms impacts confirmed or potential new tropical cyclone affecting the same area.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">High number of families affected.Longer term displacement.High number of houses destroyed and damaged.	Scale up to Emergency Appeal

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Impact on livelihoods sector/markets. • Impact on education sector • Impact on health sector. 	
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Operation Risk Assessment

Possible operational risks are shown below:

- Some areas are yet to be accessed. Hence, the full scale of the response has yet to be determined.
- Aftershocks and damages are expected – with [798 aftershocks recorded](#). This was an earthquake with a magnitude of 7.0 at a depth of 17km. Earthquakes of this depth and magnitude are expected to result in moderate to severe shaking within 245km from the epicentre.
- There is an increased threat of potential new tropical cyclones developing or entering the Philippine Area of Responsibility and influencing the country due to the ongoing typhoon season. The PRC OpCen will continue to monitor the current weather situation and provide necessary alerts as and when required.
- Security risk posed by armed non-state actors in the areas most likely to be affected is regarded as low to medium, and not expected to impact the implementation of the operation under this DREF or hinder access by IFRC/PRC personnel.
- Responses are being conducted across multiple disparate geographical locations simultaneously. There may be a need to consider the deployment of rapid response personnel to support PRC and the IFRC CD to ensure there is capacity available to meet their commitments to all stakeholders, but foremost the communities being supported.
- There is a risk to the safety of personnel due to COVID-19 when implementing the interventions. Appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) will be provided for personnel involved in the operations (masks and shields). Advisory information will also be circulated in terms of precautionary measures to be taken to protect health, and early warning and early action systems identified for safe evacuation (in accordance with the authorities' own contingency plans).

B. Operational strategy

Overall Operational objective:

The operational strategy and scope are based on the initial assessment conducted by PRC. This DREF operation aims to meet the immediate needs of the most vulnerable people affected by the earthquakes in Tayum, Abra. A total of 2,000 families (10,000 people) in Abra and Ilocos Sur will be supported with essential household items, emergency shelter assistance, health, WASH and welfare services over four months.

- **Shelter:** This DREF allocation aims to assist 400 families (2,000 people) affected by the earthquake by providing the following essential household items; sleeping kit (2 blankets, 2 sleeping mats, mosquito nets), 2 jerry cans, 1 hygiene kit. Families displaced outside the evacuation centers (target: 100 families (500 people)) will be provided with family tent and hygiene kit per family. PRC will mobilize the above essential household items from its pre-positioned stocks and DREF funding will be utilized to replenish the items. Technical guidance will be also provided "on the spot" to raise awareness of safe shelter practices when repairing damaged houses etc. **At least 400 families (2,000 people) will be assisted through shelter assistance.**
- **Livelihood:** This DREF allocation aims to provide at least 1,000 hot meals per day/chapter, up to 14 days to the people displaced and staying at evacuation centers. Targeting families inside evacuation centers. **At least 3,000 people will be assisted with hot meals in this sector.**
- **Health:** This allocation will support PRC in addressing arising health concerns through health promotion and mobilization of ambulance services, provision of first aid and mobilization of chapter medical teams in the affected areas. Furthermore, this allocation will support the mobilization of assets and volunteers in the possibility of a larger response and disease and outbreak prevention. In-line with the current COVID-19 situation in country, people will be provided with facemasks based on their needs. Furthermore, IEC materials containing health messages will be printed and distributed at evacuation centres and communities. **At least 3,000 people will be assisted through health assistance.**
- **WASH:** This allocation supports the PRC in deploying water tankers and water purification units for the distribution of safe and clean water until the damaged pipelines are fixed/repared. It is expected water at least up to 30-day water will be distributed in the affected areas. This will be accompanied by health and hygiene promotion conducted by Red Cross Action Teams (RCAT143) volunteers focused on epidemic prevention focusing on vector-borne diseases, and safe water storage and utilization. A total of 700 families will be provided 2 jerry cans under the essential household items mentioned in the above shelter section and during water distribution in the communities. Total of 500 families will be provided with 1 hygiene kit under the essential household items mentioned in the above shelter section and during tent distribution to people displace outside evacuation centers. Furthermore, if the

displacement is more than one month, an additional hygiene kit will be provided to each family. They will be equipped with information, communication, and education (IEC) materials. **At least 10,000 people will be assisted through WASH assistance.**

- **Protection, Gender and Inclusion:** This allocation supports PRC in welfare activities at the evacuation centres, including distributing hot meals, providing psychosocial support, and restoring family links. Child-Friendly Spaces (CFS) will be set up to conduct child-friendly activities, including educational ones for the children who are in evacuation centres. Furthermore, children will be provided with play kits. **At least 10,000 people will be assisted through PGI assistance.**

The DREF allocation will further support PRC needs assessments and the deployment of emergency response units like the water search and rescue team. PRC will lead the response, and this DREF directly contributes to the overall PRC plan of action and national appeal. The geographical coverage by municipality and barangay will be provided later, informed by and based on assessment recommendations as more information becomes available. The in-country PNSs have been supporting PRC in its humanitarian operations in different parts of the country, including the areas affected by the earthquake. The in-country PNSs bi-lateral contribution in terms of financial and/or technical to the PRC overall earthquake response plan is yet to be confirmed. If contributions are made, they will be included in the Operational Update reports of this DREF operation.

The operation will be underpinned by a commitment to quality programming that involves:

- Continuous and detailed assessments and analyses to inform the design and ongoing implementation of the programme.
- A continuous process of adjustments based on these assessments.
- Adherence to protection, gender, and inclusion measures.
- Establish mechanisms to facilitate two-way communication, ensure transparency and accountability to disaster-affected people, and highlight the nature of communication and information as a life-saving mechanism.
- Appropriate monitoring and evaluation will inform the programme's management and delivery.

Human resources

All relief activities will be implemented by existing staff and Red Cross 143 volunteers (RC143 and RCAT143), and National Disaster Response Team (NDRT) members from other chapters, where needed. The DREF Operation will cover insurance, COVID-19 testing, and visibility costs (bibs, caps, polo shirts, etc.) for volunteers supporting the response efforts. IFRC CD will support PRC in providing technical and support service staff to ensure accountability and compliance concerning the operation. Appropriate PPE will be provided for personnel involved in the DREF operation, given the health risks. In addition, rapid response personnel may be requested to support the response based on the need.

Communication

PRC Communications team supported by IFRC APRO communications will ensure that Red Cross response efforts are effectively communicated and visible amongst key public audiences on time. PRC staff and volunteers across the country are actively contributing to institutional communications through its own social media networks. A composite team of PRC communications officers will work together to generate high-quality photos, video clips, and news stories for use across IFRC and PRC social media and other digital media platforms. Mobile messaging groups (via Facebook Messenger) have been set up between PRC's operations centre, Disaster Management Services (DMS), deployed assessment teams, and PRC and IFRC communications' focal persons to share real-time information and data from responders on the ground and vice versa.

Information technology and telecommunications

The DREF Operation will cover the costs of mobile phone credits and internet cards for the chapters involved. PRC will ensure that staff and volunteers involved in the operation are accessible via mobile phones. Where necessary, satellite phones will be made available. The chapter will have enough computer software and hardware capacity, and support for the operational requirements.

Security

The PRC security framework will apply to all PRC staff and volunteers throughout the DREF Operation duration. All PRC staff and chapter volunteers are encouraged and will be supported to complete IFRC Stay Safe e-learning courses. Where the presence of personnel under IFRC Security responsibility is needed and approved, the IFRC security framework, including the IFRC Philippines country security regulations and contingency plans, applies to that person. An area-specific security risk assessment will be conducted for the operational area, especially with the threat from the Armed opposition group. Risk mitigation measures will be identified and implemented as required. This will include security briefings for all IFRC personnel, movement monitoring for Field travel, and availability of safety equipment. All IFRC must, and RCRC staff and volunteers are encouraged to complete the IFRC Stay Safe e-learning courses, i.e.

Stay Safe Personal Security, Stay Safe Security Management, and Stay Safe Volunteer Security online training. Coordination with the ICRC will be observed through regular information-sharing following the existing and agreed-on RCRC Movement arrangements. However, in 2019, the provincial government of Abra declared the armed opposition group as Persona Non-Grata which puts the Abra LGU as a hotspot for attacks as retaliatory actions as part of the recovery efforts of their mass base and to widen their strongholds. Currently, their strongholds are in Balbalan, Lubuagan, and Lacub as manifested by their activeness in terms of movements and sightings in the aforementioned areas. The latest armed encounter between the rebels and the government troops was on July 09, 2022, in Brgy Buneg, Lacub. Mitigating efforts like staying away from these areas will lessen the risk of getting in between the rebels and the government troops in case a head-on armed encounter happens.

Community engagement and accountability (CEA)

Community engagement, accountability, and feedback/response mechanisms will be integrated into the operation. CEA will ensure that affected populations have direct access to information on the nature and scope of services provided by the PRC, together with processes that will enable community participation and ease of feedback collection and responses. A Barangay Committee (BarCom) will be formed to support community engagement as they are direct representatives of their communities. The community can directly provide feedback to the BarCom members, which is essential for continuous improvements of the programme implementation. BarCom is composed of a representative number of community representatives – barangay/purok officials, representatives of all sectors in the community such as farmers, elderly group, women's group, persons with disabilities, health workers, etc.

Planning, monitoring, evaluation, and reporting (PMER)

Reporting on the operation will be carried out as per the IFRC reporting standards. Regular updates will be issued during the operation's timeframe, with a final report issued within three months after the end of the operation. The operation team will have technical PMER capacity, and additional technical support is provided through the IFRC APRO PMER team. The operation monitoring teams will conduct field visits as needed, and this will help identify and resolve any issues where possible and necessary. Necessary tools and templates for regular data collection and reporting will be adopted from existing PMER resources. A lesson learned workshop will be conducted at the end of the DREF operation to capture recommendations for PRC to consider and/or incorporate in future emergency operations.

Administration and finance

The IFRC provides the necessary operational support for review, validation of budgets, bank transfers, and technical assistance to the PRC on procedures for justification of expenditures, including the review and validation of invoices. PRC is accustomed to and competent in delivering these financial procedures to the required standards.

Logistics and supply chain

Logistics activities aim to effectively manage the supply chain, including procurement, customs clearance, fleet, storage, and transport to distribution sites as per the operation's requirements and aligned to IFRC's logistics standards, processes and procedures. Logistics support for this operation is being provided through the strong capacity of the PRC logistics built over the last years, supported by an experienced IFRC CD logistics team. The main supply chain strategy to meet immediate operational needs is to relocate required relief items for 400 families, including blankets, sleeping mats, hygiene parcels, jerry cans, and mosquito nets from PRC's existing prepositioned stocks. IFRC CD will support PRC to mobilize and transport needed equipment and relief items to the affected areas. The IFRC will replenish the items released to meet immediate needs following IFRC standard procurement procedures. Items with the local specification to meet the local cultural context will be replenished locally by the IFRC logistics team, whereas IFRC standard relief items, such as mosquito nets, hygiene parcels and jerry cans, will be replenished internationally by IFRC Global Humanitarian Services & Supply Chain Management, Asia Pacific (GHS&SCM-AP) unit based in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. The existing warehouse capacity of the PRC is enough to meet planned operational needs, and at this stage, there is no need to rent additional warehouse space. The current prepositioned stocks have sufficient stocks to support around 11,300 families (complete sets of Essential Household Items).

C. Detailed Operational Plan



Shelter

People targeted: 2,000

Male: 1,000

Female: 1,000

Requirements (CHF): 22,008

Sector	Needs Analysis	Assistance and population to be targeted
Essential household items	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - As of 28 July 2022, more than 1,748,258 people are living in the affected area, in Tayum, Abra. - People have been displaced and taking temporary shelter inside evacuation centre or staying with their relatives and/or friends. It has been also reported that some people, fearing to return to their houses, are displaced in open areas. This number may be expected to rise following assessments. - Total of 857 house has been reported damaged (11 fully damage and 868 partially damaged houses) - Families whose houses have been damaged or destroyed and there is a need for emergency shelter (tarpaulins / tents) - Families are displaced to evacuation centres and there is a need for essential household items. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 400 affected families (or 2,000 people) will be provided with essential household items including blankets, sleeping mats, mosquito nets, jerry cans, and hygiene kits. - Total of 100 families displaced and living outside evacuation centres, will be provided with a family tent and a hygiene kit each. <i>Note: tents are dispatched from existing bilaterally received stock and will not be covered by DREF funding</i> - Technical support will be provided on safe shelter awareness.

P&B Output Code	Shelter Outcome 1: Communities in disaster and crisis affected areas restore and strengthen their safety, well-being and longer-term recovery through shelter and settlement solutions	# of affected families will be provided with emergency shelter support (Target: 400 families)																
	Shelter Output 1.1: Shelter and settlements and basic household items assistance is provided to the affected families.	# of affected families will be provided with essential household items (Target: 400 families)																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP005	Conduct Rapid Disaster Assessment and Needs Analysis (RDANA) in affected areas		x	x														
AP005	Coordination with government and other stakeholders		x	x	x	x												
AP005	Identification of caseloads and verification of beneficiaries in different target groups – inclusion factors integrate gender, diversity and disability in the response		x	x														
AP005	Distribution of the shelter and essential household items; sleeping kit (2 blankets, 2 sleeping mats) and 100 family tents		x	x	x	x												

AP005	Give basic training on the use of emergency shelter items to volunteers.	x	x	x	x													
AP005	Monitoring of the use of distributed emergency shelter items	x	x	x	x													
AP005	Post distribution monitoring of the support provided					x	x	x	x									



Livelihoods and basic needs

People targeted: 3,000

Male: 1,500

Female: 1,500

Requirements (CHF): 35,481

Sector	Needs analysis	Assistance and population targeted
Food assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Families displaced to evacuation centres need hot meals. This is also part of PRC Welfare services. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Families who are living in evacuation centre will be provided with hot meals / ready to eat food. At least 1,000 hot meals per day/chapter will be served over a period of 14 days. Targeting to reach at least 3,000 people over the period. <i>Note: # of people to be reach will depend on the need on the ground, plan of the LGU and assistance from other organisations on the ground.</i> PRC will mobilise its hot meal trucks for the provision of assistance.

P&B Output Code	Livelihoods and basic needs Outcome 1: Communities, especially in disaster and crisis affected areas, restore and strengthen their livelihoods	# of people who report being able to meet the basic needs of their households, according to their priorities (Target: At least 3,000 people)															
	Livelihoods and basic needs Output 1.2: Basic needs assistance for livelihoods security including food is provided to the most affected communities	# of hot meals distributed (Target: 28,000 hot meals distributed)															
Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP008	Food distributions in the form of ready-to-eat food/hot meals (as a part of PRC Welfare Support)	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP008	Mobilize hot meals trucks to the affected areas	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				



Health

People targeted: 3,000

Male: 1,500

Female: 1,500

Requirements (CHF): 35,567

Sector	Needs Analysis	Assistance and population to be targeted
Health	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Abra Provincial Hospital reported damages to an extent that patients were evacuated to nearby hospital. There is a need to transportation patients to nearby health facility. - There are people in need of immediate first aid, stabilization support and transportation to a nearby health facility. - There are losses of lives, and some people are in extreme shock due to loss of dear ones, some due to a narrow escape and some due aftershocks. Total of 816 aftershocks are reported as of date. These people need immediate PFA and some PSS in the later stage. - Adequate supply and distribution of PPE along with proper training and operational support will be essential. There is a risk of an extensive spread of the virus, resulting in a further increase in caseload and severe illness. - Due to power interruptions in some of the areas, there is a need to set-up temporary lights in the evacuation centres. - There is high risk of contracting COVID-19 virus, as the cases are increasing in the Philippines. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Deployment of ambulance to transport patients to nearby hospitals. - Mobilize and register volunteers for PSS and Psychological First Aid (PFA) activities. - Provision of search and rescue operations. - Provision of portable LED light towers with generators to be procured and mobilized during search and rescue operations and in setting up and for evacuation centres in case of issues with power supply. - Provide rapid medical management of injuries and diseases through PRC chapter and Welfare Desks – at evacuation centres. - 400 families will be provided with mosquito nets (part of the standard NFI package). - Provide 6,000 facemasks to staff / volunteers and affected people base on the need. At least 600 people to be supported. - Provision of IEC materials to disseminate health related information.

P&B Output Code	Health Outcome 1: The immediate risks to the health of affected populations are reduced	# of people reached through NS emergency health management programmes (Target: 3,000 people)																
	Health Output 1.1: The health situation and immediate risks are assessed using agreed guidelines	# of health-related assessment is undertaken (part of the RDANA) (Target: 1 assessment)																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP021	Conduct an initial assessment on health status of the affected population as part of RDANA		x	x														
P&B Output Code	Health Output 1.2: Target population is provided with rapid medical management of injuries and diseases	# of people transported to the health facilities (needs-based) # of people provided with First Aid (needs-based) # of facemasks provided (needs-based) # of IEC materials distributed (needs-based)																

	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
AP022	Mobilize PRC ambulances to provide services, and enhance referral activities as needed		x	x															
AP022	Establish PRC First Aid stations in evacuation centres as needed		x	x	x	x													
AP022	Mobilize Red Cross 143 volunteers to conduct First Aid and blood pressure readings		x	x	x	x													
AP002	Provide facemasks to staff/volunteers/affected people		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
AP002	Print and distribute IEC materials containing health messages		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x									
P&B Output Code	Health Outcome 2: The immediate risks to the health of the affected populations are reduced through improved access to medical treatment								# of people reached with search and rescue (<i>needs-based</i>)										
	Health Output 2.3: Target population is reached with Search and Rescue activities								# of search and rescue team is deployed (<i>Target: 1</i>) # of portable LED light towers with generators to be procured and mobilized (<i>Target: 2</i>)										
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
AP082	Mobilization of PRC ERU for Search and Rescue		x																
AP082	Provision of portable LED light towers with generators to be procured and mobilized		x	x	x	x													
P&B Output Code	Health Outcome 4: Transmission of diseases of epidemic potential is reduced								# of people reached with community-based epidemic prevention and control activities (<i>Target: 600</i>)										
	Health Output 4.1: Community-based disease control and health promotion is provided to the target population								# of people with adequate access to PPE to prevent transmission of diseases during emergency (<i>Target: 6,000 face masks provided</i>) % of target population who can recall 2 or more protective measures										
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
AP021	Provision of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for staff, volunteers and people assisted		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
AP021	Ensure Swab tests to staff and volunteers		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
AP084	Disseminate information about COVID-19 risks and prevention		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
P&B Output Code	Health Output 4.2: Vector-borne diseases are prevented								# of household receiving LLINs (long life insecticide treated nets) in emergencies (<i>Target: 400 families (1 per family)</i>)										
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
AP021	Distribution of mosquito nets		x	x	x	x													
P&B Output Code	Health Outcome 6: The psychosocial impacts of the emergency are lessened								# people provided with direct psychosocial support (<i>needs-based</i>)										
	Health Output 6.1: Psychosocial support provided to the target population as well as to RCRC volunteers and staff								# of volunteers mobilized to provide psychosocial support (<i>Target:20</i>)										

Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP023	Provide PSS to people affected by the crisis/disaster	x	x	x	x												
AP023	Provide PSS to staff and volunteers	x	x	x	x												



Water, sanitation and hygiene

People targeted: 10,000

Male: 5,000

Female: 5,000

Requirements (CHF): 60,798

Sector	Needs Analysis	Assistance and population to be targeted
Water, sanitation, and hygiene	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Immediate need of affected population is safe drinking water in the evacuation centres and in communities, where the water sources / pipelines were damaged. - Majority of people in the areas rely on protected wells, hand pumps or developed springs for their source of water. Some of these facilities will/may have collapsed due to the earthquake or a landslide that follow the earthquake. - Families in evacuation centres do not have enough safe water containers or any other storage mechanism. - Poor hygiene behaviour was observed in some communities that can lead to possible spread of waterborne disease. - The evacuation centres may need safe and clean sanitation and shower facilities, separate for men and women. 	<p>Water supply</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mobilize 12,000-liter water tankers and purification unit. - Distribute safe drinking water. - 700 families² will be provided jerry cans (2 per family) under the essential household items mentioned under the shelter section and during water distribution in the communities. <p>Sanitation</p> <p>Sanitation needs will be determined during the rapid assessment, and measures to address any gaps will then be incorporated into the EPoA. This could include installing temporary latrines, shower and washing facilities, cleaning sanitary facilities in the evacuation centers or community clean-up campaigns.</p> <p>Hygiene</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Recruitment of RC 143 WASH volunteers (depending on the need). - Emergency hygiene promotion (EHP) sessions will be conducted in evacuation centres focusing on personal hygiene, solid waste management, and prevention of diarrhea. - 10,000 affected people will be reached with WASH interventions. - 500 families³ will be provided hygiene kits for two months under Shelter distribution and during tent distribution to people displaced outside evacuation center.

² Targeting to reach 400 families under EHI and 300 families while distribution of water in the communities, totaling to 700 families.

³ Targeting to reach 400 families under EHI and 100 families who are provided with tents, totaling to 500 families.

		- Information dissemination regarding the use of items from hygiene kits and water storage will be conducted by PRC volunteers alongside hygiene promotion key messages.
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P&B Output Code	WASH Outcome 1: Immediate reduction in risk of waterborne and water related diseases in targeted communities	# of people provided with safe water (according to WHO standards) in the affected area (Target: 10,000 people) # of people reached through key messages on hygiene promotion (Target: 10,000 people)																
	WASH Output 1.1: Continuous assessment of water, sanitation, and hygiene situation is carried out in targeted communities	# of assessments/monitoring visits undertaken and shared (as part of the RDANA) (Target: 1)																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP026	Conduct assessment in coordination with government authorities and other stakeholders to identify water, sanitation and hygiene needs in the affected areas (as part of RDANA) continuous assessment of the WASH situation		x	x	x	x												
AP026	Continuously monitor the water, sanitation and hygiene situation in targeted communities		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				
AP026	Coordinate with WASH cluster on target group needs and appropriate response		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
P&B Output Code	WASH Output 1.2: Daily access to safe water which meets Sphere and WHO standards in terms of quantity and quality is provided to target population	# of people provided with safe water (according to WHO standards) (Target: 10,000) # of litres of safe water distributed (cumulative) (based on the need) # of households provided with jerry cans (Target: 700 families)																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP026	Deploy mass water treatment, storage and transport modules		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
AP026	Distribute two jerry can (10L capacity) 2 per family for water storage		x	x	x	x												
AP026	Provide safe water to people in targeted communities		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
AP026	Conduct sessions on safe household water storage and utilization		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
AP026	Demobilize mass water treatment units and water tankers to warehouses (WASH hubs).													x				
P&B Output Code	WASH Output 1.3: Adequate sanitation which meets Sphere standards in terms of quantity and quality is provided to target population	# of people benefitted from the temporary latrine and shower facilities in the evacuation centres (based on the need) # of cleaning activities conducted in the evacuation centres/ community (based on the need)																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP028	Make provisions of safe and secure temporary sanitation and shower facility, separately for men and women in one evacuation centre.		x	x	x	x												
AP028	Conduct cleaning activities conducted in the evacuation centres / community		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
P&B Output	WASH Output 1.4: Hygiene promotion activities which meet Sphere standards in terms of the identification and use of hygiene items provided to target population	# of people reached by hygiene promotion activities (Target: 10,000) # of volunteers involved in hygiene promotion activities (Target: 20)																

Code	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		
AP030	Select target groups, key messages, and methods of communicating with recipients (mass media and interpersonal communication).		x	x																
AP030	Reprint/reproduce IEC materials		x	x																
AP030	Conduct hygiene promotion activities		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x							
P&B Output Code	WASH Output 1.5: Hygiene-related goods (NFIs) which meet Sphere standards and training on how to use those goods is provided to the target population								<i># of households provided with a set of essential hygiene items (Target: 500 households)</i>											
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		
AP030	Mobilize RC143 WASH volunteers and provide them with orientation on distribution protocols.		x	x	x	x														
AP030	Identify, validate and finalize beneficiary lists for the distribution of hygiene kits (one per family)		x	x	x	x														
AP030	Post distribution monitoring of the hygiene kits										x	x	x	x						



Protection, Gender and Inclusion

People targeted 10,000

Male: 5,000

Female: 5,000

Requirements (CHF): 22,421

Sector	Needs Analysis	Assistance and population to be targeted
PGI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The initial assessment will focus on key PGI areas and identify needs in terms of all PGI elements - Different studies including the IFRC-led SGBV research shows that sexual and gender-based violence increases by almost 30% during and after a disaster. - It is important that the distribution and targeting are inclusive, diversity-friendly, non-exploitative and sensitive to the needs of the most vulnerable population subsets, including women and girl children - The operation needs to integrate a 'do no harm' approach into all aspects of planning and programming. PRC will capture sex and age disaggregated data for the purpose of accountability to communities, to analyse who is directly benefitting and who is not benefitting from services; and to understand the number and specific vulnerabilities of females to males based on their gender roles and age (i.e. to understand if a higher proportion of women, children or men are made 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - All the people assisted in either relief phase and through any sectoral interventions, must include PGI lenses, especially in beneficiary selection, delivery of interventions, monitoring, and reporting. - As part of this operation 10,000 people with either messages or interventions in relation to PGI - At least 4 Child Friendly Spaces will be set-up in evacuation centres. At least 1,000 children to be supported. - Provision of 1,000 play kits to children, who are displaced.

	vulnerable) and to provide age- and sex-appropriate clothing, hygiene materials and healthcare.	
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P&B Output Code	Protection, Gender & Inclusion Outcome 1: Communities become more peaceful, safe and inclusive through meeting the needs and rights of the most vulnerable.								# of people reached by protection, gender and inclusion services (Target: 10,000 people)									
	Protection, Gender & Inclusion Output 1.1: Programmes and operations ensure safe and equitable provision of basic services, considering different needs based on gender and other diversity factors.								Initial assessments focus on key PGI areas (as part of RDANA) Sex-age and disability disaggregated data is collected									
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP031	Identify specific needs of the affected population based on criteria selected from the minimum standard on protection, gender and inclusion		x	x														
AP031	Ensure identification and proactive inclusion of different targeted groups – the factors include gender, age, diversity, disability, sexual orientation, etc.		x	x														
AP031	Support sectoral teams to include measures to address vulnerabilities specific to gender and diversity factors (including people with disabilities) in their planning		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
AP031	Support sectoral teams to ensure the collection and analysis of sex-age and disability-disaggregated data		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
P&B Output Code	Protection, Gender & Inclusion Output 1.2: Programmes and operations prevent and respond to sexual- and gender-based violence and other forms of violence especially against children.								% of staff and volunteers sign the code of conduct (Target: 100%) # of referrals to relevant support services (based on the need) # of child friendly spaces set-up (Target: 4) # of play kits procured (Target: 1,000)									
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP033	Use Minimum Standard checklists as a guide to support sectoral teams to include measures to mitigate the risk of SGBV		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
AP033	Establish a system to ensure IFRC and NS staff and volunteers have signed the Code of Conduct and have received a briefing in this regard		x	x	x	x	x	x										
AP033	Map and make accessible information on local referral systems and services for any safeguarding, protection, and SGBV concerns		x	x														
AP033	Provide psychosocial support if there are victims of SGBV		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
AP033	Provide essential services (including reception facilities, RFL, and access to education, health, shelter, and legal services) to unaccompanied and separated children and other children on their own		x	x	x	x	x	x										
AP033	Referral of specific vulnerable individuals (children, people with disability, pregnant women, elderly, etc.) to relevant service providers		x	x	x	x	x	x										

AP033	Volunteers, staff, and contractors sign are screened for and are briefed on child protection policy/guidelines	x	x	x	x													
AP033	Setting up Child-Friendly Spaces to conduct child-friendly activities including educational ones	x	x	x	x													
AP033	Procurement of play kit for children	x	x	x	x													

Strategies for Implementation

Requirements (CHF): 65,645

P&B Output Code	Outcome S1.1: National Society capacity building and organizational development objectives are facilitated to ensure that National Societies have the necessary legal, ethical and financial foundations, systems and structures, competencies and capacities to plan and perform.	# of branches that have the capacity to lead the operation at local level (Target: 2)																	
	Output S1.1.4: National Societies have effective and motivated volunteers who are protected	% of volunteers involved in response who are insured (Target: 100%)																	
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
AP002	Visibility of the NS is ensured throughout the operation		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
AP040	All volunteers are insured		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
AP040	Provide complete briefings on volunteers' roles and the risks they face		x	x															
P&B Output Code	Outcome S2.1: Effective and coordinated international disaster response is ensured	Effective and coordinated international disaster response ensured																	
	Output S2.1.1: Effective and respected surge capacity mechanism is maintained	# of rapid response personnel support the operation (Target: 1)																	
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
AP046	Deployment of rapid response personnel to support the response (based on the need)		x	x	x	x													
P&B Output Code	Output S2.1.3: NS compliance with Principles and Rules for Humanitarian Assistance is improved	DREF procedures are applied during the implementation of the operation (Target: Yes)																	
			% target population is satisfied with the support received (Target: 80%)																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
AP046	Communicate and engage with communities on social media (Facebook and Twitter).		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
AP084	CEA awareness sessions for the staff and volunteers are conducted		x	x															

AP054	Ensure that the Principles and Rules, Emergency Response Framework, and Emergency Appeal and DREF procedures are well understood and applied	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
AP054	Develop or adapt, review, translate into local languages and disseminate targeted messages for media, volunteers, local and community leaders, and other stakeholders to inform community dialogue and feedback.	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
AP054	Design and set up a multi-sectoral feedback mechanism and collect information on current interventions and focus group interests to improve services across all sectors (i.e., shelter, livelihoods, health, WASH, etc.)		x	x	x	x	x											
AP054	Community communication activities ensure people are kept informed of operational plans and progress and have information to make an informed decision		x	x	x	x	x											
AP055	Regular monitoring and conduct Post Distribution Monitoring of the response operation	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
P&B Output Code	Output S2.1.4: Supply chain and fleet services meet recognized quality and accountability standards	<i>The logistics department provides constant support to the National Society's logistics unit for replenishment and other procurements. (Target: Yes)</i>																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP051	IFRC country delegation's logistics department provides constant support to the National Society's logistics unit for replenishment and other procurements	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
P&B Output Code	Output S2.1.6: Coordinating role of the IFRC within the international humanitarian system is enhanced	<i># of coordination meetings are held with other stakeholders (Target: 3)</i>																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP049	IFRC CD supports PRC in coordination with other humanitarian actors and relevant clusters on a regular basis	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
P&B Output Code	Outcome S2.2: The complementarity and strengths of the movement are enhanced	<i>Complementarity and strengths of the movement enhanced (Target: Yes)</i>																
	Output S2.2.1: In the context of emergencies the IFRC, ICRC and NS enhance their operational reach and effectiveness through new means of coordination	<i>Movement coordination is well-established (Target: Yes)</i>																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP049	SMCC and movement coordination	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

P&B Output Code	Outcome S3.1: The IFRC secretariat, together with National Societies uses their unique position to influence decisions at local, national and international levels that affect the most vulnerable.	<i>IFRC and PRC participate in local, national, and international dialogues/meetings</i>																
	Output S3.1.1: IFRC and NS are visible, trusted and effective advocates on humanitarian issues	# communications materials produced/published (Target: 10) # of lessons learned workshop conducted (Target: 1)																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP054	Communications work of PRC is supported by the IFRC CD and APRO	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
AP054	Support the positioning of the Philippine Red Cross as a credible and leading humanitarian responder with a strong network of volunteers and expertise in disaster management.		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
AP054	PRC, IFRC Communications team to ensure Red Cross response efforts, challenges, and milestones are effectively communicated amongst its key public audiences and maintain active online media engagement throughout the emergency		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
AP054	A composite team of PRC and IFRC communications officers will work together to generate high-quality photos, video clips, and news stories for use across IFRC and PRC multimedia platforms.		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
AP054	Identify and maximize opportunities for regional and international media outreach (pitching to individual media, press releases, press conferences, setting up interviews, media trips, briefing documents for media, writing opinion pieces or blogs).		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
AP054	Align messaging with PRC communications and support them to use national media and wider IFRC positions, e.g., on migration, PGI, WASH, etc.		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
AP055	Lessons learned workshop																x	
P&B Output Code	Outcome S4.1: The IFRC enhances its effectiveness, credibility and accountability	<i>Effective performance of staff supported by HR procedures (Target: Yes)</i>																
	Output S4.1.2: IFRC staff shows good level of engagement and performance	% of compliance with PRC HR procedures (Target: 100%)																
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP065	HR work – recruitment to PRC procedures	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					
AP065	HR work – clearance to PRC procedures									x	x	x	x					
P&B Output	Output S4.1.3: Financial resources are safeguarded; quality financial and administrative support is provided contributing to	% of financial reporting respecting the IFRC procedures (Target: 100%)																

Code	efficient operations and ensuring effective use of assets; timely quality financial reporting to stakeholders																	
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP065	IFRC Country Delegation finance department supports PRC finance unit to comply with finance procedures and reporting standards		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
AP065	IFRC Country Delegation administration department supports PRC		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
P&B Output Code	Output S4.1.4: Staff security is prioritized in all IFRC activities				% of operational staff for IFRC receive a security briefing (Target: 100%)													
	Activities planned	Week	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
AP054	IFRC CD security focal person provides updates to PRC and coordinates with PNS and the ICRC		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

D. Funding Requirements

International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

all amounts in Swiss Francs (CHF)

DREF OPERATION

MDRPH047 Philippines: Tayum, Abra Earthquake

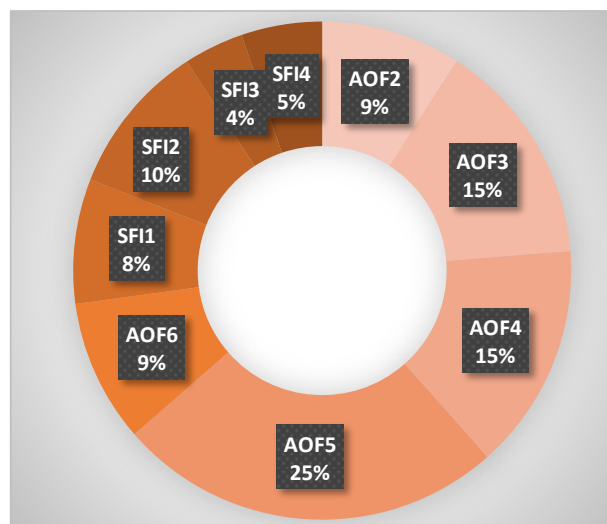
8/1/2022

Budget by Resource

Budget Group	Budget
Clothing & Textiles	7,719
Food	24,561
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	42,281
Medical & First Aid	15,789
Teaching Materials	21,930
Utensils & Tools	5,447
Other Supplies & Services	14,393
Relief items, Construction, Supplies	132,121
Distribution & Monitoring	10,000
Transport & Vehicles Costs	25,954
Logistics Services	5,000
Logistics, Transport & Storage	40,954
National Society Staff	4,772
Volunteers	18,000
Personnel	22,772
Workshops & Training	1,965
Workshops & Training	1,965
Travel	13,070
Information & Public Relations	2,632
Office Costs	3,193
Communications	1,063
Financial Charges	351
Other General Expenses	9,035
General Expenditure	29,344
DIRECT COSTS	227,156
INDIRECT COSTS	14,765
TOTAL BUDGET	241,921

Budget by Area of Intervention

AOF1	Disaster Risk Reduction	
AOF2	Shelter	22,008
AOF3	Livelihoods and Basic Needs	35,481
AOF4	Health	35,567
AOF5	Water, Sanitation and Hygiene	60,798
AOF6	Protection, Gender and Inclusion	22,421
AOF7	Migration	
SFI1	Strengthen National Societies	19,571
SFI2	Effective International Disaster Management	23,963
SFI3	Influence others as leading strategic partners	9,417
SFI4	Ensure a strong IFRC	12,694
TOTAL		241,921



Contact information

For further information, specifically related to this operation please contact:

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For IFRC Resource Mobilization and Pledges support

- **In IFRC Asia Pacific Regional Office:** Cessie Petchi, acting partnership in emergencies coordinator; email: partnershipsEA.AP@ifrc.org

For Performance and Accountability support (planning, monitoring, evaluation and reporting enquiries)

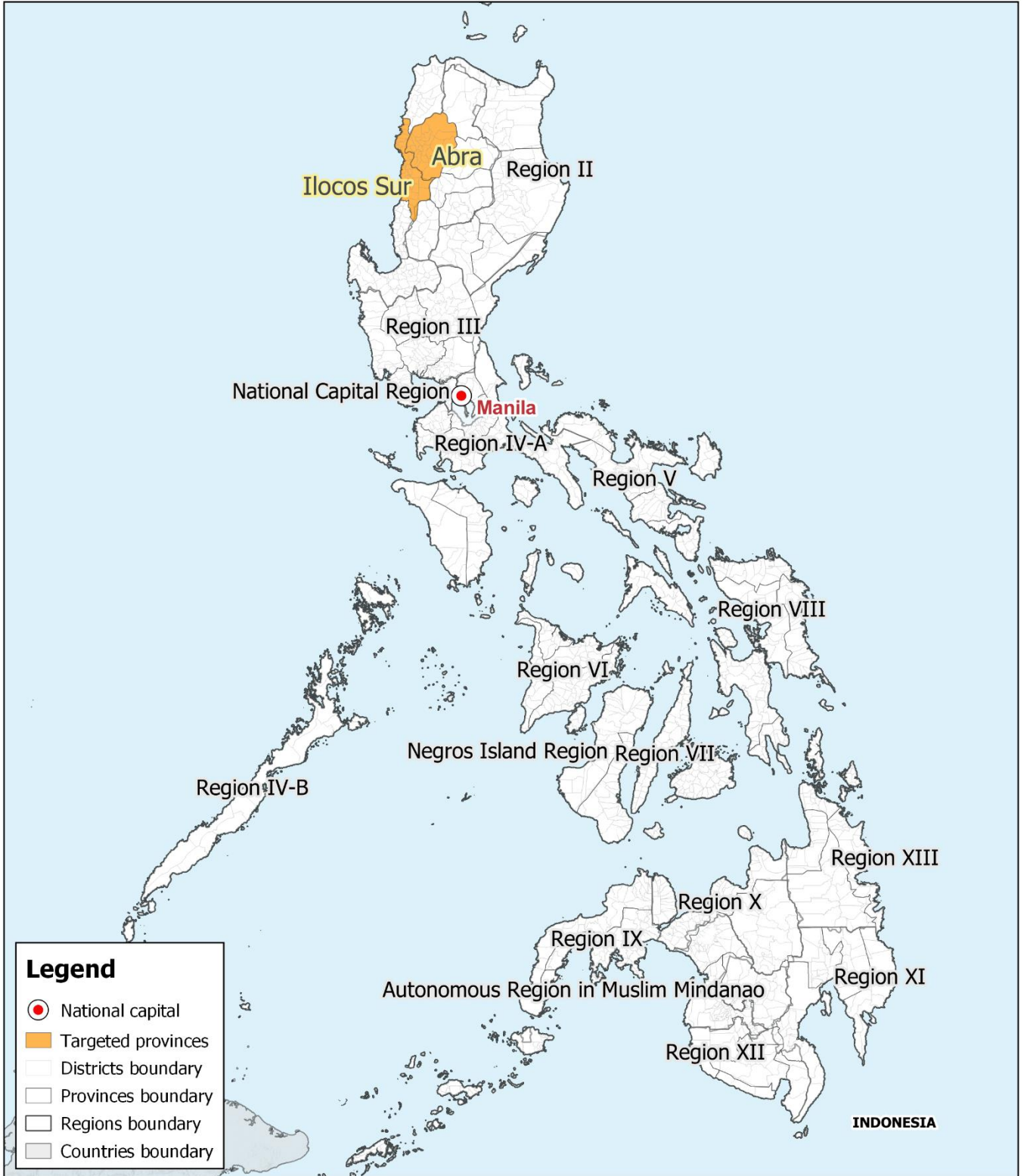
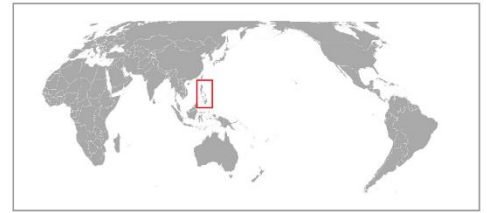
- **In IFRC Asia Pacific Regional Office:** Alice Ho, head of PMER and Quality Assurance; email: alice.ho@ifrc.org

How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the **Code of Conduct** for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGO's) in Disaster Relief and the **Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere)** in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, **encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities** by National Societies, with a view to **preventing and alleviating human suffering**, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

**Philippines: Tayum, Abra Earthquake
Emergency Plan of Action (EPoA)**

29 July 2022



Legend

- National capital
- Targeted provinces
- Districts boundary
- Provinces boundary
- Regions boundary
- Countries boundary

The maps used do not imply the expression of any opinion on the part of the International Federation of the Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies or National Societies concerning the legal status of territory or its authorities. Map data sources: OCHA, OSM Contributors, ICRC, IFRC

