Summary

IFRC’s Ebola strategic framework is organised around 5 outcomes:

- The epidemic is stopped
- National Societies have better Ebola preparedness and stronger long term capacities
- IFRC operations are well coordinated
- Safe and Dignified Burials (SDB) are effectively carried out by all actors
- Recovery of community life and livelihoods

Six emergency appeals were launched to combat Ebola Virus Disease (EVD) outbreaks in Guinea, Liberia, Sierra Leone, Nigeria and Senegal, while providing coordination and technical support at the regional and global level.

To help stop the spread of Ebola, Red Cross volunteers in Guinea are visiting communities to meet with residents face-to-face. They sensitise people to change attitudes and practices that could spread the virus like here in the village of Kolebengo, one of the most resistant villages in Guéckedou. Moustapha Diallo/IFRC

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**Ebolan Emergency Appeals: Summary Update on Resource Mobilization 19/3/2015**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appeal</th>
<th>Guinea MDRGN007</th>
<th>Liberia MDRLR001</th>
<th>Sierra Leone MDRSL005</th>
<th>Nigeria MDRNG017</th>
<th>Senegal MDRSN010</th>
<th>Coordination &amp; Preparedness MDR60002</th>
<th>Total Figures (CHF)</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Budget</strong></td>
<td>28.5M</td>
<td>24.5M</td>
<td>40.4M</td>
<td>1.6 M</td>
<td>1.4 M</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Income to date</strong></td>
<td>21.6M</td>
<td>21.8M</td>
<td>47.3M</td>
<td>0.6m</td>
<td>0.2m</td>
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<td>96.3m</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Coverage</strong></td>
<td>76%</td>
<td>89%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>86%</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Funding Gap</strong></td>
<td>6.9 M</td>
<td>2.7M</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1M</td>
<td>1.2M</td>
<td>11.1M</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Current top funding priorities:** Guinea Emergency Appeal, Global Coordination & Preparedness Appeal

**Appeal revisions:** The Emergency Appeals for Guinea, Liberia and Sierra Leone will all be revised to include recovery programming in April 2015.

**Federation-wide Information:** In addition to the total of CHF 96.3 million received through IFRC Ebola Emergency Appeals (above), it is estimated that to date there has been an additional CHF 41 million in bilateral income/contributions, making a total of CHF 137 million in Red Cross Red Crescent contributions/income to date.

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¹ A single combined operations update is produced for the 5 Ebola operations on a fortnightly basis
In helping stop the epidemic, the appeal operations employ a 5 pillar approach comprising: (1) Beneficiary Communication and Social Mobilization; (2) Contact Tracing and Surveillance; (3) Psychosocial Support; (4) Case Management; and (5) Safe and Dignified Burials (SDB) and Disinfection.

Smaller preparedness and response operations were financed by the IFRC Disaster Response Emergency Fund (DREF) in Mali, Cote d’Ivoire, Cameroon, Togo, Benin, Central African Republic, Chad, Gambia, Guinea Bissau and Ethiopia. In total, 16 countries in Africa have launched emergency operations relating to this outbreak.\(^2\)

The epidemiological situation continues to fluctuate, and there are concerns that the fast approaching rainy season (April – May) will hinder Ebola response activities. The rains have the potential to wash away roads and isolate entire communities, complicating logistics for aid delivery and movement of health care workers and other Ebola responders.

Although current transmission is currently confined to a relatively narrow geographic corridor, the population is currently highly mobile, with a great deal of movement throughout surrounding districts and countries. Despite ongoing and extensive community engagement, more than half of all EVD deaths in Guinea continue to be identified post-mortem in the community, there are ongoing reports of unsafe burials occurring, and many confirmed cases are not listed as registered contacts, suggesting that the outbreak is still being driven by unknown chains of transmission.

A new report released by UNICEF has highlighted the dramatic impact Ebola has had on children. According to UNICEF, of the more than 24,000 people infected, more than 5,000 are children, and more than 16,000 children have lost one or both parents, or their primary caregiver, to Ebola.

Researchers have also raised concerns about the likelihood of an unprecedented measles outbreak in West Africa. The Ebola outbreak has caused severe disruption to health care services in affected countries, including childhood vaccination programs, resulting in a 75% drop in vaccination rates in Guinea, Liberia and Sierra Leone. Researchers have estimated that the number of children under five who will go unvaccinated could be as many as 1 million by June.

In the first two weeks of March, Guinea recorded 149 confirmed cases and 84 deaths. The epidemic is now almost entirely concentrated in Conakry and surrounding prefectures in Lower Guinea, particularly in Forécariah. The IFRC and GRC are redeploying human resources to reinforce teams in Lower Guinea and to increase the response capacity in the region. Outside of Lower Guinea, only Macenta and Lola remain active in the epidemic.

Guinea has confirmed dates for the upcoming Presidential election, which will take place in October 2015. The IFRC and Guinea Red Cross are reviewing security and operational plans in anticipation of the campaign season and election. In addition the IFRC and GRC will review the ongoing Ebola operation and Emergency Appeal to ensure adequate measures are taken to address the consequences of the Ebola outbreak during the rainy season, to be able to efficiently deliver humanitarian services to the affected population. Finally, the Red Cross Recovery Assessment Team has completed their field visits, and are now working with IFRC and GRC to complete their findings and recommendations.

As of 12 March 2015, there had been no new confirmed cases in Liberia, and the last case was discharged from an ETU in Montserrado County on 4 March 2015. If this situation continues, Liberia will be declared Ebola-free on 14 April 2015 (42 days must elapse before transmission can be considered to have ended).

\(^2\) An operation in Democratic Republic of Congo was launched to combat the separate Ebola outbreak that is not part of the West Africa outbreak.
While the country is cautiously optimistic of being declared Ebola-free by the WHO, there remains a need for sustained strengthening of cross border surveillance and management. Until Ebola is eradicated in Guinea and Sierra Leone, Liberia remains at risk of reinfection.

The planned integrated measles vaccination program has been delayed, and will now commence on 10 May 2015. Following LNRC’s suggestion, the MoH and partners have agreed social mobilization efforts should be strengthened to increase support in the community.

Despite concerted efforts, Ebola is still spreading in Sierra Leone. However, in the week to 15 March, 55 confirmed cases were reported, which is the lowest weekly total since late June 2014. The Western Area Urban and Port Loko remain hotspots, while Kenema has now completed 21 days without any new confirmed cases, and Bo and Pujehun have not reported any cases in over 42 days. There are currently more than 140 people in treatment centres and more than 8,000 contacts being monitored across the country.

Operation Updates
Latest available cumulative data are provided below for 11 situation and programme indicators.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Guinea (MDGN007)</th>
<th>Liberia (MDLR001)</th>
<th>Sierra Leone (MDRSL005)</th>
<th>Nigeria (MDRNG017)</th>
<th>Senegal (MDRSN010)</th>
<th>Total</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cumulative Cases</td>
<td>3,373</td>
<td>9,689</td>
<td>11,722</td>
<td>21</td>
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<td>Cumulative Health Care Worker Deaths</td>
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<td>180</td>
<td>222</td>
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<td>Cumulative Deaths</td>
<td>2,216</td>
<td>4,275</td>
<td>3,678</td>
<td>8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fatality rate</td>
<td>66%</td>
<td>44%</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>41%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Safe and Dignified Burials (SDB) conducted by NS</td>
<td>2,971</td>
<td>3,626</td>
<td>9,305</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>15,902</td>
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<tr>
<td>Trained RC volunteers active in Ebola</td>
<td>726</td>
<td>1,075</td>
<td>1,873</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>510</td>
<td>4,232</td>
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<tr>
<td>Contacts traced by NS</td>
<td>9,956</td>
<td>7,792*</td>
<td>79,377*</td>
<td>891</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>98,091</td>
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<tr>
<td>Houses disinfected by NS</td>
<td>18,971</td>
<td>2,702</td>
<td>7,110**</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>28,797</td>
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<tr>
<td>People reached through face to face social mobilization</td>
<td>1,194,165</td>
<td>1,766,924</td>
<td>1,714,563†</td>
<td>1,043,565</td>
<td>322,540</td>
<td>6,041,757</td>
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<tr>
<td>People reached through Psychosocial support</td>
<td>3,554</td>
<td>2,667</td>
<td>208,680</td>
<td>777</td>
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<td>215,678</td>
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<tr>
<td>People treated by NS</td>
<td>N/A†</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>797</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>797</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NA= Not applicable - Treatment currently supported only by the Appeals in Sierra Leone
Source: Ministries of Health Sitreps (Guinea, Liberia, Sierra Leone, Nigeria, Senegal), WHO data
*Data for this reporting period not available.
**Correction: this figure was incorrectly reported in Operations Update #17. The correct figure for the period 15 – 28 March is 6,286.
† Correction: this figure was incorrectly reported in Operations Update #17. The correct figure for the period 15 – 28 March is 1,571,515.
‡ Case management is being implemented bilaterally in Guinea.

Guinea

Social mobilization and beneficiary communication
Social mobilization and beneficiary communications activities continued throughout Guinea, with 36,346 people reached through face-to-face interactions in the reporting period, and significantly more through radio and television broadcasts. IFRC and GRC teams are currently targeting Forécariah, and will be
increasing social mobilisation efforts in the prefecture to help address the deteriorating epidemiological situation.

**Highlights**

- Sensitization of 30 motorcycle taxi drivers in Kérouané, and distribution of 5 thermoflash thermometers to the Prefectural Department of Health.
- Ongoing media communication campaign to stem rumours about Ebola and Red Cross (Video with testimonies is being broadcast on main Guinean TV stations).
- The Communications Delegate facilitated a media tour with Francophone Belgium radio and television media to report on the Red Cross Ebola response.
- Production and distribution of 12 interactive radio shows on Radio-Television Guinea (RTG) and a number of rural radio stations. Themes that were discussed included illegal transportation of bodies and patients in taxis, the need for early treatment, disinfection and safe and dignified burials.
- Broadcasting of two radio shows sharing general information about Ebola and timely treatment in three national languages.

**Challenges**

- Handwashing stations in public spaces in Upper Guinea are no longer functional, due to the lack of management systems in the communities.
- In Upper Guinea, communities are abandoning prevention measures against Ebola because of the common perception that the epidemic is finished.

**Planning**

- Preparing for transition activities in Upper Guinea, as some areas have not recorded Ebola cases for up to 68 days.
- Launch of the *Words Against Ebola* global campaign in Conakry on 23 March 2015.
- Finalisation of two videos on disinfection and the Red Cross Ebola response.
- The Psychosocial Support Delegate will travel to prefectures across Lower Guinea, the new epicentre of the epidemic, to identify psychosocial support focal points and assess priority needs in the region.
- Participation in the Ebola campaign « That’s Enough », organized by the National Coordination Cell, UNMEER, and all responding organizations.
- Radio training for volunteers in Forécariah
- Training volunteers in sub-prefectures in EVD, community engagement and active listening.

**Psychosocial Support**

Psychosocial support (PSS) activities are targeted at survivors, Ebola-affected families, and Red Cross staff and volunteers. In the reporting period, 20 volunteers were trained in PSS, and 202 people were supported through PSS activities.

**Highlights**

- Twenty staff members of GRC attended a session on stress management.
- A volunteer who was attacked in a commune of Conakry received psychological first aid following the incident.

**Contact Tracing and Surveillance**

The Guinea Red Cross provides volunteers to undertake contact tracing and surveillance activities with other response agencies around the country. Six Red Cross volunteers were actively undertaking contact tracing during the reporting period, and 12 contacts were followed up on a daily basis.
Case Management in Red Cross Ebola Treatment Centres – Macenta
It should be noted that case management is being implemented bilaterally by French Red Cross in Guinea. Please refer to Movement Coordination for further information.

Safe and Dignified Burials and Disinfections of Houses
Over the past two weeks, Safe and Dignified Burial (SDB) teams conducted 226 safe burials, in addition to disinfecting 273 houses. In response to the evolving epidemiological situation, and the sensitivities relating to response times, the SDB Pillar has decided to increase the number of active SDB and swabbing teams in the following prefectures:

- In Conakry - from 5 to 10
- In Forecariah - from 3 to 7
- In Coyah - from 3 to 5
- In Dubreka - from 2 to 3

The SDB Pillar also decided to decrease the number of active teams in Middle Guinea from 2 to 1 for all prefectures, with the exception of Mali which will keep two teams active (with vehicles and petrol).

Challenges:
- With the continued high caseload in Forécariah, the IFRC and GRC teams have worked to reinforce the capacities of the teams through refresher trainings for existing teams, and ongoing training for new teams and additional personnel responsible for the hygiene and safety of the SDB teams. A new dressing and undressing space is also being equipped to increase the safety of these volunteers.

Liberia

Social Mobilization and Beneficiary Communication
Red Cross volunteers continued to conduct social mobilization and community education sessions across Liberia.

Highlights

Montserrado County
- Social mobilization activities have been scaled down in some communities, and scaled up in four new communities. A total of 350 volunteers conducted Ebola awareness raising in beneficiary communities.
- The chapter is conducting assessments in more than 500 target schools in county.

River Cess County
- A total of 100 volunteers were mobilized during the reporting period; 88 volunteers were engaged in social mobilization in nine communities, while 12 volunteers conducted other EVD emergency response interventions.
- Two monitoring visits were carried out by chapter staff to ensure that interventions were carried out effectively.

Grand Bassa County
- LNRCS Grand Bassa Chapter has mobilized a total of 130 volunteers to cover 12 communities.
- The chapter rolled out eight aggressive social mobilization campaigns in schools, communities, transport centres and market places regarding EVD interventions, and established four hand washing points in communities where no such facilities previously existed.
Chapter staff and the IFRC Health Delegate attended regular IMS meeting led by County Health Team. With regards to school opening, LNRCS Grand Bassa Chapter field officer was appointed by the county health team to chair a committee for IPC Kits harmonization and implementation of monitoring. Coordination is ongoing with Ministry of Education through county education officer and district officers so as to better coordinate multi-sectorial IPC Kits implementation. Other members of this committee are Concern World Wide, WFP, Accelor Mittal and IOM.

Grand Cape Mount County
- Grand Cape Mount chapter mobilized a total of 41 volunteers.

Bomi County
- 78 volunteers were engaged social mobilisation activities during the reporting period.
- Volunteers are disseminating messages at communities, markets, and public transport hubs on how to protect yourself, your family and your community from Ebola.

Bong County
- The Bong Chapter has mobilized a total of 120 volunteer to conduct household visits and campaign at public places.

Psychosocial Support

Psychosocial support continues to be provided to affected individuals, families, community members and Red Cross staff and volunteers.

Highlights
- LNRCS and IFRC conducted a two-week debriefing programme with a psychosocial support debriefing specialist. Together with LNRCS, four national counsellors were selected to conduct a one-day training in debriefing. During the first week, the counsellors debriefed 75 people from the SDB teams.
- LNRCS commenced the psychosocial support assessment survey. Seven staff members from the psychosocial support, communications and beneficiary communications departments conducted interviews with approximately 300 people at the LNRCS Headquarters.

Safe and Dignified Burials and Disinfection of Houses

The Ministry of Health Deputy Minister, Tolbert Nyenswah made the decision that from 10 March 2015, all SDB activities in Montserrat sectors 1, 2 and 3 will be undertaken by Global Communities, while Red Cross will continue implementing SDB activities in sector 1 only.

With the drastic reduction in the need for SDB teams, the process of reducing staff and vehicles has begun. It is anticipated that LNRCS will proceed with five SDB teams and one spray team.

Surveillance and Contact Tracing

There are no contacts being followed up in Liberia at present.

Highlights
- In Grand Cape Mount, 61 contact tracing volunteers were trained in active case finding and screening. Volunteers are currently carrying out screening at six security checkpoints (Gbah Foboi, Sinje, Teinii, Lofa Bridge and Thian) in collaboration with the county health team. This is particularly important, as there has been an increase in movement following the opening of the border.
A three-day Active Case Finding ToT workshop (9th to 11th March 2015) was conducted in Bomi County for ten health officers from six counties (Grand Bassa, Gbarpolu, Grand Cape Mount, Montserrado, Margibi and Bomi). Topics covered included how to conduct active case finding and a refresher in the usage and disposal of the community based protection kits. The health officer will then train community health volunteers to conduct active case finding in the communities.

**Case Management - Community-Based Household Protection**

During this reporting period, LNRCS and IFRC conducted a joint internal review of the UNICEF-funded Community-Based Household Protection Kit project. The review targeted 15 counties in Liberia where training was conducted and kits distributed. Data analysis is ongoing, with the final report to be shared in early April 2015.

Montserrado County has distributed a total of 30 kits to ten townships. Following up the distribution, training will be conducted in the next week.

**Sierra Leone**

**Social Mobilization and Beneficiary Communications**

Social mobilization and beneficiary communications activities continued during the reporting period, and 143,048 people were reached through focus group discussions and house-to-house campaigns.

The weekly Red Cross television show and radio programmes continue to be broadcast, and have a nationwide reach.

**Challenges**

- Inaccessibility of some areas remain a challenge, more vehicles are needed to support volunteers to reach these areas.
- Discrimination and stigmatisation against survivors is still widely reported

**Planning**

- Construction is soon to begin on 150 Red Cross information kiosks in all operational districts.

**Psychosocial Support**

The Red Cross continues to support the reintegration of survivors back into their communities through the provision of psychosocial first aid, using individual and group counselling, and broader community engagement. To date, 570 psychosocial support volunteers have been trained. In the reporting period, 30,981 people were supported through psychosocial support activities.
**Surveillance and Contact Tracing**

In the reporting period, 80 volunteers were trained in contact tracing, while 490 Red Cross-trained contact tracing volunteers were actively involved in the national surveillance system.

![Graph 1: Number of Red Cross volunteers actively involved in contact tracing by district during the reporting period](image)

**Challenges**

- Poor transport and communication networks in some districts makes it difficult for effective surveillance and contact tracing to be undertaken.
- Movement of EVD-suspected people across different administration boundaries hampers effective surveillance.

**Case Management in Red Cross Ebola Treatment Centres - Kenema and Kono**

In the reporting period, 45 people were admitted to Red Cross Ebola Treatment Centres at Kenema and Kono, while 22 were discharged. Five people remain admitted at the treatment centre. The case fatality rate at the treatment centres is 16%.

**Planning**

Plans for decommissioning both ETCs at Kenema and Kono in the coming months are underway. Discussions with government health authorities are in progress to ensure that any scale down does not leave gaps in these districts. Caution remains, and it is acknowledged that the epidemiological situation may change at any time, and that rapid surge capacity is required for the coming months.

**Safe and Dignified Burials and Disinfections**

Red Cross currently has 54 SDB teams and four decontamination teams operating across Sierra Leone, who conducted 833 safe burials in the reporting period, in addition to disinfecting 824 houses.

In the reporting period, SDB teams collected 75% of the bodies for burial from the community, 16% from Community Care Centres, 6% from Ebola Treatment Centres, with the remaining 3% collected from other locations.
Challenges

- The main challenge continues to be related to government swabbers, who are not fully integrated into burial teams, which negatively impacts the disinfection process and complicates the data collection process.

Planning

- First Aid training for SDB teams
- Refresher training for SDB teams

Nigeria

On 20 October, WHO officially declared Nigeria free of Ebola. Over the reporting period, 40 Red Cross volunteers conducted sensitization sessions on infection control and prevention in markets in three markets in Lagos, reaching over 900 people. Three more public awareness-raising events are planned for the 23rd and 24th March, to coincide with the once year commemoration of the start of the Ebola outbreak. Thirty volunteers participated in Ebola preparedness training in Kaduna, where an international airport is located. Additional trainings are planned to occur in Enugu, Anambra and Ondo States in the coming week. The Port Health Department has now reduced the number of volunteers screening passengers at Murtala Muhummed International Airport in Lagos, and a team of five are continuing to check temperatures as people arrive.

Senegal

On 17 October, WHO officially declared Senegal free of Ebola. Senegal remains a high-risk country and strengthening of response capacity and preparedness is vital for early and effective response to potential new cases. In response to this continued threat of transmission, Senegalese Red Cross Society has held trainings for staff and volunteers based in regions bordering Guinea and Mali, which focused on epidemiological surveillance, contract tracing and the establishment of community surveillance committees. A second training was held with 45 communication focal points, which covered topics including Ebola information management, sensitization campaigns, and communication during crises.

Regional Coordination and Preparedness

*West Coast Ebola Beneficiary Communications Project*

Preparedness, prevention and response capacity is being strengthened across the region through a beneficiary communications and social mobilization project, which is being coordinated by the Beneficiary Communications Coordinator through the Regional Ebola Management Unit, and funded by the European Commission. This project is being led by National Societies in ten countries across West Africa, including Benin, Burkina Faso, Cote d’Ivoire, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea-Bissau, Mali, Nigeria, Senegal and Togo, and is designed to break the chain of transmission of Ebola through effective social mobilization, community engagement and beneficiary communications activities. A number of Partner National Societies are involved in the programme, including the Danish, Swiss, Spanish and Netherlands Red Cross National Societies, and these partners will work with National Societies in the targeted countries to enhance community understanding, engagement, ownership and implementation of prevention, preparedness and control measures, while also strengthening regional coordination and technical support to ensure a well-coordinated and harmonised response.

A video and audio campaign is currently in development, which will highlight some of the impacts of the Ebola outbreak. To date ten commercials have been completed to date. The commercials will air on commercial television channels, and used for mobile cinema activities in countries across the region.
Ebola Preparedness Fund

Recognising the need for a more complete and sustainable approach to EVD preparedness in at-risk countries, the Ebola Preparedness Fund (EPF) was established under the Ebola Global Coordination and Preparedness Emergency Appeal. The EPF is designed to provide National Societies with access to financial resources to prepare for a possible EVD outbreak, through activities informed by lessons learned from existing EVD response and preparedness operations.

The allocation of EPF grants has been based on criteria relating to the risk level of countries, such as those sharing a border with a country that has sustained transmission in the community, as well as countries connected to affected areas by active trade or migration activity. Allocations have also been based on current preparedness capacity and National Societies’ proposed plans of action. Three allocations have been made to date, which will support preparedness activities in 16 countries across East Africa and the Indian Ocean Islands, and the MENA Zone, in addition to Mali.

Movement Coordination

Words Against Ebola Campaign

Recognising the necessity of changing perceptions towards Ebola, the IFRC, together with the ICRC, is launching the Words Against Ebola campaign on 23 March 2015 in Guinea, the one year anniversary of the outbreak. The goals of this campaign are to promote knowledge and awareness, alleviate fear, overcome complacency, and create a community of global support to get to zero cases of Ebola. We will never be able to get down to zero cases unless we get rid of the fear, misconception and stigma attached to the disease. Ten positive words are at the core of the campaign: Support, Love, Hope, Knowledge, Dignity, Trust, Solidarity, Courage, Compassion and Collaboration. Our words have the power to turn up the volume and be heard - loud and clear. Every one of us can provide support by sharing their own words, facts and values.

The campaign will also be used to draw attention to the long-term recovery needs, and in particular the need for improved access to health care and strengthened systems. The Words Against Ebola campaign will also provide an opportunity for the Red Cross Red Crescent Movement to recognize the heroic work of our volunteers who have responded to the outbreak, while calling on the international community to maintain its commitment and not become complacent at what is the most difficult phase in the fight to eliminate the virus.

Bilateral Contributions

The French Red Cross (FRC) are currently operating treatment facilities and transit centres in Macenta, Forecariah and Kerouane. The French Red Cross Ebola response operation has an estimated budget of €24 million, which is 100% covered. 150 international delegates have been deployed since the start of the operation, and more than 300 national staff are currently under contract.

There have been 165 admissions to the 50-bed Ebola Treatment Unit in Macenta since its opening on 18 November 2014. FRC are currently hosting a clinical trial of the antiviral drug, Favipiravir at the ETU, in collaboration with the French National Institute of Health and Medical Research (INSERM).

FRC have also provided support to Guinea Red Cross in relation to awareness-raising outreach activities, focusing on the Red Cross Red Crescent Movement and the fundamental principles, which is intended to foster better acceptance of Red Cross response activities. To date, 6,000 individuals have been reached through these outreach activities, which have been supported by nine international technical staff.
The 14-bed Transit Centre in Forecariah receives has had 150 admissions since early January 2015, and confirmed cases are referred to Coyah or Donka ETUs. Due to the fluctuating number of cases in Guinea, FRC are currently considering transitioning the Transit Centre into an Ebola Treatment Unit with a capacity of 20 beds. On-going negotiations with the national authorities and French embassy are occurring regarding the establishment of a laboratory on-site.

The opening of the new ETU in Kerouane has been adjourned due to the transfer of the K-Plan laboratory in Forécariah.

Seven pre-deployment courses have been held at the FRC HQ in Paris, and 107 people have been trained to date.

German Red Cross is also operating a severe infection temporary treatment unit in Monrovia for patients who fit the case definition of Ebola. After triage, confirmed Ebola cases are transferred to ETCs, while those who are negative are treated on-site. More than 200 international staff (including 81 German Red Cross delegates and military personnel) and 230 national staff are involved. The German Red Cross Ebola response operation has a budget of €7.4 million, which is funded by the German Government.

A number of Partner National Societies have provided bilateral support to the affected countries, as well as preparedness activities in surrounding countries, including:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Guinea</th>
<th>Liberia</th>
<th>Sierra Leone</th>
<th>Surrounding countries</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>French Red Cross</td>
<td>Austrian Red Cross</td>
<td>Austrian Red Cross</td>
<td>Belgian Red Cross</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belgian Red Cross</td>
<td>Botswana Red Cross</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spanish Red Cross</td>
<td>Spanish Red Cross</td>
<td>Swiss Red Cross</td>
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</table>

Funding

On behalf of the National Societies in the Ebola affected countries, the IFRC Secretariat would like to thank the following for all their contributions to the Ebola Emergency Appeals: American Red Cross and US government, Andorran Red Cross, Australian Red Cross and Australian government, Austrian Red Cross and Austrian government, Belgian government, British Red Cross and British government, Canadian Red Cross and Canadian government, Red Cross Society of China Hong Kong branch, Czech government, Danish Red Cross and Danish government, European Commission – DG ECHO, Finnish Red Cross and Finnish government, French Red Cross, German Red Cross, Icelandic Red Cross and Icelandic government, Red Crescent Society of the Islamic Republic of Iran, Irish Red Cross, Italian government, Japanese Red Cross and Japanese government, Kenyan Red Cross, Korean Red Cross, Monaco Red Cross and Monaco government, Netherlands Red Cross and Netherlands government, Norwegian Red Cross, Philippine Red Cross, Portuguese Red Cross, Qatar Red Crescent, Spanish Red Cross and Spanish government, Swedish Red Cross and Swedish government, Swiss Red Cross and Swiss government, Taiwan Red Cross Organization, UNICEF, and the International Committee of Red Cross (ICRC). In addition, the IFRC Secretariat would like to thank the following foundations and corporate partners for their contributions: Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation, Airbus, International Federation of Freight Forwarders Association, KPMG, Nestle, Nethope Inc, Shell, Sime Darby Berhad, Tullow Guinea Limited and World Cocoa Foundation.
Contact Information
For further information please contact:

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- **IFRC Nigeria**: Samuel Matoka, Ebola Operation Manager; Lagos; Tel: +234 817 3333 212; Email: Samuel.matoka@ifrc.org
- **IFRC Senegal**: Aissa Fall, Regional Health Manager, Dakar; Email: Aissa.Fall@ifrc.org
- **IFRC Geneva**: Cristina Estrada, Senior Officer Operations Quality Assurance; Tel: +41.22.730.4260; Email: cristina.estrada@ifrc.org
- **IFRC Zone Logistics Unit (ZLU)**: Rishi Ramrakha, Head of Zone Logistics Unit; Tel: +254 (0) 733 888 022; Fax +254 20 271 2777; Email: rishi.ramrakha@ifrc.org

For Resource Mobilization and Pledges:

- **IFRC Ghana**: Terry Carney, Ebola Resource Mobilization Coordinator; Tel: +233 (0) 266 444 147; Email: terry.carney@ifrc.org. Please send all pledges for funding to zonerm.africa@ifrc.org

For Performance and Accountability (planning, monitoring, evaluation and reporting):

- **IFRC Ghana**: Nova Wilks, Regional Reporting Coordinator; Tel: +233 (0) 266 444 187; Email: nova.wilks@ifrc.org

How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the Code of Conduct for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) in Disaster Relief and the Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Disaster Response (Sphere) in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable.

The IFRC’s vision is to inspire, encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities by National Societies, with a view to preventing and alleviating human suffering, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

www.ifrc.org
Saving lives, changing minds.

The IFRC’s work is guided by Strategy 2020 which puts forward three strategic aims:

1. Save lives, protect livelihoods, and strengthen recovery from disaster and crises.
2. Enable healthy and safe living.
3. Promote social inclusion and a culture of non-violence and peace.
## EMERGENCY APPEALS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appeal Code</th>
<th>Appeal Name</th>
<th>Appeal Timeframe</th>
<th>Budget</th>
<th>Funding</th>
<th>Coverage</th>
<th>Gap</th>
<th>Income</th>
<th>DREF</th>
<th>Expenditure</th>
<th>Balance</th>
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<th>Exp/Bud</th>
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<td>2,684,478</td>
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<td>992,835</td>
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<td>19,499,798</td>
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<td>1,198,696</td>
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**TOTAL EMERGENCY APPEALS**: 112,253,590

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## DREF OPERATIONS

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<td>82,269</td>
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<td>119,324</td>
<td>3,560</td>
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<td>MDRBJ014</td>
<td>Benin - Ebola Virus Disease</td>
<td>27-Aug-14</td>
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<td>14,954</td>
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<td>Côte d'Ivoire - Ebola Preparedness</td>
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<td>59,919</td>
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<td>MDRCM019</td>
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<td>19,362</td>
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<td>MDRET014</td>
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<td>MDRTD013</td>
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<td>49,530</td>
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**TOTAL DREF OPERATIONS**: 1,088,680
## Donor response

### Ebola Emergency Appeals Consolidation, by Appeal

**TIMEFRAME:** 2014-2015

### FUNDING

#### Opening Balance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Budget</th>
<th>Africa</th>
<th>Guinea</th>
<th>Liberia</th>
<th>Nigeria</th>
<th>Sierra Leone</th>
<th>Senegal</th>
<th>CHF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td>15,882,441</td>
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<td>1,619,444</td>
<td>46,396,719</td>
<td>1,380,962</td>
<td>112,253,590</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:**
- **TOTAL AMOUNT SOURCED:** 112,253,590
- **TOTAL RECEIVED TO DATE:** 96,273,791
- **APPEAL COVERAGE TO DATE:** 86%

### Income

- **Airbus:** 65,256
- **American Red Cross:**
  - 157,214
  - 1,400,883
  - 451,884
  - 1,308,722
  - 3,318,703
- **Andorran Red Cross:** 6,153
- **Australian Government:** 50,441
- **Australian Red Cross:** 88,832
- **Belgian Government:** 2,407,190
- **Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation:**
  - 909,770
  - 109,770
  - 1,053,418
  - 2,872,958
- **British Red Cross:**
  - 151,378
  - 26,675
  - 133,317
  - 458,549
  - 75,314
  - 845,232
- **British Red Cross (from British Government):** 1,064,307
- **British Red Cross (from Children's Investment Fund Foundation):** 1,649,456
- **British Red Cross (from DEC (Disasters Emergency Committee)):**
  - 574,596
  - 674,887
  - 1,248,482
- **Canadian Red Cross:**
  - 83,983
  - 276,621
  - 360,604
- **Canadian Red Cross (from Canadian Government):**
  - 494,358
  - 1,803,536
  - 901,290
  - 58,969
  - 894,349
  - 46,250
  - 4,198,752
- **China Red Cross, Hong Kong branch:**
  - 72,813
  - 72,813
- **Czech Government:**
  - 130,033
  - 130,033
- **Danish Red Cross:** 50,000
- **Danish Red Cross (from Danish Government):** 77,557
- **DFID Partnership Allocations:** -300,259
- **European Commission - DG ECHO:** 781,687
- **FIATA-intl Fed Freight Forwarders Assoc.:** 29,541
- **Finnish Red Cross:**
  - 73,261
  - 55,346
  - 24,406
  - 153,012
- **Finnish Red Cross (from Finnish Government):**
  - 144,259
  - 288,815
  - 266,936
  - 700,011
- **French Red Cross:**
  - 14,835
  - 179,657
  - 179,657
  - 359,314
- **German Red Cross:**
  - 21,205
  - 21,205
  - 195,000
  - 195,000
- **Icelandic Red Cross:**
  - 160,000
  - 714,155
  - 874,155
- **Icelandic Red Cross (from Icelandic Government):** 195,600
- **ICRC:**
  - 10,000
  - 10,000
- **Irish Red Cross Society:** 62,845
- **Israel - Private Donors:** 9,653
- **Japanese Government:**
  - 672,376
  - 7,772,623
  - 3,975,822
  - 1,411,253
  - 13,832,075
- **Japanese Red Cross Society:**
  - 87,579
  - 87,934
  - 87,817
  - 53,400
  - 87,854
  - 45,600
  - 450,183
- **KPMG International Cooperative(KPMG-I):**
  - 20,120
  - 43,924
  - 32,349
  - 32,349
  - 128,741
- **Luxembourg - Private Donors:**
  - 2,824
  - 2,824
- **Monaco Government:**
  - 24,030
  - 24,030
- **Nestle:** 42,000
- **Nesthope INC.:**
  - 45,673
  - 45,673
  - 45,673
  - 137,020
- **Norwegian Red Cross:**
  - 51,244
  - 42,728
  - 93,972
- **On Line donations:** 88,607
- **Philippine Red Cross:** 24,110
- **Portuguese Red Cross:**
  - 61,599
  - 61,599
- **Qatar Red Crescent Society:**
  - 9,501
  - 9,501
- **Red Crescent Society of Islamic Republic of Iran:**
  - 25,000
  - 10,000
  - 35,000
- **Red Cross of Monaco:**
  - 28,191
  - 18,213
  - 12,142
  - 18,096
  - 18,097
  - 15,102
  - 109,842
- **Shell:**
  - 6,884,025
  - 9,866,061
- **Sima Darby Berhad:**
  - 142,332
  - 142,332
- **Spanish Government:**
  - 753,067
  - 1,613,715
  - 3,872,916
  - 6,238,698
- **Spanish Red Cross:**
  - 9,501
  - 1,284,955
  - 2,632,895
- **Swedish Red Cross:**
  - 1,021,899
  - 1,102,777
  - 508,219
  - 2,632,895
- **Swiss Red Cross:**
  - 19,245
  - 306,312
  - 1,000,000
  - 2,307,557
- **Swiss Red Cross (from Swiss Government):**
  - 800,000
  - 1,000,000
  - 1,700,000
  - 3,000,000
- **Switzerland - Private Donors:** 1,072
- **Taiwan Red Cross Organisation:**
  - 26,415
  - 26,415
- **The Netherlands Red Cross:**
  - 10,000
  - 1,063,314
  - 203,786
  - 2,314
  - 1,279,414
- **The Netherlands Red Cross (from Netherlands Government):**
  - 965,448
  - 723,726
  - 723,726
  - 241,651
  - 1,206,285
  - 3,860,636
- **The Netherlands Red Cross (from Netherlands Red Cross Silent Emergency Fund):**
  - 45,840
  - 51,875
  - 100,715
- **The Republic of Korea National Red Cross:** 30,000
- **Tulow Guinea Limited:**
  - 181,376
  - 181,376
- **UNICEF - United Nations Children's Fund:** 48,663
- **Uncertified donor:** 236
- **United States Government - USAID:**
  - 1,976,076
  - 1,005,900
  - 6,884,025
  - 9,866,061
  - 236
  - 319,761
- **World Cocoa Foundation:**
  - 138,598
  - 181,163
### Cash contributions

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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Africa</th>
<th>Guinea</th>
<th>Liberia</th>
<th>Nigeria</th>
<th>Sierra Leone</th>
<th>Senegal</th>
<th>Total Funding</th>
<th>CHF</th>
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### Inkind Goods & Transport

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<th>Nigeria</th>
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### ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE OPERATION (based on information Logistics received from partners)

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### Bilateral Contributions

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### Coverage

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<th>89%</th>
<th>39%</th>
<th>100%</th>
<th>13%</th>
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### ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE OPERATION (based on information Logistics received from partners)
West Africa Ebola Outbreak
Cumulative Cases
09 March 2015

Total Cases: Sierra Leone & Guinea (- 09 March 2015)
Liberia (- 02 March 2015)

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<th>Deaths</th>
<th>TOTAL Cases</th>
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<td>Sierra Leone</td>
<td>11,619</td>
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Country-level and total cases/deaths sourced from WHO Situation Report 11

Map distribution date: 12 March 2015
New cases and deaths include “Probable/Suspected” and “Confirmed”
Sources: GADM, Natural Earth, STEWARD Project, Africa Albers Equal Area Conic Projection, WGS 1984, Guinea - Organisation mondiale de la Santé; Liberia - Ministry of Health and Social Welfare; Sierra Leone - Ministry of Health and Sanitation
Information is subject to revision as more data becomes available.

GLIDE #: EP-2014-000039/GIN/LBR/SLE

The maps used do not imply the expression of any opinion on the part of the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies or National Societies concerning the legal status of a territory or of its authorities.