

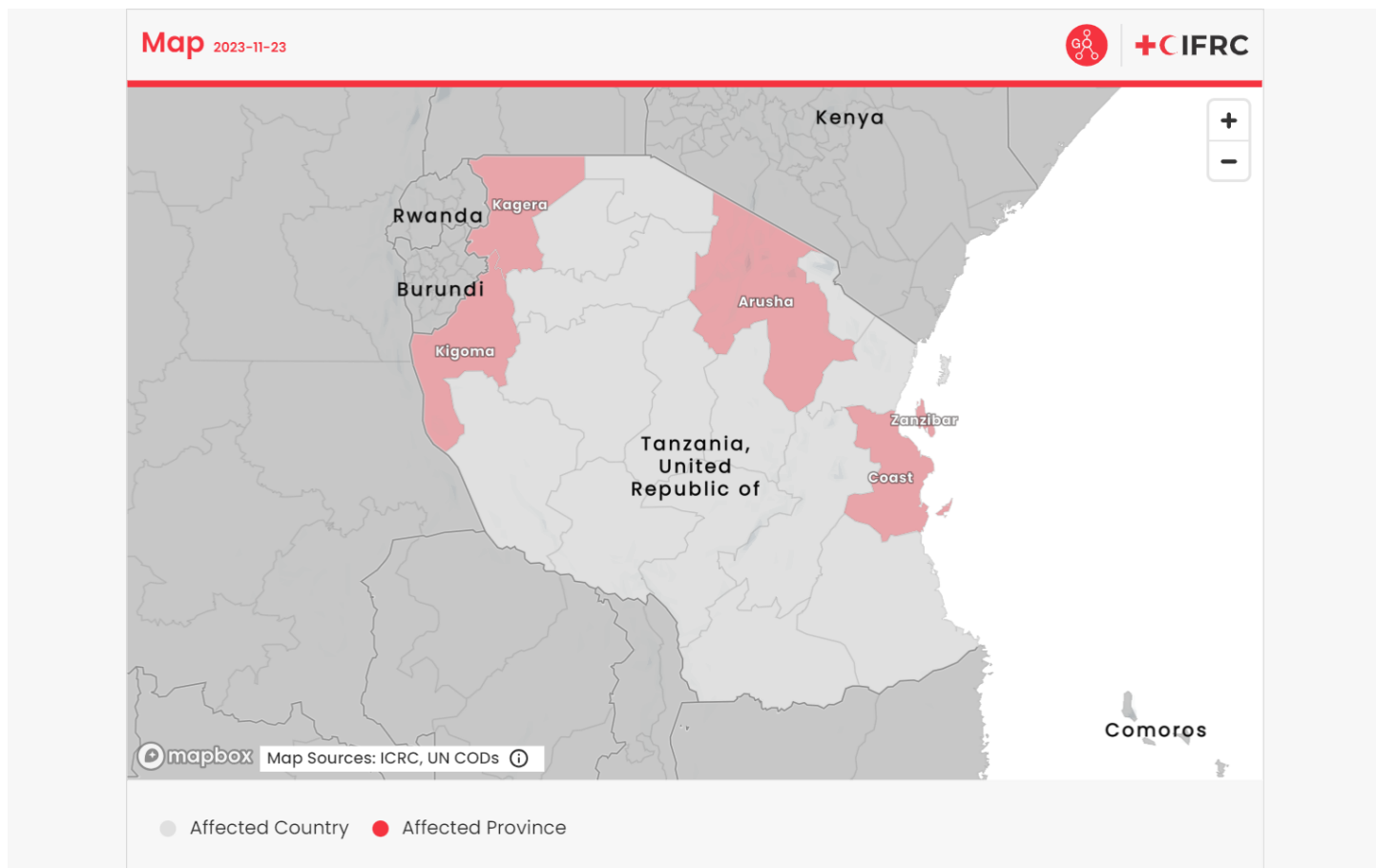


Floods assessment in Unguja, Zanzibar

Appeal: <b>MDRTZ035</b>	Country: <b>Tanzania, United Republic of</b>	Hazard: <b>Flood</b>	Type of DREF: <b>Response</b>
Crisis Category: <b>Yellow</b>	Event Onset: <b>Sudden</b>	DREF Allocation: <b>CHF 90,984</b>	
Glide Number: <b>-</b>	People Affected: <b>2,896,500 people</b>	People Targeted: <b>10,090 people</b>	
Operation Start Date: <b>2023-11-22</b>	Operation Timeframe: <b>1 months</b>	Operation End Date: <b>2023-12-31</b>	DREF Published: <b>2023-11-23</b>

Targeted Areas: Dar es Salaam, Kagera, Arusha, Kigoma, Coast, Zanzibar

# Description of the Event



Map of affected areas\_Tanzania Floods 2023

## What happened, where and when?

The short rains of October to December 2023 commenced mid-October and have been characterized with localized flooding events across regions and have been managed at branch level. From 11 November 2023, the flooding increased causing deaths and damage to major infrastructure in Dar Es Salaam, Kigoma, Kagera, Geita and Unguja. The magnitude of this flooding tipped over into a national HQ led and resourced response hence the NS are requesting a DREF.



Floods preliminary assessment in Zanzibar



Floods preliminary assessment in Dar es salaam

## Scope and Scale

The latest update received from local government, shared on 13 November, reported more than 10,090 people, or 2,018 households suffered floods and landslides are affected with 12 deaths reported, 1,245 houses completely destroyed, and 1,074 latrines collapsed. The figures are likely to increase given the difficult access to most of the affected areas due to water levels. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=75yBxSew01M>. People in these affected areas have been evacuated to earlier mapped out safer areas. However, they have limited access to basic services.

The floods being witnessed across the affected regions, destroys not only houses but also are threatening livelihoods of the affected families. So far, the floods have washed away crops considering majority of the displaced populations are farmers, businessman, and pastoralist. This has resulted to serious threat to these communities' livelihoods. The floods have caused major damage to local infrastructure, livelihoods and personal properties. Schools, roads and bridges have been destroyed including 2,202 acres of farmland.

Some of the areas are only accessible by boat and there are places with no communication.

The areas affected are prone to waterborne and communicable diseases and due to contaminated water sources and limited access to basic services for evacuees, there is an increased risk of waterborne disease outbreak risk.

At this point, the Tanzania Red Cross Society (TRCS) is fully relying on local government sources for its data. Together with the Disaster management Department of the Prime minister's Office (DMD-PMO), TRCS through its local branches in the affected regions, are conducting assessments, supporting evacuations and search and rescue activities.

This being the start of the rain season and with prediction of enhanced rainfall, the events of flooding are expected to increase. According to Tanzania Meteorological Authority the current situation is above normal rainfall season (El Nino <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PR7rsZBhPHE>) and more heavy rainfall with locally very heavy rainfall is forecast.

# Previous Operations

Has a similar event affected the same area(s) in the last 3 years?	No
Did it affect the same population group?	No
Did the National Society respond?	No
Did the National Society request funding form DREF for that event(s)	No
If yes, please specify which operation	-

**If you have answered yes to all questions above, justify why the use of DREF for a recurrent event, or how this event should not be considered recurrent:**

-

## Lessons learned:

Maintaining coordination with PMO-DMD, local government and other humanitarian organization ensures effective response and synergy. This also ensures harmonized beneficiary's selection, verification and service provision avoiding duplication of efforts.

This is not the first flood response in Tanzania hence the National Society has enough specific experience and learning to share in the management of this type of response. Through the previous floods' response, the NS has built the capacity of regional branches to respond including mapping and prepositioning of kits and teams hence reducing its response time.

Through previous flood responses, TRCS adopted a ToT model where select volunteers and staff were trained on assessments and shelter support in cascading the skills to branch and community volunteers and hence reaching out to a bigger number of trainees with reduced resources. This model will be used in this response to cover the affected regions.

After every DREF operation, TRCS conducts a debrief and reflection session with all responding agencies and authorities. Considering the ongoing floods are extraordinary as a result of the El Nino phenomenon, TRCS will work with TMA and local authorities to establish mechanisms on building community resilience to floods. This is because previous flood interventions have shown great improvement to people living near flood prone areas.

# Current National Society Actions

<b>Assessment</b>	<p>TRCS has conducted an initial assessment in five regions (Dar es Salaam, Arusha, Kagera, Geita and Kigoma). TRCS regional branches conducted the respective assessments in collaboration with local government authority under close technical support from TRCS HQ. During initial assessments, Disaster Management Committees from regional level participated fully in collaboration with deployed TRCS volunteers.</p> <p>Using resources of this DREF, TRCS plans to conduct detailed assessment in collaboration with PMO/DMD, local government authorities to assess the impacts of flood to the affected areas and identify community needs.</p>
<b>Coordination</b>	<p>TRCS is guided by the Tanzania National Disaster Risk Reduction Strategy 2022 – 2027, National Disaster Communication Strategy (TDCS) of 2022, National Disaster Preparedness and Response Plan of 2022, and Districts Emergency Preparedness and Response Plans, to ensure good coordination during the response. TRCS has</p>

	<p>analyzed and mapped stakeholders who will be involved in disaster risk management with their roles and responsibilities according to the El nino Contingency Plan of 2023.</p> <p>Currently for the ongoing response which is coordinated at regional and district level and chaired by regional commissioner at regional level and district commissioner at district level, TRCS has been assigned the following roles: supporting distributions of mobilized NFIs, search and rescue, PSS services to affected people in evacuation centers, provision of First Aid to injured people as well as hygiene awareness.</p>
<b>Activation Of Contingency Plans</b>	Currently, TRCS relies on the National El nino Contingency Plan which has hence been activated.
<b>Shelter, Housing And Settlements</b>	Based on the initial assessments conducted, TRCS has supported in the evacuation of 818 households from the affected regions. TRCS have established and mapped out 11 evacuation centers. In regard to these impacts, the TRCS supported the government in distributing blankets and mosquito nets to those at the evacuation centres.
<b>Health</b>	TRCS has mobilized 100 trained First Aid volunteers who are offering first aid and supporting the evacuations.
<b>Water, Sanitation And Hygiene</b>	TRCS's has prepositioned and distributed water purification tablets to evacuees. At the same time, TRCS is continuing to conduct hygiene and health promotion activities.
<b>Protection, Gender And Inclusion</b>	TRCS is ensuring PGI is administered in the implementation of this intervention. TRCS is ensuring safety, dignity and individual rights are observed and is preventing harms such as gender-based violence's and providing assistance that doesn't compromise the well-being of the affected population. TRCS is taking into account gender-sensitivity approach by recognizing the needs, experiences and vulnerability of men, women, girls and boys differ. For example, TRCS is considering and addressing these differences by ensuring that assistance is equitable and includes separating sanitation facilities for men and women in the existing evacuation centers and offering reproductive health services to the affected population.
<b>Community Engagement And Accountability</b>	TRCS is ensuring CEA is ministered in the implementation of this intervention through participation of the affected people. TRCS has also activated help desk and hotline number. Through placed help desk to the affected areas, community feedback is being collected and addressed to the affected community. This includes complaints and recommendations that will be given out.
<b>National Society Readiness</b>	<p>120 volunteers have been mobilized to support the response operation at branch level across all affected regions, including safe evacuation and first aid provision. TRCS has protective gear (raincoats, gumboots, and gloves) to responding volunteers and staff.</p> <p>TRCS is coordinating closely with the Department of Disaster Management of the Office of the Prime Minister (PMO-DMD) and the local disaster management committees.</p> <p>TRCS is supporting the regional disaster management committees in assessments, safe evacuation, First Aid provision, evacuation and Restoring Family Links (RFL).</p> <p>TRCS HQ continues to monitor weather forecasts and continues to share updates with all regional branches.</p>

TRCS has identified the need for assessment from the cluster delegation Disaster Management delegate to support with initial assessment and development of the operational strategy.

The DREF will be revised after the assessment findings to update the operational strategy and plan. Surge profiles might be requested within the coming 1 to 2 weeks, to support the National Society logistic team and/or technical teams. The IFRC Juba Cluster Support Team (finance delegate is currently in Tanzania and available to support the TRCS with the development of the initial budget and continued finance support throughout the operation.

TRCS has good capacity in disaster management (DM); health; WASH; community engagement and accountability (CEA); planning, monitoring, evaluation and reporting (PMER); protection, gender and inclusion (PGI); psychosocial support (PSS) and cash transfer programming.

## IFRC Network Actions Related To The Current Event

<b>Secretariat</b>	TRCS is supported through the IFRC Juba Cluster which provides coordination and technical support to Uganda, South Sudan, and Tanzania. The IFRC Cluster is supporting TRCS in the development of this DREF. IFRC will deploy the cluster disaster management delegate and an assessment surge to support TRCS in implementation of this operation.
<b>Participating National Societies</b>	Spanish RC and Finish RC are the PNSs in-country located at TRCS HQ implementing early warning programs, WASH, FA, and reducing maternal and child mortality through Primary Health Care projects. They have been briefed on the current situation and approached to support the implementation of the TRCS plan.

## ICRC Actions Related To The Current Event

ICRC has a Mission office in the country located in Dar es Salaam and in Kibondo where it supports Restoring Family Links (RFL) activities in the refugee camps and western corridor. TRCS has communicated about the flooding situation in the country to ICRC.

## Other Actors Actions Related To The Current Event

<b>Government has requested international assistance</b>	No
<b>National authorities</b>	The government, through its disaster management committees at regional and district levels, has identified emergency areas where people can stay temporarily if they continue to suffer the effects of heavy rains and floods. TMA continues to provide weather information including early warning information so that government and humanitarian agency can be distributed to the community, especially to people living in vulnerable areas.
<b>UN or other actors</b>	Apart from world bank which is said to have been in discussion with government in expanding the drainage system in Dar es salaam, there is no other agency that has so far responded to this flooding. TRCS will continue to engage with the government, in-country movement partners and non-movement partners including UN Agencies towards a coordinated humanitarian response and working with the

deployed surge profile, share daily updates to the IFRC because TMA has predicted rains will continue until early January 2024.

### Are there major coordination mechanism in place?

Activation of Disaster Management Committees are at all levels including national, regional, district and local municipality levels. TRCS actively participates at all levels to strengthen its auxiliary role. PMO DMD will continue to host coordination meetings and TRCS together with the planned assessment surge profile who will continue to be part of these meetings. These meetings will coordinate the response with other actors and advice on technical aspects to all the sectors. The secretariat will plan for a detailed assessment to be conducted under this DREF.

## Needs (Gaps) Identified



### Shelter Housing And Settlements

Evacuation centers have been mapped out across all regions as per the governments El Nino contingency plan. However, while at the centres, affected populations will need to be supported with basic essential services. TRCS will continue to support affected population who lost their houses and settlement to access the established evacuation centres. All mapped out evacuation centres have basic sanitation and water supply. However, the facilities do not have electricity and are made to host a limited number of people compared to the number of people displaced and projected to be displaced. These centres also lack bathing rooms. Toilets are currently being used as bathrooms.



### Protection, Gender And Inclusion

TRCS acknowledges that women, girls, men and boys with diverse ages, disabilities and backgrounds have very different needs, risk and coping strategies. TRCS will take in considerations the issues of protection and inclusion of vulnerable groups based on gender and diversity analysis. TRCS has identified different needs including distributing sanitary pads packages to women from the affected community, establishing changing rooms to evacuated centers, printing and distributing PGI IEC materials to deployed volunteers.

The evacuation centres are very dark with no lighting and access to the toilets is very unsafe at night, especially for children and women



### Health

The impact of floods and landslides on existing health conditions has worsened issues in both public and private healthcare facilities. Makeshift shelters that do not meet SPHERE norms and standards, along with water contamination, have contributed to a public health problem and accelerated the spread of communicable diseases. They include acute diarrheal diseases, skin infections, illnesses transmitted through poor food handling, vaccine-preventable diseases, vector-borne diseases, acute respiratory diseases, and arboviruses.

Furthermore, water and food contamination have affected consumption, domestic animals, and the environment. Also, floods have resulted in the loss of essential household items and necessities in the affected areas, including general, and chronic medications. Injuries and bruises are also common occurrences.

The evacuation centers are congested and are hosting a very high number of persons, which predisposes the affected population to risk of disease spread. Lack of critical health services that have been damaged by the flash floods worsens the situation. Malaria and breeding of mosquitoes is expected to rise due to stagnant flood waters.

This situation has had a big psychological impact on the affected families, and it will be critical to continue providing psychosocial interventions. In Health, TRCS will focus on the provision of psychosocial support and health promotion.



## Water, Sanitation And Hygiene

Intense rainfall led to landslides and floods, resulting in the collapse and contamination of water systems. Water withdrawal and treatment systems, as well as distribution networks, have been ruptured and structurally damaged. This contamination altered the physical, chemical, and microbiological parameters of the water, posing a direct risk of waterborne diseases to the affected communities.

The floods have destroyed water facilities in the affected areas completely cutting out water source and thus leaving the displaced population at risk of water related diseases. There is urgent need to provide sustainable water supply in the evacuation centres. Displaced families without option have resulted to drinking flood water. There is no clear indication yet as of when water pumps will be installed, as such there is need for, at least, water purification tablets to be distributed to available installed tanks.

At the evacuation centers, temporary toilets are likely to be set up with local materials to accommodate more people. There are evident cases of open defecation and TRCS intends to guide the affected families in setting up temporary pit latrines using local resources where shallow pit holes will be dug and covered with poles and soil.

Key messages promoting good hygiene and sanitation practices from the Ministry of Health will be disseminated to raise awareness and encourage positive behavior change on protecting existing water sources from floodwater contamination.



## Community Engagement And Accountability

Community engagement and accountability are crucial during this response to ensure effective communication, address community needs, and build trust of the affected community. TRCS will ensure this approach is mainstreamed by conducting regular meetings with community members to gather information on their needs, concerns, and priorities, seeking input on decision-making processes as well as dissemination of timely information about the ongoing situation. TRCS has planned to deploy community volunteers with knowledge of local language to communicate with the community, engage community leaders during response, establish help desk to the affected areas and sensitize hotline number.

### Any identified gaps/limitations in the assessment

Rapid assessments conducted revealed the geographical extend of the flooding and the need to evacuate those affected. The urgent needs have been identified to be temporary shelter, clean and safe water, sanitation services at the evacuation centers, PGI and beddings. However, challenges on access and resources to be allocated for the team to cover a proper and complete assessment explains the gap in the current information.

## Operational Strategy

### Overall objective of the operation

The overall objective of this operation is to respond to the immediate humanitarian needs of 2,018 households (10,090 people) affected by the floods through search and rescue, evacuations, first aid, the provision of water treatment tablets, dignity kits, WASH, and health services in the next 1 month while allowing for a detailed assessment to be conducted and update the actual needs of the affected population.

### Operation strategy rationale

The DREF operation will focus on Dar es Salaam, Geita, Kagera, Kigoma, Arusha and Unguja regions, where the impact of floods has been the greatest from preliminary observations. In other regions the response is managed with local resources. With the information gaps from preliminary assessment, this DREF request will initially focus on support for assessment and immediate response to prevent from health risk and cover first aid and evacuation while the results of the detailed assessment are expected to develop a full operational strategy.

TRCS will carry out needs assessment and provide immediate assistance to 10,090 people directly affected by floods in Dar es



salaam, Unguja, Kagera, Arusha, Kigoma and Geita regions.

With this DREF request, TRCS will deploy NDRTs and technical staff, and IFRC cluster DM delegate to conduct assessments and develop the full operational strategy. In addition, the DREF supports initial search and rescue and first aid activities. Within two weeks after publication, the DREF operation will be revised reflecting wider operational strategy based on the outcome of the needs assessments. The assessment will be conducted for one week and findings will be out in the second week to inform update the response plan.

The following initial activities will be implemented:

- Deployment of cluster DM Delegate, 6 NDRTs and 3 TRCS technical staff from national headquarters.
- Carry out a detailed needs assessments to identify immediate and priority needs. This activity will be conducted jointly with the prime minister office for disaster management and will involve observation, interviewing affected populations, authorities and responding agencies.
- Support evacuations.
- Provision of First Aid.
- Conduct health and hygiene promotion campaigns on prevention and control of communicable diseases.
- Activate Emergency Operations Centre hotline number.

TRCS will incorporate recommendations of the affected population and adopt their strategies accordingly. Gender roles will be considered when setting up distribution time and dates as well as in health promotion activities. In all these matters, TRCS will ensure highly involvement of the affected population in decision making and make sure that communication is accessible to everyone.

In this response, TRCS will build on the efforts of the early warning project of the Finish Red Cross in Dar es salaam. On the coordination, the current extend of floods and forecasts available require a strong coordination with humanitarian partners and resource mobilization to cover the needs that are likely to escalate even after this first impact. NS will be actively participating to the coordination platforms in place both with government, movement partners and others humanitarian actors. The results of the assessment will be disseminated accordingly with a plan for resource mobilization to complement any response scale-up under this DREF operation.

## Targeting Strategy

### Who will be targeted through this operation?

At this time a total of 2,018 households (10,090 people), have been adversely affected by the flooding affecting their health, livelihoods, food security and shelter. However, this is expected to increase as more detailed assessments will be carried out. This targeting will be defined further after the planned assessment based on assessment results where there will be a clear targeting strategy.

The TRCS plans to target 2,018 households (10,090 people) with priority given to child headed households, people living with disability, the elderly and low-income households with children below the age of 5 years.

The targeted regions are Dar es salaam, Unguja, Arusha, Kigoma, Kagera and Geita.

### Explain the selection criteria for the targeted population

Through CEA approach, TRCS will conduct a verification process that will engage key role players like Disaster Committees and the traditional leadership council to verify the selected households to ensure that the selection criteria is respected and properly followed. In addition, the selection criteria will be shared widely through trusted channels of communication which include community engagement forums (Village meetings) which are usually spearheaded by traditional leaders and local authorities to ensure that people understand why they have or have not been selected, in order to minimize community tension and many questions.

TRCS staff and volunteers will also collect feedback and complaints of targeted households during the selection and throughout the operation, based on the channels identified during the needs assessment as preferred by the affected communities.

Feedback will be shared and analyzed at HQ and regional level to refine the selection process and criteria if necessary and ensure that complaints regarding the selection of community members are investigated and addressed in a timely manner. This feedback will also be used to adapt the intervention based on community needs, attitudes and perceptions. TRCS will also ensure that a suggestion box, CEA table, hotline and social media are put in place during this operation.

Community Engagement and Accountability (CEA) will form an integral part of this response and during the development of selection criteria, the community members will be involved to ensure that they understand the targeting and beneficiary selection process.

## Total Targeted Population

Women	4,090	Rural	50%
Girls (under 18)	2,000	Urban	50%
Men	3,000	People with disabilities (estimated)	0.4%
Boys (under 18)	1,000		
Total targeted population	10,090		

## Risk and Security Considerations

Please indicate about potential operation risk for this operations and mitigation actions

Risk	Mitigation action
Injury to volunteers while responding to floods	Ensure volunteers are insured for the entire response period. Volunteers will also be oriented on safety, provided with essential protection and visibility materials.
There could be the risk of roads being cut off and limiting access to affected populations. Attempt by volunteers to reach out to affected populations could result to drowning.	Volunteers will be provided with proper PPEs and working tools while safe access will be disseminated to all responding volunteers. Where access to affected is limited due to flooding, TRCS will work with government especially the military to ensure proper access equipment and training is provided.
Increased flooding across the country exceeding the NS society to respond with in country resources.	TRCS will develop contingency plan with possible scenarios while mapping available stocks. TRCS will develop an updated response plan based on increased needs and request for more allocation from the DREF or request for emergency appeal.

Please indicate any security and safety concerns for this operation

Safe access to deployed volunteers: Due to the ongoing rainfall it is making it difficult for volunteers to undertake their responsibilities in which sometimes are injured or suffered with rains associated impacts. This scenario makes them to be inefficient and perform their duties under risk.

# Planned Intervention



## Community Engagement And Accountability

**Budget:** CHF 12,920

**Targeted Persons:** 10,090

### Indicators

Title	Target
Number of lessons learnt workshop conducted	1
Number of CEA NDRTs deployed	1
Number of EOC hotline activated	1

### Priority Actions

- Engagement of community leaders in response activity.
- Deploy CEA focal person at HQ and district level to support the operation.
- Deploy NDRTs with knowledge of local language.
- Activation of help desk to affected areas.
- Activation of EOC hotline number.



## Secretariat Services

**Budget:** CHF 8,373

**Targeted Persons:** 249

### Indicators

Title	Target
Number of monitoring sessions conducted	1
Number of Assessment Surge Profile deployed	1

### Priority Actions

- Conduct monitoring sessions.
- Deploy one assessment surge profile.
- Participation in coordination meetings.



## National Society Strengthening

**Budget:** CHF 36,752

**Targeted Persons:** 250

## Indicators

Title	Target
Number of staff members mobilised	3
Number of monitoring session conducted	6
Number of volunteers insured	120

## Priority Actions

- Conduct monitoring sessions and deploy staff.
- Ensure volunteers are insured.
- Ensure volunteers have the correct PPE and visibility.
- Coordinate with partners in targeted areas.
- Support the early warning on floods risk through volunteers awareness campaigns. This also will include health and WaSH messages as per respective high risks.



## Shelter Housing And Settlements

**Budget:** CHF 2,314

**Targeted Persons:** 10,090

## Indicators

Title	Target
Number of volunteers conducting active evacuations	20
Number of people safely evacuated	10,090

## Priority Actions

- Support evacuees to access evacuation centres. This is an action that will continue as TRCS is already actively involved on that support to local authorities.
- Support mapping and mobilization of evacuation centers.



## Health

**Budget:** CHF 5,940

**Targeted Persons:** 10,090

## Indicators

Title	Target
Number of FA kit procured and distributed	60
Number of health promotion sessions conducted	89

## Priority Actions

- Conduct health promotion activities.
- Procure and distribute FA kits to mobilized BDRT teams.



## Water, Sanitation And Hygiene

**Budget:** CHF 23,720

**Targeted Persons:** 10,090

## Indicators

Title	Target
Number of hygiene kits distributed	300
Number of water purification tablets distributed	50,000
Number of WaSH promotion sessions conducted.	90
Conduct PDMs	6

## Priority Actions

- Procure and distribute hygiene kits to targeted groups who did not manage to salvage anything from their houses - These will include toothbrush, toothpaste, a bar of soap, comb, tissues and feminine hygiene products (tampons and sanitary pads), underwear and hand soap.
- Conduct awareness campaign on hygiene promotion.
- Procure and distribute water treatment tablets to tanks installed at the evacuation centers.
- Conduct a PDM per region to establish actual usage and beneficiaries' satisfaction.



## Protection, Gender And Inclusion

**Budget:** CHF 964

**Targeted Persons:** 1,000

## Indicators

Title	Target
Number of PGI materials printed	250
Number of volunteers supporting PGI activities	12

## Priority Actions

- Mobilize volunteers trained/briefed to support PGI.
- Printing and distributing PGI IEC materials to evacuation centers.
- Briefing of staff and volunteers involved on PGI including safeguarding and ensuring they have signed the code of conduct.
- Coordinate with relevant government agencies and other stakeholders on PGI issues including mapping out safe referral pathways for safe referral of any cases of SGBV.

# About Support Services

## How many staff and volunteers will be involved in this operation. Briefly describe their role.

This response will deploy a total of 120 volunteers and 3 key staff from HQ. All regional branch coordinators from the affected regions have been mobilized as well. Besides, the IFRC cluster disaster management, emergency finance, PMER and logistics staff will provide technical and operational support throughout the operation. TRCS with the use of its technical team at HQ that including disaster management team, health department team, PMERL, logistic and finance team will be on board to support the operation. At regional level, the team of volunteers has been deployed to support the operation in which every region has deployed 20 volunteers. Deployed volunteers who are on the ground are equipped with working equipment's and visibilities. The respective volunteers are supporting distribution of NFIs, awareness creation on hygiene, search and rescue for the displaced families, psychosocial support services, provision of First Aid service to the injured people.

Based on the current magnitude of flooding, weather forecasting and expected impacts of the ongoing rainfall, more impacts are expected to be experienced across the country. TRCS needs support from IFRC, and the cluster DM Delegate will be deployed to support the operation. However, the need for surge profiles will be established as per the anticipated impacts.

## If there is procurement, will it be done by National Society or IFRC?

In this operation there are very few procurements such as visibilities and printing of IEC materials, procurement of services. In regards with these procurements that are expected to be done, the National Society procurement procedure will be adhered to facilitate logistics with close technical monitoring from IFRC procurement and logistics team. However, IFRC will facilitate all payments of respective procurements that will be done during this operation.

## How will this operation be monitored?

TRCS through the PMERL unit will monitor the operation using the existing M&E personnel within the National society. During this operation, PMERL will provide M&E guidelines on reporting, documenting lessons learnt and success stories. With close support from IFRC, PMERL unit will undertake the detailed assessment in collaboration with PMO/DMD. Periodic supervision will be conducted on a monthly basis to track the progress of implementation in line with operational indicators on reporting. Field team will be responsible to provide weekly update for the ongoing operation. TRCS disaster management director/disaster response manager will be responsible to share the operational update on a monthly basis to IFRC, but it will depend on the situation of the ongoing response. At the end of the operation, a lesson learned workshop will be organized by TRCS with technical support of IFRC to reflect on implementation. This workshop will allow for informed planning in future operations planned and implemented by TRCS but also will allow the NS to reflect on its disaster readiness status, given that the country is prone to flooding.

## Please briefly explain the National Societies communication strategy for this operation

During this operation, TRCS will be sharing updates on implementation regularly, through different communication platform such as broadcasts, social media, newspapers, and other publications. Information sharing will adhere to information protection based on the IFRC and government standards. For any documentaries, success stories that will be captured during operation and the consent forms will be used for all community members who will participate in the production process.

# Budget Overview



## DREF OPERATION

### MDRTZ036 - TANZANIA RED CROSS SOCIETY FLOODS 2023

#### Operating Budget

<b>Planned Operations</b>	<b>45,858</b>
Shelter and Basic Household Items	2,314
Livelihoods	0
Multi-purpose Cash	0
Health	5,940
Water, Sanitation & Hygiene	23,720
Protection, Gender and Inclusion	964
Education	0
Migration	0
Risk Reduction, Climate Adaptation and Recovery	0
Community Engagement and Accountability	12,920
Environmental Sustainability	0
<b>Enabling Approaches</b>	<b>45,126</b>
Coordination and Partnerships	0
Secretariat Services	8,373
National Society Strengthening	36,752
<b>TOTAL BUDGET</b>	<b>90,984</b>

*all amounts in Swiss Francs (CHF)*

# Contact Information

For further information, specifically related to this operation please contact:

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[Click here for the reference](#)