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# Emergency Plan of Action operation update

## Sudan: Population Movement

 International Federation  
of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

<b>Emergency appeal</b>	<b>Appeal n°</b> MDRSD022; <b>GLIDE n°</b> CE-2013-000061-SDN
<b>Operations update n°</b> 1	<b>Period covered by this update:</b> 10 to 25 July, 2015.
<b>Operation start date:</b> 10 July 2015	<b>Operation timeframe:</b> 12 months ( <b>End Date:10 July 2016</b> )
<b>Operation manager (responsible for this EPoA):</b> Christopher George, Operations Manager, IFRC Sudan Country Office.	<b>Point of contact:</b> Osman Gafer Abdalla, Secretary General Sudanese Red Crescent Society.
<b>Overall operation budget:</b> CHF 3,934,859	<b>DREF amount initially allocated:</b> CHF 178,980
<b>Total number of people affected:</b> 2.5 million IDPs (3.7m in need of humanitarian assistance)	<b>N° of people being assisted:</b> 389,930
<b>Red Cross Red Crescent Movement partners currently actively involved in the operation:</b> German RC, Qatar RC, Netherland RC, Saudi RC, Iranian RC, ICRC.	
<b>Other partner organizations actively involved in the operation:</b> World Food Programme, United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, United Nations Population Fund, United Nation Children Fund, World Health Organization, UN OCHA.	

## A. Situation analysis

### Description of the disaster

Clashes between government forces and armed movements have intensified in recent years and continue to severely impact civilians. Inter-tribal tensions also continue to spill over into clashes, causing displacement of civilians and disruption of basic services. Access to areas of active clashes remains largely denied. <sup>1</sup>Continued and sustained clashes in 2013 and 2014 have seen significant new displacements in Sudan and as a result an increase in the humanitarian needs. In Darfur, on-going clashes have led to a further estimated 430,000 displacements. The last two years have witnessed the highest numbers of displacement since 2006.

As the clashes in Darfur heads towards its twelfth year, the humanitarian challenge continues to grow. Humanitarian needs generated by these new displacements come in addition to the needs of some 2.2 million people in Darfur who now live in camps, displaced by the clashes. Only about a third of the total displaced returned to their homes. The vast majority remain in camps or live in other communities. Nearly 20 per cent of Sudan's population is in need of humanitarian assistance, and a disproportionate number are in Darfur. Following the civil war, the populations of Sudan's 5 Darfur states (or Greater Darfur) continue to have urgent and chronic humanitarian needs. Up to 3.7 million civilians in Darfur are in need of humanitarian assistance, which represents 50 percent of the Darfur population. A third of Darfur's population (or 2.5 million people) is displaced and over 1.2 million are also in a state of critical food insecurity.

The conflict in Darfur has in recent months, become more widespread and unpredictable. Compounded by the rise in general criminality in the region, the humanitarian operating environment has become even more challenging. During the past weeks, inter-tribal clashes in North Darfur and East Darfur states were reported to have taken place resulting in loss of lives and further displacements. Since January 2015, up to 210,000 people have been displaced from their homes by conflict in Darfur.

Basic services such as health and education have been affected. In July, as IDP schools in Darfur prepare to reopen challenges related to shortage of space, poor conditions of existing classrooms, school feeding programmes, lack of latrines etc have been highlighted.

<sup>1</sup> 2015 Sudan Humanitarian Response Plan - published January, 2010.

The appeal is currently only 2 percent funded with a single multilateral contribution received from Japanese Red Cross. Partners are requested to consider supporting this appeal. IFRC, on behalf of Sudan Red Crescent Society, would like to extend thanks to all partners for their continued support.

<click [here](#) for the contact details, [here](#) for the donor response report and here for the Emergency Appeal>

## Summary of current response

### Overview of Host National Society

The Sudanese Red Crescent has been actively operational in Greater Darfur since its formation in 1956. ICRC has been operational in Darfur for over 10 years.

**Progress to date:** For 2015, SRCS has established partnerships with the German Red Cross, Netherland Red Cross, Iranian Red Crescent and Qatar Red Crescent to implement various activities in Darfur region. SRCS has also been implementing a National Community Health Volunteers Programme since 2010 in West, North and South Darfur, supported by Swedish Red Cross through IFRC. In addition, SRCS has partnerships with WFP in food distribution in Darfur; works in coordination with Humanitarian Aid Commission (HAC) and other UN actors such as UNHCR, UNICEF, UNFPA, and WHO etc. SRCS has access to 48 out of the 63 localities in the five states of Darfur.

**Table 1: SRCS 2015 partnerships in Greater Darfur.**

State	Partner	Activities
West Darfur	Netherland RC, Qatar RC, Iranian RC, WFP, IFRC (SweRC),	Health/HIV; Construction of PHC; Food Distribution, NCHVP
Central Darfur	WFP	Food Distribution
North Darfur	German RC, WFP, IFRC (SweRC)	Health/WASH/Nutrition; Food Distribution, NCHVP
East Darfur	WFP	Food Distribution
South Darfur	Netherland RC, WFP, CHF, IFRC (SweRC)	Health/HIV; Food Distribution; Emergency Health, NCHVP

The National society has requested for a startup DREF loan with a detailed two months budget to support the activities and hold planning meetings with implementing branches. SRCS has a team of trained volunteers already participating in various activities and a planning meeting for the five Darfur branches to operationalize the appeal is planned for August.

A total of 2,115 individuals benefitted from two health clinics currently supported by SRCS in West Darfur and South Darfur while up to 8,615 individuals participated in health and hygiene promotion sessions in West and North Darfur. These activities are implemented with funding support from Netherland Red Cross and German Red Cross. SRCS volunteers with support from UNHCR attended to 12 emergency cases in West Darfur and supported the cases with appropriate referrals. Hygiene promotion activities were integrated within the health promotion sessions.

Humanitarian Diplomacy training is planned the coming weeks, the budget and work plan have been prepared and shared for approval.

### Overview of Red Cross Red Crescent Movement in country

Besides the International Federation and ICRC, there are ten PNSs based in Khartoum and supporting various activities of SRCS in the country (Danish Red Cross, German Red Cross, Iranian Red Crescent, Netherlands Red Cross, Norwegian Red Cross, Qatar Red Crescent, Saudi Red Crescent Authority, Spanish Red Cross, Swedish Red Cross and Swiss Red Cross). IFRC's Sudan country office is part of the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) Secretariat in the Eastern Africa and Indian Ocean Islands (EAIOI) region. IFRC has had a country presence in Sudan since 1978.

### Overview of non-RCRC actors in country

The National Society collaborates with the Government, larger humanitarian community as well as the UN organizations in the country. SRCS participates in existing coordination mechanisms and in inter agency assessments. Including coordination meetings led by the Government and also the United Nations (UN). IFRC Secretariat provides support to SRCS through information sharing and communication. The main non-movement partners in Darfur are the Humanitarian Aid Commission (HAC), relevant ministries, WFP, UNICEF UNFPA, UNHCR and the cluster partners.

## Needs analysis and scenario planning

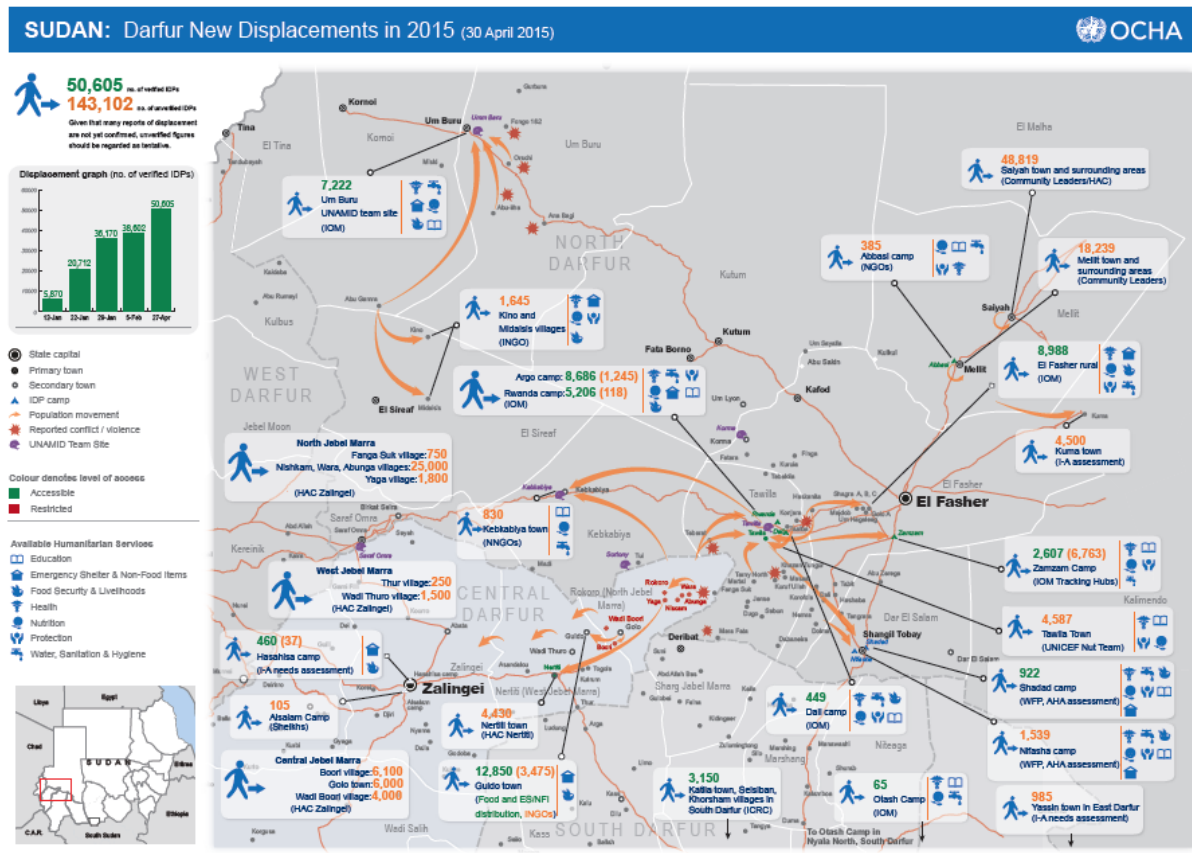
According to OCHA, as of 30 June, 2015 there are 3.1 million IDPs in Sudan, of which 2.5 million are in Darfur region. Among them, the majority are women and children. People in need comprise several groups: about 2.5 million

internally displaced, representing almost a third of the total Darfur population and 1.2 million food-insecure resident population. These groups include 470,000 children under the age of five who are acutely malnourished. As of 30 April, 2015, more than 50,000 people were reported to have been displaced in North and Central Darfur alone.

Key humanitarian issues include need for humanitarian protection and immediate relief assistance including health, food, nutrition, water and sanitation and information to improve their lives.

SRCS EPoA has prioritized interventions in Health, WASH and Shelter for the population affected by conflict and displacement.

Figure 1: New displacements in Darfur as at 30 April 2015.



### Risk Analysis

The main risk is the **complex appeal** which is currently supporting refugees and IDPs in four states of Khartoum, White Nile, Blue Nile and South Kordofan. A substantial increase in the number of refugees in 2015 can overstretch the capacities of the NS, and potentially affect the operations in Darfur. In order to address this risk, the IFRC is planning to scale up its presence in the country to support the SRCS.

Another key potential risk is the reliance on SRCS by non-movement partners to deliver assistance, due to the restrictions on international humanitarian actors. Wherever necessary, IFRC country office will support the SRCS in managing partnership with non-movement actors.

## B. Operational strategy and plan

### Overall Objective

**Overall Goal: 20 percent of extremely vulnerable displaced populations in Sudan are assisted in coping with the effects of displacement through improved access to health, water and sanitation and support for emergency shelter and NFIs.**

### Key Outcomes:

- Quality of the operation is ensured and documented by comprehensive participatory needs assessments and accountability measures.
- Reduction of morbidity and mortality rates and improvement in well-being of the targeted populations through improved health and care support for the affected population;
- Reduced risks of waterborne diseases amongst affected population through improved access to safe drinking water, sanitation and good hygiene behaviours;

4. Support for timely emergency shelter and non-food items for newly displaced populations affected by clashes in Darfur and refugees living in Darfur.
5. Strengthened volunteer and coordination capacities of the Darfur branches to effectively respond to clashes and displacements.

### Proposed strategy

This operation aims to assist the clash-affected population in Greater Darfur with improved access to primary health care, safe drinking water and improved hygiene and sanitation in communities, emergency shelter and NFIs. Through volunteer mobilization, community awareness on health and hygiene and community resilience will be strengthened. The plan includes strengthening local branch capacities and infrastructure, human resources and training support, establishing systems and strengthening advocacy. 2,000 volunteers and 100 staff will benefit directly from the capacity building activities. Overall, this operation will benefit 389,930 individuals affected by clashes and displacement.

The operation will build on the existing activities carried out by SRCS in the region in partnership with Red Cross/Red Crescent partners as well as with non-Movement partners.

### Operational support services

The National Society will hold a meeting in Darfur with the Branch Coordinators and IFRC Delegate to discuss the operationalization of the plan.

### Human resources

Various Job descriptions for the required staff are being worked on including, the IFRC finance delegate who will work with the National Society.

### Logistics and supply chain

The Mobilisation table is also available on DMIS and will be updated regularly based on the contributions received. The NFI items purchased in response to the [Sudan Floods \(MDRSD020\) response](#) that were not distributed as planned will be used in this operation.

### Security

East Darfur still remains very volatile with recent ethnic conflicts report. SRCS will work closely with RC/RC partners and ensure that response is part of a joint Movement response. Also, SRCS plans to strengthen its advocacy with authorities and communities to improve its access to the most vulnerable.

### Planning, monitoring, evaluation, & reporting (PMER)

The National Society is organizing a planning workshop in Darfur that will bring the implementing branches to discuss the approved appeal and complete a work plan. IFRC operation Manager will participate.

### Administration and Finance

## C. Detailed Operational Plan

Quality programming/ Areas common to all sectors			
Outcome 1 The quality of the operation is ensured and documented by comprehensive participatory needs assessments and accountability measures.	Outputs		% of achievement
	Output 1.1 A comprehensive monitoring and reporting framework and system for ensuring accountability to beneficiaries established.		18%
	Output 1.2 Strengthened communication and accountabilities to beneficiaries.		10%
Activities	Is implementation on time?		% progress (estimate)
	Yes (x)	No (x)	
Needs assessments templates established, assessments carried out and beneficiaries identified		X	25%
Establish a Monitoring and Reporting Framework for the operations.	X		40%
Joint monitoring of the operations by SRCS HQ/IFRC and branches	x		0%

Mid-term review (Internal) to include all relevant technical sectors	x		0%
Final evaluation of the operation (external) to include all relevant technical sectors	x		0%
Mobilize and train volunteers for assessments & verifications	X		100%
Train branch staff on M&R tools and requirements		x	0%
<b>Output 1.2: Strengthened communication with and accountabilities to beneficiaries</b>			
A beneficiary feedback mechanism is developed and established defining accountability to beneficiaries and to ensure effectiveness of the response	x		0%
Beneficiary Communication trainings (AtB) for key branch staffs and volunteers.	x		0%
Quarterly meeting with beneficiary committees (one meeting per state at different locations)	x		0%
Communication brochures about SRCS work and activities	x		0%
Progress towards outcomes			
SRCS has a team of trained volunteers already participating in various activities. A planning meeting for the five Darfur branches to operationalize the appeal is being planned by the SRCS for August. With the support of the DREF loan the NS plans to conduct needs assessment in the five states and volunteers who will be participating have been mobilized.			

## Health and Care

**Needs analysis:** SRCS interventions will focus on supporting increased access to health care for the affected and prevention of diseases in communities through health and hygiene promotion. Selected health clinics will be supported with rehabilitation, provision of essential medical supplies and incentives for health staff.

**Population to be assisted:** Refugees, IDPs, returnees and host population

Health & care			
Outcome 2 Contribute to reduction of morbidity and mortality rates and improvement in well-being of the targeted populations.	Outputs		% of achievement
		<b>Output 2.1 Improved</b> access to health and care and emergency health including referrals for the targeted population and communities.	
	<b>Output 2.2 Improved</b> knowledge about public health issues among IDPS and refugees in communities in the 5 states.		25 %
Activities	Is implementation on time?		% progress (estimate)
	Yes (x)	No (x)	
10 health facilities and clinics will be rehabilitated and equipped.	x		0%
Incentives of health staff to support additional caseload in the 10 health clinics	x		20%
Provision of emergency and FA services and referrals (including appropriate facilities and infrastructure in the form of a large-size tent for hospital purposes).	x		10%
Procurement and deployment of 10 IEHK in selected clinics	x		0%
Procurement and distribution of 500 First Aid Kits.	x		0%
Refresher training on First aid in Emergencies for five states for 30 volunteers in each state. (150 Volunteers).	x		0%
<b>2.2 Improved knowledge about public health issues among IDPS and refugees in communities in the 5 states.</b>			
Conduct health and hygiene promotion campaigns within the affected population focusing on prevention and control of common communicable diseases such as Malaria, Acute Watery Diarrhea, bloody Diarrheas, Dermatitis and other outbreaks likely to occur during emergency situations.	x		30%
Collaboration with MoH, UNICEF and WHO support vaccination campaigns across the targeted States as appropriate (measles, polio, yellow fever or meningitis).	x		20%
Printing of IEC materials with Public Health Messages on glossary papers and distribute health promotion materials	x		0 %
Procure personal protective equipment (Gloves, Gum boots, Raincoats, Nose Masks, Eye protectors (Goggles), Gown, head cap, vests) for volunteers (2,000 pcs)	x		0 %
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>			
<p>A total of 2,115 individuals benefitted from two health clinics currently supported by SRCS in West Darfur and South Darfur while up to 8,615 individuals participated in health and hygiene promotion sessions in West and North Darfur. These activities are implemented with funding support from Netherland Red Cross and German Red Cross.</p> <p>SRCS volunteers with support from UNHCR attended to 12 emergency cases in West Darfur and supported the cases with appropriate referrals. The following activities are planned with the DREF loan requested;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Refresher training for 150 volunteers on First Aid in emergencies</li> <li>• Health and hygiene campaign in the catchment communities.</li> <li>• Procurement of Volunteer PPE kits</li> <li>• Provision of FA Services (20 cases * 5 branches * 2 months)</li> </ul>			

## Water, sanitation, and hygiene promotion

**Needs analysis:** Main priorities in the WASH sector are to maintain water, sanitation and hygiene services in IDP camps, gatherings, host communities, as well as in other high-risk areas, to prevent disease outbreaks.

**Population to be assisted:** Refugees, IDPs, returnees and host population

Water, sanitation, and hygiene promotion			
Outcome 3 Reduced risk of waterborne disease amongst affected population through improved access to safe drinking water, safe sanitation and good hygiene behaviours.	Outputs		% of achievement
	Output 3.1 Improved access to safe water and sanitation and improved hygiene awareness and behaviour for the target population in five states.		4%
Activities	Is implementation on time?		% progress (estimate)
	Yes (x)	No (x)	
Maintenance and management of emergency water treatment unit (including supply of chemicals)		x	0%
Rehabilitation of 16 water yards	x		0%
Rehabilitation of 90 hand pumps/boreholes/water harvesting systems	x		0%
Rehabilitation of 1,200 household and communal latrines		x	0%
Hand pump mechanic (training 5 trainings) for volunteers and communities. 1 per state	x		0%
Procurement of hygiene/dignity kits	x		0%
Hygiene promotion sessions (600) for (5 States)	X		20%
Procure cleaning tools for branches for cleaning campaigns.	x		0%
Cleaning Campaigns 120 * 5 = 600		x	0%
Procurement of water purification tabs	x		0%
Procurement of storage tanks	x		0%
Hand pump mechanic training	x		0%
PHAST Training	x		0%
Organize the communities into gender represented community committees and train them to participate in the implementation and management of the activities.	x		0%
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>			
Hygiene promotion activities have been integrated within the health promotion sessions. Through the DREF Loan the following activities have been prioritized purchase of cleaning/sanitation tools, management of water points and water distributions as well as conducting cleaning campaigns			

## Shelter and settlements

**Needs analysis:** According to the Emergency Shelter and Non-Food Items (ES/NFIs) cluster, about 1,155,000 people (225,000 household) affected by clashes and disaster in Sudan are in need ES/NFIs. The newly displaced households identified to be in need of emergency shelter and NFIs is 130,000.

**Population to be assisted:** Families benefiting from these supports will include new refugees, returnees and IDPs.

Shelter and settlements		
Outcome 4 The immediate emergency shelter and settlement	Outputs	% of achievement

needs of 10,000 vulnerable families in five state of Darfur are met.	<b>Output 4.1</b> 10,000 families across the five states of Darfur are assisted with standard NFI and supported with environment-friendly and locally acceptable emergency (safe shelter) using regionally produced and/or externally sourced materials.	10 %	
Activities	Is implementation on time?		% progress (estimate)
	Yes (x)	No (x)	
Procurement of 10,000 Emergency Shelter and NFI kits (International) for 50,000 beneficiaries (10,000 HHs)	x		30%
Transportation of NFIs from Port Sudan to Khartoum.	x		0%
Transportation of NFIs from Khartoum to targeted states.	x		0%
Orientation and training of volunteers and staff on construction of emergency shelters (the technical expertise in shelter activities is being planned and will be delivered through the Shelter cluster coordination role).	X		10 %
Maintenance of branch warehouses and monthly storage of relief materials in 5 branches		x	0%
Distribution of relief items to beneficiary population in 5 states through volunteers	x		30 %
Distribution of shelter kits through SRCS volunteers and orientation to communities on how to build in a safe manner	x		10 %
Distribution of IEC materials on how to build safe emergency shelter	x		10 %
Engage communities in fire risk reduction activities		x	0 %
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>			
SRCS volunteers supported UNHCR in the distribution of NFIs in West, North and South Darfur. A total of 4,442 households were supported with NFIs, although not as part of this appeal. In addition, SRCS volunteers also supported WFP in Food distribution activities in North and East Darfur. The NFI items purchased in response to the Sudan Floods (MDRSD020) response that were not distributed as planned will now be used in this operation. These include tarpaulins, blankets, mosquito nets, jerry cans and sleeping mats (6,000 of each).			

## National Society capacity building

**Needs analysis:** Primary focus in branch capacity building will be in the areas of advocacy, diplomacy and accountability to beneficiaries. Key staff and volunteers in the 5 branches will be supported in the three areas through training, coaching and mentoring.

National Society capacity building			
<b>Outcome 5 Strengthened</b> organizational preparedness and capacities of the branches to respond to future clashes and to the needs of the affected populations.	Outputs		20% of achievement
	<b>Output 5.1 Understanding</b> of SRCS's auxiliary role among key stakeholders is strengthened through improved coordination, advocacy and diplomacy.		7%
	<b>Output 5.2 Branches</b> are equipped and better prepared to respond to clashes and displacement and its effects.		1%
Activities	Is implementation on time?		20 % progress (estimate)
	Yes (x)	No (x)	
Humanitarian Diplomacy training for selected SRCS staff and volunteers from targeted branches to enhance their skills in engaging with non-Movement partners in discussing their auxiliary role	x		0 %

Coordination and engagement with key stakeholders (HAC, MoH, Community leaders, and partners) - quarterly stakeholder meetings	X		20%
Documenting good practices and lessons learnt for knowledge sharing		x	0%
<b>Branches are equipped and better prepared to respond to clashes and displacement and its effects</b>			
Procurement of computers, lap tops, vehicles	x		0%
Purchase of fire extinguishers	x		0%
Procurement 2 Rub halls warehouse	x		0%
Rehabilitation of SRCS branches	x		0%
Establishing radio communication system	x		0%
Solar panels for 5 branches	x		0%
Essential office furniture for branches	x		0%
Recruitment of NS staff (HQ and Field)	x		10 %
Visibility aprons/Jackets 2,500	x		0%
Disaster Preparedness /Disaster Response trainings for community volunteers and staff, including fire risk prevention	x		0%
<b>Progress towards outcomes</b>			
SRCS participates regularly in various coordination meetings at the state level and works in close coordination with Humanitarian Aid Commission and cluster partners. SRCS also participates in inter agency assessments at state levels. The training for the Humanitarian Diplomacy is under way. The NS have worked on the budget and plan. With the support of the DREF loan the following activities have been prioritized: operational costs (fuel, transport), communication costs and Branch Operation Officers and recruitment of temporary staff.			

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## Contact information

### For further information specifically related to this operation please contact:

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### For Performance and Accountability (planning, monitoring, evaluation and reporting enquiries)

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## How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the **Code of Conduct** for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) in Disaster Relief and the **Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Humanitarian Response (Sphere)** in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable. The IFRC's vision is to inspire, **encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities** by National Societies, with a view to **preventing and alleviating human suffering**, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.

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**Save lives,**  
protect livelihoods,  
and strengthen recovery  
from disaster and crises.



Enable **healthy**  
and **safe** living.



Promote **social inclusion**  
and a culture of  
**non-violence** and **peace.**

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