

# [North Africa Annual Report

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changing minds.

 International Federation  
of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

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**This report covers the  
period 01/01/2014 to  
31/12/2014**

*The MENA consultative meeting in Tunis  
2014/IFRC*



## Overview

Strong commitment of the International federation with the National societies in the region, sustaining channels of communication and cooperation, and opening new opportunities, this year despite external and internal challenges has witnessed new dynamics and engagement, plans revised to accommodate new emerging priorities, National societies enjoyed the ownership through the participation of National societies at all levels starting with youth, technical level people into the leadership level was. Discussions on long term plans especially in relations to organizational development and capacity building plans thoroughly debated. However the year of 2014 witnessed new dynamism, it did not pass without challenges and difficulties, continuous change in Security and political dynamics, changes in the national societies leadership, and changes in the priorities to address ever changing needs, conflict escalation in Libya, political changes in Egypt and Tunisia, increasing the needs of Migrants in Tunisia and Algeria, Syrian refugees in Egypt and the conflict in Gaza. Changes in the leadership of the national did not go without the revisit and re-discuss agreed plans.

## Progress towards outcomes

### Business Line 1: Raise humanitarian standards

**Outcome:** Uplifted thinking that inspires and underpins RCRC services in North Africa to maintain their relevance in a changing and challenging context, along with increased magnitude, quality, and impact.

Measurement			
Indicators	BL	Annual Target <sup>[1]</sup>	Year to Date Actual
1.2a # of National Societies providing one or more of the following through FDRS: strategic plans, financial statements, and annual reports.	5	.5	1
1.2b # of National Societies providing data on one or more FDRS key performance indicators.	5	5	1
1.2c # of National Societies providing data on all seven FDRS	5	2	0
1.3a # NS participated in OCAC self-assessment.	1	2	0
1.4f # of national societies adopting (and branding) the learning platform.	5	TBD	5

Comments on progress towards outcomes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>National Societies were continuously sensitized on the importance, in visits, meetings, and training sessions, the five national societies have their accounts on the FDRS system, and focal points, escalation in Libya, adopting priorities in already stretched National societies, changes in the need dynamics, changes in the national societies leadership and hence changes in the priorities, refocused the attention of the National societies to satisfy those targets, national societies leadership have been informed and agreed to better use existing tools.</li> <li>Three of the five National societies agreed to conduct the OCAC, however escalation in Libya, changes in the priorities in Algeria and the passing way of the Egyptian RC SG has changed plans and priorities. The Egyptian red Crescent and the Algerian Red Crescent have strongly committed to conduct the OCAC in 2015.</li> <li>Learning platform has been highly promoted at all levels of the National societies. The IFRC proposed a competition of the highest scoring among the five National societies, however language barrier and the availability of limited courses contributed to the difficulties in accessing those important tools, The IFRC North Africa office contributed some resources to facilitate availability of some courses in Arabic language, Libyan RC head of youth has also launched a competition among the LRCS youth and volunteers, Internet connection and language were the main barriers.</li> </ul>

[1] Targets set the degree of improvement on each indicator required to achieve the objective. In order to set the target you need to know the current level of performance ("baseline"). **Please note that targets in red are cumulative.**

**Business Line 2: Grow Red Cross Red Crescent services for vulnerable people**

**Outcome:** Increased share of consistent and reliable NS action in support of communities affected by disasters and crises.

Measurement			
Indicators	BL	Annual Target	Year to Date Actual
2.1a % of NS with international disaster response assets.	50%	75%	1
2.1c # NS with contingency plans in place.	2	3	1
2.1d % emergency operations with beneficiary participation/communications approaches.	100%	100%	100%
2.1e # of NS using Global Logistics Services	1	2	2 0
2.1f # of NS engaging in emergency and long term shelter interventions.	1	3	2
2.1h # of NS's working with migrant and/or displaced population alone or in partnership with others.	2	3	3
2.1j % of emergency operations that are gender and diversity sensitive.		100%	100%
2.1k % of emergency operations that have mechanisms in place to address violence in disasters.		100%	100%
2.1.m # of NS's providing emergency health services/including PSP to disaster/crisis affected population		3	2
2.2c % coverage of Emergency Appeals opened in the reporting year		80%	90%
Comments on progress towards outcomes			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The TRCS with the support of the IFRC through funds made available from the Government of Japan, built stock to respond to 5000 people, in addition to a mobile health unite. the MRCS has replenished its stock funded by DREF, Libyan Red crescent surged its response capacity to the ongoing crisis using funds made available through DREF.</li> <li>Libyan RC and Tunisian red crescent used the CLS, to procure most of its food and NFI, TRCS staff was strained in Dubai on logistics and fleet management. GLS was profiled in North Africa meetings.</li> <li>TRCS, MRCS, Algerian RC, and Libyan all active with migrants, LRCS is active with IDPS, the Egyptian Red crescent and the Algerian RC are active with refugees operations and support.</li> <li>IFRC facilitated discussions and negotiations with DEVCO to grant the IFRC two long term project for Libya to address Migrants rights and Psychosocial support activities including Gender based violence.</li> <li>Two DREF operations were launched in the reporting period for Libya and Morocco, coverage were 85%, and 100 % respectively.</li> <li>Tunisian Red Crescent with the support of the IFRC is very active in the national contingency planning.</li> </ul>			

**Business line 3: Strengthen the specific Red Cross Red Crescent contribution to development**

**Outcome:** Appropriate capacities built to address the upheavals created by the economic and social challenges and transitions affecting North Africa NSs, creating gaps and vulnerabilities and challenging the common values humanity.

Measurement			
Indicators	BL	Annual Target	Year to Date Actual
3.1a # of cross-sectorial initiatives or framework developed towards holistic programming in the reporting year	0	1	1
3.1c # of NS implementing community health programmes using Community Based Health and First Aid (CBHFA) approach to strengthen community resilience.	3	3	1
3.1d # of NS with first aid training capacities matching international standards (national and branches).	2	3	3
3.1e # of NS implementing community preparedness and risk reduction programmes (any DRR, food security, nutrition, livelihood, climate change adaptation,	2	2	2
3.2a # of NS with dedicated initiatives to reduce discrimination, social exclusion and prevent violence and xenophobia	2	2	2
3.2b # of NS implementing the Youth as Agents for Behavioural Change (YABC) initiative to promote social inclusion and a culture of nonviolence and peace through community outreach	5	5	5
3.4b # NS with effective volunteer management systems in place.	2	3	2
3.5a # of NS with 1 or more young person in a management position other than the youth department.	2	3	3
3.5b # of NS that has adapted youth engagement policy and/or strategy.	0	4	1

Comments on progress towards outcomes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Intensive capacity building programme for the TRCS was planned and implemented with funds from the Government of Japan, cross cutting issues was addressed, including, DM, Health, Youth and Volunteers, and communication was implemented.</li> <li>TRCS has adopted its news statute, youth member is a must in all local, regional and national committees, most of the management staff in the TRCS are from the youth, the Libyan Red Crescent has</li> </ul>

appointed acting Secretary General from the youth, Egyptian Red Crescent injected new blood from the youth into its senior management team.

- The TRCS has adopted the new youth engagement strategy, the strategy was high on the agenda of the NA heads of youth meeting.
- All five national societies in the region have programs on youth, CBHFA, however their activities differs from national society to another.
- The Moroccan Red Crescent is active In the global civil society migration project, managed by Geneva migration unit. MRCS is very active in the social inclusion and integration projects.
- Accurate data on volunteers are among the challenges in the region specifically and globally.

#### Business line 4: Heighten Red Cross Red Crescent influence and support for our work

**Outcome:** Evidence-based humanitarian diplomacy conducted to draw attention to the causes and consequences of vulnerability, giving voice to vulnerable people, and demonstrating the value of Red Cross Red Crescent humanitarian work and leadership

Measurement			
Indicators	BL	Annual Target	Year to Date Actual
4.1c # of National Societies using the branding toolkit and engaged in effective brand/reputation management.	0	1	1
	5	2	2
4.2a # of NS receiving direct support for enhancing or leveraging their auxiliary role.			
	0	1	1
4.2b # of NS that disseminated the Guide to Parliamentarians among national parliamentarians.			
		80%	100%
4.3a % of annual coverage of approved budgets for development programmes supported through IFRC Secretariat	80%	80%	100%
4.3b % of annual coverage of funding outlooks for development programmes supported through IFRC Secretariat			
	0	2	2
4.3c # of external donors providing funding through the IFRC Secretariat			
		70%	100%
4.3d % of share of total income from external donors providing funding through the IFRC Secretariat			
		3	1
4.4a # of States with whom a dialogue is established on issues related to disaster response and development.			

#### Comments on progress towards outcomes

- The Libyan Red Crescent engaged with the Libyan parliament, Libyan red Crescent was passed.
- The IFRC promoted the National societies in Libya and Tunisia as credible partner to their Governments.
- The IFRC negotiated two funding opportunities with the government of Japan for Tunisia, and with

DEVCO for the Libyan Red crescent, this in addition to the global agreement with DFID.

- The IFRC negotiated other funding opportunities from the Government of Japan for Morocco, Tunisia, and Egypt.
- Discussions ongoing with the Swiss Government (Swiss SDC in Tunisia) to support long term capacity building projects for the Tunisian red crescent.
- The Egyptian red Crescent new Secretary General prioritized the branding. Image, satisfaction surveys as among the priorities of the Egyptian RC, paving the way for new thinking in the national societies in the region.
- TRCS engaged actively with its government on issues related to the legal framework on disaster response.

#### **Business Line 5: Deepen our tradition of togetherness through joint working and accountability**

**Outcome:** More effective work in NSs through modernised cooperation mechanisms and tools, and a greater sense of belonging, ownership, and trust in the Federation.

<b>Measurement</b>			
<b>Indicators</b>	<b>BL</b>	<b>Annual Target</b>	<b>Year to Date Actual</b>
5.1a # of NS who participate in Federation Wide Resource Mobilisation Strategy knowledge sharing networks (Communities of Practice, regional RM networks, global skill share, peer exchanges, etc.)	0	1	1
5.1b # NS benefitting from the new ICT catalogue.	0	1	0
5.1d # of NS using the IFRC Strategic Framework on Gender and Diversity Issues (operational guide).	0	3	1
5.1e # of NS with a strategic plan in line with Strategy 2020.	0	0	0
5.1f # of active integration and service agreements.	0	0	0
5.3b # of overdue donor reports.	0	1	0

<b>Comments on progress towards outcomes</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tunisian Red Crescent actively engaged on gender issues, workshop with the support of the technical team in Beirut was organized; national societies of the region are active member of the regional gender networks.</li> <li>• The ICT gap report was updated for the TRCS with the support of Beirut technical team, plans drafted to address the gap, some of those gaps were already addressed in the development plan supported by the government of Japan funds.</li> </ul>

## Stakeholder participation and feedback

- Describe how stakeholder needs have been addressed and expectations met during the reporting period.
- Include how stakeholders, particularly the affected community, have been involved in your programme/project(s) during the year.
- Summarize key stakeholder feedback received up to this date, and how it has been addressed or will be addressed in the next six months.

## Key Risks or Positive Factors

Key Risks or Positive Factors	Priority High Medium Low	Recommended Action
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Political instability</li> <li>• Civil unrest/ civil war</li> <li>• Lack of donors' interest for the region</li> </ul>	H H M	

## Lessons learned and looking ahead

If relevant, highlight any lessons from the year that inform organizational learning.

- Looking back on the year, summarize briefly how this will affect your priorities/future plans for the next six months.

## Financial situation

**Click here to go directly to the financial report.** This should be a link to your validated financial report in EpiServer's back office. Create a hyperlink with the following url modified for your specific report: [http://www.ifrc.org/docs/LTPF Process/LTPF/2014/MA82001.pdf](http://www.ifrc.org/docs/LTPF%20Process/LTPF/2014/MA82001.pdf).

## How we work

All IFRC assistance seeks to adhere to the [Code of Conduct for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and Non-Governmental Organizations](#) (NGO's) in Disaster Relief and the [Humanitarian Charter and Minimum Standards in Disaster Response \(Sphere\)](#) in delivering assistance to the most vulnerable.

The IFRC's vision is to inspire, encourage, facilitate and promote at all times all forms of humanitarian activities by National Societies, with a view to preventing and alleviating human suffering, and thereby contributing to the maintenance and promotion of human dignity and peace in the world.



The IFRC's work is guided by Strategy 2020 which puts forward three strategic aims:

1. Save lives, protect livelihoods, and strengthen recovery from disaster and crises.
2. Enable healthy and safe living.
3. Promote social inclusion and a culture of nonviolence and peace.

Find out more on [www.ifrc.org](http://www.ifrc.org)

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